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NORTH DAKOTA  
BLUE BOOK  

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1907

Published under direction of  
**ALFRED BLAISDELL**  
Secretary of State

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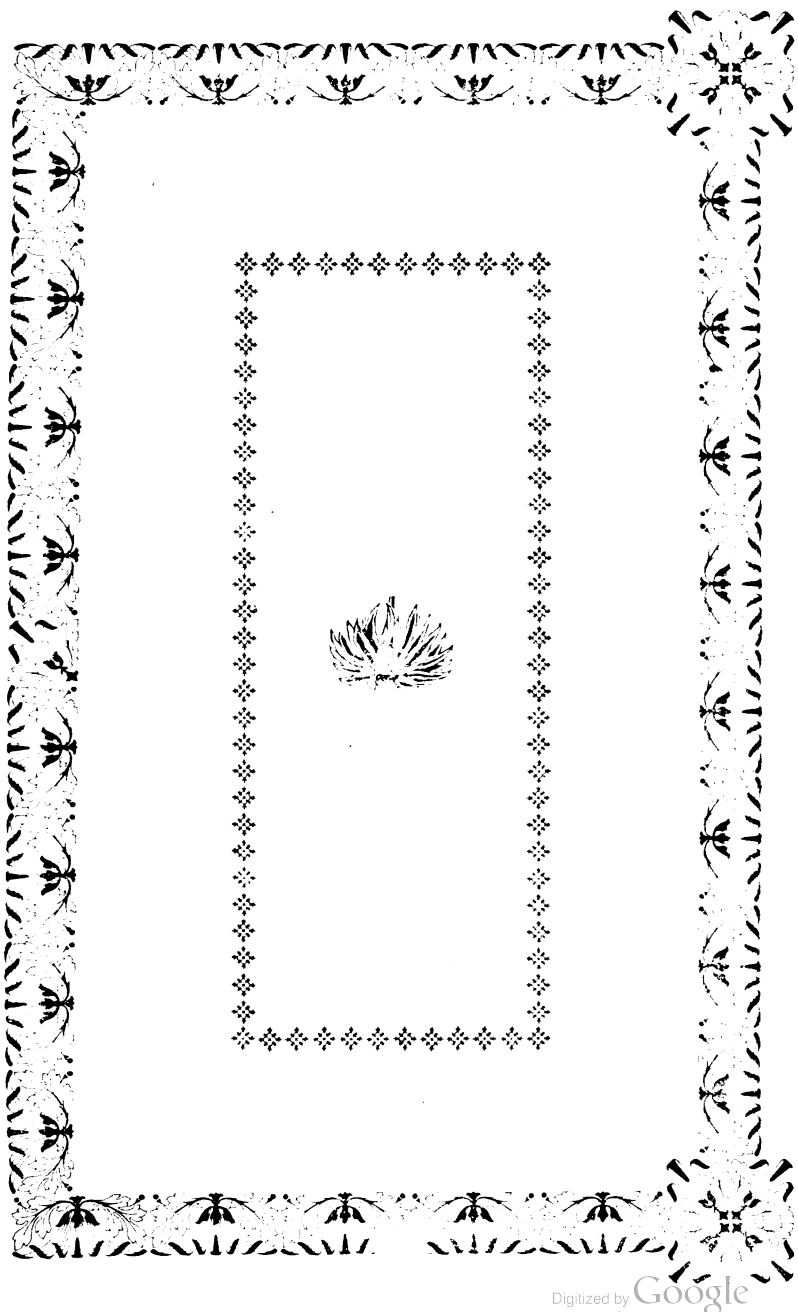
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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA *Dep't. of state.*

1907

# LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

CONTAINING THE

CONSTITUTION OF NORTH DAKOTA,  
THE CONSTITUTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES,

ALSO

RULES AND STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE  
TENTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

AND

HISTORICAL, STATISTICAL AND POLITICAL  
INFORMATION

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*Published by Authority*

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BISMARCK, N. D.  
TRIBUNE, PRINTERS AND BINDERS  
1907



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# LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

1907



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**ALFRED BLAISDELL**  
Secretary of State





# OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

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## State Government.

### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

John Burke, Governor, Bismarck.  
P. E. Byrne, Private Secretary, Bismarck.  
John Burke, Stenographer, Bismarck.

R. S. Lewis, Lieutenant Governor, Fargo.

### DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Alfred Blaisdell, Secretary of State, Bismarck.  
C. W. LaMoure, Deputy, Bismarck.  
Peter Roth, Chief Clerk, Bismarck.  
George Weatherhead, Printing Clerk, Bismarck.  
Amelia Erickson, Recorder, Bismarck.  
Mary Lincoln, Stenographer, Bismarck.  
N. L. Call, State Librarian, Bismarck.

### AUDITOR'S DEPARTMENT.

H. L. Holmes, State Auditor, Bismarck.  
Carl O. Jorgenson, Deputy, Bismarck.  
Robert Sweetman, Clerk, Bismarck.  
Ben Murphy, Clerk.  
Pauline H. Thomas, Stenographer Bismarck.

### TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

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W. A. Falconer, Deputy, Bismarck.  
Ellen Mitchell, Clerk, Bismarck.  
Cora M. Johnson, Clerk, Bismarck.  
Marion J. McKenzie, Clerk, Bismarck.

### INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

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A. Rolling, Deputy, Bismarck.  
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Catherine Sterritt, Clerk.  
Dora Michelson, Stenographer, Bismarck.

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Andrew Miller, Assistant, Bismarck.  
Clara E. Stevens, Stenographer, Bismarck.

### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

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E. J. Taylor, Deputy, Bismarck.  
Richard Heywood, High School Inspector.  
W. E. Parsons, Clerk, Bismarck.  
Florence Baldwin, Stenographer, Bismarck.

## BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE AND STATISTICS.

W. C. Gilbreath, Commissioner of Agriculture, Bismarck.  
 F. M. Gilbreath, Deputy, Bismarck.  
 R. F. Flint, Assistant Dairy Commissioner, Bismarck.  
 Melvin G. Hagen, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 Fanny Slattery, Stenographer, Bismarck.

## COMMISSIONERS OF RAILROADS.

C. S. Diesem, Chairman, LaMoure.  
 Erick Stafne, Galchutt.  
 Simon Westby, Rugby.  
 James W. Foley, Secretary, Bismarck.

## LAND DEPARTMENT.

Board of University and School Lands—Superintendent of Public Instruction, Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, State Auditor.

O. I. Hegge, Commissioner, Bismarck.  
 W. E. Coates, Deputy, Bismarck.  
 Walter Brown, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 Nan Mudgett, Stenographer, Bismarck.  
 Minnie Clarke Budlong, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 Ruth R. Brown, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 Gilbert Haugen, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 O. J. Olson, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 R. M. Burley, Clerk.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTING.

Oliver Knudson, Public Examiner, Bismarck.  
 J. M. Fahey, Deputy, Minot.  
 John B. Mooney, Deputy, Langdon.  
 W. J. Doheny, Deputy, Rugby.  
 Richard Peyton, Deputy, Bottineau.  
 Roy A. Nelson, Clerk.

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

State Supreme Court—

D. E. Morgan, Chief Justice, Devils Lake.  
 B. F. Spalding, Associate Justice, Fargo.  
 Chas. J. Fisk, Associate Justice, Grand Forks.  
 R. D. Hoskins, Clerk, Bismarck.  
 F. W. Ames, Reporter, Mayville.  
 William Green, Stenographer, Bismarck.

## DISTRICT JUDGES AND OFFICIALS.

First District—Chas. F. Templeton, Judge, Grand Forks; A. F. Madison, Stenographer, Grand Forks.

Second District—John F. Cowan, Judge, Devils Lake; C. E. Taylor, Stenographer, Devils Lake.

Third District—Chas. A. Pollock, Judge, Fargo; H. G. Edwards, Stenographer, Fargo.

Fourth District—Frank P. Allen, Judge, Lisbon; Van R. Crane, Stenographer, Lisbon.

Fifth District—Edward T. Burke, Judge, Valley City; Chris. H. Olsen, Stenographer, Valley City.

Sixth District—W. H. Winchester, Judge, Bismarck; George Schnepfer, Stenographer, Bismarck.

Seventh District—W. J. Kneeshaw, Judge, Pembina; W. M. Prince, Stenographer, Grafton.

Eighth District—E. B. Goss, Judge, Minot; John C. Lowe, Stenographer, Minot.

Ninth District—A. G. Burr, Judge.

Tenth District—No appointment.

## FEDERAL OFFICIALS.

United States Circuit Judges—Walter H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn.; Elmer B. Adams, St. Louis, Mo.; Willis Van Devanter, Cheyenne, Wyoming; William C. Hook, Leavenworth, Kansas.  
United States District Judge—Charles F. Amidon, Fargo, N. D.  
United States Marshal—James F. Shea, Fargo, N. D.  
United States Attorney—P. H. Rourke, Lisbon, N. D.  
Assistant United States Attorney—B. D. Townsend, Fargo, N. D.  
Clerk United States Circuit and District Courts—J. A. Montgomery, Fargo, N. D.  
Deputy Clerks—Miss E. R. Steele, Fargo, N. D.; R. D. Hoskins, Bismarck, N. D.; H. N. Hamilton, Grand Forks, N. D.; D. G. Duell, Devils Lake, N. D.; R. E. Hopkins, Minot, N. D.  
Surveyor General—E. A. Williams, Bismarck, N. D.  
Deputy Collectors of Internal Revenue—G. H. Merrifield, Grand Forks; Geo. H. Piercy, Jamestown.  
National Bank Examiners—E. S. Tyler, Fargo, N. D.; Frank Chapman, Buford, N. D.  
Collector of Customs—N. E. Nelson, Pembina, N. D.  
Deputy U. S. Marshals—C. N. Valentine (Chief Deputy), G. J. Stout, A. S. Quist and A. F. McKay, Fargo, N. D.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

United States Senators—Henry C. Hansbrough, Devils Lake, N. D., term expires March 3, 1909; Porter J. McCumber, Wahpeton, N. D., term expires March 3, 1911.  
Representatives at large in Congress—Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes, N. D.; A. J. Gronna, Lakota, N. D.

## UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA.

Ashley—Wishek, John H., appointed September 20, 1905.  
Alexander—Norheim, Robert, appointed April 5, 1906.  
Bottineau—Hawker, Mark, appointed May 17, 1906.  
Bottineau—Babington, T. M., appointed February 26, 1903.  
Bottineau—Collins, Frank, appointed April 27, 1904.  
Bottineau—Hilleboe, Peter S., appointed October 20, 1904.  
Bismarck—McKenzie, M. J., appointed June 5, 1903.  
Cando—Brooke, James V., appointed January 16, 1907.  
Devils Lake—Duell, D. G., appointed August 21, 1906.  
Dickinson—Auld, George, appointed April 20, 1905.  
Dickinson—Wannemacher, G. R., appointed April 11, 1904.  
Ellendale—Perry, H. H., appointed November 14, 1906.  
Fargo—Montgomery, J. A., appointed December 23, 1905.  
Fessenden—Shaw, Geo. K., Jr., appointed April 17, 1906.  
Grand Forks—Robbins Geo. R., appointed April 30, 1903.  
Jamestown—Kneeland, Fred G., appointed June 5, 1903.  
Lakota—Fairbanks, W. C., appointed December 12, 1903.  
Lakota—Fruit, Henry D., appointed December 23, 1903.  
LaMoure—Jones, Henry M., appointed March 21, 1903.  
Langdon—Cleary, Joseph, appointed June 5, 1903.  
Langdon—Sheehan, John, appointed September 17, 1903.  
Linton—Lane, Chas. S., appointed April 20, 1905.  
Linton—Weatherby, L. A., appointed July 24, 1906.  
Medora—Foley, J. W., appointed April 29, 1904.  
Minot—Bird, John A., appointed December 12, 1906.  
Mott—Stone, Geo. H., appointed December 12, 1906.  
Mott—Lytle, Robert D., appointed November 13, 1906.  
Napoleon—Bryant, Geo. A., appointed May 30, 1906.  
Napoleon—McKenna, Geo. M., appointed October 7, 1903.  
Pembina—Conmy, E. W., appointed November 14, 1906.  
Rugby—Crocket, Seidon, appointed January 29, 1905.

Rugby—Torson, L. N., appointed May 1, 1903.  
 Rolla—Packard, Wm. D., appointed January 7, 1907.  
 Sykeston—Covel, A. G., appointed April 1, 1906.  
 Steele—Stanley, Charles H., appointed August 9, 1906.  
 Stanton—Van Benschoten, H. L., appointed October 3, 1903.  
 Stillwater—Sheldon, Shepard L., appointed December 22, 1906.  
 Towner—Pendroy, Levi B., appointed January 31, 1906.  
 Towner—Holmes, Henry A., appointed December 17, 1906.  
 Washburn—Johnson, Aug. E., appointed April 29, 1903.  
 Washburn—Nuessle, Wm. L., appointed October 30, 1906.

#### REFEREES IN BANKRUPTCY.

Guy L. Wallace, Fargo.  
 H. L. Whithed, Grand Forks.  
 John H. Lewis, Minot.

#### TERMS OF SUPREME AND U. S. COURTS.

Supreme Court—March term; Fourth Tuesday in March at Fargo, and fourth Tuesday in April at Bismarck. September term: Third Tuesday in September at Grand Forks, and third Tuesday in October at Bismarck.

United States Court—At Bismarck, first Tuesday in March; Devils Lake, first Tuesday in July; Fargo, third Tuesday in May; Grand Forks, second Tuesday in November; Minot, second Tuesday in October.

#### UNITED STATES LAND OFFICERS.

Bismarck—M. H. Jewell, Register; John Satterlund, Receiver.  
 Devils Lake—M. H. Brennan, Register; F. W. Cockburn, Receiver.  
 Dickinson—S. M. Ferris, Register; W. A. McClure, Receiver.  
 Fargo—C. C. Schuyler, Register; J. J. Jordan, Receiver.  
 Minot—L. D. McGahan, Register; Robert Gorman, Receiver.  
 Williston—Geo. W. Wilson, Register; V. H. Chaffee, Receiver.

#### U. S. WEATHER BUREAU.

O. W. Roberts, director, Bismarck, N. D.

#### STATE WEATHER AND CROP SERVICE.

O. W. Roberts, director, Bismarck, N. D.; John Grover, chief clerk.

#### TRUSTEES AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, FARGO.

Clark W. Kelly, Devils Lake, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

James Radford, Warren, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

H. R. Hartman, Page, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

George Hollister, Fargo, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

N. D. Nelson, Mayville, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

Byron N. Stone, LaMoure, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

L. M. Wallin, Washburn, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

#### GRAIN COMMISSION BOARD.

Term as provided by law.

Stephen A. Nye, Vallev City.  
 A. R. Thompson, Rolla.  
 E. D. Washburn, Hore.

## TRUSTEES NORTH DAKOTA BLIND ASYLUM.

John Childerhose, St. Thomas, term expires third Monday in February, 1911.

H. C. Thompson, Bowesmont, term expires third Monday in February, 1914.

Alexander Morrison, Bathgate, term expires third Monday in February, 1911.

Gunder Olson, Grafton, term expires third Monday in February, 1909.

Ole O. Rudrud, Hillsboro, term expires third Monday in February, 1909.

## TRUSTEES 'SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, DEVILS LAKE.

A. J. F. Voigt, Leeds, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

Chas. M. Fisher, Devils Lake, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

M. F. Falahy, Cando, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

A. E. Hodgkinson, Devils Lake, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

L. A. Larson, Rugby, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, ELLENDALE.

Richard McCarten, Cogswell, term expires third Monday in February, 1911.

Wesley C. McDowell, Marion, term expires third Monday in February, 1911.

Walter C. Taylor, LaMoure, term expires third Monday in February, 1911.

H. C. McCartney, Oakes, term expires third Monday in February, 1909.

E. F. Bodle, Ellendale, term expires third Monday in February, 1909.

## TRUSTEES HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, JAMESTOWN.

M. A. Hildreth, Fargo, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

John B. Fried, Jamestown, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

H. J. Mitchell, New Rockford, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.

Harry Cornwall, Eldridge, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

James Grady, Valley City, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT NORMAL SCHOOL, MAYVILLE.

Samuel Torgerson, Grand Forks, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1911.

M. B. Cassell, Hope, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1911.

Chas. F. Studness, Churchs Ferry, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1911.

G. L. Elkin, Mayville, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1909.

H. M. Scholberg, Minot, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1909.

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT NORMAL SCHOOL, VALLEY CITY.

E. R. Brownson, Williston, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1911.

John Severn, Jamestown, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1911.

E. A. Pray, Valley City, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1909.

C. W. Paulson, Fingal, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1909.

Walter R. Reed, Amenia, term expires second Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES STATE PENITENTIARY, BISMARCK.

- Thomas Conyers, Cando, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
August H. Hoefs, Hankinson, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Michael Murphy, Jamestown, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
W. J. Westergaard, Valley City, first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
C. D. Edick, Bismarck, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES STATE REFORM SCHOOL, MANDAN.

- Fred F. Fritz, Towner, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Christian Bertsch, Jr., Bismarck, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
M. F. Minnehan, Garrison, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
C. A. Heegaard, Mandan, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
V. H. Stickney, Dickinson, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES SOLDIERS' HOME, LISBON.

- D. F. Siegfried, Sanborn, term expires April 2, 1911.  
O. F. Sperry, Lisbon, term expires April 2, 1911.  
R. H. Hankinson, Hankinson, term expires April 1, 1909.  
Steen Hansen, Buttzville, term expires April 1, 1909.  
Sylvester J. Hill, Fargo, Department Commander G. A. R., ex-officio.

## TRUSTEES STATE UNIVERSITY, GRAND FORKS.

- James V. Brooke, Cando, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
H. T. Helgesen, Milton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
J. G. Gunderson, Aneta, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
M. F. Murphy, Grand Forks, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
N. C. Young, Fargo, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## DIRECTORS SCHOOL OF FORESTRY, BOTTINEAU.

- A. R. McKay, Bottineau, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Frank Peltier, Thorn, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
M. H. O'Hara, Kenmare, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED, GRAFTON.

- C. I. Christensen, Park River, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
J. E. Gray, Grafton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
W. C. Treuman, Grafton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
M. F. Hegge, Hatton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Grant S. Hager, St. Thomas, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## TRUSTEES ACADEMY OF SCIENCE, WAHPETON.

- Geo. E. Wallace, Wahpeton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
John B. Wagner, Lidgerwood, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Charles Quinn, Wahpeton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
W. D. Gillespie, Ray, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
James E. Hill, Erie, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

- S. P. Smith, Cando, term expires October 7, 1910.  
F. L. Cusack, Carrington, term expires April 10, 1908.  
J. F. Sylvester, Langdon, term expires June 9, 1909.

## STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Walter Master, Willow City, term expires April 5, 1912.  
H. L. Haussamen, Grafton, term expires August 5, 1908.  
W. S. Parker, Lisbon, term expires July 16, 1909.  
H. H. Bateman, Cooperstown, term expires April 5, 1911.  
J. M. S. Wilser, Fargo, term expires August 19, 1907.

## STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

J. P. Aylen, Sheldon, term expires June 21, 1909.  
G. A. Carpenter, Fargo, term expires December 14, 1908.  
H. M. Wheeler, Grand Forks, term expires December 14, 1908.  
F. R. Smyth, Bismarck, term expires December 14, 1908.  
H. J. Kowe, Casselton, term expires December 30, 1907.  
Lee Combs, Valley City, term expires June 2, 1907.  
H. G. Woutat, Grand Forks, term expires July 11, 1909.  
F. J. Campbell, Fargo, term expires December 17, 1908.  
W. F. Hobart, Dickey, term expires January 15, 1907.

## STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

W. J. Brownlee, Devils Lake, term expires March 20, 1912.  
F. C. Sweet, Minot, term expires April 26, 1909.  
Geo. T. McDonald, Jamestown, term expires April 1, 1908.  
H. L. Starling, Fargo, term expires March 27, 1911.  
F. W. Chandler, Valley City, term expires March 1, 1910.

## STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

T. F. McCue, attorney general, president ex-officio.  
Chas. E. Bennett, Aneta, vice president, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
J. Grassick, Grand Forks, superintendent of public health, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## STATE BOARD OF EMBALMERS.

E. F. Gilbert, Casselton, term expires July 1, 1909.  
H. C. Flint, Jamestown, term expires July 1, 1908.  
J. W. Maxwell, Walhalla, term expires July 1, 1907.

## OPTOMETRY BOARD.

E. P. Sundberg, Fargo, term expires July 1, 1909.  
W. R. Blakely, Grafton, term expires July 1, 1909.  
E. A. Nelson, Maxbass, term expires July 1, 1909.  
J. M. Ness, Wahpeton, term expires July 1, 1909.  
A. O. Wold, Langdon, term expires July 1, 1909.

## WHITESTONE HILLS COMMISSION.

Theodore Northrop, Monango, term expires July 1, 1907.  
A. F. Eaton, Oakes, term expires July 1, 1907.  
E. R. Kennedy, Ludden, term expires July 1, 1907.

## STATE LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

Dugald Campbell, Kintyre, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1912.  
W. L. Richards, Dickinson, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1911.  
Andrew Veitch, Grand Forks, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1908.  
E. J. Walsh, Willow City, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1910.  
J. W. Robinson, Coal Harbor, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
Executive Officer, W. F. Crewe, Devils Lake.

## STATE BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS.

Chas. Elsberry, Rolla, term expires July 1, 1909.  
Edward Richardson, Devils Lake, term expires July 1, 1909.  
J. L. Hooker, Fargo, term expires July 1, 1908.

## STATE BOARD OF PARDONS.

John Burke, governor, ex officio.  
D. E. Morgan, chief justice, ex officio.  
T. F. McCue, attorney general, ex officio.  
Charles Wing, Carrington, term expires, first Tuesday in April, 1909.  
W. A. Fulkerson, Devils Lake, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

Regular meetings of state board of pardons, second days of June and December in each year.

## DISTRICT GAME WARDENS.

First District—W. N. Smith, Grafton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

Second District—Olaf Bjorke, Abercrombie, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## DIRECTORS AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS.

J. F. Brodie, Dickinson, term expires March 2, 1909.  
John Bruegger, Williston, term expires April 8, 1909.

## STATE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

Frank J. Thompson, Fargo, president state library association, ex officio.

Walter L. Stockwell, superintendent of public instruction, ex officio.  
Mrs. Minnie C. Budlong, Bismarck, term expires April 1, 1909.

## STATE EXAMINER.

Oliver Knudson, Michigan, term expires March 21, 1909.

## STATE INSPECTOR OF OILS.

Frank A. Willson, Bathgate, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1909.

## STATE IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE DEPARTMENT.

T. R. Atkinson, engineer, Bismarck; term expires March 1, 1909.

## OFFICIAL ESTRAY PAPER.

Griggs County Sentinel, Cooperstown, N. D.

## STATE MILITIA.

John Burke, governor, commander-in-chief ex officio.  
Thomas H. Poole, adjutant general, Bismarck.

## STATE BANKING BOARD.

John Burke, governor.  
Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
T. F. McCue, attorney general.  
O. A. Knudson, state examiner, secretary ex officio.

## STATE AUDITING BOARD.

John Burke, governor.  
H. L. Holmes, state auditor.  
T. F. McCue, attorney general.

## BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

John Burke, governor.  
Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
H. L. Holmes, state auditor.



## STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS.

R. D. Hoskins, clerk supreme court.  
Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
Chairman Republican State Central Committee.  
Chairman Democratic State Central Committee.  
W. L. Stockwell, superintendent of public instruction.

## STATE BOARD OF AUDITORS.

Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
H. L. Holmes, state auditor.  
T. F. McCue, attorney general.

## COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC PRINTING.

Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
H. L. Holmes, state auditor.  
Albert Peterson, state treasurer.  
George Weatherhead, clerk.

## STATE EMERGENCY COMMISSION.

John Burke, governor.  
Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state.  
H. L. Holmes, state auditor.

## STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

John Burke, governor; H. L. Holmes, state auditor; Albert Peterson, state treasurer; T. F. McCue, attorney general; W. C. Gilbreath, commissioner of agriculture and labor. Sessions of board begin on first Tuesday in August in each year.

## BOARD OF BAR EXAMINERS.

Emerson H. Smith, Fargo, term expires February 18, 1909.  
M. H. Brennan, Devils Lake, term expires February 18, 1911.  
A. A. Bruce, Grand Forks, term expires February 18, 1913.  
R. D. Hoskins, clerk supreme court, Bismarck, ex-officio secretary and treasurer.  
Regular examinations held in Grand Forks the first Tuesday in June and in Fargo the first Tuesday in December.

## BAR ASSOCIATION OF NORTH DAKOTA.

H. A. Libby, Park River, president.  
John Carmody, Hillsboro, vice president.  
W. H. Thomas, Leeds, secretary treasurer.

## STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Officers of Society: President, C. F. Amidon, Fargo; vice president, M. H. Jewell, Bismarck; secretary, O. G. Libby, University; treasurer, J. L. Cashel, Grafton; field officer, E. R. Steinbrueck, Bismarck; curator, H. C. Fish, Bismarck.

Directors: William H. White, Fargo; J. D. Taylor, Grand Forks; George B. Winship, Grand Forks; C. B. Little, Bismarck; F. A. Wardwell, Pembina; C. F. Amidon, Fargo; C. J. Fisk, Grand Forks; Alfred Blaisdell, Minot; governor, auditor, secretary of state, superintendent of public instruction and commissioner of agriculture and labor, ex officio.

Terms of all directors, save ex officio members, expire March 31, 1909.

## EDUCATIONAL DIRECTORY.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Walter L. Stockwell; deputy, Edwin J. Taylor.

University of North Dakota, Grand Forks; established 1883; opened 1884; Webster Merrineld, president.

Agricultural College, Fargo; established 1890; opened 1890; John H. Worst, president.

Normal School, Valley City; established 1890; opened 1893; George A. McFarland, principal.

Normal School, Mayville; established 1890; opened 1893; Thomas A. Hillyer, principal.

State Normal and Industrial School, Ellendale; established 1890; opened 1899; Wm. M. Kean, president.

Academy of Science, Wahpeton; established 1890; opened 1903; Earl G. Burch, president.

School for Deaf and Dumb at Devils Lake; established 1890; opened 1890; Dwight F. Bangs, president.

Reform School, Mandan; established 1890; opened 1902; J. W. Brown, superintendent.

School of Forestry, Bottineau; J. E. Kemp, president.

High School Board—All members ex officio—John Burke, governor; W. L. Stockwell, superintendent of public instruction; Webster Merrineld, president University of North Dakota.

Board of University and School Lands—All members ex officio—President, John Burke, governor; vice president, Alfred Blaisdell, secretary of state; secretary, W. L. Stockwell, superintendent public instruction; H. L. Holmes, state auditor; T. F. McCue, attorney general.

Land Commissioner—O. I. Hogge.

STATE PENAL AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND  
EXECUTIVE HEADS.

State Penitentiary, Bismarck—F. O. Hellstrom, Warden.

State Institution for Feeble Minded, Grafton—Dr. H. A. LaMoure, superintendent.

State Hospital for the Insane, Jamestown—L. B. Baldwin, superintendent.

State Blind Asylum, Bathgate—In course of completion; not yet opened.

## STATE CAPITOL.

Capitol Building—D. M. Slattery, superintendent, Bismarck.

## PARTY ORGANIZATION.

### Republican.

National Committeeman—Alex. McKenzie, Bismarck.

#### REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

L. B. HANNA, Chairman, Fargo.

M. H. JEWELL, Secretary, Bismarck.

#### MEMBERS.

1. August Short, Pembina.
  2. Ed. Strong, Cavalier.
  3. Karl J. Farup, Park River.
  4. Gunder Olson, Grafton.
  5. John W. Scott, Gilby.
  6. Leslie Stinson, Grand Forks.
  7. J. H. Bosard, Grand Forks.
  8. Ole Arnegard, Hillsboro.
  9. H. R. Turner, Fargo.
  10. J. F. Callahan, Casselton.
  11. F. S. Talcott, Buffalo.
  12. J. F. Shea, Wahpeton.
  13. D. J. McKenzie, Forman.
  14. James P. Aylen, Sheldon.
  15. Chas. F. Mudgett, Valley City.
  16. E. M. Jackson, Binford.
  17. Peter Jorgenson, Lakota.
  18. Chas. Hunter, Langdon.
  19. W. A. Duncan, Rolla.
  20. Anton Hanson, eeds.
  21. W. M. Anderson, Devils Lake.
  22. C. J. Lord, Cando.
  23. Oscar J. Seiler, Jamestown.
  24. J. B. Sharpe, Kulm.
  25. H. C. McCartney, Oakes.
  26. L. C. Pettibone, Dawson.
  27. N. F. Boucher, Bismarck.
  28. Matt Johnson, Omemee.
  29. Joseph Roach, Minot.
  30. A. E. Thorberg, Mandan.
  31. A. C. McGillivray, Dickinson.
  32. Herb Peabody, Carrington.
  33. C. V. Brown, Cathay.
  34. James McIntyre, Bantry.
  35. F. S. Neal, Garrison.
  36. C. L. Merrick, Napoleon.
  37. R. H. Hankinson, Hankinson.
  38. L. C. Bordwell, Litchville.
  39. N. D. Nelson, Mayville.
  40. Ellen Ellenson, Osnabrock.
- At large—L. B. Hanna, Fargo.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—L. B. Hanna, chairman; O. J. Seiler, vice chairman; J. W. Foley, secretary, Bismarck; J. H. Bosard, Grand Forks; C. J. Lord, Cando; J. F. Callahan, Casselton; J. F. Shea, Wahpeton; O. J. Seiler, Jamestown; N. F. Boucher, Bismarck; Gunder Olson, Grafton; James McIntyre, Bantry.

**Democratic.**

National Committeeman—H. D. Allert, Langdon, N. D.

**DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.**

J. L. CASHEL, Chairman, Grafton.

C. A. McCANN, Secretary, Grand Forks.

S. TORGERSON, Treasurer, Grand Forks.

**MEMBERS.**

1. F. A. Willson, Bathgate.
2. M. Brynjolfson, Cavalier.
3. J. D. Robertson, Park River.
4. J. W. Boeing, Minto.
5. David Gorman, McCanna.
6. John Valley, Grand Forks.
7. D. M. Holmes, Grand Forks.
8. Ben Lavalley, Reynolds.
9. F. O. Hellstrom, Fargo.
10. Louis A. Taubert, Casselton.
11. Martin Larson, Wheatland.
12. M. N. Early, Wahpeton.
13. Jens Pederson, Milnor.
14. M. L. Engle, Lisbon.
15. L. S. Plateau, Valley City.
16. Oscar Greenland, Binford.
16. Geo. A. Luce, Hope.
17. James P. Lamb, Michigan City.
18. H. D. Allert, Langdon.
19. Marion Edwards, Rolette.
20. E. B. Page, Leeds.
21. W. A. Fulkerson, Churchs Ferry.
22. Thomas W. Conyers, Cando.
23. M. P. Morris, Jamestown.
24. Wesley C. McDowell, Marion.
25. Ed. N. Leiby, Ellendale.
26. W. L. Yeater, Hazelton.
27. P. E. Byrne, Bismarck.
28. William Collins, Bottineau.
29. R. B. Cox, Bowbells.
30. John Bruegger, Williston.
30. T. C. Kennellv, Mandan.
31. W. G. Lang, Yule.
31. Frank Lish, Dickinson.
32. H. J. Mitchell, New Rockford.
33. S. J. Doyle, Carrington.
33. Dr. I. D. Clarke, Harvey.
34. Fred L. Ely, Rugby.
34. H. A. Holmes, Towner.
35. Chas. T. Smith, Sanger.
36. E. C. Hicks, Dore.
37. M. A. Wipnerman, Hankinson.
38. Charles Pollock, Fingal.
39. E. P. Totten, Mayville.
40. Gustave Brekke, Cavalier.

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**—J. L. Cashel, chairman; J. P. Lamb, Frank Willson, Thos. W. Conyers, F. O. Hellstrom, D. H. Holmes, E. P. Totten, W. A. Fulkerson, J. W. Boeing, John Valley.

**Republican National Committee, 1904-1908.**

GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, New York, Chairman.  
HARRY S. NEW, Indiana, Vice Chairman.  
ELMER DOVER, Ohio, Secretary.  
CORNELIUS N. BLISS, New York, Treasurer.

**MEMBERS.**

Chas. H. Scott, Montgomery, Ala.  
Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs, Ark.  
Geo. A. Knight, San Francisco, Cal.  
A. M. Stevenson, Denver, Col.  
Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia, Conn.  
John Edwards Addicks, Wilmington, Del.  
J. N. Coombs, Apalachicola, Fla.  
Judson W. Lyons, Augusta, Ga.  
W. B. Heyburn, Wallace, Idaho.  
Frank O. Lowden, Chicago, Ills.  
Harry S. New, Indianapolis, Ind.  
Ernest E. Hart, Council Bluffs, Ia.  
David W. Mulvane, Topeka, Kan.  
John W. Yerkes, Danville, Ky.  
John F. Hill, Augusta, Me.  
S. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.  
W. Murray Crane, Dalton, Mass.  
John W. Blodgett, Grand Rapids, Mich.  
Frank B. Kellogg, St. Paul, Minn.  
L. B. Moseley, Jackson, Miss.  
Thomas J. Akins, St. Louis, Mo.  
John D. Waite, Lewistown, Mont.  
Chas. H. Morrill, Lincoln, Neb.  
Patrick L. Flanigan, Reno, Nev.  
Frank S. Streeter, Concord, N. H.  
Franklin Murphy, Newark, N. J.  
Wm. L. Ward, Port Chester, N. Y.  
E. C. Duncan, Raleigh, N. C.  
Alexander McKenzie, Bismarck, N. D.  
Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland, O.  
Chas. H. Carey, Portland, Ore.  
Boise Penrose, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Charles R. Brayton, Providence, R. I.  
John G. Capers, Charleston, S. C.  
J. M. Greene, Chamberlain, S. D.  
Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro, Tenn.  
Cecil A. Lyon, Sherman, Tex.  
C. E. Loose, Provo, Utah.  
James W. Brock, Montpelier, Vt.  
George E. Bowden, Norfolk, Va.  
Levi Ankeny, Walla Walla, Wash.  
N. B. Scott, Wheeling, W. Va.  
Joseph P. Babcock, Necedah, Wis.  
Geo. E. Pexton, Evanston, Wyo.  
John J. Heid, Juneau, Alaska.  
W. D. Sturges, Phoenix, Ariz.  
Solomon Luna, Los Lunas, N. M.  
C. M. Cade, Shawnee, Okla.  
P. L. Soper, Vinita, I. T.  
Robert Reyburn, Washington, D. C.  
A. G. M. Robertson, Honolulu, H. I.  
R. H. Todd, San Juan, P. R.  
Henry B. McCoy, Philippine Islands.  
Pearl Wright, New Orleans, La.

**Democratic National Committee, 1904-1908.**

THOMAS TAGGART, Chairman.  
DE LANCEY NICOLL, Vice-Chairman.  
GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY, Treasurer.  
UREY WOODSON, Secretary.  
EDWIN SEFTON, Assistant Secretary.

**MEMBERS.**

Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula, Ala.  
William H. Martin, Hot Springs, Ark.  
M. F. Tarpey, San Francisco, Cal.  
John I. Mullins, Denver, Col.  
Homer S. Cummings, Stamford, Conn.  
Richard R. Kenney, Dover, Del.  
Jefferson B. Browne, Key West, Fla.  
Clark Howell, Atlanta, Ga.  
Simon P. Donnelly, Lake View, Idaho.  
Roger C. Sullivan, Chicago, Ills.  
Thomas Taggart, Indianapolis, Ind.  
Charles A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Iowa.  
John H. Atwood, Leavenworth, Kan.  
Urey Woodson, Owensboro, Ky.  
N. C. Blanchard, Shreveport, La.  
George E. Hughes, Bath, Me.  
L. Victor Baughman, Frederick, Md.  
William A. Gaston, Boston, Mass.  
Daniel J. Campau, Detroit, Mich.  
T. T. Hudson, Duluth, Minn.  
C. H. Williams, Yazoo City, Miss.  
W. A. Rothwell, Moberly, Mo.  
Chas. W. Hoffman, Bozeman, Mont.  
James C. Dahlman, Omaha, Neb.  
John H. Dennis, Reno, Nev.  
True L. Norris, Portsmouth, N. H.  
William B. Gourley, Patterson, N. J.  
Norman E. Mack, Buffalo, N. Y.  
Josephus Daniels, Raleigh, N. C.  
H. D. Allert, Langdon, N. D.  
Tom L. Johnson, Cleveland, O.  
Frederick V. Holman, Portland, Ore.  
J. M. Guffel, Pittsburg, Pa.  
George W. Greene, Woonsocket, R. I.  
B. R. Tillman, Trenton, S. C.  
E. S. Johnson, Armour, S. D.  
R. E. L. Mountcastle, Knoxville, Tenn.  
R. M. Johnston, Houston, Tex.  
D. H. Peery, Salt Lake, Utah.  
Bradley B. Smalley, Burlington, Vt.  
J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond, Va.  
John Y. Terry, Seattle, Wash.  
John T. McGraw, Grafton, W. Va.  
Timothy E. Ryan, Waukesha, Wis.  
John E. Osborne, Rawlings, Wyo.  
Arthur K. Dalany, Juneau, Alaska.  
Ben M. Crawford, Clifton, Ariz.  
James L. Norris, Washington, D. C.  
Palmer P. Woods, Mahukoma, H. I.  
R. L. Williams, Durant, I. T.  
H. B. Ferguson, Albuquerque, N. M.  
Richard A. Billups, Cordell, Okla.  
D. M. Field, Guayama, P. R.

**Prohibition National Committee, 1907-1908.**

CHARLES R. JONES, Chairman, Evanston, Ills.  
W. G. WOLFENBARGER, Vice Chairman, Lincoln, Neb.  
W. G. CALDERWOOD, Secretary, Minneapolis, Minn.  
FELIX T. M'WHIRTER, Treasurer, Indianapolis, Ind.

**People's Party National Committee, 1907-1908.**

JAMES H. FERRISS, Chairman, Joliet, Ills.  
W. S. MORGAN, Vice Chairman, Hardy, Ark.  
CHARLES Q. DeFRANCE, Secretary, Lincoln, Neb.  
GEORGE F. WASHBURN, Treasurer, Boston, Mass.

**Socialist Labor Party National Committee, 1907-1908.**

FRANK BOHN, Secretary, 2-6 New Reade St., New York, N. Y.

**Socialist Party National Committee, 1907-1908.**

J. MAHLON BARNES, Secretary, Chicago, Ills.

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**OFFICIALS IN NEW COUNTIES.**

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**List of Officers Appointed for the New Counties of  
Adams, Bowman and Hettinger.****ADAMS COUNTY ORGANIZED APRIL 17, 1907.**

Amos A. Jackson, New England, Commissioner.  
George Beicegel, Leipzig, Commissioner.  
George E. Lemmon, New England, Commissioner.  
G. Lansing Hurd, Hettinger, auditor.  
Edward C. Barry, Hettinger, sheriff.  
O. B. Severson, Hettinger, treasurer.  
Otto A. Jacobson, Wolf Butte, register of deeds.  
Arthur A. Brundage, Hettinger, clerk district court.  
Frederick Davis, Wolf Butte, superintendent of schools.  
P. D. Norton, Hettinger, states attorney.  
Jacob Sonderall, Hettinger, county judge.  
Henry Bartz, Wolf Butte, justice of the peace.  
F. B. Strauss, Glen Ullin, coroner.

**BOWMAN COUNTY, ORGANIZED JUNE 11, 1907.**

H. A. Lombard, Stillwater, county commissioner.  
Wm. Hamilton, Bowman, county commissioner.  
John Quam, Bowman, commissioner.  
O. Boyeson, Bowman, judge county court.  
Obert A. Olson, Bowman, auditor.  
C. A. McCann, Bowman, clerk of court.  
Dugald Stewart, Bowman, treasurer.  
J. L. Hughes, Bowman, register of deeds.  
F. R. Paige, Bowman, sheriff.  
Wm. Atkinson, Atkinson, justice.  
E. P. Totten, Bowman, states attorney.  
Prof. Potter, Bowman, superintendent of schools.  
C. C. Mills, Bowman, county surveyor.  
Wm. C. Sager, Bowman, justice of the peace.  
Richard Jackson, Bowman, justice.  
C. W. Hansen, Stillwater, justice.  
—, Ludwick, Bowman, constable.  
John Rederstrom, Bowman, constable.  
John Finnegan, Bowman, constable.

**HETTINGER COUNTY, ORGANIZED APRIL 17, 1907.**

Chas. S. Aunger, Mott, commissioner.  
Geo. W. Bysom, Mott, commissioner.  
Gustaf Grosz, Mott, commissioner.  
Robert D. Beery, Mott, auditor.  
Henry Barry, Mott, sheriff.  
Jacob Barth, Jr., Mott, treasurer.  
Geo. Lewis Ross, Mott, clerk of district court.  
W. B. Morris, Howser, register of deeds.  
Fred S. Dewey, Mott, county judge.  
Geo. A. Stone, Mott, states attorney.  
Geo. A. Mausey, Mott, coroner.  
Herschel James, Mott, superintendent of schools.  
A. M. Bannon, Mott, public administrator.  
Jno. G. Willkom, Mott, justice of the peace.  
Wm. Colgrove, Mott, justice of the peace.  
L. S. Robertson, Mott, justice of the peace.  
Presley Switzer, Horswill, justice of the peace.  
Ed. Dregan, Horswill, justice of the peace.  
Jno. B. Slosson, Mott, justice of the peace.  
George Cass, Horswill, constable.  
Wm. M. Armitage, Mott, constable.  
L. N. Starks, Mott, constable.  
W. S. Ensley, Mott, constable.  
W. F. Batty, Mott, constable.



# MAGNA CHARTA

## THE GREAT CHARTER OF LIBERTIES OF KING JOHN.

GRANTED AT RUNNYMEDE, JUNE 15, A. D. 1215, IN THE  
SEVENTEENTH YEAR OF HIS REIGN.

John, by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland, Duke of Normandy, Aquitaine, and Count of Anjou, to his Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, Earls, Barons, Justiciaries, Foresters, Sheriffs, Governors, Officers and to all Bailiffs, and his lieges, greeting. Know ye, that we, in the presence of God, and for the salvation of our soul, and the souls of all our ancestors and heirs, and unto the honour of God and the advancement of Holy Church, and amendment of our Realm, by advice of our venerable Fathers, Stephen, Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England, and Cardinal of the Holy Roman Church, Henry, Archbishop of Dublin, William of London, Peter of Winchester, Jocelin of Bath and Glastonbury, Hugh of Lincoln, Walter of Worcester, William of Coventry, Benedict of Rochester, Bishops; of Master Pandulph, Sub-Deacon and Familiar of our Lord the Pope, Brother Aymeric, Master of the Knights Templars in England; and of the Noble Persons, William Marescall, Earl of Pembroke, William, Earl of Salisbury, William, Earl of Warren, William, Earl of Arundel, Alan de Galloway, Constable of Scotland, Warin Fitz Gerald, Peter Fitz Herbert, and Hubert De Burgh, Seneschal of Poitou, Hugh de Neville, Matthew Fitz Herbert, Thomas Basset, Allan Basset, Philip of Albiney, Robert de Roppel, John Mareschal, John Fitz Hugh, and others our liegemen have, in the first place, granted to God, and by this our present Charter confirmed, for us and our heir forever:

1. That the Church of England shall be free, and have her whole rights, and her liberties inviolable; and we will have them so observed, that it may appear thence, that the freedom of elections, which is reckoned chief and indispenable to the English Church, and which we granted and confirmed by our Charter, and obtained the conformation of the same from our Lord the Pope Innocent III., before the discord between us and our barons, was granted of mere free will; which charter we shall observe, and we will do it to be faithfully observed by our heirs forever.

2. We also have granted to all the freemen of our kingdom, for us and for our heirs forever, all the underwritten liberties, to be had and holden by them and their heirs, of us and our heirs forever; if any of our earls, or barons or others, who hold of us in chief by military service, shall die, and at the time of his death his heir shall be of full age, and owes a relief, he shall have his inheritance by the ancient relief; that is to say the heir or heirs of an earl, for a whole earldom, by a hundred pounds; the heir or heirs of a baron, for a whole barony, by a hundred pounds; the heir or heirs of a knight, for a whole knights fee, by a hundred shillings at most; and whoever oweth less shall give less according to the ancient custom of fees.

3. But if the heir of any such shall be under age, and shall be in ward when he comes of age, he shall have his inheritance without relief and without fine.

4. The keeper of the land of such an heir being under age, shall take of the land of the heir none but reasonable issue, reasonable customs and reasonable services, and that without destruction and waste of his men and his goods; and if we commit the custody of any such lands to the sheriff, or any other who is answerable to us for the issues of the land, and he shall make destruction and waste of the lands which he hath in custody, we will take of him amends, and the lands shall be committed to two lawful and discreet men of that fee, who shall answer for the issues to us, or to him to whom we shall assign them; and if we sell or give to anyone the custody of any such lands, and he therein make destruction or waste, he shall lose the same custody which shall be committed to the lawful and discreet men of that fee, who shall in like manner answer to us as aforesaid.

5. But the keeper, so long as he shall have custody of the land, shall keep up the houses, parts, warrens, ponds, mills, and other things pertaining to the land, out of the issues of the same land; and shall deliver to the heir, when he comes of full age, his whole land, stock with plows and carriages, according as the time of wainage shall require, and the issues of the land can reasonably bear.

6. Heirs shall be married without disparagement, and so that before matrimony shall be contracted those who are near in blood to the heir shall have notice.

7. A widow, after the death of her husband, shall forthwith and without difficulty have her marriage and inheritance; nor shall she give anything for her dower, or her marriage, or her inheritance, which her husband and she held at the day of his death; and she may remain in a mansion house of her husband forty days after his death, within which term her dower shall be assigned.

8. No widow shall be distrained to marry herself so long as she has a mind to live without a husband; but yet she shall give security that she will not marry without our assent, if she holds of us; or without the consent of the lord of whom she holds, if she holds of another.

9. Neither we nor our bailiffs shall seize any land or rent for any debt, so long as the chattels of the debtor are sufficient to pay the debt; nor shall the securities of the debtor be distrained so long as the principal debtor is sufficient for the payment of the debt; and if the principal debtor shall fail in the payment of the debt, not having wherewithal to pay it, then the sureties shall answer the debt; and if they will they shall have the lands and rents of the debtor until they shall be satisfied for the debt which they paid for him unless the principal debtor can show himself acquitted thereof against the said sureties.

10. If anyone have borrowed anything of the Jews, more or less, and die before the debt be satisfied, there shall be no interest paid for that debt, so long as the heir is under age, of whomsoever he may hold; and if the debt fall into our hands we will only take the chattel mentioned in the deed.

11. And if anyone shall die indebted to the Jews, his wife shall have her dower and pay nothing of that debt; and if the deceased left children under age, they shall have necessities provided for them, according to the tenement of the deceased; and out of the residue of the debt shall be paid, saving however the service due to the lords; and in like manner shall it be done touching debts due to others than the Jews.

12. No scutage or aid shall be imposed in our kingdom, unless by the general council of our kingdom; except for ransoming our person, making our eldest son a knight, and once for marrying our eldest daughter; and for these there shall be paid a reasonable aid. In like manner it shall be concerning the aids of the City of London.

13. And the City of London shall have all its ancient liberties and free customs as well by land as by water; furthermore we will and grant, that all other cities and buroughs, and towns and ports, shall have all their liberties and free customs.

14. And for holding the general council of the kingdom concerning the assessment of aids, except in the three cases aforesaid, and for the assessing of scutages, we shall cause to be summoned the archbishops, bishops, abbots, earls and greater barons of the realm, singly by our letters. And furthermore we shall cause to be summoned generally by our sheriffs and bailiffs, all others who hold of us in chief, for a certain day, that is to say, forty days before their meeting at least, and to certain place; and in all letters of such summons

we will declare the cause of such summons. And summons being thus made, the business of the day shall proceed on the day appointed, according to the advice of such as shall be present, although all that were summoned come not.

15. We will not for the future grant to anyone that he may take aid of his own free tenants, unless to ransom his body, and to make his eldest son a knight and once to marry his eldest daughter; and for this there shall be only paid a reasonable aid.

16. No man shall be distrained to perform more service for a knight's fee or other free tenement, than is due from thence.

17. Common pleas shall not follow our court, but shall be holden in some place certain.

18. Assizes of novel disseisen, and of mort d'ancestor, and of darrien presentment, shall not be taken but in their proper counties, and after this manner: We, or, if we should be out of the realm, our chief justiciary shall send two justiciaries through every county four times a year, who, with four knights, chosen out of every shire by the people shall hold the said assizes, in the county, on the day, and at the place appointed.

19. And if any matters cannot be determined on the day appointed for holding the assizes in each county, so many of the knights and free holders as have been at the assizes aforesaid, shall stay to decide them, as is necessary, according as there is more or less business.

20. A free man shall not be amerced for a small fault, but after the manner of the fault; and for a great crime according to the heinousness of it, saving to him his contement; and after the same manner a merchant, saving to him his merchandise, and a villein shall be amerced after the same manner, saving to him his wainage, if he falls under our mercy; and none of the aforesaid americiaments shall be assessed but by the oath of honest men in the neighborhood.

21. Earls and barons shall not be amerced, but by their peers, and after the degree of the offense.

22. No ecclesiastical person shall be amerced for his lay tenement, but according to the proportion of others aforesaid, and not according to the value of his ecclesiastical benefice.

23. Neither a town nor any tenant shall be distrained to make bridges or banks, unless that anciently and of right they are bound to do it.

24. No sheriff, constable, coroner, or other our bailiffs, shall hold pleas of the Crown.

25. All counties, hundreds, wapentakes, and tythings, shall stand at the old rent, without any increase, except in our demesne manors.

26. If any one holding of us, a lay-fee die, and the sheriff, or our bailiffs, show our letters patent, of summons for debt which the dead man did owe to us, it shall be lawful for the sheriff or our bailiff to attach and inroll the chattels of the dead, found upon his lay-fee, to the value of the debt by the view of lawful men, so as nothing be removed until our whole clear debt be paid; and the rest shall be left to the executors to fulfill the testament of the dead, and if there be nothing due from him to us, all the chattels shall go to the use of the dead, saving to his wife and children their reasonable shares.

27. If any freeman shall die intestate, his chattels shall be distributed by the hands of his nearest relations and friends, by view of the church; saving to every one his debts which the deceased owed to him.

28. No constable or bailiff of ours shall take corn or other chattels of any man, unless he presently give him money for it or hath respite of payment by the good will of the seller.

29. No constable shall distrain any knight to give money for castle guards, if he himself will do it in his person, or by another able man in case he cannot do it through any reasonable cause. And if we lead him, or send him in an army, he shall be free from such guards for the time he shall be in the army by our command.

30. No sheriff or bailiff of ours, or any other, shall take horses or carts of any free man for carriage, but by the good will of the said free man.

31. Neither shall we nor our bailiffs take any man's timber for our castles or other uses, unless by the consent of the owner of the timber.

32. We shall retain the lands of those convicted of felony only one year and a day, and then they shall be delivered to the lord of the fee.

33. All wears for the time to come shall be put down in the rivers of Thames and Medway, and throughout all England, except upon the sea coast.

34. The writ which is called *praecipe*, for the future shall not be made out to any one, of any tenement, whereby a free man may lose his court.

35. There shall be one measure of wine and one of ale through our whole realm; and one measure of corn, that is to say, the London quarter; and one breadth of dyed cloth, and russets, and haberjeets, that is to say, two ells within the list; and it shall be of weights as it is of measures.

36. Nothing from henceforth shall be given or taken for a writ of inquisition of life or limb, but it shall be granted freely and not denied.

37. If any do hold of us by fee-farm, or by socage, or by burgage, and he holds also lands of any other by knight's service, we will not have the custody of the heir or land, which is holden of another man's fee by reason of that fee-farm, socage, or burgage; neither will we have the custody of such fee-farm, socage, or burgage, except knight's service was due to us out of the same fee-farm. We will not have the custody of an heir, nor of any land which he holds of another by knight's service, by reason of any petty serjeanty that holds of us, by the service of paying a knife, an arrow, or the like.

38. No bailiff from henceforth shall put any man to his law upon his own bear saying, without credible witness to prove it.

39. No free man shall be taken or imprisoned or disseised, or outlawed, or banished, or anyways destroyd, nor will we pass upon him, nor will we send upon him, unless by the lawful judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land.

40. We will sell to no man, we will not deny to any man, either justice or right.

41. All merchants shall have safe and secure conduct, to go out of, and to come into England and to stay there, and to pass as well by land as by water, for buying and selling by the ancient and allowed customs, without any evil tolls; except in time of war, or when they are of any nation at war with us. And if there be found any such in our land, in the beginning of the war, they shall be attached, without damage to their bodies or goods, until it be known unto us or our chief justiciary, how our merchants be treated in the nation at war with us; and if ours be safe there, the others shall be safe in our dominions.

42. It shall be lawful, for the time to come, for anyone to go out of our kingdom and return safe and securely, by land or by water, saving his allegiance to us; unless in time of war, by some short space, for the common benefit of the realm, except prisoners and outlaws according to the laws of the land, and people in war with us, and merchants who shall be in such condition as is above mentioned.

43. If any man hold of any escheat, as of the honour of Wallingford, Nottingham, Boulogne, Lancaster, or of other escheats which be in our hands, and are baronies, and die, his heir shall give no other relief, and perform no other service to us, than he would to the baron, if it were in the baron's hands; we will hold it after the same manner as the baron held it.

44. Those men who dwelt without the forest from henceforth shall not come before our justiciaries of the forest upon common summons, but such as are impleaded or are pledges for any that are attached for something concerning the forest.

45. We will not make any justice, constables, sheriffs, or bailiffs but of such as know the law of the realm and mean duly to observe it.

46. All barons who have founded abbeys and have the kings of England's charters of advowson or the ancient tenure thereof, shall have the keeping of them, when vacant, as they ought to have.

47. All forests that have been made forests in our time, shall forthwith be disforested; and the same shall be done with the banks that have been fenced in by us in our time.

48. All evil customs concerning forests, warrens, foresters and warreners, sheriffs and their officers, rivers and their keepers, shall forthwith be inquired into in each county, by twelve sworn knights of the same shire, chosen by creditable persons of the same county; and within forty days after the said inquest, be utterly abolished, so as never to be restored; so as we are first acquainted therewith, or our justiciary, if we should not be in England.

49. We will immediately give up all hostages and writings delivered unto us by our English subjects, as securities for their keeping the peace, and yielding us faithful service.

50. We will entirely remove from our bailiwicks the relations of Gerard de Atheyes, so that for the future they shall have no bailiwicks in England; we will also remove Engelard de Cygony, Andrew, Peter, and Gyon, from the Chancery; Gyon de Cygony, Geoffrey de Martyn and his brothers; Philip Mark, and his brothers, and his nephew, Geoffrey, and their whole retinue.

51. As soon as peace is restored, we will send out of the kingdom all foreign soldiers, cross-bowmen, and stipendiaries, who are come with horses and arms to the prejudice of our people.

52. If anyone has been dispossessed or deprived by us without the legal judgment of his peers, of his lands, castles, liberties, or right, we will forthwith restore them to him; and if any dispute arise upon his head, let the matter be decided by the five-and-twenty barons hereafter mentioned, for the preservation of the peace. As for all those things of which any person has, without the legal judgment of his peers, been dispossessed or deprived, either by King Henry our father, or our brother King Richard, and which we have in our hands, or are possessed by others, and we are bound to warrant and make good, we shall have a respite till the term usually allowed the crusaders; excepting those things about which there is a plea depending, or whereof an inquest

hath been made, by our order, before we undertook the crusade, but when we return from our pilgrimage, or if perchance we tarry at home and do not make our pilgrimage, we will immediately cause full justice to be administered therein.

53. The same respite we shall have (and in the same manner about administering justice, disafforesting the forests or letting them continue) for disafforesting the forests which Henry our father, and our brother Richard have afforested; and for the keeping of the lands which are in another's fee, in the same manner as we have hitherto enjoyed those wardships, by reason of a fee held by us by knight's service; and for the abbeys founded in any other fee than our own, in which the lord of the fee says he has a right; and when we return from our pilgrimage, or if we tarry at home, and do not make our pilgrimage, we will immediately do full justice to all the complainants in this behalf.

54. No man shall be taken or imprisoned upon the appeal of a woman, for the death of any other than her husband.

55. All unjust and illegal fines made by us, and all amerancements imposed unjustly and contrary to the law of the land, shall be entirely given up, or else be left to the decision of the five-and-twenty barons hereafter mentioned for the preservation of the peace, or of the major part of them, together with the aforesaid Stephen, archbishop of Canterbury, if he can be present, and others whom he shall think fit to take along with him; and if he cannot be present, the business shall notwithstanding go on without him; but so that if one or more of the aforesaid five-and-twenty barons be plaintiffs in the same cause, they shall be set aside as to what concerns this particular affair, and others chosen in their room, out of the said five-and-twenty, and sworn by the rest to decide the matter.

56. If we have disseised or dispossessed the Welsh, of any lands, liberties, or other things, without the legal judgment of their peers, either in England or in Wales, they shall be immediately restored to them; and if any dispute arise upon this head, the matter shall be determined in the marche by the judgment of their peers; for tenements in England according to the law of England, for tenements in Wales according to the law in Wales, for tenements of the marche according to the law of the marche; the same shall the Welsh do to us and our subjects.

57. As for all those things of which a Welshman hath, without the legal judgment of his peers, been disseised or deprived of by Henry our father, or our brother King Richard, and which we neither have in our hands, or others are possessed of, and we are obliged to warrant it, we shall have a respite till the time generally allowed the crusaders; excepting those things about which a suit is depending, or whereof



an inquest has been made by our order, before we undertook the crusade; but when we return, or if we stay at home without performing our pilgrimage, we will immediately do them full justice according to the laws of the Welsh and of the parts before mentioned.

58. We will without delay dismiss the son of Llewellyn, and all the Welsh hostages, and release them from the engagements they have entered into with us for the preservation of the peace.

59. We will treat with Alexander, King of Scots, concerning the restoring his sisters and hostages, and his rights and liberties, in the same form and manner as we shall do to the rest of our barons of England; unless by the charters which we have from his father, William, late King of Scots, it ought to be otherwise; but this shall be left to the determination of his peers in our court.

60. All the aforesaid customs and liberties, which we have granted to be holden in our kingdom, as much as it belongs to us toward our people of our kingdom, as well clergy as laity shall observe, as far as they are concerned toward their dependents.

61. And whereas, for the honour of God and the amendment of our kingdom, and for the better quieting the discord that has arisen between us and our barons, we have granted all these things aforesaid; willing to render them firm and lasting, we do give and grant our subjects the underwritten security, namely that the barons may choose five-and-twenty barons of the kingdom, whom they think convenient; who shall take care, with all their might, to hold and observe, and cause to be observed, the peace and liberties we have granted them, and this by our present charter confirmed; so that if we, our justiciary, our bailiffs, or any of our officers, shall in any circumstance fail in the performance of them toward any person, or shall break through any of these articles of peace and security, and the offense be notified to four barons chosen out of the five-and-twenty before mentioned, the said four barons shall repair to us, or our justiciary, if we are out of the realm, and laying open the grievance, shall petition to have it redressed without delay; and if it be not redressed by us, or if we should chance to be out of the realm, if it should not be redressed by our justiciary, within forty days, reckoning from the time it has been notified to us, or to our justiciary, (if we should be out of the realm,) the four barons aforesaid shall lay the cause before the rest of the five-and-twenty barons; and the said five-and-twenty barons, together with the community of the whole kingdom, shall distrain and distress us in all possible ways, by seizing our castles, lands, possessions and in any other manner they can, till the grievance is redressed according to their pleasure; saving harmless

our own person, and the persons of our queen and children; and when it is redressed they shall obey us as before. And any person whatsoever in the kingdom, may swear that he will obey the orders of the five-and-twenty barons aforesaid, in the execution of the premises, and will distress us, jointly with them, to the utmost of his power; and we give public and free liberty to anyone that shall please to swear to this, and never will hinder any person from taking the same oath.

62. As for all those of our subjects who will not, of their own accord, swear to join the five-and-twenty barons in distraining and distressing us, we will issue orders to make them take the oath as aforesaid. And if any one of the five-and-twenty barons dies, or goes out of the kingdom, or is hindered any other way from carrying the things aforesaid into execution, the rest of the said five-and-twenty barons may choose any other in his room, at their discretion, who shall be sworn in like manner as the rest. In all things that are committed to the execution of these five-and-twenty barons, if when they are all assembled together, they should happen to disagree about any matter, and some of them, when summoned, will not, or cannot come, whatever is agreed upon, or enjoined, by the major part of those that are present, shall be reputed as firm and valid as if all the five-and-twenty had given their consent; and the aforesaid five-and-twenty shall swear, that all the premises they shall faithfully observe, and cause with all their power to be observed. And we will not by ourselves, or by any other, procure anything whereby any of these concessions and liberties may be revoked or lessened; and if any such thing be obtained, let it be null and void; neither shall we ever make use of it, either by ourselves or any other. And all the illwill, indignations, and rancours that have arisen between us and our subjects, of the clergy and laity, from the first breaking out of the dissensions between us, we do fully remit and forgive: moreover all trespasses occasioned by the said dissensions, from Easter in the fifteenth year of our reign, till the restoration of peace and tranquility, we hereby entirely remit to all, both clergy and laity, and as far as in us lies do fully forgive. We have, moreover, caused to be made for them the letter patent testimonial of Stephen, lord archbishop of Canterbury, Henry, lord archbishop of Dublin, and the bishops aforesaid, as also of Master Pandulph, for the security and concession aforesaid.

63. Wherefore we will and firmly enjoin that the church of England be free, and that all the men in our kingdom have and hold all the aforesaid liberties, rights and concessions, truly and peaceably, freely and quietly, fully and wholly to themselves and their heirs, of us and our heirs, in all things and places, forever, as is aforesaid. It is also sworn,

as well on our part as on the part of the barons, that all the things aforesaid shall be observed *bona fide* and without evil subtilty.

Given under our hand, in the presence of the witnesses above named, and many others, in the meadow called Runnymede, between Windsor and Staines, the 15th day of June, in the seventeenth year of our reign.



# DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes: and, accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and be the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpation, all having in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these states. To prove this let facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature; a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable and distant from the repository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasion on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the state remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these states; for that purpose obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislatures.

He has effected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power.

He has combined with others, to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation.

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us.

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these states.

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world.

For imposing taxes on us without our consent.

For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury.

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenses.

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies.

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the forms of our governments.

For suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is, at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries, to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny already begun with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our immigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war, in peace friends.

We therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in general congress assembled, appealing to the

Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name, and by authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, Free and Independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the state of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent states may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

New Hampshire—Josiah Bartlett, Wm. Whipple. Matthew Thornton.

Massachusetts Bay—Saml. Adams, John Adams. Robt. Treat Paine, Elbridge Gerry.

Rhode Island, Etc.—Step. Hopkins, William Ellery.

Connecticut—Roger Sherman, Sam'el Huntington, Wm. Williams, Oliver Wolcott.

New York—Wm. Floyd, Phil. Livingston, Frans. Lewis, Lewis Morris.

New Jersey—Richd. Stockton, Jno. Witherspoon, Fras. Hopkinson, John Hart, Abra. Clark.

Pennsylvania—Robt. Morris, Benjamin Rush, Benja. Franklin, John Morton, Geo. Clymer, Jas. Smith, Geo. Taylor, James Wilson, Geo. Ross.

Delaware—Cesar Rodney, Geo. Reed, Tho. M'Kean.

Maryland—Samuel Chase, Wm. Paca, Thos. Stone, Charles Carroll of Carrollton.

Virginia—George Wythe, Richard Henry Lee, Th. Jefferson, Benja. Harrison, Thos. Nelson, jr., Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton.

North Carolina—Wm. Hooper, Joseph Hewes, John Penn.

South Carolina—Edward Rutledge, Tho. Hayward, junr., Thos. Lynch, junr., Arthur Middleton.

Georgia—Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, Geo. Walton.



## ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION

[While the Declaration of Independence was under consideration in the Continental Congress, and before it was finally agreed upon, measures were taken for the establishment of a constitutional form of government; and on the 11th of June, 1776, it was *Resolved*, That a committee be appointed to prepare and digest the form of a confederation to be entered into between these Colonies" which committee was appointed the next day, June 12, and consisted of a member from each Colony, namely: Mr. Bartlett, Mr. S. Adams, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Sherman, Mr. R. R. Livingston, Mr. Dickinson, Mr. McKean, Mr. Stone, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Hewes, Mr. E. Rutledge and Mr. Gwinnett. On the 12th of July, 1776, the committee reported a draught of the Articles of Confederation, which was printed for the use of the members under the strictest injunctions of secrecy.

The report underwent a thorough discussion in congress, from time to time until the 15th day of November, 1777; on which day "Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union" were finally agreed to in form, and they were directed to be proposed to the legislatures of all the United States, and if approved by them, they were advised to authorize their delegates to ratify the same in the congress of the United States; and in that event they were to become conclusive. On the 17th of November, 1777, the congress agreed upon the form of a circular letter to accompany the articles of confederation, which concluded with a recommendation to each of the several legislatures "to invest its delegates with competent powers, ultimately, and in the name and behalf of the state, to subscribe articles of confederation and perpetual union of the United States, and to attend congress for that purpose on or before the 10th day of March next." This letter was signed by the president of congress and sent, with a copy of the articles, to each state legislature.

On the 26th of June, 1778, congress agreed upon the form of a ratification of the articles of confederation, and directed a copy of the articles and the ratification to be engrossed on parchment; which, on the 9th of July, 1778, having been examined and the blanks filled, was signed by the delegates of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and South Carolina. Congress then directed that a circular letter be addressed to the states whose delegates were not present, or being present, conceived they were

not authorized to sign the ratification, informing them how many and what states had ratified the articles of confederation, and desiring them, with all convenient dispatch, to authorize their delegates to ratify the same. Of these states North Carolina ratified on the 21st and Georgia on the 24th of July, 1778; New Jersey on the 26th of November following; Delaware on the 5th of May, 1779; Maryland on the 1st of March, 1781; and on the 2d of March, 1781, congress assembled under the new form of government.]

### ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION.

*To all to whom these Presents shall come, we the undersigned Delegates of the States affixed to our names, send greeting:*

Whereas the delegates of the United States of America in congress assembled did on the 15th day of November in the year of our Lord 1777, and in the second year of the independence of America agree to certain articles of confederation and perpetual union between the states of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, in the words following, viz:

*"Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union between the States of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.*

ARTICLE I. The style of this confederacy shall be "The United States of America."

ARTICLE II. Each state retains its sovereignty, freedom and independence, and every power, jurisdiction and right, which is not by this confederation expressly delegated to the United States in congress assembled.

ARTICLE III. The said states hereby severally enter into a firm league of friendship with each other for their common defense, the security of their liberties, and their mutual and general welfare, binding themselves to assist each other, against all force offered to, or attacks made upon them, or any of them, on account of religion, sovereignty, trade, or any other pretense whatever.

ARTICLE IV. The better to secure and perpetuate mutual friendship and intercourse among the people of the different states in this union, the free inhabitants of each of these states, paupers, vagabonds and fugitives from justice excepted, shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of free citizens in the several states: and the people of each state

shall have free ingress and regress to and from any other state, and shall enjoy therein all the privileges of trade and commerce, subject to the same duties, impositions and restrictions as the inhabitants thereof respectively, provided that such restrictions shall not extend so far as to prevent the removal of property imported into any state, to any other state of which the owner is an inhabitant; provided, also, that no imposition, duties or restrictions shall be laid by any state on the property of the United States, or either of them.

If any person guilty of, or charged with treason, felony, or other high misdemeanor in any state, shall flee from justice, and be found in any of the United States, he shall upon demand of the governor or executive power of the state from which he fled, be delivered up and removed to the state having jurisdiction of his offense.

Full faith and credit shall be given in each of these states to the records, acts and judicial proceedings of the courts and magistrates of every other state.

ARTICLE V. For the more convenient management of the general interest of the United States, delegates shall be annually appointed in such manner as the legislature of each state shall direct, to meet in congress on the first Monday in November, in every year, with a power reserved to each state, to recall its delegates, or any of them, at any time within the year, and to send others in their stead, for the remainder of the year.

No state shall be represented in congress by less than two, nor more than seven members; and no person shall be capable of being a delegate for more than three years in any term of six years; nor shall any person, being a delegate, be capable of holding any office under the United States, for which he, or another for his benefit receives any salary, fees, or emolument of any kind.

Each state shall maintain its own delegates in any meeting of the states, and while they act as members of the committee of the states.

In determining questions in the United States, in congress assembled, each state shall have one vote.

Freedom of speech and debate in congress shall not be impeached or questioned in any court, or place out of congress, and the members of congress shall be protected in their persons from arrest and imprisonments, during the time of their going to and from, and attendance on congress, except for treason, felony, or breach of the peace.

ARTICLE VI. No state without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, shall send any embassy to, or receive any embassy from, or enter into any conference agreement, alliance or treaty with any king, prince or state, nor shall any person holding any office of profit or trust under

the United States, or any of them, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince or foreign state; nor shall the United States in congress assembled, or any of them, grant any title of nobility.

No two or more states shall enter into any treaty, confederation or alliance whatever between them, without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, specifying accurately the purposes for which the same is to be entered into, and how long it shall continue.

No state shall lay any imposts or duties, which may interfere with any stipulations in treaties, entered into by the United States in congress assembled with any king, prince or state, in pursuance of any treaties already proposed by congress to the courts of France or Spain.

No vessels of war shall be kept up in time of peace by any state, except such number only, as shall be deemed necessary by the United States in congress assembled, for the defense of such state, or its trade; nor shall any body of forces be kept up by any state, in time of peace, except such number only, as in the judgment of the United States, in congress assembled, shall be deemed requisite to garrison the forts necessary for the defense of such state; but every state shall always keep up a well regulated and disciplined militia, sufficiently armed and accoutered, and shall provide and have constantly ready for use, in public stores, a due number of field pieces and tents, and a proper quantity of arms, ammunition and camp equipage.

No state shall engage in any war without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, unless such state be actually invaded by enemies, or shall have received certain advice of a resolution being formed by some nation of Indians to invade such state, and the danger is so imminent as not to admit of a delay, till the United States in congress assembled can be consulted; nor shall any state grant commissions to any ships or vessels of war, nor letters of marque or reprisals, except it be after a declaration of war by the United States in congress assembled, and then only against the kingdom or state, and the subjects thereof, against which war has been so declared, and under such regulations as shall be established by the United States in congress assembled, unless such state be infested by pirates, in which case vessels of war may be fitted out for that occasion, and kept so long as the danger shall continue, or until the United States in congress assembled shall determine otherwise.

**ARTICLE VII.** When land forces are raised by any state for the common defense, all officers of or under the rank of colonel, shall be appointed by the legislature of each state respectively by whom such force shall be raised, or in such

manner as such state shall direct, and all vacancies shall be filled up by the state which first made the appointment.

ARTICLE VIII. All charges of war, and all other expenses that shall be incurred for the common defense or general welfare, and allowed by the United States in congress assembled, shall be defrayed out of a common treasury, which shall be supplied by the several states, in proportion to the value of all land within each state, granted to or surveyed for any person, as such land and the buildings and improvements thereon shall be estimated according to such mode as the United States in congress assembled, shall from time to time, direct and appoint.

The taxes for paying that proportion shall be laid and levied by the authority and direction of the legislatures of the several states within the time agreed upon by the United States in congress assembled.

ARTICLE IX. The United States in congress assembled, shall have the sole and exclusive right and power of determining on peace and war, except the case mentioned in the 6th article—of sending and receiving ambassadors—entering into treaties and alliances, provided that no treaty of commerce shall be made whereby the legislative power of the respective states shall be restrained from imposing such imposts and duties on foreigners, as their own people are subject to, or from prohibiting the exportation or importation of any species of goods or commodities whatsoever—of establishing rules for deciding in all cases, what captures on land or water shall be legal, and in what manner prizes taken by land or naval forces in the service of the United States, shall be divided or appropriated—of granting letters of marque and reprisal in times of peace—appointing courts for the trial of piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and establishing courts for receiving and determining finally appeals in all cases of captures, provided that no member of congress shall be appointed a judge of any of the said courts.

The United States in congress assembled shall also be the last resort on appeal in all disputes and differences now subsisting or that hereafter may arise between two or more states concerning boundary, jurisdiction or any other cause whatever; which authority shall always be exercised in the manner following: Whenever the legislative or executive authority or lawful agent of any state in controversy with another shall present a petition to congress, stating the matter in question and praying for a hearing, notice thereof shall be given by order of congress to the legislative or executive authority of the other state in controversy, and a day assigned for the appearance of the parties by their lawful agents, who shall then be directed to appoint by joint consent, commissioners or judges to constitute a court for hearing and determining

the matter in question: but if they cannot agree, congress shall name three persons out of each of the United States, and from the list of such persons each party shall alternately strike out one, the petitioners beginning, until the number shall be reduced to thirteen; and from that number not less than seven, nor more than nine names as congress shall direct, shall in the presence of congress be drawn out by lot, and the persons whose names shall be so drawn or any five of them, shall be commissioners or judges, to hear and finally determine the controversy, so always as a major part of the judges who shall hear the cause shall agree in the determination: and if either party shall neglect to attend at the day appointed, without showing reasons, which congress shall judge sufficient, or being present shall refuse to strike, the congress shall proceed to nominate three persons out of each state, and the secretary of congress shall strike in behalf of such party absent or refusing; and the judgment and sentence of the court to be appointed, in the manner before prescribed, shall be final and conclusive; and if any of the parties shall refuse to submit to the authority of such court, or to appear or defend their claim or cause, the court shall nevertheless proceed to pronounce sentence or judgment, which shall in like manner be final and decisive, and the judgment or sentence and other proceedings being in either case transmitted to congress and lodged among the acts of congress for the security of the parties concerned: provided that every commissioner, before he sits in judgment, shall take an oath to be administered by one of the judges of the supreme or superior court of the state, where the cause shall be tried, "well and truly to hear and determine the matter in question, according to the best of his judgment, without favor, affection or hope of reward:" provided also that no state shall be deprived of territory for the benefit of the United States.

All controversies concerning the private right of soil claimed under different grants of two or more states, whose jurisdictions as they may respect such lands, and the states which passed such grants are adjusted, the said grants or either of them being at the same time claimed to have originated antecedent to such settlement of jurisdiction, shall on the petition of either party to the congress of the United States, be finally determined as near as may be in the same manner as is before prescribed for deciding disputes respecting territorial jurisdiction between different states.

The United States in congress assembled shall also have the sole and exclusive right and power of regulating the alloy and value of coin struck by their own authority, or by that of the respective states—fixing the standard of weights and measures throughout the United States—regulating the trade and managing all affairs with the Indians, not members of

any of the states, provided that the legislative right of any state within its own limits be not infringed or violated—establishing or regulating postoffices from one state to another, throughout all the United States, and exacting such postage on the papers passing thro' the same as may be requisite to defray the expense of the said office—appointing all officers of the land forces, in the service of the United States, excepting regimental officers—appointing all the officers of the naval forces, and commissioning all officers whatever in the service of the United States—making rules for the government and regulation of the said land and naval forces, and directing their operations.

The United States in congress assembled shall have authority to appoint a committee, to sit in the recess of congress, to be denominated "A Committee of the States," and to consist of one delegate from each state; and to appoint such other committees and civil officers as may be necessary for managing the general affairs of the United States under their direction—to appoint one of their number to reside, provided that no person shall be allowed to serve in the office of president more than one year in any term of three years; to ascertain the necessary sums of money to be raised for the service of the United States, and to appropriate and apply the same for defraying the public expenses—to borrow money, or emit bills on the credit of the United States, transmitting every half year to the respective states an account of the sums of money so borrowed or emitted—to build and equip a navy—to agree upon the number of land forces, and to make requisitions from each state for its quota, in proportion to the number of white inhabitants in such state; which requisitions shall be binding, and thereupon the legislature of each state shall appoint the regimental officers, raise the men and clothe, arm and equip them in a soldier like manner, at the expense of the United States; and the officers and men so clothed, armed and equipped shall march to the place appointed and within the time agreed on by the United States in congress assembled; but if the United States in congress assembled shall, on consideration of circumstances judge proper that any state should not raise men, or should raise a smaller number than its quota, and that any other state should raise a greater number of men than the quota thereof, such extra number shall be raised, officered, clothed, armed and equipped in the same manner as the quota of such state, unless the legislature of such state shall judge that such extra number cannot be safely spared out of the same, in which case they shall raise, officer, clothe, arm and equip as many of such extra numbers as they judge can be safely spared. And the officers and men so clothed, armed and equipped, shall march to the place ap-

pointed, and within the time agreed on by the United States in congress assembled.

The United States in congress assembled shall never engage in a war, nor grant letters of marque and reprisal in time of peace, nor enter into any treaties or alliances, nor coin money, nor regulate the value thereof, nor ascertain the sums and expenses necessary for the defense and welfare of the United States, or any of them, nor emit bills, nor borrow money on the credit of the United States, nor appropriate money, nor agree upon the number of vessels of war. to be built or purchased, or the number of land or sea forces to be raised, nor appoint a commander-in-chief of the army or navy, unless nine states assent to the same; nor shall a question on any other point, except for adjourning from day to day be determined, unless by the votes of a majority of the United States in congress assembled.

The congress of the United States shall have power to adjourn to any time within the year, and to any place within the United States, so that no period of adjournment be for a longer duration than the space of six months and shall publish the journal of their proceedings monthly, except such parts thereof relating to treaties, alliances or military operations, as in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the delegates of each state on any question shall be entered on the journal, when it is desired by any delegate; and the delegates of a state, or any of them, at his or their request shall be furnished with a transcript of the said Journal, except such parts as are above excepted, to lay before the legislature of the several states.

ARTICLE X. The committee of the states, or any nine of them, shall be authorized to execute, in the recess of congress, such of the powers of congress as the United States in congress assembled, by the consent of nine states, shall from time to time think expedient to vest them with; provided that no power be delegated to the said committee, for the exercise of which, by the articles of confederation, the voice of nine states in the congress of the United States assembled is requisite.

ARTICLE XI. Canada acceding to this confederation, and joining in the measures of the United States, shall be admitted into, and entitled to all the advantages of this union: but no other colony shall be admitted into the same, unless such admission be agreed to by nine states.

ARTICLE XII. All bills of credit emitted, moneys borrowed and debts contracted by, or under the authority of congress, before the assembling of the United States, in pursuance of the present confederation, shall be deemed and considered as a charge against the United States, for payment and satisfac-



tion whereof the said United States, and the public faith are hereby solemnly pledged.

ARTICLE XIII. Every state shall abide by the determinations of the United States in congress assembled, on all questions which by this confederation are submitted to them. And the articles of this confederation shall be inviolably observed by every state, and the union shall be perpetual; nor shall any alteration at any time hereafter be made in any of them; unless such alteration be agreed to in a congress of the United States, and be afterwards confirmed by the legislatures of every state.

*And whereas* it hath pleased the Great Governor of the World to incline the hearts of the legislatures we respectively represent in congress, to approve of, and to authorize us to ratify the said articles of confederation and perpetual union. Know Ye that we the undersigned delegates, by virtue of the power and authority to us given for that purpose, do by these presents, in the name and in behalf of our respective constituents, fully and entirely ratify and confirm each and every of the said articles of confederation and perpetual union, and all and singular the matters and things therein contained; and we do further solemnly plight and engage the faith of our respective constituents, that they shall abide by the determinations of the United States in congress assembled, on all questions; which by the said confederation are submitted to them. And that the articles thereof shall be inviolably observed by the states we respectively represent, and that the union shall be perpetual.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands in Congress. Done in Philadelphia in the state of Pennsylvania the 9th day of July in the Year of our Lord, 1778, and in the 3d year of the Independence of America.

*On the part and behalf of the State of New Hampshire*—Josiah Bartlett, John Wentworth, Jun. (August 8, 1778.)

*On the part and behalf of the State of Massachusetts Bay*—John Hancock, Samuel Adams, Elbridge Gerry, Francis Dana, James Lovell, Samuel Holten.

*On the part and behalf of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations*—William Ellery, Henry Marchant, John Collins.

*On the part and behalf of the State of Connecticut*—Roger Sherman, Samuel Huntington, Oliver Wolcott, Titus Hosmer, Andrew Adam.

*On the part and behalf of the State of New York*—Jas. Duane, Fras Lewis, William Duer, Gouver Morris.

*On the part and behalf of the State of New Jersey*—Jno. Witherspoon, Nathl Scudder. (Nov 26, 1778.)

*On the part and behalf of the State of Pennsylvania*—Robt. Morris, Daniel Roberdeau, Jona Bayard Smith, William Clingan, Joseph Reed. (July 22nd, 1778.)

*On the part and behalf of the State of Delaware*—Tho. M'Kean, (Feb. 12, 1779,) John Dickinson. (May 5, 1779.) Nicholas Van Dyke.

*On the part and behalf of the State of Maryland*—John Hanson, (March 1, 1781,) Daniel Carroll, (March 1, 1781.)

*On the part and behalf of the State of Virginia*—Richard Henry Lee, John Bannister, Thomas Adams, Jno. Harvie. Francis Lightfoot Lee.

*On the part and behalf of the State of North Carolina*—John Penn, (July 21, 1778,) Corns. Harnett, Jno. Williams.

*On the part and behalf of the State of South Carolina*—Henry Laurens, William Henry Drayton, Jno. Mathews, Richard Hutson, Thos. Heyward, Jun.

*On the part and behalf of the State of Georgia*—Jno. Walton, (July 24th, 1778,) Edwd. Telfair, Edwd. Langworthy.

## ORDINANCE OF 1787

### AN ORDINANCE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES NORTH- WEST OF THE RIVER OHIO.

IN CONGRESS, JULY 13, 1787.

*Be it ordained by the United States in Congress assembled.* that the said territory, for the purposes of temporary government, be one district; subject, however, to be divided into two districts, as future circumstances may, in the opinion of Congress, make it expedient.

*Be it Ordained by the authority aforesaid,* That the states both of resident and non-resident proprietors in the said Territory dying intestate, shall descend to and be distributed among their children and the descendants of a deceased child in equal parts; the descendants of a deceased child or grandchild to take the share of their deceased parent in equal parts among them; and where there shall be no children or descendants, then in equal parts to the next of kin, in equal degree; and among collaterals, the children of a deceased brother or sister of the intestate shall have in equal parts among them their deceased parents' share; and there shall in no case be a distinction between kindred of the whole and half blood; saving in all cases to the widow of the intestate her third part of the real estate for life, and one-third part of the personal estate: and this law relative to descents and dower shall remain in full force until altered by the legislature of the district. And until the governor and judges shall adopt laws as hereinafter mentioned, estates in the said Territory may be devised or bequeathed by wills in writing, signed and sealed by him or her in whom the estate may be, (being of full age,) and attested by three witnesses; and real estate may be conveyed by lease and release or bargain and sale, signed, sealed, and delivered, by the person, being of full age, in whom the estate may be, and attested by two witnesses, provided such wills be duly proved, and such conveyances be acknowledged, or the execution thereof duly proved, and be recorded within one year after proper magistrates, courts, and registers shall be appointed for that purpose; and personal property may be transferred by delivery, saving, however, to the French and Canadian inhabitants, and other settlers of the Kaskaskies, Saint Vincent's and the neighboring villages, which have heretofore professed them-

selves citizens of Virginia, their laws and customs now in force among them relative to descent and conveyance of property.

*Be it ordained by the authority aforesaid,* That there shall be appointed from time to time, by Congress, a governor, whose commission shall continue in force for the term of three years, unless sooner revoked by Congress; he shall reside in the district, and have a freehold estate therein, in one thousand acres of land, while in the exercise of his office.

There shall be appointed from time to time, by Congress, a secretary, whose commission shall continue in force for four years, unless sooner revoked; he shall reside in the district and have a freehold estate therein, in five hundred acres of land, while in the exercise of his office. It shall be his duty to keep and preserve the acts and laws passed by the legislature, and the public records of the district, and the proceedings of the governor in his executive department, and transmit authentic copies of such acts and proceedings every six months to the secretary of Congress. There shall also be appointed a court to consist of three judges, any two of whom to form a court, who shall have a common law jurisdiction, and reside in the district, and have each therein a freehold estate in five hundred acres of land, while in the exercise of their offices; and their commissions shall continue in force during good behavior.

The governor and judges or a majority of them, shall adopt and publish in the district such laws of the original States, criminal and civil, as may be necessary and best suited to the circumstances of the district, and report them to Congress from time to time, which laws shall be in force in the district until the organization of the General Assembly therein, unless disapproved by Congress; but afterwards the legislature shall have authority to alter them as they shall think fit.

The governor for the time being shall be commander-in-chief of the militia, appoint and commission all officers in the same below the rank of general officers; all general officers shall be appointed and commissioned by Congress.

Previous to the organization of the General Assembly, the governor shall appoint such magistrates and other civil officers, in each county or township, as he shall find necessary for the preservation of the peace and good order in the same. After the General Assembly shall be organized, the powers and duties of magistrates and other civil officers shall be regulated and defined by the said Assembly; but all magistrates and other civil officers, not herein otherwise directed, shall, during the continuance of this temporary government, be appointed by the governor.

For the prevention of crimes and injuries, the laws to be adopted or made shall have force in all parts of the district, and for the execution of process, criminal and civil, the governor shall make proper divisions thereof; and he shall proceed from time to time, as circumstances may require, to lay out the parts of the district in which the Indian titles shall have been extinguished into counties and townships, subject, however, to such alterations as may thereafter be made by the Legislature.

So soon as there shall be five thousand free male inhabitants, of full age, in the district, upon giving proof thereof to the governor, they shall receive authority, with time and place, to elect representatives from their counties or townships, to represent them in the General Assembly; provided that for every five hundred free male inhabitants, there shall be one representative, and so on progressively with the number of free male inhabitants shall the right of representation increase, until the number of representatives shall amount to twenty-five, after which the number and proportion of representatives shall be regulated by the Legislature; provided, that no person be eligible or qualified to act as a representative unless he shall have been a citizen of one of the United States three years, and be a resident in the district, or unless he shall have resided in the district three years, and in either case shall likewise hold in his own right, in fee-simple, two hundred acres of land within the same: Provided also that a freehold of fifty acres of land in the district, having been a citizen of one of the States, and being resident in the district, or the like freehold and two years' residence in the district shall be necessary to qualify a man as an elector of a representative.

The representative thus elected shall serve for the term of two years, and, in case of the death of a representative, or removal from office, the governor shall issue a writ to the county or township for which he was a member to elect another in his stead, to serve for the residue of the term.

The General Assembly, or legislature, shall consist of the governor, legislative council, and a house of representatives. The legislative council shall consist of five members, to continue in office five years, unless sooner removed by Congress, any three of whom to be a quorum, and the members of the council shall be nominated and appointed in the following manner, to wit: As soon as representatives shall be elected, the governor shall appoint a time and place for them to meet together, and, when met, they shall nominate ten persons, residents in the district, and each possessed of a freehold in five hundred acres of land, and return their names to Congress; five of whom Congress shall appoint and commission to serve as aforesaid; and whenever a vacancy shall

happen in the council, by death or removal from office, the house of representatives shall nominate two persons, qualified as aforesaid, for each vacancy, and return their names to Congress; one of whom congress shall appoint and commission for the residue of the term, and every five years, four months at least before the expiration of the time of service of the members of the council, the said house shall nominate ten persons, qualified as aforesaid, and return their names to Congress, five of whom Congress shall appoint and commission to serve as members of the council five years, unless sooner removed. And the governor, legislative council, and the house of representatives, shall have authority to make laws, in all cases for the good government of the district, not repugnant to the principles and articles in this ordinance established and declared. And all bills, having passed by a majority in the house, and by a majority in the council, shall be referred to the governor for his assent; but no bill or legislative act whatever, shall be of any force without his assent. The governor shall have power to convene, prorogue and dissolve the General Assembly, when in his opinion it shall be expedient.

The governor, judges, legislative council, secretary, and such other officers as Congress shall appoint in the district shall take an oath or affirmation of fidelity and of office; the governor before the president of congress; and all other officers before the governor. As soon as a legislature shall be formed in the district, the council and house assembled, in one room, shall have authority, by joint ballot, to elect a delegate to Congress, who shall have a seat in Congress, with a right of debate, but not of voting during this temporary government.

And for extending the fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty, which form the basis whereon these republics, their laws, and constitutions are erected; to fix and establish those principles as the basis of all laws: constitutions, and governments which forever hereafter shall be formed in the said Territory; to provide, also, for the establishment of States, and permanent government therein, and for their admission to a share in the federal councils on an equal footing with the original States, at as early periods as may be consistent with the general interest:

*It is hereby ordained and declared, by the authority aforesaid, That the following articles shall be considered as articles of compact, between the original States and the people and States in the said Territory, and forever remain unalterable, unless by common consent, to wit:*

ART. 1. No person, demeaning himself in a peaceable and orderly manner, shall ever be molested on account of his mode of worship or religious sentiments, in the said Territory.

ART. 2. The inhabitants of the said Territory shall always be entitled to the benefits of the writ of habeas corpus, and of the trial by jury; of a proportionate representation of the people in the legislature, and of judicial proceedings according to the course of the common law. All persons shall be bailable, unless for capital offenses, where the proof shall be evident, or the presumption great. All fines shall be moderate, and no cruel or unusual punishments shall be inflicted. No man shall be deprived of his liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land, and should the public exigencies make it necessary, for the common preservation, to take any person's property, or to demand his particular services, full compensation shall be made for the same. And, in the just preservation of rights and property, it is understood and declared, that no law ought ever to be made, or have force in said territory, that shall, in any manner whatever, interfere with, or affect private contracts or engagements, bona fide, and without fraud, previously formed.

ART. 3. Religion, morality, and knowledge, being necessary to good government, and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged. The utmost good faith shall always be observed toward the Indians; their lands and property shall never be taken from them without their consent; and in their property rights, and liberty, they shall never be invaded or disturbed, unless in just and lawful wars authorized by Congress; but laws founded in justice and humanity shall from time to time, be made, for preventing wrongs being done to them, and for preserving peace and friendship with them.

ART. 4. The said territory, and the States which may be formed therein shall forever remain a part of this confederacy of the United States of America, subject to the Articles of Confederation, and to such alterations therein as shall be constitutionally made; and to all the acts and ordinances of the United States, in Congress assembled, conformable thereto. The inhabitants and settlers in the said territory shall be subject to pay a part of the federal debts, contracted or to be contracted, and a proportional part of the expenses of government, to be apportioned on them by Congress, according to the same common rule and measure by which apportionments thereof shall be made on the other States; and the taxes for paying their proportion shall be laid and levied by the authority and direction of the legislatures of the district or districts, or new States, as in the original States, within the time agreed upon by the United States, in Congress assembled. The legislatures of those districts, or new States, shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil by the United States in Congress assembled, nor with any regula-

tions Congress may find necessary, for securing the title in such soil, to the bona fide purchasers. No tax shall be imposed on lands, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. The navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well as to the inhabitants of the said territory as to the citizens of the United States, and those of any other States that may be admitted into the Confederacy, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

ART. 5. There shall be formed in the said territory not less than three, or more than five States; and the boundaries of the States, as soon as Virginia shall alter her act of cession, and consent to the same, shall become fixed and established as follows, to wit: the western State in the said territory, shall be bounded by the Mississippi, the Ohio, and Wabash rivers; a direct line drawn from the Wabash and Post Vincents, due north, to the territorial line between the United States and Canada; and by the said territorial line to the Lake of the Woods and Mississippi. The middle States shall be bounded by the said direct line, the Wabash, from Post Vincents to the Ohio, by the Ohio, by a direct line drawn due north from the mouth of the Great Miami to the said territorial line, and by the said territorial line. The eastern State shall be bounded by the last mentioned direct line, the Ohio, Pennsylvania, and the said territorial line: provided, however, and it is further understood and declared, that the boundaries of these three States shall be subject so far to be altered, that if congress shall hereafter find it expedient, they shall have authority to form one or two States in that part of the said territory which lies north of an east and west line drawn through the southerly bend or extreme of Lake Michigan. And whenever any of the said States shall have sixty thousand free inhabitants therein, such State shall be admitted by its delegates, into the Congress of the United States, on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever; and shall be at liberty to form a permanent constitution and State government; provided the constitution and government, so to be formed, shall be republican, and in conformity to the principles contained in these articles; and, so far as can be consistent with the general interest of the Confederacy, such admissions shall be allowed at an earlier period, and when there may be a less number of free inhabitants in the State than sixty thousand.

ART. 6. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in the said territory, otherwise than in the punish-



ment of crimes, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted; provided, always, that any person escaping into the same, from whom labor or service is lawfully claimed in any one of the original States, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed, and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor or service as aforesaid.

*Be it ordained by the authority aforesaid,* That the resolutions of the 23d of April, 1784, relative to the subject of this ordinance, be, and the same are hereby, repealed, and declared null and void.

Done by the United States, in Congress assembled, the 13th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1787, and of their sovereignty and independence the 12th.

CHARLES THOMSON,

Secretary.

# CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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[NOTE—The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation, of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz: By convention of Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 20, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states, December 15, 1791.

The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared in a message from the president of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states.

The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25, 1804.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed at the second session of the thirty-eighth congress February 1, 1865, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1865, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865.

The fourteenth amendment took effect July 28, 1868.

The fifteenth amendment took effect March 30, 1870.]

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

## ARTICLE I.—The Congress.

Section I. All legislative powers herein granted, shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

Sec. II. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives \* [and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons.] The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Sec. III. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

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\*The clause included in brackets is amended by the fourteenth amendment.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president pro tempore, in the absence of the vice president, or when he shall exercise the office of the president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

Sec. IV. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Sec. V. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house during the session of congress, shall without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than

three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Sec. VI. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Sec. VII. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to consider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary, (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Sec. VIII. The congress shall have the power:

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense, and general welfare of the United States: but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standards of weights and measures.

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

To establish post offices and post roads.

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries.

To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court.

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and offenses against the law of nations.

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water.

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years.

To provide and maintain a navy.

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions.

To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress.

To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square), as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all

other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

Sec. IX. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign state.

Sec. X. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress.

No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

## ARTICLE II.--The Executive.

Section I. The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress, but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall be eligible to the office of president, neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice president; and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the president and vice president, declaring what officer shall then act as president and such officers shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

Sec. II. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States: he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and par-



dons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

Sec. III. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

Sec. IV. The president, vice president and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

### ARTICLE III.—The Judiciary.

Section I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Sec. II. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of

another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

Sec. III. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

#### ARTICLE IV.—The States and Territories.

Section I. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state, to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Sec. II. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

Sec. III. New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of

states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

Sec. IV. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

#### ARTICLE V.—Amendments.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

#### ARTICLE VI.—Miscellaneous Business.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation,

to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

#### ARTICLE VII.—Ratification.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America, the twelfth.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

Go: Washington, Presdt.  
And Deputy from Virginia.

#### *New Hampshire.*

John Langdon.

Nicholas Gilman.

#### *Massachusetts.*

Nathaniel Gorham,

Rufus King.

#### *Connecticut.*

Wm. Saml. Johnson,

Roger Sherman.

#### *New York.*

Alexander Hamilton.

#### *New Jersey.*

Wil: Livingston,

Wm. Patterson,

David Brearley,

Jona. Dayton.

#### *Pennsylvania.*

B. Franklin,

Geo: Clymer,

Tho: Fitzsimons,

Jared Ingersoll,

Robt. Morris,

James Wilson,

Thomas Mifflin,

Gouv: Morris.

#### *Delaware.*

Geo. Read.

Richard Bassett,

Gunning Bedford, Jun.,

Jaco. Broom.

John Dickinson,

#### *Maryland.*

Dan of St. Thos. Jennifer,

Daniel Carroll.

James McHenry,

*Virginia.*

John Blair,

James Madison, Jun.

*North Carolina.*

William Blount,

Hu. Williamson.

Richard Dobbs Spaight,

*South Carolina.*

J. Rutledge,

Charles Pinckney.

Chas. Cotesworth Pinckney, Pierce Butler.

*Georgia.*

William Few,

Abr. Baldwin.

Attest: William Jackson, Secretary.

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.****ARTICLE I.**

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

**ARTICLE II.**

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

**ARTICLE III.**

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

**ARTICLE IV.**

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

**ARTICLE V.**

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment

ment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

#### ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

#### ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

#### ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

#### ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

#### ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

## ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president, one of whom, at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president; and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice president shall act as president as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president. The person having the greatest number of votes as vice president shall be the vice president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice president; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice president of the United States.

## ARTICLE XIII.

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Sec. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

#### ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president or vice president, or hold any office civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection, or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services, in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.



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ARTICLE XV.

Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Sec. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

## HISTORICAL

Dakota is an Indian name and signifies "confederated" or "leagued together," and applied originally to the Sioux confederation of Indians. The present state of North Dakota, together with that of South Dakota, was a part of the territory purchased in 1803 of France by President Thomas Jefferson for the sum of fifteen million dollars and the assumption of certain claims held by citizens of the United States against France, which made the purchase amount to twenty-seven million two hundred and sixty-seven thousand and six hundred and twenty-one dollars and ninety-eight cents (\$27,267,621.98), and was known as the Louisiana purchase.

October 1, 1803, that part of the new purchase lying south of Arkansas was formed into the "Territory of Orleans;" the remaining portion, which includes the states of Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, part of Colorado, North and South Dakota, the Indian Territory and a part of Wyoming was formed into the district of Louisiana, and the governing power was vested in a governor and judge of what was then known as the Indian Territory. President Jefferson having great confidence in the future greatness of the west, sent in 1804, an exploring expedition in charge of Captains Lewis and Clark, who were the first to traverse the entire length of the Missouri river, and in 1804-5-6 gave the world the first general account of Dakota. Lewis and Clark camped the first winter in latitude 47 degrees, 21 minutes, 23 seconds—among the Mandan Indians, at Fort Mandan, which was some twelve or fifteen miles above Washburn in McLean county.

The first mention of the country west of the great lakes was made by Nicollet, sent out by the French authorities at Quebec in 1639. Nicollet called the inhabitants Nad-suessioux, which was abbreviated into Sioux by the later French explorers. The Sioux were warlike and the enemy of all other tribes, hence the name of Sioux, or enemy.

July 1, 1805, congress designated the District of Louisiana as the territory of the same name, and placed the legislative power in the hands of a governor and three judges named by the president and confirmed by the senate of the United States. December 7, 1812, the name of the territory was changed to "Territory of Missouri," and limited power was granted the people residing therein to elect a legislative body. June 28, 1834, congress created the territory of Michigan, which included that part of Dakota,

North and South, lying east of the Missouri and White Earth rivers, and including the present states of Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. The territory of Wisconsin was established July 3, 1836, and included that part of the state of North Dakota lying east of the Missouri and White Earth rivers. June 12, 1838, the territory of Iowa was organized, including part of the present state of North Dakota; March 3, 1849, the territory of Minnesota was established, which covered that part of the state of North Dakota lying east of the Missouri river; May 30, 1854, the territory of Nebraska was organized and that part of the states of North and South Dakota lying west of the Missouri and White Earth rivers, and which previous to that time had been known as "Mandan Territory," was included in Nebraska Territory.

Minnesota became a state on the 11th day of May, 1858; from that date until the second day of March, 1861, all that part of both North and South Dakota east of the Missouri and White Earth rivers was without legal name or existence.

The bill incorporating the present states of North and South Dakota as Dakota Territory was signed by President Buchanan on March 2, 1861. On May 27th thereafter President Lincoln appointed as the first governor of Dakota Territory Dr. William Jayne, of Springfield, Ill. Dr. Jayne had been a young man who grew up as a physician while Lincoln was developing as a lawyer in Springfield, the then new capital of Illinois, and a close personal friendship had existed between the two until Lincoln had become president of the United States; and in recognition of the friendship of his earlier days he appointed Dr. Jayne as the first governor of what was then to his mind the most promising territory yet organized.

The employes of various fur companies were the first white settlers of the territory of Dakota. As early as 1808 the government established Fort Clark on the Missouri at the mouth of the Knife river—a point about seven miles up the river from where Lewis and Clark had in 1804-5 spent the winter and established what they called Fort Mandan. In 1811 Lord Selkirk built a fort at Pembina on the Red river a short distance below the international boundary line. Fort Pierre was built in 1829 and the first steamer ascended the Missouri river in 1830. In 1839 Gen. John C. Fremont crossed over the country from the Missouri to the James rivers thence across the country to Devils Lake. Catlin, the famous Indian painter, whose collection, the largest in the world, of pictures of noted Indian chiefs—now owned by the government and on exhibit in the national museum at Washington—traveled over the country in 1841. A majority of these pictures were painted

from sittings in life. Captain Pope's map of a trip to the Red river in 1849, and which is now on file in the war department at Washington, designates all the country around Devils Lake as a "Salt water region," and Lieutenant Warren, who explored the "Dacouta" country under the direction of the government in 1855 said the territory was occupied by powerful tribes of roving savages and "is only adapted to a mode of life like theirs."

Gov. William Jayne arrived at Yankton, which was designated in the act organizing the territory of Dakota, as the territorial capital, on May 27, 1861, and proceeded to the organization of a territorial government. Yankton remained the capital from that date until the 2nd day of June, 1883, when it was removed from Yankton to Bismarck, which remained the territorial capital until the formation of the states of North and South Dakota. The territorial legislature passed an act in 1883 providing for the removal of the territorial capital from Yankton to a point designated by commissioners appointed for the location of the new capital. The following persons were appointed as such commissioners, viz: Alexander McKenzie, Milo W. Scott, Burleigh F. Spalding, Charles H. Myers, George A. Matthews, Alexander Hughes, Henry H. DeLong, John P. Belding and M. D. Thompson. The capital commission, at a session held in the city of Fargo, on the 2nd day of June, 1883, located the territorial capital at Bismarck. The act provided that \$100,000 and 160 acres of land should be donated to the state for capitol purposes as a condition of the location of the seat of government. The citizens of Bismarck by voluntary subscription contributed \$100,000 in cash and 320 acres of land.

A bill known as the "omnibus bill" and which was an act dividing the territory of Dakota into the states of North and South Dakota, and enabling the two Dakotas, Montana and Washington to formulate constitutions, was approved February 22, 1889, and a constitutional convention was held at Bismarck, beginning July 4, 1889. A constitution was formulated and submitted to a vote of the people of the state of North Dakota at an election called for that purpose, and to elect state officers, October 1, 1889. There were 27,440 votes cast for and 8,107 against the adoption of the constitution.

## TERRITORIAL AND LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS

FROM THE

## Organization of Dakota Territory, 1861.

## TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.

*Delegates to Congress.*

In its twenty-eight years of existence as a territory, there were delegates to congress as follows:

J. B. S. Todd .....	1862-64	G. G. Bennett .....	1879-81
W. A. Burleigh .....	1864-69	R. F. Pettigrew .....	1881-83
S. L. Spink .....	1869-71	J. B. Raymond .....	1883-85
M. K. Armstrong .....	1871-75	Oscar S. Gifford .....	1885-88
J. P. Kidder .....	1875-79	Geo. A. Mathews .....	1888-89

Note—Geo. A. Mathews was elected delegate to congress in November, 1888, his term to commence March 4, 1899. Congress did not convene until December following. Before that time statehood had been accomplished and he was therefore never sworn in.

*Governors.*

William Jayne .....	1861-63	** William A. Howard ....	1878-80
Newton Edmunds .....	1863-66	Nehemiah G. Ordway ....	1880-84
Andrew J. Faulk .....	1866-69	Gilbert A. Pierce .....	1884-87
John A. Burbank .....	1869-74	Loius K. Church .....	1887-89
John L. Pennington .....	1874-78	Arthur C. Melette .....	1889

*Secretaries.*

John Hutchinson .....	1861-65	Oscar Whitney .....	1873-74
S. L. Spink .....	1865-69	Geo. H. Hand .....	1874-83
T. M. Wilkins .....	1869-70	J. M. Teller .....	1883-86
G. A. Batchelder .....	1870-72	Michael L. McCormack ....	1886-89
* E. S. McCook .....	1872-73	L. B. Richardson .....	1889

*Chief Justices.*

Philemon Bliss .....	1861-64	Peter C. Shannon .....	1873-81
Ara Bartlett .....	1865-69	A. J. Edgerton .....	1881-85
George W. French .....	1869-73	Bartlett Tripp .....	1885-89

\*Assassinated in office September, 1873, by Peter P. Wintermute.

\*\*Died in office, April 10, 1880.

*Associate Justices.*

S. P. Williston .....	1861-65	(c) W. E. Church .....	1883-86
J. S. Williams .....	1861-64	(c) Louis K. Church .....	1885-87
Ara Bartlett .....	1864-65	(a) Seward Smith .....	1884-84
W. E. Gleason .....	1865-66	W. H. Francis .....	1884-88
J. P. Kidder .....	1865-75	John E. Carland .....	1887-89
J. W. Boyle .....	1864-69	Wm. B. McConnell .....	1885-88
W. W. Brookings .....	1869-73	Charles M. Thomas .....	1886-89
A. H. Barnes .....	1873-81	James Spencer .....	1887-89
G. G. Bennett .....	1875-79	Roderick Rose .....	1888-89
G. C. Moody .....	1878-83	C. F. Templeton .....	1888-89
(b) J. P. Kidder .....	1878-83	L. W. Crofoot .....	1888-89
C. S. Palmer .....	1883-87	Frank R. Aikens .....	1889
S. A. Hudson .....	1881-85		

*United States Attorneys.*

Wm. E. Gleason .....	1861-64	Hugh J. Campbell .....	1877-85
George H. Hand .....	1866-69	John E. Carland .....	1885-88
Warren Coles .....	1869-73	Wm. E. Purcell .....	1888-89
(b) William Pound .....	1873-77	John Murphy .....	1889

*United States Marshals.*

Wm. F. Schaffer .....	1861-61	J. B. Raymond .....	1877-81
G. M. Pinney .....	1861-65	Harrison Allen .....	1881-85
L. H. Litchfield .....	1865-72	Daniel W. Maratta .....	1885-89
J. H. Burdick .....	1872-77		

*Surveyors General.*

Geo. D. Hill .....	1861-65	Henry Experson .....	1877-81
Wm. Tripp .....	1865-69	Cortez Fessenden .....	1881-85
W. H. H. Beadle .....	1869-73	Maris Taylor .....	1885-89
Wm. P. Dewey .....	1873-77	B. H. Sullivan .....	1889

*Attorney Generals.*

Alexander Hughes .....	1883-84	Charles F. Templeton .....	1887-88
Geo. H. Rice .....	1884-86	Tristram Skinner .....	1889
Geo. S. Engle .....	1886	Johnson Nickeus .....	1889

*Auditors.*

L. M. Purdy .....	1881-82	James A. Ward .....	1887-88
Geo. L. Ordway .....	1883-84	J. C. McNamarra .....	1889
E. W. Caldwell .....	1885-86		

*Treasurers.*

J. O. Taylor .....	1863-64	W. H. McVay .....	1878-83
M. K. Armstrong .....	1865-68	J. W. Raymond .....	1883-87
T. K. Hovey .....	1869-70	J. D. Lawler .....	1887-88
— — Sherman .....	1871-74	Jos. Bailey .....	1889
John Clementson .....	1875-77		

- (a) Suspended—went insane.
- (b) Died in office.
- (c) Resigned.

*Superintendents of Public Instruction.*

James S. Foster (ex-officio) 1864-68	W. E. Caton .....1877-78
T. McKendrick Stuart ...1869	W. H. H. Beadle .....1879-85
James S. Foster ....1869-70	A. Sheridan Jones .....1885-87
J. W. Turner .....1870-71	Eugene A. Dye .....1887-89
E. W. Miller .....1872-74	Leonard A. Rose .....1889
J. J. McIntyre .....1875-76	

*Commissioners of Railroads.*

Wm. M. Evens, chairman ..1886	Judson LaMoure, chairman ..1880
Alexander Griggs .....1886	John H. King ....1880
W. H. McVay....1886	Harvey J. Rice .....1880
Alexander Griggs, chairman.1887	
A. Boynton .....1887	
N. T. Smith .....1887	

**THE LEGISLATURE.****First Session—1862.**

The members of the first territorial assembly were elected Sept. 16, 1861. The assembly convened at Yankton, March 17, 1862, and continued in session until May 15. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

John H. Shober, President.

H. D. Betts,	W. W. Brookings,	J. S. Gregory,
J. W. Boyle,	A. Cole,	Enos Stutsman,
D. T. Bramble,	Jacob Deuel,	

*House.*

Geo. M. Pinney, Speaker.

Moses K. Armstrong,	Christopher Maloney,	Hugh S. Donaldson,
Lyman Burgess,	A. W. Pluett,	Reuben Wallace,
J. A. Jacobson,	John Stanage,	George P. Waldron,
John C. McBride,	John L. Tiernon,	B. E. Wood.

**Second Session—1862-3.**

The second legislature met at Yankton, Dec. 1, 1862, and continued in session until Jan. 9, 1863. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

Enos Stutsman, President.

W. W. Brookings,	Jacob Deuel,	J. H. Schober,
Austin Cole,	D. T. Bramble,	J. Shaw Gregory,
John W. Boyle,	J. McPetridge,	H. D. Betts.

*House.*

\*A. J. Harlan, Speaker.

M. K. Armstrong,	Edward Gifford,	Knud Larson,
L. Bothun,	J. A. Jacobson,	F. D. Pease,
J. Y. Buckman,	R. M. Johnson,	A. W. Puett,
H. S. Donaldson,	G. P. Waldron,	N. J. Wallace.
M. H. Somers,		

\*Resigned December 16th, and succeeded by M. K. Armstrong.

**Third Session—1863-4.**

The third session convened at Yankton, Dec. 7, 1863, and continued to Jan. 15, 1864. It had the following members:

*Council.*

Enos Stutsman, President.

J. M. Stone,	John Mathers,	D. P. Bradford.
G. W. Kingsbury,	Lasse Bothun,	J. Shaw Gregory,
J. O. Taylor,	Hugh Compton,	John J. Thompson.
M. M. Rich,	Franklin Taylor,	

*House.*

A. W. Puett, Speaker.

H. Burgess,	L. H. Litchfield,	Peter Kegan,
Ole Bottolfson,	W. W. Brookings,	N. G. Curtis,
E. M. Bond,	Knud Larson,	Asa Mattison,
Wm. Shriner,	Washington Reed,	B. A. Hill,
G. W. Pratt,	P. H. Risling,	Duncan Ross,
John Lawrence,	E. W. Wall,	Algert Gore.
Henry Brooks,	Jessy Wherry,	

**Fourth Session—1864-5.**

The fourth session met at Yankton Dec. 5, 1864, and continued to Jan. 13, 1865. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

Enos Stutsman, President.

J. M. Stone,	John Mathers,	D. P. Bradford,
G. W. Kingsbury,	Lasse Bothun,	J. Shaw Gregory,
J. O. Taylor,	Hugh Compton,	John J. Thompson.
M. M. Rich,	Franklin Taylor,	

*House.*

W. W. Brookings, Speaker.

H. Burgess,	Geo. W. Kellogg,	G. W. Pratt,
J. P. Burgman,	P. Lemouges,	Washington Reed,
A. Chrissy,	John Lawrence,	John Rouse,
B. W. Collar,	M. M. Mathiesen,	William Shiner,
Felicia Fallas,	Helge Matthews,	George Stickney,
J. R. Hanson,	Francis McCarthy,	John W. Turner,
Peter Kegan,	John W. Owens,	E. W. Wall.



**Fifth Session—1865-6.**

The fifth session convened at Yankton Dec. 4, 1865, and continued to Jan. 12, 1866. It had the following members:

*Council.*

George Stickney, President.

M. K. Armstrong,	Nathaniel Ross,	John W. Turner,
Austin Cole,	Enos Stutsman,	A. L. VanOsdel,
G. W. Kingsbury,	O. F. Stevens,	Knute Weeks,
Chas. LaBreeche,	John J. Thompson,	

*House.*

G. B. Bigelow, Speaker.

T. C. Watson,	Franklin Taylor,	Jonathan Brown,
E. C. Collins,	James McHenry,	J. A. Lewis,
William Walter,	Joseph Ellis,	Chas. H. McCarthy,
Michael Curry,	A. M. English,	William Stevens,
Michael Ryan,	Jacob Brauch,	Edward Lent,
James Whitehorn,	H. C. Ash,	Geo. W. Kellogg,
H. J. Austin,	S. C. Fargo,	Charles Cooper,
Amos Hampton,	W. W. Brookings,	

**Sixth Session—1866-7.**

The sixth session convened at Yankton, Dec. 4, 1866, and continued to Jan. 12, 1867. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

M. K. Armstrong, President.

Austin Cole,	J. A. Lewis,	John J. Thompson,
A. G. Fuller,	D. M. Ellis,	John W. Turner,
G. W. Kingsbury,	Nathaniel Ross,	A. L. VanOsdel,
Chas. LaBreeche,	O. F. Stevens,	Knute Weeks,

*House.*

J. B. S. Todd, Speaker.

H. C. Ash,	William Gray,	Chas. McCarthy,
Horace J. Austin,	Tans Gunderson,	N. C. Stevens,
D. T. Bramble,	M. U. Hoyt,	William Stevens,
W. N. Collamer,	Daniel Hodgen,	John Trumbo,
Michael Curry,	Amon Hanson,	Franklin Taylor,
Hugh Fraley,	H. M. Johnson,	Eli B. Wixson,
Thomas Frick,	Geo. W. Kellogg,	Kirwin Wilson,
I. T. Gore,	Vincent La Belle,	

**Seventh Session—1867-8.**

Convened at Yankton, Dec. 2, 1867, and adjourned Jan. 10, 1868. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

Horace J. Austin, President.

W. W. Brookings,	Hugh Fraley,	J. A. Lewis,
W. W. Benedict,	R. R. Green,	Chas. H. McIntyre,
Aaron Carpenter,	A. H. Hampton,	D. M. Mills,
R. I. Thomas,	Geo. W. Kellogg,	C. F. Rossteucher,

*House.*

Enos Stutsman, Speaker.

William Blair,  
William Brady,  
F. Bronson,  
Jacob Brauch,  
Jonathan Brown,  
Caleb Cummings,  
Michael Curry,  
F. J. De Witt,

Martin V. Harris,  
Felicia Fallas,  
I. T. Gore,  
Hans Gunderson,  
Amos Hanson,  
M. U. Hoyt,  
John L. Jolley,  
James Kegan,

G. C. Moody,  
T. Nelson,  
Michael Ryan,  
Calvin G. Shaw,  
John J. Thompson,  
J. D. Tucker,  
Thomas C. Watson.

**Eighth Session—1868-9.**

Convened at Yankton Dec. 7, 1868, and adjourned Jan. 15, 1869.  
It had the following membership:

*Council.*

N. J. Wallace, President.

Horace J. Watson,  
W. W. Benedict,  
W. W. Brookings,  
Aaron Carpenter,

Hugh Fraley,  
R. K. Green,  
A. N. Hampton,  
Geo. W. Kellogg,

J. A. Lewis,  
Chas. H. McIntyre,  
C. F. Rossteucher,  
B. E. Wood.

*House.*

G. C. Moody, Speaker.

Alfred Abbott,  
Chas. D. Bradley,  
G. F. Bennett,  
Calvin M. Brooks,  
Jacob Brauch,  
John Clementson,  
N. G. Curtis,  
J. M. Lives,

J. Shaw Gregory,  
J. T. Hewlett,  
O. T. Haggin,  
John L. Jolley,  
A. W. Jameson,  
Hiram Keith,  
James Kegan,  
Lewis Larson,

Knud Larson,  
J. La Roche,  
Joseph Moulin,  
Charles Ricker,  
Enos Stutsman,  
M. H. Somers,  
R. T. Vinson.

**Ninth Session—1870-1.**

Convened at Yankton Dec. 5, 1870, and continued to Jan. 13, 1871. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

Emery Morris, President.

M. K. Armstrong,  
Jacob Brauch,  
Wm. M. Cuppett,  
Hugh Fraley,

Silas W. Kidder,  
Nelson Miner,  
Chas. H. McIntyre,  
J. C. Kennedy,

W. T. McKay,  
James M. Stone,  
John W. Turner.

*House.*

George H. Hand, Speaker.

Charles Allen,  
V. R. L. Barnes,  
F. J. Cross,  
C. P. Dow,  
A. P. Harmon,  
John Hancock,  
Wm. Hobrough,  
O. B. Iverson,

H. A. Jerauld,  
James Kegan,  
J. La Roche,  
Nelson Learned,  
A. J. Mills,  
E. Minor,  
Noah Wherry,

R. Mostow,  
S. L. Parker,  
Amos F. Shaw,  
Philip Sherman,  
John C. Sinclair,  
Ole Sampson,  
E. W. Wall,

**Tenth Session—1872-3.**

The tenth session met at Yankton, Dec. 2, 1872, and continued to Jan. 10, 1873. It had the following membership:

*Council.*

Alexander Hughes, President.

D. T. Bramble,	John Lawrence,	Chas. H. McIntyre,
E. B. Crew,	Nelson Miner,	O. F. Stevens,
H. P. Cooley,	Joseph Mason,	Enos Stutsman,
J. Flick,	J. Gehan,	Henry Smith.

*House.*

A. J. Mills, Speaker.

Samuel Ashmore,	Cyrus Knapp,	O. C. Peterson,
Ole Bottolfson,	T. A. Kingsbury,	Jens Peterson,
John Becker,	Judson LaMoure,	Silas Rohr,
Jacob Brauch,	E. A. Williams,	Martin Trygstadt,
Newton Clark,	Ephraim Miner,	J. W. Turner,
N. B. Campbell,	George Norbeck,	John Thompson,
Michael Glynn,	Joseph Roberts,	B. E. Wood,
William Hamilton,	A. B. Wheelock,	W. P. Lyman.
James Hyde,		

**Eleventh Session—1874-5.**

Convened at Yankton Dec 7, 1874, and adjourned Jan. 15, 1875. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

John L. Jolley, President.

H. J. Austin,	G. W. Harlan,	M. W. Sheafe,
Jacob Brauch,	John Lawrence,	O. F. Stevens,
Philip Chandler,	A. McHench,	C. S. West,
Benton Fraley,	M. Pace,	E. A. Williams.

*House.*

G. C. Moody, Speaker.

H. O. Anderson,	John H. Hass,	Ira Ellis,
George Bosworth,	Knud Larson,	L. Sampson,
Hector Bruce,	Joseph Zitka,	S. Severson,
J. L. Berry,	H. N. Luce,	A. L. VanOsdel,
L. Bothun,	W. T. McKay,	M. M. Williams,
Michael Curry,	Henry Reifsnyder,	Scott Wright,
Desire Chausse,	Amos F. Shaw,	James M. Wohl,
J. M. Cleland,	C. H. Stearns,	O. B. Larson.
Patrick Hand,		

**Twelfth Session—1877.**

Convened at Yankton Jan. 9, 1877, and continued to Feb. 17, 1877. It had the following membership:

*Council.*

W. A. Burleigh, President.

Henry S. Back,	Judson La Moure,	R. F. Pettigrew,
M. W. Bailey,	Nelson Miner,	J. A. Potter,
Wm. Duncan,	A. J. Mills,	C. B. Valentine,
Hans Gunderson,	Robert Wilson,	J. A. Wallace.

*House.*

D. C. Hagle, Speaker.

J. M. Adams,	M. O. Hexom,	John Falde,
A. L. Boe,	E. Hackett,	D. Stewart,
H. A. Burke,	D. M. Inman,	Asa Sargent,
*J. O. Burbank,	Erick Iverson,	John Tucker,
W. H. H. Beadle,	Chas. Maywold,	Franklin Taylor,
T. S. Clarkson,	F. M. Ziebach,	John Thompson,
G. S. S. Codington,	Hans Myron,	C. H. VanTassel,
W. R. Dunham,	John Selberg,	S. Soderstrom,
A. G. Hopkins,		

\*Awarded the seat of D. M. Kelliher on the twenty-ninth day of the session.

**Thirteenth Session—1879.**

Convened at Yankton and continued in session from Jan. 14 to Feb. 22, 1879. The following was the membership::

*Council.*

George H. Walsh, President.

Wm. M. Cuppett,	W. L. Kuykendall,	S. G. Roberts,
M. H. Day,	Nelson Miner,	Silas Rohr,
Ira Ellis,	Robert Macnider	C. B. Valentine,
Newton Edmunds,	R. F. Pettigrew,	H B. Wynn.

*House.*

John R. Jackson, Speaker.

Alfred Brown,	Nathan'l C. Whitfield,	Michael Shely,
J. O. Burbank,	Ole A. Helvig,	A. Simonson,
P. N. Cross,	O. I. Hoseboe,	James H. Stephens,
D. W. Flick,	A. Hoyt,	D. Stewart,
A. B. Fockler,	S. A. Johnson,	Martin M. Trygstadt,
John R. Gamble,	John Langness,	E. C. Walton,
Ansley Gray,	A. Manksch,	J. F. Weber,
Hans Gunderson,	J. M. Peterson,	Canute Weeks.
Peter J. Hoyer,		

**Fourteenth Session—1881.**

Convened at Yankton and continued in session from Jan. 11 to March 7, 1881. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

George H. Walsh, President.

M. H. Day,	J. A. J. Martin,	John Walsh,
Ira W. Fisher,	J. O'B. Scovey,	G. W. Wiggan,
John R. Gamble,	Amos F. Shaw,	John R. Wilson.
John L. Jolley,	J. F. Wallace,	

*House.*

J. A. Harding, Speaker.

James Baynes,	V. P. Thielman,	Judson LaMoure,
F. J. Cross,	A. Thorne,	S. McBratney,
L. B. French,	P. Warner,	I. Moore,
G. H. Dickey,	S. A. Boyles,	S. Rohr,
C. B. Kennedy,	W. H. Donaldson,	D. Thompson,
P. Landman,	E. Ellefson,	A. L. VanOsdell,
J. H. Miller,	John D. Hale,	E. P. Wells.
Knud Nomland,	D. M. Inman,	

**Fifteenth Session—1883.**

Convened at Yankton Jan. 9, and continued to March 9, 1883.  
The following was the membership:

*Council.*

J. O'B. Scobey, President.

F. N. Burdick,	S. G. Roberts,	Geo. H. Walsh,
J. R. Jackson,	H. J. Jerauld,	J. Nickeus,
F. M. Ziebach,	Wm. P. Dewey,	E. McCauley,
F. J. Washbaugh,	E. H. McIntosh,	

*House.*

E. A. Williams, Speaker.

Ira Ellis,	E. M. Bowman,	Wm. H. Lamb,
M. C. Tychsen,	G. P. Harvey,	J. W. Nowlin,
John Thompson,	D. M. Inman,	A. A. Choteau,
W. B. Robinson,	H. Van Woert,	O. M. Townner,
R. C. McAllister,	J. B. Wynn,	B. W. Benson,
F. P. Phillips,	B. R. Wagner,	L. J. Alfred,
Geo. W. Sterling,	John C. Pyatt,	N. E. Nelson.
W. A. Heinhardt,	George Rice,	

**Sixteenth Session—1885.**

Convened at Bismarck Jan. 13, and continued to March 13, 1885.  
The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

J. H. Westover, President.

A. C. Huetson,	H. H. Natwick,	J. Nickeus,
Wm. Duncan,	C. H. Cameron,	C. D. Austin,
John R. Gamble,	J. P. Day,	D. H. Twomey,
A. Sheridan Jones,	A. B. Smedley,	Geo. H. Walsh,
B. R. Wagner,	V. P. Kennedy,	John Flittie,
A. M. Bowdler,	F. J. Washbaugh,	Judson LaMoure,
R. F. Pettigrew,	S. P. Wells,	P. J. McLaughlin.
Geo. R. Farmer,	Charles Richardson,	

*House.*

George Rice, Speaker.

Ole Helvig,	John Hobart,	W. F. Steele,
John Larson,	J. C. Southwick,	Henry W. Coe,
Eli Dawson,	V. V. Barnes,	J. Stevens,
Hans Myron,	J. A. Pickler,	S. E. Stebbins,
A. L. Van Osdel,	J. T. Blakemore,	P. J. McCumber,
Hugh Langan,	G. W. Pierce,	H. S. Oliver,
J. P. Ward,	M. L. Miller,	T. M. Pugh,
J. H. Swanton,	G. H. Johnson,	E. T. Hutchinson,
A. J. Parshall,	M. T. DeWoody,	W. N. Roach,
Mark Ward,	E. Huntington,	C. W. Morgan,
C. E. Huston,	F. A. Eldredge,	J. W. Scott,
H. M. Clark,	A. L. Sprague,	D. Stewart,
P. L. Runkel,	E. M. Martin,	H. Stong,
J. M. Bayard,	H. M. Gregg,	H. H. Ruger,
H. W. Smith,	A. McCall,	P. McHugh.
W. H. Riddell,	E. A. Williams,	

**Seventeenth Session—1887.**

Convened at Bismarck Jan. 11 and continued to March 11, 1887.  
The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

George A. Mathews, President.

Roger Allin,	P. J. McCumber,	H. Galloway,
Wm. T. Collins,	C. H. Sheldon,	G. A. Harstad,
John Cain,	E. G. Smith,	J. D. Lawler,
W. E. Dodge,	J. S. Weiser,	C. D. Mead,
E. W. Foster,	T. O. Bogart,	E. T. Sheldon,
Melvin Grigsby,	A. W. Campbell,	E. J. Washabaugh,
Alexander Hughes,	P. C. Donovan,	S. P. Wells.
T. M. Martin,	E. C. Ericson,	

*House.*

George G. Crose, Speaker.

John Bidlake,	Fred H. Adams,	W. J. Hawk,
J. W. Burnham,	F. M. Shook,	John Hobart,
D. S. Dodds,	D. Stewart,	R. McDonell,
Thomas S. Elliott,	E. W. Terrill,	F. A. Morris,
D. W. Ensign,	J. V. White,	H. J. Mallory,
J. H. Fletcher,	Wilson Wise,	J. H. Patten,
F. Greene,	L. O. Wyman,	A. J. Pruitt,
A. A. Harkins,	Frank R. Aikens,	W. R. Ruggles,
C. B. Hubbard,	W. N. Berry,	D. W. Sprague,
J. G. Jones,	A. M. Cook,	A. S. Stewart,
James M. Moore,	M. H. Cooper,	B. H. Sullivan,
T. F. Mentzer,	John R. Dutch,	Chas. B. Williams,
C. I. Miltimore,	John A. Ely,	James P. Ward,
John D. Patton,	Wm. H. Fellows,	E. A. Williams,
D. F. Royer,	J. T. Gilbert,	John Wolzmut.
J. Schnaidt,	Wm. Glendening,	

**Eighteenth Session—1889.**

Convened at Bismarck Jan. 8, and adjourned March 9, 1889. This was the last territorial assembly. The membership was as follows:

*Council.*

Smith Stimmel, President.

Roger Allin,	S. L. Glaspell,	David W. Poindexter,
Irenus Atkinson,	James Halley,	Joseph C. Ryan,
Peter Cameron,	G. A. Harstad,	C. A. Sorderburg,
A. W. Campbell,	Alexander Hughes,	George H. Walsh,
M. H. Cooper,	Robert Lowry,	F. J. Washabaugh,
Coe I. Crawford,	Hugh McDonald,	James A. Woolheiser,
Robert Dollard,	John Miller,	A. L. Van Osdel.
E. C. Erickson,	J. H. Patten,	

*House.*

Hosmer H. Keith. Speaker.

F. H. Adams.	Harry F. Hunter,	D. M. Powell,
Frank A. Aikens,	J. G. Jones,	M. M. Price,
Joseph Allen.	I. S. Lampman.	Wm. Ramsdell,
C. H. Baldwin.	W. S. Logan,	D. F. Royer,
R. L. Bennett,	Frank Lillibridge,	G. W. Ryan,
E. H. Bergman,	H. J. Mallory,	H. H. Sheets,
B. F. Bixter.	P. McHugh,	J. O. Smith,
J. W. Burnham,	Edwin McNeil.	W. E. Swanston,
A. D. Clark,	C. J. Miller,	C. J. Trude.
J. B. Cooke,	F. A. Morris,	John Turnbull.
T. A. Douglas,	C. C. Newman,	N. Upham,
Thomas Elliott,	P. P. Palmer,	O. R. Van Etten,
J. H. Fletcher,	A. L. Patridge,	J. B. Welcome,
J. M. Greene,	H. S. Parkin,	D. R. Wellman,
A. J. Gronna,	John D. Patton,	J. V. White.
S. P. Howell,	O. C. Potter,	

## OFFICERS AND MEMBERS.

OF THE

## Constitutional Convention, 1889.

[Convened at Bismarck, July 4; adjourned August 17, 1889.]

## OFFICERS:

President—F. B. Fancher.  
 Chief Clerk—J. G. Hamilton.  
 Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—C. C. Bowsfield.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Fred Falley.  
 Watchman—J. S. Weiser.  
 Messenger—E. W. Knight  
 Chaplain—Geo. Kline.  
 Official Stenographer—R. M. Tuttle.  
 Official Printer—M. H. Jewell.

## MEMBERS:

Name	County.	Name	County.
Allin, Roger	Walsh	Lohnes, Edward H.	Ramsey
Almen, John Magnus	Walsh	Marrinan, Michael K.	Walsh
Appleton, Albert F.	Pembina	Mathews, J. H.	Grand Forks
Bean, Therow W.	Nelson	Meacham, Olney G.	Foster
Bell, James	Walsh	McBride, John	Cavalier
Bennett, Richard	Grand Forks	Miller, Henry Foster	Cass
Bartlett, Lorenzo D.	Dickey	Moer, Samuel H.	LaMoure
Bartlett, David	Griggs	McKenzie, James D.	Sargent
Best, William D.	Pembina	McHugh Patrick	Cavalier
Brown, Charles V.	Wells	Noble, Virgil B.	Bottineau
Blewett, Andrew	Stutsman	Nomland, Knud J.	Trail
Budge, William	Grand Forks	O'Brien, James F.	Ramsey
Camp, Edgar W.	Stutsman	Parsons, Curtis P.	Rolette
Chaffee, Eben Whitney	Cass	Parsons, Albert Samuel	Morton
Carland, John Emmett	Burleigh	Paulson, Engebret M.	Trail
Carothers, Charles	Grand Forks	Petersen, Henry M.	Cass
Clark, Horace M.	Eddy	Pollock, Robert M.	Cass
Clapp, William J.	Cass	Powers, John	Sargent
Colton, Joseph L.	Ward	Powels, Joseph	Cavalier
Douglas, James A.	Walsh	Purcell, William E.	Richland
Elliott, Elmer E.	Barnes	Ray, William	Stark
Fancher, Frederick B.	Stutsman	Richardson, Robert B.	Pembina
Fay, George H.	McIntosh	Robertson, Alexander B.	Walsh
Flemington, Alex D.	Dickey	Rolfe, Eugene Strong	Benson
Gayton, Jas. Bennett	Emmons	Rowe, William H.	Dickey
Glick, Benjamin Rush	Cavalier	Sandanger, Andrew	Ransom
Gray, Enos	Cass	Shuman, John	Sargent
Griggs, Alexander	Grand Forks	Scott, John W.	Barnes
Harris, Harvey	Burleigh	Selby, John F.	Trail
Haugen, Arne P.	Grand Forks	Slotten, Andrew	Richland
Hegge, Martinus F.	Trail	Spalding, Burleigh Folsom	Cass
Holmes, Herbert L.	Pembina	Stevens, Rueben N.	Ransom
Hoyt, Albert W.	Morton	Turner, Ezra	Bottineau
Johnson, Martin N.	Nelson	Wallace, Elmer D.	Steele
Lauder, William S.	Richland	Whipple, Abram Olin	Ramsey
Leech, Addison	Cass	Wellwood, Jay	Barnes
Lowell, Jacob	Cass	Williams, Erastus A.	Burleigh
Linwell, Martin V.	Grand Forks		



## ENABLING ACT

[Approved February 22, 1889.]

**AN ACT** to provide for the division of Dakota into two states and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and state governments and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states, and to make donations of public lands to such states.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,* That the inhabitants of all that part of the area of the United States now constituting the territories of Dakota, Montana and Washington as at present described, may become the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington, respectively, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The area comprising the territory of Dakota shall, for the purposes of this act be divided on the line of the 7th standard parallel produced due west to the western boundary of said territory; and the delegates elected as hereinafter provided to the constitutional convention in districts north of said parallel shall assemble in convention, at the time prescribed in this act, at the City of Bismarck; and the delegates elected in districts south of said parallel shall, at the same time, assemble in convention at the city of Sioux Falls.

Sec. 3. That all persons who are qualified by the laws of said territories to vote for representatives to the legislative assemblies thereof are hereby authorized to vote for and choose delegates to form conventions in said proposed states; and the qualifications for delegates to such conventions shall be such as by the laws of said territories respectively, persons are required to possess to be eligible to the legislative assemblies thereof; and the aforesaid delegates to form said conventions shall be apportioned within the limits of the proposed states, in such districts as may be established as herein provided, in proportion to the population in each of said counties and districts, as near as may be, to be ascertained at the time of making said apportionment by the persons hereinafter authorized to make the same from the best information obtainable in each of which districts three delegates shall be elected, but no elector shall vote for more than two persons for delegates to such conventions; that said apportionments shall be made by the

governor, the chief justice and the secretary of said territories; and the governors of said territories shall, by proclamation, order an election of the delegates aforesaid in each of said proposed states, to be held on the Tuesday after the second Monday in May, 1889; which proclamation shall be issued on the 15th day of April, 1889; and such election shall be conducted, the returns made, the result ascertained, and the certificates to persons elected to such conventions issued in the same manner as is prescribed by the laws of the said territories regulating elections therein for delegates to congress; and the number of votes cast for delegates in each precinct shall also be returned. The number of delegates to said conventions respectively shall be 75; and all persons residents in said proposed states who are qualified voters of said territories as herein provided, shall be entitled to vote upon the election of delegates, and under such rules and regulations as said conventions may prescribe, not in conflict with this act, upon the ratification or rejection of the constitutions.

Sec. 4. That the delegates to the conventions elected as provided for in this act shall meet at the seat of government of each of said territories, except the delegates elected in South Dakota, who shall meet at the city of Sioux Falls, on the fourth day of July, 1889, and after organization shall declare, on behalf of the people of said proposed states, that they adopt the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said conventions shall be, and are hereby authorized to form constitutions and state governments for said proposed states respectively. The constitution shall be republican in form, and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color, except as to Indians not taxed, and not to be repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the declaration of independence. And said convention shall provide, by ordinances irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said states.

First. That the perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and that no inhabitant of said states shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Second. That the people inhabiting said proposed states do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within the boundaries thereof, and to all lands lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes; and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and said Indian lands shall remain under the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States; that the lands belonging to citizens of

the United States residing without the said states shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands belonging to residents thereof; that no taxes shall be imposed by the states on lands or property therein belonging to or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States or reserved for its use. But nothing herein, or in the ordinances herein provided for, shall preclude the said states from taxing as other lands are taxed any lands owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations, and has obtained from the United States or from any person a title thereto by patent or other grant, save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any act of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation; but said ordinances shall provide that all such lands shall be exempt from taxation by said states so long and to such extent as such act of congress may prescribe.

Third. That the debts and liabilities of said territories shall be assumed and paid by said states respectively.

Fourth. That provision shall be made for the establishment and maintenance of systems of public schools, which shall be open to all the children of said states, and free from sectarian control.

Sec. 5. That the convention which shall assemble at Bismarck shall form a constitution and state government for a state to be known as North Dakota and the convention which shall assemble at Sioux Falls shall form a constitution and state government for a state to be known as South Dakota; provided, that at the election for delegates to the constitutional convention in South Dakota, as hereinbefore provided, each elector may have written or printed on his ballot the words "For the Sioux Falls Constitution" or the words "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution," and the votes on this question shall be returned and canvassed in the same manner as for the election provided for in Sec. 3 of this act; and if a majority of all votes cast on this question shall be "For the Sioux Falls Constitution" it shall be the duty of the convention which may assemble at Sioux Falls; as herein provided, to resubmit to the people of South Dakota, for ratification or rejection at the election hereinafter provided for in this act, the constitution framed at Sioux Falls and adopted Nov. 3, 1885, and also the articles and propositions separately submitted at that election, including the question of locating the temporary seat of government, with such changes only as relate to the name and boundary of the proposed state, to the reapportionment of the judicial and legislative districts, and such amendments as may be necessary in order to comply with the provisions of this act; and if a majority of the votes cast on the ratification or rejection of the constitution shall be for the constitution ir-

respective of the articles separately submitted, the state of South Dakota shall be admitted as a state in the union under said constitution as hereinafter provided; but the archives, records and books of the territory of Dakota shall remain at Bismarck, the capital of North Dakota, until an agreement in reference thereto is reached by said states. But if at election for delegates to the constitutional convention in South Dakota a majority of all the votes cast at that election shall be "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution," then in that event it shall be the duty of the convention which will assemble at the city of Sioux Falls on the fourth day of July, 1889, to proceed to form a constitution and state government as provided in this act the same as if that question had not been submitted to a vote of the people of South Dakota.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the constitutional conventions of North Dakota and South Dakota to appoint a joint commission to be composed of not less than three members of each convention, whose duty it shall be to assemble at Bismarck, the present seat of government of said territory, and agree upon an equitable division of all property belonging to the territory of Dakota, the disposition of all public records, and also adjust and agree upon the amount of the debts and liabilities of the territory which shall be assumed and paid by each of the proposed states of North Dakota and South Dakota, and the agreement reached respecting the territorial debts and liabilities shall be incorporated in the respective constitutions, and each of said states shall obligate itself to pay its proportion of such debts and liabilities the same as if they had been created by such states respectively.

Sec. 7. If the constitutions formed for both North Dakota and South Dakota shall be rejected by the people at the elections for the ratification or rejection of their respective constitutions as provided for in this act, the territorial government of Dakota shall continue in existence the same as if this act had not been passed. But if the constitution formed for either North Dakota or South Dakota shall be rejected by the people, that part of the territory so rejecting its proposed constitution shall continue under the territorial government of the present territory of Dakota, but shall, after the state adopting its constitution is admitted into the union be called by the name of the territory of North Dakota or South Dakota, as the case may be; provided, that if either of the proposed states provided for in this act shall reject the constitution which may be submitted for ratification or rejection at the election provided therefor, the governor of the territory in which such proposed constitution was rejected shall issue his proclamation

reconvening the delegates elected to the convention which formed such rejected constitution, fixing the time and place at which said delegates shall assemble; and when so assembled they shall proceed to form another constitution or to amend the rejected constitution, and shall submit such new constitution or amended constitution to the people of the proposed state for ratification or rejection at such time as said convention may determine; and all the provisions of this act, so far as applicable, shall apply to such convention so reassembled and to the constitution which may be formed, its ratification or rejection, and to the admission of the proposed state.

Sec. 8. That the constitutional convention which may assemble in South Dakota shall provide by ordinance for resubmitting the Sioux Falls constitution of 1885, after having amended the same as provided in Sec. 5 of this act, to the people of South Dakota for ratification or rejection at an election to be held therein on the first Tuesday in October, 1889; but if said constitutional convention is authorized and required to form a new constitution for South Dakota it shall provide for submitting the same in like manner to the people of South Dakota for ratification or rejection, at an election to be held in said proposed state on the said first Tuesday in October. And the constitutional conventions which may assemble in North Dakota, Montana and Washington shall provide in like manner for submitting the constitutions formed by them to the people of said proposed states, respectively, for ratification or rejection at elections to be held in said proposed states on the said first Tuesday in October. At the elections provided for in this section the qualified voters of said proposed states shall vote directly for or against the proposed constitutions, and for or against any articles or propositions separately submitted. The returns of said elections shall be made to the secretary of each of said territories, who, with the governor and chief justice thereof, or any two of them, shall canvass the same; and if a majority of the legal votes cast shall be for the constitution the governor shall certify the result to the president of the United States, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon and upon separate articles or propositions, and a copy of the said constitution, articles, propositions and ordinances. And if the constitutions and governments of said proposed states are republican in form, and if all the provisions of this act have been complied with in the formation thereof, it shall be the duty of the president of the United States to issue his proclamation announcing the result of the election in each, and thereupon the proposed states which have adopted constitutions

and formed state governments as herein provided, shall be deemed admitted by congress into the union under and by virtue of this act, on an equal footing with the original states from and after the date of said proclamation.

Sec. 9. That until the next general census, or until otherwise provided by law, said states shall be entitled to one representative in the house of representatives of the United States, except South Dakota, which shall be entitled to two; and the representatives to the fifty-first congress, together with the governors and other officers provided for in said constitutions may be elected on the same day of the election for the ratification or rejection of the constitutions; and until said state officers are elected and qualified under the provisions of each constitution and the states, respectively, are admitted into the union, the territorial officers shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices in each of said territories.

Sec. 10. That upon the admission of each of said states into the union sections numbered 16 and 36 in every township of said proposed states, and where such sections, or any parts thereof, have been sold or otherwise disposed of by or under the authority of any act of congress, other lands equivalent thereto, in legal subdivisions of not less than one-quarter section, and as contiguous as may be to the section in lieu of which the same is taken, are hereby granted to said states for the support of common schools, such indemnity lands to be selected within said states in such manner as the legislature may provide, with the approval of the secretary of the interior; provided, that the 16th and 36th sections embraced in permanent reservations for national purposes shall not, at any time, be subject to the grants nor to the indemnity provisions of this act, nor shall any lands embraced in Indian, military, or other reservations of any character, be subject to the grants or to the indemnity provisions of this act until the reservation shall have been extinguished and such lands be restored to, and become a part of, the public domain.

Sec. 11. That all lands herein granted for educational purposes shall be disposed of only at public sale, and at a price not less than \$10 per acre, the proceeds to constitute a permanent school fund, the interest of which only shall be expended in the support of said schools. But said lands may, under such regulations as the legislatures shall prescribe, be leased for periods of not more than five years, in quantities not exceeding one section to any one person or company; and such land shall not be subject to pre-emption, homestead entry, or any other entry under the land

laws of the United States, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, but shall be reserved for school purposes only.

Sec. 12. That upon the admission of each of said states into the union, in accordance with the provisions of this act, fifty sections of the unappropriated public lands within said states, to be selected and located in legal subdivisions as provided in section 10 of this act, shall be, and are hereby, granted to said states for the purpose of erecting public buildings at the capital of said states for legislative, executive and judicial purposes.

Sec. 13. That 5 percentum of the proceeds of the sales of public lands lying within said states which shall be sold by the United States subsequent to the admission of said states into the union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to the said states, to be used as a permanent fund, the interest of which only shall be expended for the support of common schools within said states respectively.

Sec. 14. That the lands granted to the territories of Dakota and Montana by the act of Feb. 18, 1881, entitled "An act to grant lands to Dakota, Montana, Arizona, Idaho and Wyoming for university purposes," are hereby vested in the states of South Dakota, North Dakota and Montana, respectively, if such states are admitted into the union as provided in this act, to the extent of the full quantity of seventy-two sections to each of said states, and any portion of said lands that may have been selected by either of said territories of Dakota or Montana may be selected by the respective states aforesaid; but said act of February 18, 1881, shall be so amended as to provide that none of said lands shall be sold for less than \$10 per acre, and the proceeds shall constitute a permanent fund to be safely invested and held by said states severally, and the income thereof be used exclusively for university purposes. And such quantity of the lands authorized by the fourth section of the act of July 17, 1854, to be reserved for university purposes in the territory of Washington, as, together with the lands confirmed to the vendees of the territory by the act of March 14, 1864, will make the full quantity of seventy-two entire sections, are hereby granted in like manner to the state of Washington for the purposes of a university in said state. None of the lands granted in this section shall be sold at less than \$10 per acre; but said lands may be leased in the same manner as provided in section 11 of this act. The schools, colleges and universities provided for in this act shall forever remain under the exclusive control of the said states respectively, and no part of the proceeds arising from the sale or disposal of any lands herein granted for

educational purposes shall be used for the support of any sectarian or denominational school, college or university. The section of land granted by the act of June 16, 1880, to the territory of Dakota, for an asylum for the insane shall, upon the admission of said state of South Dakota into the union, become the property of said state.

Sec. 15. That so much of the lands belonging to the United States as have been acquired and set apart for the purpose mentioned in "An act appropriating money for the erection of a penitentiary in the territory of Dakota," approved March 2, 1881, together with the buildings thereon, be, and the same is, hereby granted, together with any unexpended balances of the money appropriated therefor by said act, to said state of South Dakota, for the purposes therein designated; and the states of North Dakota and Washington shall, respectively, have like grants for the same purpose, and subject to like terms and conditions as provided in said act of March 2, 1881, for the territory of Dakota. The penitentiary at Deer Lodge City, Mont., and all land connected therewith and set apart and reserved therefor, are hereby granted to the state of Montana.

Sec. 16. That 90,000 acres of land, to be selected and located as provided in section 10 of this act, are hereby granted to each of said states, except to the state of South Dakota, to which 120,000 acres are granted, for the use and support of agricultural colleges in said states, as provided in the acts of congress making donations of lands for such purposes.

Sec. 17. That in lieu of the grant of land for purposes of internal improvement made to new states by the eighth section of the act of Sept. 4, 1841, which act is hereby repealed as to the states provided for by this act, and in lieu of any claim or demand by the said states, or either of them, under the act of Sept. 28, 1850, and sections 2479 of the revised statutes, making a grant of swamped and overflowed lands to certain states, which grant it is hereby declared is not extended to the states provided for in this act, and in lieu of any grant of saline lands to said states, the following grants of land are hereby made, to-wit:

To the state of South Dakota: For the school of mines, 40,000 acres; for the reform school, 40,000 acres; for the deaf and dumb asylum, 40,000 acres; for the agricultural college, 40,000 acres; for the university, 40,000 acres; for the state normal schools, 80,000 acres; for public buildings at the capital of said state, 50,000 acres; for such other educational and charitable purposes as the legislature of



said state may determine, 170,000 acres; in all 500,000 acres.

To the state of North Dakota a like quantity of land as is in this section granted to the state of South Dakota, and to be for like purposes, and in like proportion as far as practicable.

To the state of Montana: For the establishment and maintenance of a school of mines, 100,000 acres; for state normal schools, 100,000 acres; for agricultural colleges, in addition to the grant hereinbefore made for that purpose, 50,000 acres; for the establishment of a state reform school, 50,000 acres; for the establishment of a deaf and dumb asylum, 50,000 acres; for public buildings at the capital of the state, in addition to the grants hereinbefore made for that purpose, 150,000 acres.

To the state of Washington: For the establishment and maintenance of a scientific school, 100,000 acres; for the state normal schools, 100,000 acres; for public buildings at the state capital in addition to the grant hereinbefore made for that purpose, 100,000 acres; for state, charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions, 200,000 acres.

That the states provided for in this act shall not be entitled to any further or other grants of land for any purpose than as expressly provided in this act. And the lands granted by this section shall be held, appropriated, and disposed of exclusively for the purposes herein mentioned, in such manner as the legislatures of the respective states may severally provide.

Sec. 18. That all mineral lands shall be exempted from the grants made by this act. But if sections 16 and 36 or any subdivision or portion of any smallest subdivision thereof in any township shall be found by the department of the interior to be mineral lands said states are hereby authorized and empowered to select, in legal subdivisions, an equal quantity of other unappropriated lands in said states, in lieu thereof, for the use and the benefit of the common schools of said states.

Sec. 19. That all lands granted in quantity or as indemnity by this act shall be selected, under the direction of the secretary of the interior, from the surveyed, unreserved and unappropriated public lands of the United States within the limits of the respective states entitled thereto. And there shall be deducted from the number of acres of land donated by this act for specific objects to said states the number of acres in each heretofore donated by congress to said territories for similar objects.

Sec. 20. That the sum of \$20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money

in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each of said territories for defraying the expenses of said conventions, except to Dakota, for which the sum of \$40,000 is so appropriated, \$20,000 each for South Dakota and North Dakota, and for the payment of the members thereof, under the same rules and regulations and at the same rates as are now provided by law for the payment of the territorial legislatures. Any money hereby appropriated not necessary for such purpose shall be covered into the treasury of the United States.

Sec. 21. That each of said states, when admitted as aforesaid, shall constitute one judicial district, the names thereof to be the same as the names of the states, respectively; and the circuit and district courts therefor shall be held at the capital of such state for the time being, and each of said districts shall, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided, be attached to the Eighth judicial circuit, except Washington and Montana, which shall be attached to the Ninth judicial circuit. There shall be appointed for each of said districts one district judge, one United States attorney, and one United States marshal. The judge of each of said districts shall receive a yearly salary of \$3,500, payable in four equal installments, on the first days of January, April, July and October of each year, and shall reside in the district. There shall be appointed clerks of said courts in each district, who shall keep their offices at the capital of said state. The regular terms of said courts shall be held in each district, at the place aforesaid, on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in November of each year, and only one grand jury and one petit jury shall be summoned in both said circuit and district courts. The circuit and district courts for each of said districts and the judges thereof, respectively, shall possess the same powers and jurisdiction, and perform the same duties required to be performed by the other circuit and district courts and judges of the United States, and shall be governed by the same laws and regulations. The marshal, district attorney and clerks of the circuit and district courts of each of said districts, and all other officers and persons performing duties in the administration of justice therein, shall severally possess the powers and perform the duties lawfully possessed and required to be performed by similar officers in other districts of the United States; and shall, for the services they may perform, receive the fees and compensation allowed by law to other similar officers and persons performing similar duties in the state of Nebraska.

Sec. 22. That all cases of appeal or writ of error heretofore prosecuted and now pending in the supreme court of

the United States upon any record from the supreme court of either of the territories mentioned in this act, or that may hereafter lawfully be prosecuted upon any record from either of said courts, may be heard and determined by said supreme court of the United States. And the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court hereby established within the state succeeding the territory from which such record is or may be pending, or to the supreme court of such state, as the nature of the case may require; provided, that the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall, in cases arising in the territory of Dakota, be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court of the district of South Dakota, or to the supreme court of the state of South Dakota; or to the circuit or district court of the district of North Dakota, or to the supreme court of the state of North Dakota, or to the supreme court of the territory of North Dakota, as the nature of the case may require. And each of the circuit, district and state courts herein named shall, respectively, be the successor of the supreme court of the territory, as to all such cases arising within the limits embraced within the jurisdiction of such courts respectively, with full power to proceed with the same, and award mesne or final process therein; and that from all judgments and decrees of the supreme court of either of the territories mentioned in this act, in any case arising within the limits of any of the proposed states prior to admission, the parties to such judgment shall have the same right to prosecute appeals and writs of error to the supreme court of the United States as they shall have had by law prior to the admission of said state into the union.

Sec. 23. That in respect to all cases, proceedings and matters now pending in the supreme or district courts of either of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission into the union of either of the states mentioned in this act, and arising within the limits of any such state, whereof the circuit or district courts by this act established might have had jurisdiction under the laws of the United States had such courts existed at the time of the commencement of such cases, the said circuit and district courts, respectively, shall be the successors of said supreme and district courts of said territory; and in respect to all other cases, proceedings and matters pending in the supreme or district courts of any of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission of such territory into the union, arising within the limits of said proposed state, the courts established by such state shall, respect-

ively, be the successors of said supreme and district territorial courts; and all the files, records, indictments and proceedings relating to any such cases shall be transferred to such circuit, district and state courts respectively, and the same shall be proceeded with therein in due course of law; but no writ, action, indictment, cause or proceeding now pending, or that prior to the admission of any of the states mentioned in this act shall be pending in any territorial court in any of the territories mentioned in this act, shall abate by the admission of any such state into the union, but the same shall be transferred and proceeded with in the proper United States circuit, district or state court as the case may be; provided, however, that in all civil actions, causes and proceedings in which the United States is not a party, transfers shall not be made to the circuit and district courts of the United States except upon written request of one of the parties to such action or proceeding filed in the proper court; and in the absence of such request, such cases shall be proceeded with in the proper state courts.

Sec. 24. That the constitutional conventions may, by ordinance, provide for the election of officers for full state governments, including members of the legislatures and representatives in the fifty-first congress; but said state government shall remain in abeyance until the states shall be admitted into the union, respectively, as provided in this act. In case the constitution of any of said proposed states shall be ratified by the people, but not otherwise, the legislature thereof may assemble, organize, and elect two senators of the United States, and the governor and secretary of state of such proposed state shall certify the election of the senators and representatives in the manner required by law; and when such state is admitted into the union the senators and representatives shall be entitled to be admitted to seats in congress, and to all the rights and privileges of senators and representatives of other states in the congress of the United States; and the officers of the state governments formed in pursuance of said constitutions, as provided by the constitutional conventions, shall proceed to exercise all the functions of such state officers; and all laws in force made by said territories at the time of their admission into the union shall be in force in said states, except as modified or changed by this act or by the constitutions of the states, respectively.

Sec. 25. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, whether passed by the legislatures of said territories or by congress, are hereby repealed.

## STATE CONSTITUTION

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[Adopted Oct. 1, 1889; yeas, 27,441; nays, 8,107.]

We, the people of North Dakota, grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of civil and religious liberty, do ordain and establish this constitution.

### ARTICLE 1.—Declaration of Rights.

Section 1. All men are by nature equally free and independent and have certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation; and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

Sec. 2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have a right to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require.

Sec. 3. The state of North Dakota is an inseparable part of the American union and the constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land.

Sec. 4. The free exercise and enjoyment of religious profession and worship, without discrimination or preference, shall be forever guaranteed in this state, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to be a witness or juror on account of his opinion on matters of religious belief; but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be so construed as to excuse acts of licentiousness, or justify practices inconsistent with the peace or safety of this state.

Sec. 5. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless, when in case of rebellion or invasion; the public safety may require.

Sec. 6. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor shall cruel or unusual punishments be inflicted. Witnesses shall not be unreasonably detained, nor be confined in any room where criminals are actually imprisoned.

Sec. 7. The right of trial by jury shall be secured to all, and remain inviolate; but a jury in civil cases, in courts not of record, may consist of less than twelve men, as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 8. Until otherwise provided by law, no person shall, for a felony, be proceeded against criminally, otherwise

than by indictment, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. In all other cases offenses shall be prosecuted criminally by indictment or information. The legislative assembly may change, regulate or abolish the grand jury system.

Sec. 9. Every man may freely write, speak and publish his opinions on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that privilege. In all civil and criminal trials for libel the truth may be given in evidence, and shall be a sufficient defense when the matter is published with good motives and for justifiable ends; and the jury shall have the same power of giving a general verdict as in other cases: and in all indictments or informations for libels the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

Sec. 10. The citizens have a right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for the common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for the redress of grievances, or for other proper purposes, by petition, address or remonstrance.

Sec. 11. All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation.

Sec. 12. The military shall be subordinate to the civil power. No standing army shall be maintained by this state in time of peace, and no soldiers shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 13. In criminal prosecutions in any court whatever, the party accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial; to have the process of the court to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and to appear and defend in person and with counsel. No person shall be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense, nor be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law.

Sec. 14. Private property shall not be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation having been first made to, or paid into court for the owner, and no right of way shall be appropriated to the use of any corporation, other than municipal, until full compensation therefor be first made in money or ascertained and paid into court for the owner, irrespective of any benefit from any improvement proposed by such corporation, which compensation shall be ascertained by a jury, unless a jury be waived.

Sec. 15. No person shall be imprisoned for debt unless upon refusal to deliver up his estate for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law; or in cases of tort; or where there is strong presumption of fraud.

Sec. 16. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligations of contracts shall ever be passed.

Sec. 17. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime, shall ever be tolerated in this state.

Sec. 18. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons and things to be seized.

Sec. 19. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against it, adhering to its enemies or giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the evidence of two witnesses to the same overt act, or confession in open court.

Sec. 20. No special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted which may not be altered, revoked or repealed by the legislative assembly; nor shall any citizen or class of citizens be granted privileges or immunities which upon the same terms shall not be granted to all citizens.

Sec. 21. The provisions of this constitution are mandatory and prohibitory unless, by express words, they are declared to be otherwise.

Sec. 22. All courts shall be open and every man for any injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation shall have remedy by due process of law, and right and justice administered without sale, denial or delay. Suits may be brought against the state in such manner, in such courts and in such cases as the legislative assembly may, by law, direct.

Sec. 23. Every citizen of this state shall be free to obtain employment wherever possible, and any person, corporation, or agent thereof, maliciously interfering or hindering in any way, any citizen from obtaining or enjoying employment already obtained, from any other corporation or person, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 24. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that everything in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government and shall forever remain inviolate.

## ARTICLE II.—The Legislative Department.

Sec. 25. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and house of representatives.

Sec. 26. The senate shall be composed of not less than thirty nor more than fifty members.

Sec. 27. Senators shall be elected for the term of four years, except as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 28. No person shall be a senator who is not a qualified elector in the district in which he may be chosen, and who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and have been a resident of the state or territory for two years next preceding his election.

Sec. 29. The legislative assembly shall fix the number of senators, and divide the state into as many senatorial districts as there are senators, which districts, as nearly as may be, shall be equal to each other in the number of inhabitants entitled to representation. Each district shall be entitled to one senator and no more, and shall be composed of compact and contiguous territory; and no portion of any county shall be attached to any other county, or part thereof, so as to form a district. The districts as thus ascertained and determined shall continue until changed by law.

Sec. 30. The senatorial districts shall be numbered consecutively from one upwards, according to the number of districts prescribed, and the senators shall be divided into two classes. Those elected in the districts designated by even numbers shall constitute one class, and those elected in districts designated by odd numbers shall constitute the other class. The senators of one class elected in the year 1890 shall hold their office for two years, those of the other class shall hold their office four years, and the determination of the two classes shall be by lot, so that one-half of the senators, as nearly as practicable, may be elected biennially.

Sec. 31. The senate at the beginning and close of each regular session, and at such other times as may be necessary, shall elect one of its members president pro tempore, who may take the place of the lieutenant governor under rules prescribed by law.

Sec. 32. The house of representatives shall be composed of not less than sixty nor more than one hundred and forty members.

Sec. 33. Representatives shall be elected for the term of two years.

Sec. 34. No person shall be a representative who is not a qualified elector in the district from which he may be



chosen, and who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a resident of the state or territory for two years next preceding his election.

SEC. 35. The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned to and elected at large from each senatorial district. The legislative assembly shall, in the year 1895, and every tenth year, cause an enumeration to be made of all the inhabitants of this state, and shall at its first regular session after each such enumeration, and also after each federal census, proceed to fix by law the number of senators which shall constitute the senate of North Dakota, and the number of representatives which shall constitute the house of representatives of North Dakota, within the limits prescribed by this constitution, and at the same session shall proceed to reapportion the state into senatorial districts, as prescribed by this constitution, and to fix the number of members of the house of representatives to be elected from the several senatorial districts; provided, that the legislative assembly may, at any regular session, redistrict the state into senatorial districts and apportion the senators and representatives respectively.

SEC. 36. The house of representatives shall elect one of its members as speaker.

SEC. 37. No judge or clerk of any court, secretary of state, attorney general, register of deeds, sheriff or person holding any office of profit under this state, except in the militia, or the office of attorney at law, notary public or justice of the peace, and no person holding any office of profit or honor under any foreign government, or under the government of the United States, except postmasters whose annual compensation does not exceed the sum of \$300, shall hold any office in either branch of the legislative assembly or become a member thereof.

SEC. 38. No member of the legislative assembly expelled for corruption, and no person convicted of bribery, perjury or other infamous crime, shall be eligible to the legislative assembly, or to any office in either branch thereof.

SEC. 39. No member of the legislative assembly shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in this state, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected; nor shall any member receive any civil appointment from the governor, or governor and senate, during the term of which he shall have been elected.

SEC. 40. If any person elected to either house of the legislative assembly shall offer or promise to give his vote or influence in favor of, or against, any measure or proposi-

tion pending or proposed to be introduced into the legislative assembly, in consideration, or upon conditions, that any other person elected to the same legislative assembly will give, or will promise or assent to give, his vote or influence in favor of or against any other measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, the person making such offer or promise shall be deemed guilty of solicitation of bribery. If any member of the legislative assembly shall give his vote or influence for or against any measure or proposition, pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, or offer, promise or assent to do upon condition that any other member will give, promise or assent to give his vote or influence in favor of or against any other such measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, or in consideration that any other member hath given his vote or influence for or against any other measure or proposition in such legislative assembly, he shall be deemed guilty of bribery. And any person, member of the legislative assembly or person elected thereto, who shall be guilty of either such offenses, shall be expelled, and shall not thereafter be eligible to the legislative assembly, and on the conviction thereof, in the civil courts, shall be liable to such further penalty as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 41. The term of service of the members of the legislative assembly shall begin on the first Tuesday in January, next after their election.

SEC. 42. The members of the legislative assembly shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sessions of their respective houses, and in going to or returning from the same. For words used in any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 43. Any member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the legislative assembly, shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member and shall not vote thereon without the consent of the house.

SEC. 44. The governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the legislative assembly.

SEC. 45. Each member of the legislative assembly shall receive as a compensation for his services for each session, five dollars per day and ten cents for every mile of necessary travel in going to and returning from the place of

meeting of the legislative assembly on the most usual route.

SEC. 46. A majority of the members of each house shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such a manner and under such a penalty as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 47. Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and the qualifications of its own members.

SEC. 48. Each house shall have the power to determine the rules of proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly behavior in its presence; to protect its members against violence or offers of bribes or private solicitation, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, to expel a member; and shall have all other powers necessary and usual in the legislative assembly of a free state. But no imprisonment by either house shall continue beyond thirty days. Punishment for contempt or disorderly behavior shall not bar a criminal prosecution for the same offense.

SEC. 49. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and the yeas and nays on any question shall be taken and entered on the journal at the request of one-sixth of those present.

SEC. 50. The sessions of each house and of the committee of the whole shall be open unless the business is such as ought to be kept secret.

SEC. 51. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting, except in case of epidemic, pestilence or other great danger.

SEC. 52. The senate and house of representatives jointly shall be designated as the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota.

SEC. 53. The legislative assembly shall meet at the seat of government at 12 o'clock noon on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, in the year next following the election of the members thereof.

SEC. 54. In all elections to be made by the legislative assembly, or either house thereof, the members shall vote viva voce, and their votes shall be entered in the journal.

SEC. 55. The sessions of the legislative assembly shall be biennial, except as otherwise provided in this constitution.

SEC. 56. No regular session of the legislative assembly shall exceed sixty days, except in case of impeachment, but the first session of the legislative assembly may continue for a period of one hundred and twenty days.

SEC. 57. Any bill may originate in either house of the legislative assembly, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SEC. 58. No law shall be passed, except by a bill adopted by both houses, and no bill shall be altered and amended on its passage through either house as to change its original purpose.

SEC. 59. The enacting clause of every law shall be as follows: "Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota."

SEC. 60. No bill for the appropriation of money, except for the expenses of the government, shall be introduced after the fortieth day of the session, except by unanimous consent of the house in which it is sought to be introduced.

SEC. 61. No bill shall embrace more than one subject, which shall be expressed in its title, but a bill which violates this provision shall be invalidated thereby only as to so much thereof as shall not be so expressed.

SEC. 62. The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for the expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state, interest on the public debt and for public schools. All other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one subject.

SEC. 63. Every bill shall be read three several times, but the first and second readings, and those only, may be upon the same day; and the second reading may be by title of the bill unless a reading at length be demanded. The first and third readings shall be at length. No legislative day shall be shorter than the natural day.

SEC. 64. No bill shall be revised or amended, nor the provisions thereof extended or incorporated in any other bill by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revised, amended or extended or so incorporated shall be re-enacted and published at length.

SEC. 65. No bill shall become a law except by a vote of a majority of all the members-elect in each house, nor unless, on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting be entered on the journal.

SEC. 66. The presiding officer of each house shall, in the presence of the house over which he presides, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the legislative assembly; immediately before such signing their title shall be publicly read and the fact of signing shall be at once entered on the journal.

SEC. 67. No act of the legislative assembly shall take effect until July 1, after the close of the session, unless in

case of emergency (which shall be expressed in the preamble or body of the act) the legislative assembly shall, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members present in each house, otherwise direct.

SEC. 68. The legislative assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 69. The legislative assembly shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases, that is to say:

1. For granting divorces.
2. Laying out, opening, altering or working roads or highways, vacating roads, town plats, streets, alleys or public grounds.
3. Locating or changing county seats.
4. Regulating county or township affairs.
5. Regulating the practice of courts of justice.
6. Regulating the jurisdiction and duties of justices of the peace, police magistrates or constables.
7. Changing the rules of evidence in any trial or inquiry.
8. Providing for change of venue in civil or criminal cases.
9. Declaring any person of age.
10. For limitation of civil actions, or giving effect to informal or invalid deeds.
11. Summoning or impaneling grand or petit juries.
12. Providing for the management of common schools.
13. Regulating the rate of interest on money.
14. The opening or conducting of any election or designating the place of voting.
15. The sale or mortgage of real estate belonging to minors or others under disability.
16. Chartering or licensing ferries, toll bridges or toll roads.
17. Remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures.
18. Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentages or allowances of public officers.
19. Changing the law of descent.
20. Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks or any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.
21. For the punishment of crimes.
22. Changing the names of persons or places.
23. For the assessment or collection of taxes.
24. Affecting estates of deceased persons, minors or others under legal disabilities.
25. Extending the time for the collection of taxes.

26. Refunding money into the state treasury.
27. Relinquishing or extinguishing in whole or in part the indebtedness, liability or obligation of any corporation or person to this state or to any municipal corporation therein.
28. Legalizing, except as against the state, the unauthorized or invalid act of an officer.
29. Exempting property from taxation.
30. Restoring to citizenship persons convicted of infamous crimes.
31. Authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens.
32. Creating offices, or prescribing the powers or duties of officers in counties, cities, township, election or school districts, or authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children.
33. Incorporation of cities, towns or villages, or changing or amending the charter of any town, city or village.
34. Providing for the election of members of the board of supervisors in townships, incorporated towns or cities.
35. The protection of game or fish.

SEC. 70. In all other cases where a general law can be made applicable, no special law shall be enacted; nor shall the legislative assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law, but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed.

### ARTICLE III.—Executive Department. -

SEC. 71. The executive power shall be vested in a governor, who shall reside at the seat of government and shall hold his office for the term of two years and until his successor is elected and duly qualified.

SEC. 72. A lieutenant governor shall be elected at the same time and for the same term as the governor. In case of the death, impeachment, resignation, failure to qualify, absence from the state, removal from office, or the disability of the governor, the powers and duties of the office, for the residue of the term, or until he shall be acquitted or the disability removed, shall devolve upon the lieutenant governor.

SEC. 73. No person shall be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor unless he be a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the state, who shall have attained the age of thirty years, and who shall have resided five years next preceding the election within the state or territory, nor shall he be eligible to any other office during the term for which he shall have been elected.

SEC. 74. The governor and lieutenant governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the state at the time

and places of choosing members of the legislative assembly. The persons having the highest number of votes for governor and lieutenant governor respectively shall be declared elected, but if two or more shall have an equal and highest number of votes for governor or lieutenant governor, the two houses of the legislative assembly at its next regular session shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of such persons for said office. The returns of the election for governor and lieutenant governor shall be made in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 75. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States, and may call out the same to execute the laws, suppress insurrection and repel invasion. He shall have power to convene the legislative assembly on extraordinary occasions. He shall at the commencement of each session communicate to the legislative assembly by message, information of the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislative assembly and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 76. The governor shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieve, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment; but the legislative assembly may by law regulate the manner in which the remission of fines, pardons, commutations and reprieves may be applied for. Upon conviction for treason he shall have power to suspend the execution of sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislative assembly at its next regular session, when the legislative assembly shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant further reprieve. He shall communicate to the legislative assembly at each regular session each case of remission of fine, reprieve, commutation or pardon granted by him, stating the name of the convict, the crime for which he is convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the remission, commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

Note.—This section amended by Article 3, Amendments to the Constitution.

SEC. 77. The lieutenant governor shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. If, during a vacancy in the office of governor, the lieutenant governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign or die, or from mental or physical disease, or otherwise become incapable of performing the duties of his office, the

secretary of state shall act as governor until the vacancy shall be filled or the disability removed.

SEC. 78. When any office shall from any cause become vacant, and no mode is provided by the constitution or law for filling such vacancy, the governor shall have power to fill such vacancy by appointment.

SEC. 79. Every bill which shall have passed the legislative assembly shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor. If he approves, he shall sign, but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to the house in which it originated, which shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members-elect shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if it be approved by two-thirds of the members-elect, it shall become a law; but in all such cases the vote of both houses shall be determined by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against the bill shall be entered upon the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law unless the legislative assembly, by its adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall be a law unless he shall file the same with his objections in the office of the secretary of state within fifteen days after such adjournment.

SEC. 80. The governor shall have power to disapprove of any item or items or part or parts of any bill making appropriations of money or property embracing distinct items, and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law, and the item or items and part or parts disapproved shall be void, unless enacted in the following manner: If the legislative assembly be in session he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated a copy of the item or items, or part or parts thereof disapproved, together with his objections thereto, and the items or parts objected to shall be separately reconsidered, and each item or part shall then take the same course as is prescribed for the passage of bills over the executive veto.

SEC. 81. Any governor of this state who asks, receives or agrees to receive, any bribe upon any understanding that his official opinion, judgment or action shall be influenced thereby, or who gives or offers, or promises his official influence in consideration that any member of the legislative assembly shall give his official vote or influence on any particular side of any question or matter upon



which he may be required to act in his official capacity, or who menaces any member by the threatened use of his veto power, or who offers or promises any member that he, the said governor, will appoint any particular person or persons to any office created or thereafter to be created, in consideration that any member shall give his official vote or influence on any matter pending or thereafter to be introduced into either house of said legislative assembly, or who threatens any member that he, the said governor, will remove any person or persons from office or position, with intent in any manner to influence the action of said member, shall be punished in the manner now, or that may hereafter be provided by law, and upon conviction thereof shall forfeit all right to hold or exercise any office of trust or honor in this state.

SEC 82. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state, at the times and places of choosing members of the legislative assembly, a secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of insurance, three commissioners of railroads, an attorney general and one commissioner of agriculture and labor, who shall have attained the age of twenty-five years, shall be citizens of the United States, and shall have the qualifications of state electors. They shall severally hold their offices at the seat of government, for the term of two years and until their successors are elected and duly qualified, but no person shall be eligible to the office of treasurer for more than two consecutive terms.

SEC. 83. The powers and duties of the secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of insurance, commissioners of railroads, attorney general and commissioner of agriculture and labor shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 84. Until otherwise provided by law, the governor shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars; the lieutenant governor shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars; the secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of insurance, commissioners of railroads, and attorney general shall each receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the salary of the commissioner of agriculture and labor shall be as prescribed by law, but the salaries of any of the said officers shall not be increased or diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected, and all fees and profits arising from any of the said offices shall be covered into the state treasury.

## ARTICLE IV.—Judicial Department.

SEC. 85. The judicial power of the state of North Dakota shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts, county courts, justices of the peace; and in such other courts as may be created by law for cities, incorporated towns and villages.

SEC. 86. The supreme court, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the state and shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts under such regulations and limitations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 87. It shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, injunction and such other original and remedial writs as may be necessary to the proper exercise of its jurisdiction, and shall have authority to hear and determine the same; provided, however, that no jury trial shall be allowed in said supreme court, but in proper cases questions of fact may be sent by said court to a district court for trial.

SEC. 88. Until otherwise provided by law three terms of the supreme court shall be held each year, one at the seat of government, one at Fargo in the county of Cass, and one at Grand Forks, in the county of Grand Forks.

Note.—Under the provisions of an act of the legislature, 1903, two general terms of the supreme court shall be held each year, to be known as the March and September terms, and to consist of two sessions each.

SEC. 89. The supreme court shall consist of three judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or pronounce a decision, but one or more of said judges may adjourn the court from day to day or to a day certain.

SEC. 90. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the qualified voters of the state at large, and except as may be otherwise provided herein for the first election for judges under this constitution, said judges shall be elected at general elections.

SEC. 91. The term of office of the judges of the supreme court except as in this article otherwise provided, shall be six years, and they shall hold their offices until their successors are duly qualified.

SEC. 92. The judges of the supreme court shall, immediately after the first election under this constitution, be classified by lot so that one shall hold his office for the term of three years, one for the term of five years, and one for the term of seven years from the first Monday in December, A. D. 1889. The lots shall be drawn by the

judges, who shall for that purpose assemble at the seat of government, and they shall cause the result thereof to be certified to the secretary of the territory and filed in his office, unless the secretary of state of North Dakota shall have entered upon the duties of his office, in which event said certification shall be filed therein. The judge having the shortest term to serve, not holding his office by election or appointment to fill a vacancy, shall be chief justice and shall preside at all terms of the supreme court, and in case of his absence the judge having in like manner the next shortest term to serve shall preside in his stead.

SEC. 93. There shall be a clerk and also a reporter of the supreme court, who shall be appointed by the judges thereof, and who shall hold their offices during the pleasure of said judges, and whose duties and emoluments shall be prescribed by law and by rules of the supreme court not inconsistent with law. The legislative assembly shall make provision for the publication and distribution of the decisions of the supreme court and for the sale of the published volumes thereof.

SEC. 94. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of the supreme court unless he be learned in law, be at least thirty years of age and a citizen of the United States, nor unless he shall have resided in this state or the territory of Dakota three years next preceding his election.

SEC. 95. Whenever the population of the state of North Dakota shall equal 600,000 the legislative assembly shall have the power to increase the number of judges of the supreme court to five, in which event a majority of said court, as thus increased, shall constitute a quorum.

SEC. 96. No duties shall be imposed by law upon the supreme court or any of the judges thereof, except such as are judicial, nor shall any of the judges thereof exercise any power of appointment except as herein provided.

SEC. 97. The style of all process shall be "The State of North Dakota." All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the state of North Dakota, and conclude "against the peace and dignity of the State of North Dakota."

SEC. 98. Any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise in the office of judge of the supreme court shall be filled by appointment, by the governor, which appointment shall continue until the first general election thereafter, when said vacancy shall be filled by election.

SEC. 99. The judges of the supreme and district courts shall receive such compensation for their services as may be prescribed by law, which compensation shall not be in-

creased or diminished during the term for which a judge shall have been elected.

SEC. 100. In case a judge of the supreme court shall be in any way interested in a cause brought before said court the remaining judges of said court shall call one of the district judges to sit with them in the hearing of said cause.

SEC. 101. When a judgment or decree is reversed or confirmed by the supreme court every point fairly arising upon the record of the case shall be considered and decided, and the reasons therefor shall be concisely stated in writing, signed by the judges concurring, filed in the office of the clerk of the supreme court, and preserved with a record of the case. Any judge dissenting therefrom may give the reason for his dissent in writing over his signature.

SEC. 102. It shall be the duty of the court to prepare a syllabus of the points adjudicated in each case, which shall be concurred in by a majority of the judges thereof, and it shall be prefixed to the published reports of the case.

SEC. 103. The district courts shall have original jurisdiction, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, of all causes both at law and equity, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be conferred by law. They and the judges thereof shall also have jurisdiction and power to issue writs of habeas corpus, quo warranto, certiorari, injunction and other original and remedial writs, with authority to hear and determine the same.

SEC. 104. The state shall be divided into six judicial districts, in each of which there shall be elected at general elections by the electors thereof one judge of the district court therein whose term of office shall be four years from the first Monday in January succeeding his election and until his successor is duly qualified. This section shall not be construed as governing the first election of district judges under this constitution.

SEC. 105. Until otherwise provided by law, said districts shall be constituted as follows:

District No. One shall consist of the counties of Pembina, Cavalier, Walsh, Nelson and Grand Forks.

District No. Two shall consist of the counties of Ramsey, Towner, Benson, Pierce, Rolette, Bottineau, McHenry, Church, Renville, Ward, Stevens, Mountrail, Garfield, Flannery and Buford.

District No. Three shall consist of the counties of Cass, Steele and Traill.

District No. Four shall consist of the counties of Richland, Ransom, Sargent, Dickey and McIntosh.

District No. Five shall consist of the counties of Logan, La Moure, Stutsman, Barnes, Wells, Foster, Eddy and Griggs.

District No. Six shall consist of the counties of Burleigh, Emmons, Kidder, Sheridan, McLean, Morton, Oliver, Mercer, Williams, Stark, Hettinger, Bowman, Billings, McKenzie, Dunn, Wallace and Allred, and that portion of the Sioux Indian reservation lying north of the seventh standard parallel.

Note.—In 1895 the first judicial district was made to consist of Grand Forks and Nelson counties and the seventh (new) judicial district to consist of Walsh, Pembina and Cavalier counties. In 1903 the legislature created the eighth district, which comprised the counties of Bottineau, McHenry, Ward and Williams (taken from the old first district). In 1907 the legislature created the ninth and tenth judicial districts. The ninth district comprises the counties of Bottineau, McHenry and Pierce. The tenth district comprises the counties of Morton, Stark, Oliver, Mercer, Billings, McKenzie, Dunn, Hettinger, Bowman, and the unorganized territory attached thereto. The second district consists of the counties of Benson, Ramsey, Rolette and Towner; the eighth district of the counties of Ward and Williams, and the sixth district of the counties of Burleigh, Kidder, Emmons and McLean.

SEC. 106. The legislative assembly may, whenever two-thirds of the members of each house shall concur therein, but not oftener than once in four years, increase the number of said judicial districts and the judges thereof; such districts shall be formed from compact territory and bounded by county lines, but such increase or change in the boundaries of the districts shall not work the removal of any judge from his office during the term for which he may have been elected or appointed.

SEC. 107. No person shall be eligible to the office of district judge, unless he be learned in the law, be at least twenty-five years of age, and a citizen of the United States, nor unless he shall have resided within the state or territory of Dakota at least two years next preceding his election, nor unless he shall at the time of his election be an elector within the judicial district for which he is elected.

SEC. 108. There shall be a clerk of the district court in each organized county in which a court is holden who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county, and shall hold his office for the same term as other county officers. He shall receive such compensation for his services as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 109. Writs of error and appeals may be allowed from the decisions of the district courts to the supreme court under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

#### COUNTY COURTS.

SEC. 110. There shall be established in each county a county court which shall be a court of record, open at all

times and holden by one judge, elected by the electors of the county, and whose term of office shall be two years.

SEC. 111. The county court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in probate and testamentary matters, the appointment of administrators and guardians, the settlement of the accounts of executors, administrators and guardians, the sale of lands, by executors, administrators and guardians, and such other probate jurisdiction as may be conferred by law; provided, that whenever the voters of any county having a population of 2,000 or over shall decide by a majority vote that they desire the jurisdiction of said court increased above that limited by this constitution, then said county court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the district courts in all civil actions where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$1,000, and in all criminal actions below the grade of felony, and in case it is decided by the voters of any county to so increase the jurisdiction of said county court, the jurisdiction in cases of misdemeanors arising under state laws which may have been conferred upon police magistrates shall cease. The qualifications of the judge of the county court in counties where the jurisdiction of said court shall have been increased shall be the same as those of the district judge, except that he shall be a resident of the county at the time of his election, and said county judge shall receive such salary for his services as may be provided by law. In case the voters of any county decide to increase the jurisdiction of said county courts, then such jurisdiction as thus increased shall remain until otherwise provided by law.

### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

SEC. 112. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the election of justices of the peace in each organized county within the state. But the number of said justices to be elected in each organized county shall be limited by law to such a number as shall be necessary for the proper administration of justice. The justices of the peace herein provided for shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in all civil actions when the amount in controversy, exclusive of costs, does not exceed \$200, and in counties where no county court with criminal jurisdiction exists they shall have such jurisdiction to hear and determine cases of misdemeanor as may be provided by law, but in no case shall said justices of the peace have jurisdiction when the boundaries of or title to real estate shall come in question. The legislative assembly shall have power to abolish the office of justice of the peace and confer that jurisdiction upon judges of county courts or elsewhere.

## POLICE MAGISTRATES.

SEC. 113. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the election of police magistrates in cities, incorporated towns and villages, who in addition to their jurisdiction of all cases arising under the ordinances of said cities, towns and villages, shall be ex officio justices of the peace of the county in which said cities, towns and villages may be located. And the legislative assembly may confer upon said police magistrates the jurisdiction to hear, try and determine all cases of misdemeanors, and the prosecutions therein shall be by information.

SEC. 114. Appeals shall lie from the county court, final decisions of justices of the peace and police magistrates in such cases and pursuant to such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

## MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SEC. 115. The time of holding courts in the several counties of a district shall be as prescribed by law, but at least two terms of the district court shall be held annually in each organized county, and the legislative assembly shall make provision for attaching unorganized counties or territories to organized counties for judicial purposes.

SEC. 116. Judges of the district courts may hold court in other districts than their own under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 117. No judge of the supreme or district court shall act as attorney or counselor at law.

SEC. 118. Until the legislative assembly shall provide by law for fixing the terms of court, the judges of the supreme and district courts shall fix the terms thereof.

SEC. 119. No judge of the supreme or district courts shall be elected or appointed to any other than judicial offices or be eligible thereto during the term for which he was elected or appointed such judge. All votes or appointments for either of them for any elective or appointive office except that of judge of the supreme court, or district court, given by the legislative assembly or the people, shall be void.

SEC. 120. Tribunals of conciliation may be established with such powers and duties as shall be prescribed by law or the powers and duties of such may be conferred upon other courts of justice; but such tribunals or other courts when sitting as such, shall have no power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, unless they voluntarily submit their matters of difference and agree to abide the judgment of such tribunals or courts.

## ARTICLE V.—Elective Franchise.

SEC. 121. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years and upwards belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state one year, in the county six months and in the precinct ninety days next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

First. Citizens of the United States.

Second. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens one year and not more than six years prior to such election, conformably to the naturalization laws of the United States.

Third. Civilized persons of Indian descent who shall have severed their tribal relations two years next preceding such election.

Note.—This section amended by Article 2, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 122. The legislative assembly shall be empowered to make further extensions of suffrage hereafter, at its discretion, to all citizens of mature age and sound mind, not convicted of crime, without regard to sex; but no law extending or restricting the right of suffrage shall be in force until adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting at a general election.

SEC. 123. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony, breach of the peace or illegal voting, be privileged from arrest on the days of election during their attendance at, going to and returning from such election, and no elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war or public danger.

SEC. 124. The general elections of the state shall be biennial, and shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; provided, that the first general election under this constitution shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1890.

SEC. 125. No elector shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this state by reason of his absence on business of the United States or of this state or in the military or naval service of the United States.

SEC. 126. No soldier, seaman or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this state in consequence of his being stationed therein.

SEC. 127. No person who is under guardianship, non compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election, nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights.

Note.—This section amended by Article 2, amendments to the constitution.



SEC. 128. Any woman having the qualifications enumerated in section 121 of this article, as to age, residence and citizenship, and including those now qualified by the laws of the territory, may vote for all school officers, and upon all questions pertaining solely to school matters, and be eligible to any school office.

SEC. 129. All elections by the people shall be by secret ballot, subject to such regulations as shall be provided by law.

#### ARTICLE VI.—Municipal Corporations.

SEC. 130. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for the organization of municipal corporations, restricting their powers as to levying taxes and assessments, borrowing money and contracting debts; and money raised by taxation, loan or assessment for any purpose shall not be diverted to any other purpose except by authority of law.

#### ARTICLE VII.—Corporations Other Than Municipal.

SEC. 131. No charter of incorporation shall be granted, changed or amended by special law, except in the case of such municipal, charitable, educational, penal or reformatory corporations as may be under the control of the state; but the legislative assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of all corporations hereafter to be created, and any such law, so passed, shall be subject to future repeal or alteration.

SEC. 132. All existing charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges, under which a bona fide organization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in good faith at the time this constitution takes effect, shall thereafter have no validity.

SEC. 133. The legislative assembly shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter to any corporation now existing, nor alter or amend the same, nor pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 134. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged, or so construed as to prevent the legislative assembly from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the police power of this state shall never be abridged, or so construed as to permit corporations to

conduct their business in such a manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well being of the state.

SEC. 135. In all elections for directors or managers of a corporation, each member or shareholder may cast the whole number of his votes for one candidate, or distribute them upon two or more candidates, as he may prefer.

SEC. 136. No foreign corporation shall do business in this state without having one or more places of business and an authorized agent or agents in the same, upon whom process may be served.

SEC. 137. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in its charter.

SEC. 138. No corporation shall issue stock or bonds except for money, labor done, or money or property actually received; and all fictitious increase of stock or indebtedness shall be void. The stock and indebtedness of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law, nor without the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock first obtained at a meeting to be held after sixty days' notice given in pursuance of law.

SEC. 139. No law shall be passed by the legislative assembly granting the right to construct and operate a street railroad, telegraph, telephone or electric light plant within any city, town or incorporated village, without requiring the consent of the local authorities having the control of the street or highway proposed to be occupied for such purposes.

SEC. 140. Every railroad corporation organized and doing business in this state under the laws or authority thereof, shall have and maintain a public office or place in the state for the transaction of its business, where transfers of its stock shall be made and in which shall be kept for public inspection books in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock and the amount owned by them respectively; the amount of stock paid in and by whom and the transfers of said stock; the amount of its assets and liabilities and the names and place of residence of its officers. The directors of every railroad corporation shall annually make a report, under oath to the auditor of public accounts, or some officer or officers to be designated by law, of all their acts and doings, which report shall include such matters relating to railroads as may be prescribed by law, and the legislative assembly shall pass laws enforcing by suitable penalties the provisions of this section; provided, the provisions of

this section shall not be so construed as to apply to foreign corporations.

SEC. 141. No railroad corporation shall consolidate its stock, property or franchises with any other railroad corporation owning a parallel or competing line; and in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon public notice given at least sixty days to all stockholders, in such manner as may be provided by law. Any attempt to evade the provisions of this section by any railroad corporation by lease or otherwise, shall work a forfeiture of its charter.

SEC. 142. Railways heretofore constructed, or that may hereafter be constructed in this state, are hereby declared public highways, and all railroads, sleeping car, telegraph, telephone and transportation companies of passengers, intelligence and freight are declared to be common carriers and subject to legislative control; and the legislative assembly shall have power to enact laws regulating and controlling rates of charges for the transportation of passengers, intelligence and freight, as such common carriers, from one point to another in this state; provided, that appeal may be had to the courts of this state from the rates so fixed; but the rates fixed by the legislative assembly or board of railroad commissioners shall remain in force pending the decision of the courts.

SEC. 143. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any points within this state, and to connect at the state line with the railroads of other states. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with or cross any other, and shall receive and transport each other's passengers, tonnage and cars, loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

SEC. 144. The term "corporation" as used in this article shall not be understood as embracing municipalities or political subdivisions of the state unless otherwise expressly stated, but it shall be held and construed to include all associations and joint stock companies having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships.

SEC. 145. If a general banking law be enacted, it shall provide for the registry and countersigning by an officer of the state, of all notes or bills designed for circulation, and that ample security to the full amount thereof shall be deposited with the state treasurer for the redemption of such notes or bills.

SEC. 146. Any combination between individuals, corporations, associations, or either, having for its object or

effect the controlling of the price of any product of the soil or any article of manufacture or commerce, or the cost of exchange or transportation, is prohibited and hereby declared unlawful and against public policy; and any and all franchises heretofore granted or extended, or that may hereafter be granted or extended in this state, whenever the owner or owners thereof violate this article, shall be deemed annulled and become void.

#### ARTICLE VIII.—Education.

SEC. 147. A high degree of intelligence, patriotism, integrity and morality on the part of every voter in a government by the people being necessary in order to insure the continuance of that government and the prosperity and happiness of the people, the legislative assembly shall make provision for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools which shall be open to all children of the state of North Dakota and free from sectarian control. The legislative requirement shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of North Dakota.

SEC. 148. The legislative assembly shall provide, at its first session after the adoption of this constitution, for a uniform system of free public schools throughout the state, beginning with the primary and extending through all grades up to and including the normal and collegiate course.

SEC. 149. In all schools instruction shall be given as far as practicable in those branches of knowledge that tend to impress upon the mind the vital importance of truthfulness, temperance, purity, public spirit, and respect for honest labor of every kind.

SEC. 150. A superintendent of schools for each county shall be elected every two years, whose qualifications, duties, powers shall be fixed by law.

SEC. 151. The legislative assembly shall take such other steps as may be necessary to prevent illiteracy, secure a reasonable degree of uniformity in course of study, and to promote industrial, scientific, and agricultural improvements.

SEC. 152. All colleges, universities, and other educational institutions, for the support of which lands have been granted to this state, or which are supported by a public tax, shall remain under the absolute and exclusive control of the state. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the state shall be appropriated to or used for the support of any sectarian school.

## ARTICLE IX.—School and Public Lands.

SEC. 153. All proceeds of the public lands that have heretofore been or may hereafter be granted by the United States for the support of the common schools in this state; all such per centum as may be granted by the United States on the sale of public lands; the proceeds of property that shall fall to the state by escheat; the proceeds of all gifts and donations to the state for common schools, or not otherwise appropriated by the terms of the gift, and all other property otherwise acquired for common schools, shall be and remain a perpetual fund for the maintenance of the common schools of the state. It shall be deemed a trust fund, the principal of which shall forever remain inviolate and may be increased but never diminished. The state shall make good all losses thereof.

SEC. 154. The interest and income of this fund together with the net proceeds of all fines for violation of state laws, and all other sums which may be added thereto by law shall be faithfully used and applied each year for the benefit of the common schools of the state, and shall be for this purpose apportioned among and between all the several common school corporations of the state in proportion to the number of children in each of school age, as may be fixed by law, and no part of the fund shall ever be diverted even temporarily, from this purpose, or used for any other purpose whatever than the maintenance of common schools for the equal benefit of all the people of the state; provided, however, that if any portion of the interest or income aforesaid shall not be expended during any year, said portion shall be added to and become a part of the school fund.

SEC. 155. After one year from the assembling of the first legislative assembly the lands granted to the state from the United States for the support of the common schools may be sold upon the following conditions and no other: No more than one-fourth of all such lands shall be sold within the first five years after the same become saleable by virtue of this section. No more than one-half of the remainder within ten years after the same become saleable as aforesaid. The residue may be sold at any time after the expiration of said ten years. The legislative assembly shall provide for the sale of all school lands subject to the provisions of this article. The coal lands of the state shall never be sold, but the legislative assembly may by general laws provide for leasing the same. The words "coal lands" shall include lands bearing lignite coal.

SEC. 156. The superintendent of public instruction, governor, attorney general, secretary of state and state auditor shall constitute a board of commissioners, which shall be

denominated the "Board of University and School Lands" and, subject to the provisions of this article, and any law that may be passed by the legislative assembly, said board shall have control of the appraisement, sale, rental and disposal of all school and university lands, and shall direct the investment of the funds arising therefrom in the hands of the state treasurer, under the limitations in section 160 of this article.

SEC. 157. The county superintendent of common schools, the chairman of the county board and the county auditor shall constitute boards of appraisal, and under the authority of the state board of university and school lands shall appraise all school lands within their respective counties which they may from time to time recommend for sale at their actual value under the prescribed terms, and shall first select and designate for sale the most valuable lands.

SEC. 158. No land shall be sold for less than the appraised value and in no case for less than \$10 per acre. The purchaser shall pay one-fifth of the price in cash and the remaining four-fifths as follows: One-fifth in five years, one-fifth in ten years, one-fifth in fifteen years and one-fifth in twenty years, with interest at the rate of not less than six per centum, payable annually in advance. All sales shall be held at the county seat of the county in which the land to be sold is situate, and shall be at public auction and to the highest bidder, after sixty days' advertisement of the same in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the lands to be sold, and one at the seat of government. Such lands as shall not have been specially subdivided shall be offered in tracts of one-quarter section, and those so subdivided in the smallest subdivisions. All lands designated for sale and not sold within two years after appraisal shall be reappraised before they are sold. No grant or patent for any such lands shall issue until payment is made for the same; provided, that the lands contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from the date of such contract. In case the taxes assessed against any of said lands for any year remain unpaid until the first Monday in October of the following year, then and thereupon the contract of sale for such lands shall become null and void.

SEC. 159. All lands, money or other property donated, granted or received from the United States or any other source for a university, school of mines, reform school, agricultural college, deaf and dumb asylum, normal school or other educational or charitable institution or purpose, and the proceeds of all such lands and other property so received from any source, shall be and remain perpetual

funds, the interest and income of which, together with the rents of all such lands as may remain unsold, shall be inviolably appropriated and applied to the specific objects of the original grants or gifts. The principal of every such fund may be increased but shall never be diminished, and the interest and income only shall be used. Every such fund shall be deemed a trust fund held by the state, and the state shall make good all losses thereof.

SEC. 160. All lands mentioned in the preceding section shall be appraised and sold in the same manner and under the same limitations and subject to all the conditions as to price and sale as provided above for the appraisal and sale of lands for the benefit of common schools; but a distinct and separate account shall be kept by the proper officers of each of said funds; provided, that the limitations as to the time in which school land may be sold shall apply only to lands granted for the support of the common schools.

SEC. 161. The legislative assembly shall have authority to provide by law for the leasing of lands granted to the state for educational and charitable purposes; but no such law shall authorize the leasing of said lands for a longer period than five years. Said lands shall only be leased for pasturage and meadow purposes and at a public auction after notice as heretofore provided in case of sale; provided, that all of said school lands now under cultivation may be leased, at the direction and under the control of the board of university and school lands, for other than pasturage and meadow purposes until sold. All rents shall be paid in advance.

SEC. 162. The moneys of the permanent school fund and other educational funds shall be invested only in bonds of school corporations within the state, bonds of the United States, bonds of the state of North Dakota, or in first mortgages on farm lands in the state, not exceeding in amount one-third of the actual value of any subdivision on which the same may be loaned, such value to be determined by the board of appraisers of school lands.

Note.—This section amended by Article 7, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 163. No law shall ever be passed by the legislative assembly granting to any person, corporation or association any privileges by reason of the occupation, cultivation or improvement of any public lands by said person, corporation or association subsequent to the survey thereof by the general government. No claim for the occupation, cultivation or improvement of any public lands shall ever be recognized, nor shall such occupation, cultivation or improvement of any public lands ever be used to diminish either directly or indirectly, the purchase price of said lands.

SEC. 164.— The legislative assembly shall have authority to provide by law for the sale or disposal of all public lands that have been heretofore, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the state for purposes other than set forth and named in sections 153 and 159 of this article. And the legislative assembly, in providing for the appraisal, sale, rental and disposal of the same, shall not be subject to the provisions and limitations of this article.

SEC. 165. The legislative assembly shall pass suitable laws for the safekeeping, transfer and disbursement of the state school funds; and shall require all officers charged with the same or the safe keeping thereof to give ample bonds for all moneys and funds received by them, and if any of said officers shall convert to his own use in any manner or form, or shall loan with or without interest or shall deposit in his own name, or otherwise than in the name of the state of North Dakota, or shall deposit in any banks or with any person or persons, or exchange for other funds or property any portion of the school funds aforesaid or purposely allow any portion of the same to remain in his own hands uninvested, except in the manner prescribed by law, every such act shall constitute an embezzlement of so much of the aforesaid school funds as shall be thus taken or loaned, or deposited, or exchanged, or withheld, and shall be a felony; and any failure to pay over, produce or account for the state school funds or any part of the same entrusted to any such officer, as by law required or demanded, shall be held and be taken to be prima facie evidence of such embezzlement.

#### ARTICLE X.—County and Township Organization.

SEC. 166. The several counties in the territory of Dakota lying north of the seventh standard parallel as they now exist, are hereby declared to be counties of the state of North Dakota.

SEC. 167. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for organizing new counties, locating the county seats thereof temporarily, and changing county lines, but no new county shall be organized, nor shall any organized county be so reduced as to include an area of less than twenty-four congressional townships, and containing a population of less than one thousand bona fide inhabitants. And in the organization of new counties and in changing the lines of organized counties and boundaries of congressional townships, the natural boundaries shall be observed as nearly as may be.

SEC. 168. All changes in the boundaries of organized counties before taking effect shall be submitted to the elect-



ors of the county or counties to be affected thereby at a general election and be adopted by a majority of all the legal votes cast in each county at such election; and in case any portion of an organized county is stricken off and added to another the county to which such portion is added shall assume and be holden for an equitable proportion of the county so reduced.

SEC. 169. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law, for changing county seats in organized counties, but it shall have no power to remove the county seat of any organized county.

SEC. 170. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for township organization, under which any county may organize, whenever a majority of all the legal voters of such county, voting at a general election, shall so determine, and whenever any county shall adopt township organization, so much of this constitution as provides for the management of the fiscal concerns of said county by the board of county commissioners, may be dispensed with by a majority vote of the people voting at any general election; and the affairs of said county may be transacted by the chairmen of the several township boards of said county, and such others as may be provided by law for incorporated cities, towns or villages within such county.

SEC. 171. Any county that shall have adopted a system of government by the chairmen of the several township boards, the question of continuing the same may be submitted to the electors of such county at a general election in such manner as may be provided by law, and if a majority of all the votes cast upon such question shall be against the said system of government, then such system shall cease in said county, and the affairs of said county shall then be transacted by a board of county commissioners as is now provided by the laws of the territory of Dakota.

SEC. 172. Until the system of county government by the chairmen of the several township boards is adopted by any county, the fiscal affairs of said county shall be transacted by a board of county commissioners. Said board shall consist of not less than three and not more than five members, whose terms of office shall be prescribed by law. Said board shall hold sessions for the transaction of county business as shall be provided by law.

SEC. 173. At the first general election held after the adoption of this constitution, and every two years thereafter, there shall be elected in each organized county in the state, a county judge, clerk of court, register of deeds, county auditor, treasurer, sheriff and state's attorney, who shall be electors of the county in which they are elected,

and who shall hold their office until their successors are elected and qualified. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for such other county, township and district officers as may be deemed necessary, and shall prescribe the duties and compensation of all county, township and district officers. The sheriff and treasurer of any county shall not hold their respective offices for more than four years in succession.

#### ARTICLE XI.—Revenue and Taxation.

SEC. 174. The legislative assembly shall provide for raising revenue sufficient to defray the expenses of the state for each year, not to exceed in any one year four (4) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property in the state, to be ascertained by the last assessment made for state and county purposes, and also a sufficient sum to pay the interest on the state debt.

SEC. 175. No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of law, and every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same, to which only it shall be applied.

SEC. 176. Laws shall be passed taxing by uniform rule all property according to its true value in money, but the property of the United States and the state, county and municipal corporations, both real and personal, shall be exempt from taxation, and the legislative assembly shall by a general law exempt from taxation property used exclusively for school, religious, cemetery or charitable purposes and personal property to any amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual liable to taxation; but the legislative assembly may, by law, provide for the payment of a per centum of gross earnings of railroad companies to be paid in lieu of all state, county, township and school taxes on property exclusively used in and about the prosecution of the business of such companies as common carriers, but no real estate of said corporations shall be exempted from taxation, in the same manner, and on the same basis as other real estate is taxed, except road-bed, right of way, shops and buildings used exclusively in their business as common carriers, and whenever and so long as such law providing for the payment of a per centum on earnings shall be in force, that part of section 179 of this article relating to assessment of railroad property shall cease to be in force.

SEC. 177. All improvements on lands shall be assessed in accordance with section 179, but plowing shall not be considered as an improvement or add to the value of land for the purpose of assessment.

SEC. 178. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered or suspended by any grant or contract to which the state or any county or other municipal corporation shall be a party.

SEC. 179. All property, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, town, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The franchise, roadway, roadbed, rails and rolling stock of all railroads operated in this state shall be assessed by the state board of equalization at their actual value and such assessed valuation shall be apportioned to the counties, cities, towns, townships and districts in which the said roads are located, as a basis for taxation of such property in proportion to the number of miles of railway laid in such counties, cities, towns, townships and districts.

Note.—This section amended by Article 4, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 180. The legislative assembly may provide for the levy, collection and disposition of an annual poll tax of not more than one dollar and fifty cents on every male inhabitant of this state over twenty-one and under fifty years of age, except paupers, idiots, insane persons and Indians not taxed.

SEC. 181. The legislative assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry out the provisions of this article.

## ARTICLE XII.—Public Debt and Public Works.

SEC. 182. The state may, to meet casual deficits or failure in the revenue or in case of extraordinary emergencies contract debts, but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed the sum of \$200,000, exclusive of what may be the debt of North Dakota at the time of the adoption of this constitution. Every such debt shall be authorized by law for certain purposes to be definitely mentioned therein, and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest semi-annually, and the principal within thirty years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such tax to the payment of said principal and interest, and such appropriation shall not be revealed nor the tax discontinued until such debt, both principal and interest, shall have been fully paid. No debt in excess of the limit named shall be incurred except for the purpose of repelling invasion, suppressing insurrection, defending the state in time of war, or to provide for public defense in case of threatened hostilities; but the issuing of new bonds to refund existing indebtedness, shall not be construed to be any part or portion of said \$200,000.

SEC. 183. The debt of any county, township, city, town, school district or any other political subdivision, shall never exceed five (5) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; provided, that any incorporated city may by a two-thirds vote, increase such indebtedness three per centum on such assessed value beyond said five per cent limit. In estimating the indebtedness which a city, county, township, school district or any other political subdivision may incur, the entire amount of existing indebtedness, whether contracted prior or subsequent to the adoption of this constitution shall be included; provided, further, that any incorporated city may become indebted in any amount not exceeding four per centum on such assessed value without regard to the existing indebtedness of such city, for the purpose of constructing or purchasing water works for furnishing a supply of water to the inhabitants of such city, or for the purpose of constructing sewers, and for no other purpose whatever. All bonds or obligations in excess of the amount of indebtedness permitted by this constitution, given by any city, county, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision, shall be void.

SEC. 184. Any city, county, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision incurring indebtedness shall at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof when due, and all laws or ordinances providing for the payment of the interest or principal of any debt shall be irrepealable until such debt be paid.

SEC. 185. Neither the state, nor any county, city, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision shall loan or give its credit or make donations to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, except for necessary support of the poor, nor subscribe to or become the owner of the capital stock of any association or corporation, nor shall the state engage in any work of internal improvement unless authorized by a two-thirds vote of the people.

SEC. 186. No money shall be paid out of the state treasury except upon appropriation by law and on warrant drawn by the proper officer, and no bills, claims, accounts or demands against the state or any county or other political subdivision, shall be audited, allowed or paid until a full, itemized statement in writing shall be filed with the officer or officers whose duty it may be to audit the same.

SEC. 187. No bond or evidence of indebtedness of the state shall be valid unless the same shall have endorsed

thereon a certificate signed by the auditor and secretary of state, showing that the bond or evidence of debt is issued pursuant to law and is within the debt limit. No bond or evidence of debt of any county, or bond of any township or other political subdivision shall be valid unless the same have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the county auditor, or other officer authorized by law to sign such certificate, stating that said bond, or evidence of debt is issued pursuant to law and is within the debt limit.

#### ARTICLE XIII.—Militia.

SEC. 188. The militia of this state shall consist of all able bodied male persons residing in the state, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, except such as may be exempted by the laws of the United States or of this state. Persons whose religious tenets or conscientious scruples forbid them to bear arms shall not be compelled to do so in times of peace, but shall pay an equivalent for a personal service.

SEC. 189. The militia shall be enrolled, organized, uniformed, armed and disciplined in such a manner as shall be provided by law, not incompatible with the constitution or laws of the United States.

SEC. 190. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the establishment of volunteer organizations of the several arms of the service which shall be classed as active militia; and no other organized body of armed men shall be permitted to perform military duty in this state except the army of the United States, without the proclamation of the governor of the state.

SEC. 191. All militia officers shall be appointed or elected in such a manner as the legislative assembly shall provide.

SEC. 192. The commissioned officers of the militia shall be commissioned by the governor, and no commissioned officer shall be removed from office except by sentence of court martial, pursuant to law.

SEC. 193. The militia forces shall in all cases, except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at musters, parades and elections of officers, and in going to and returning from the same.

#### ARTICLE XIV.—Impeachment and Removal from Office.

SEC. 194. The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. The concurrence of a majority of all members elected shall be necessary to an impeachment.

SEC. 195. All impeachments shall be tried by the senate. When sitting for that purpose the senators shall be upon

oath or affirmation to do justice according to the law and evidence. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected. When the governor or lieutenant governor is on trial the presiding judge of the supreme court shall preside.

SEC. 196. The governor and other state and judicial officers except county judges, justices of the peace and police magistrates, shall be liable to impeachment for habitual drunkenness, crimes, corrupt conduct, or malfeasance or misdemeanor in office, but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of trust or profit under the state. The person accused, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SEC. 197. All officers not liable to impeachment, shall be subject to removal for misconduct, malfeasance, crime or misdemeanor in office, or for habitual drunkenness or gross incompetency in such manner as may be provided by law.

SEC. 198. No officer shall exercise the duties of his office after he shall have been impeached and before his acquittal.

SEC. 199. On trial for impeachment against the governor, the lieutenant governor shall not act as a member of the court.

SEC. 200. No person shall be tried on impeachment before he shall have been served with a copy thereof, at least twenty days previous to the day set for trial.

SEC. 201. No person shall be liable to impeachment twice for the same offense.

#### ARTICLE XV.—Future Amendments.

SEC. 202. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in either house of the legislative assembly; and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment shall be entered on the journal of the house with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislative assembly to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published, as provided by law, for three months previous to the time of making such choice, and if the legislative assembly so next chosen as aforesaid such proposed amendment or amendments, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislative assembly to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people in such manner and at such time as the legislative assembly shall provide; and if the people shall approve and

ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislative assembly voting thereon. such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution of this state. If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time they shall be submitted in such manner that the electors shall vote for or against each of such amendments separately.

#### ARTICLE XVI.—Compact With the United States.

SEC. 203. The following article shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of this state:

First. Perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and no inhabitant of this state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Second. The people inhabiting this state do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within the boundaries thereof, and to all lands lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes, and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States, the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and that said Indian lands shall remain under the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States; that the lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without this state shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands belonging to residents of this state; that no taxes shall be imposed by this state on lands or property therein, belonging to, or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States or reserved for its use. But nothing in this article shall preclude this state from taxing as other lands are taxed, any lands owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations, and has obtained from the United States or from any person, a title thereto, by patent or other grant save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any acts of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation, which last mentioned lands shall be exempt from taxation so long, and to such an extent, as is, or may be provided in the act of congress granting the same.

Third. In order that payment of the debts and liabilities contracted or incurred by and on behalf of the territory of Dakota may be justly and equitably provided for and made, and in pursuance of the requirements of an act of congress approved February 22, 1889, entitled "An act

to provide for the division of Dakota into two states and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and state governments and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states and to make donations of public lands to such states," the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, by proceedings of a joint commission, duly appointed under said act, the sessions whereof were held at Bismarck, in said state of North Dakota, from July 16, 1889, to July 31, 1899, inclusive, have agreed to the following adjustment of the amounts of the debts and liabilities of the territory of Dakota which shall be assumed and paid by each of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, respectively, to wit:

This agreement shall take effect and be in force from and after the admission into the union as one of the United States of America, of either the state of North Dakota or the state of South Dakota.

The words "State of North Dakota," wherever used in this agreement, shall be taken to mean the territory of North Dakota in case the state of South Dakota shall be admitted into the union prior to the admission into the union of the state of North Dakota; and the words "State of South Dakota," wherever used in this agreement, shall be taken to mean the territory of South Dakota in case the state of North Dakota shall be admitted into the union prior to the admission into the union of the state of South Dakota.

The said state of North Dakota shall assume and pay all bonds issued by the territory of Dakota to provide funds for the purchase, construction, repairs or maintenance of such public institutions, grounds or buildings as are located within the boundaries of North Dakota, and shall pay all warrants issued under and by virtue of that certain act of the legislative assembly of the territory of Dakota, approved March 8, 1889, entitled "An act to provide for the refunding of outstanding warrants drawn on the capitol building fund."

The state of South Dakota shall assume and pay all bonds issued for the territory of Dakota to provide funds for the purchase, construction, repairs or maintenance of such public institutions, grounds or buildings as are located within the boundaries of South Dakota.

That is to say: The state of North Dakota shall assume and pay the following bonds and indebtedness, to wit:

Bonds issued on account of the hospital for the insane at Jamestown, North Dakota, the face aggregate of which is



\$266,000; also bonds issued on account of the North Dakota university at Grand Forks, North Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$96,700; also, bonds issued on account of the penitentiary at Bismarck, North Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$93,600; also, refunding capitol building warrants dated April 1, 1889, \$83,507.46.

And the state of South Dakota shall assume and pay the following bonds and indebtedness, to-wit:

Bonds issued on account of the hospital for the insane at Yankton, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$210,000; also, bonds issued on account of the school for deaf mutes at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$51,000; also, bonds issued on account of the university at Vermillion, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$75,000; also, bonds issued on account of the penitentiary at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$94,300; also, bonds issued on account of the agricultural college at Brookings, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$97,500; also, bonds issued on account of the normal school at Madison, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$49,400; also, bonds issued on account of the school of mines at Rapid City, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$33,000; also bonds issued on account of the reform school at Plankinton, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$30,000; also, bonds issued on account of the normal school at Spearfish, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$25,000; also, bonds issued on account of the soldiers' home at Hot Springs, South Dakota, the face aggregate of which is \$45,000.

The states of North Dakota and South Dakota shall pay one-half each of all liabilities now existing or hereafter and prior to the taking effect of this agreement incurred, except those heretofore or hereafter incurred on account of public institutions, grounds or buildings, except as otherwise herein specifically provided.

The State of South Dakota shall pay to the State of North Dakota \$46,500, on account of the excess of territorial appropriations for the permanent improvement of territorial institutions which under this agreement will go to South Dakota, and in full of the undivided one-half interest of North Dakota in the territorial library, and in full settlement of unbalanced accounts, and of all claims against the territory of whatever nature, legal or equitable, arising out of the alleged erroneous or unlawful taxation of Northern Pacific railroad lands, and the payment of said amount shall discharge and exempt the state of South Dakota from all liability for or on account of the several matters here-

inbefore referred to; nor shall either state be called upon to pay or answer to any portion of liability hereafter arising or accruing on account of transactions heretofore had, which liability would be a liability of the territory of Dakota had such territory remained in existence, and which liability shall grow out of matters connected with any public institutions, grounds or buildings of the territory situated or located within the boundaries of the other state.

A final adjustment of accounts shall be made upon the following basis: North Dakota shall be charged with all sums paid on account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings located within its boundaries on account of the current appropriations since March 9, 1889; and South Dakota shall be charged with all sums paid on account of public institutions, grounds or buildings located within its boundaries on the same account and during the same time. Each state shall be charged with one-half of all other expenses of the territorial government during the same time. All moneys paid into the treasury during the period from March 8, 1889, to the time of taking effect of this agreement by any county, municipality or person within the limits of the proposed state of North Dakota, shall be credited to the state of North Dakota, and all sums paid into said treasury within the same time by any county, municipality or person within the limits of the proposed state of South Dakota shall be credited to the state of South Dakota, except that any and all taxes on gross earnings paid into said treasury by railroad corporations, since the 8th day of March, 1889, based upon earnings of years prior to 1888, under and by virtue of the act of the legislative assembly of the territory of Dakota, approved March 7, 1889, and entitled "An act providing for the levy and collection of taxes upon property of railroad companies in this territory," being chapter 107 of the session laws of 1889 (that is, the part of such sums going to the territory), shall be equally divided between the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, and all taxes heretofore or hereafter paid into said treasury under and by virtue of the act last mentioned, based upon the gross earnings of the year 1888, shall be distributed as already provided by law, except that so much thereof as goes to the territorial treasury shall be divided as follows: North Dakota shall have so much thereof as shall be or has been paid by railroads within the limits of the proposed state of North Dakota, and South Dakota so much thereof as shall be or has been paid by railroads within the limits of the proposed state of South Dakota; each state shall be credited also with all balances of appropriations made by the seventeenth legislative as-

sembly of the territory of Dakota for the account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings situated within its limits remaining unexpended on March 8, 1889. If there shall be any indebtedness except the indebtedness represented by the bonds and refunding warrants hereinbefore mentioned, each state shall, at the time of such final adjustment of accounts, assume its share of said indebtedness as determined by the amount paid on account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings of such state in excess of the receipts from counties, municipalities, railroad corporations or persons within the limits of said state as provided in this article; and if there should be a surplus at the time of such final adjustment, each state shall be entitled to the amounts received from counties, municipalities, railroad corporations or persons within its limits over and above the amount charged it. And the state of North Dakota hereby obligates itself to pay such part of the debts and liabilities of the territory of Dakota as is declared by the foregoing agreement to be its proportion thereof, the same as if such proportion had been originally created by said state of North Dakota as its own debt or liability.

SEC. 204. Jurisdiction is ceded to the United States over the military reservations of Fort Abraham Lincoln, Fort Buford, Fort Pembina and Fort Totten, heretofore declared by the president of the United States; provided, legal process, civil and criminal, of this state, shall extend over such reservation in all cases in which exclusive jurisdiction is not vested in the United States, or of crimes not committed within the limits of such reservations.

SEC. 205. The state of North Dakota hereby accepts the several grants of land granted by the United States to the state of North Dakota by an act of congress, entitled "An act to provide for the division of Dakota into two states, and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and state governments, and to be admitted to the union on equal footing with the original states, and to make donations of public lands to such states," under the conditions and limitations therein mentioned; reserving the right, however, to apply to congress for modification of said conditions and limitations in case of necessity.

#### ARTICLE XVII.—Miscellaneous.

SEC. 206. The name of this state shall be "North Dakota." The state of North Dakota shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundary, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the main channel of the Red River of the North, where the forty-ninth degree of north

latitude crosses the same; thence south up the main channel of the same and along the boundary line of the state of Minnesota to a point where the seventh standard parallel intersects the same; thence west along said seventh standard parallel produced due west to a point where it intersects the twenty-seventh meridian of longitude west from Washington; thence north on said meridian to a point where it intersects the forty-ninth degree of north latitude; thence east along said line to place of beginning.

SEC. 207. The following described seal is hereby declared to be and hereby constituted the great seal of the state of North Dakota, to-wit: A tree in the open field, the trunk of which is surrounded by three bundles of wheat; on the right a plow, anvil and sledge; on the left, a bow crossed with three arrows, and an Indian on horseback pursuing a buffalo toward the setting sun; the foliage of the tree arched by a half circle of forty-two stars, surrounded by the motto "Liberty and Union Now and Forever, One and Inseparable;" the words "Great Seal" at the top, the words "State of North Dakota" at the bottom; "October 1st" on the left, and "1889" on the right. The seal to be two and one-half inches in diameter.

SEC. 208. The right of the debtor to enjoy the comforts and necessities of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws exempting from forced sale to all heads of families a homestead, the value of which shall be limited and defined by law; and a reasonable amount of personal property; the kind and value shall be fixed by law. This section shall not be construed to prevent liens against the homestead for labor done and materials furnished in the improvement thereof, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 209. The labor of children under twelve years of age shall be prohibited in mines, factories and workshops in this state.

SEC. 210. All flowing streams and natural water courses shall forever remain the property of the state for mining, irrigating and manufacturing purposes.

SEC. 211. Members of the legislative assembly and judicial departments, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of North Dakota; and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of ..... according to the best of my ability, so help me God" (if an oath), (under pain and penalty of perjury, if an affirmation), and no other oath,

declaration or test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust.

SEC. 212. The exchange of "black lists" between corporations shall be prohibited.

SEC. 213. The real and personal property of any woman in this state, acquired before marriage, and all property to which she may after marriage become in any manner rightfully entitled, shall be her separate property and shall not be liable for the debts of her husband.

#### ARTICLE XVIII.—Congressional and Legislative Apportionment.

SEC. 214. Until otherwise provided by law, the member of the house of representatives of the United States apportioned to this state shall be elected at large.

Until otherwise provided by law the senatorial and representatives districts shall be formed and the senators and representatives shall be apportioned as follows:

The first district shall consist of the townships of Wall-halla, St. Joseph, Neche, Pembina, Bathgate, Carlisle, Joliet, Midland, Lincoln and Drayton, in the county of Pembina, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The second district shall consist of the townships of St. Thomas, Hamilton, Cavalier, Akra, Beaulieu, Thingvalla, Gardar, Park, Crystal, Elora and Lodema, in the county of Pembina, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The third district shall consist of the townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvestar, Cleveland, Morton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Ops, Prairie Center, Fertile, Park River and Glenwood, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fourth district shall consist of the townships of Forest River, Walsh Center, Grafton, Farmington, Ardoch, village of Ardoch, Harrison, city of Grafton, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, Minto and St. Andrews in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The fifth district shall consist of the townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Avon, Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore and the city of Larimore, Elm Grove, Agnes, Inkster, Elkmount, Oakwood, Niagara, Moraine, Logan and Loretta, in the county of Grand Forks and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixth district shall consist of the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now

constituted, and the townships of Falconer, Harvey, Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, Meckinock, Lakeville and Levant, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The seventh district shall consist of the First and Second wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Allendale, Walle, Bentrui, Americus, Michigan, Union and Washington, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The eighth district shall consist of the county of Traill and be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

The ninth district shall consist of the township of Fargo and the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass, and the fractional township number 139 in range 48, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The tenth district shall consist of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, Warren, Norman, Elm River, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, Casselton and the city of Casselton, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The eleventh district shall consist of the townships of Webster, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenia, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Erie, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The twelfth district shall consist of the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The thirteenth district shall consist of the county of Sargent, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fourteenth district shall consist of the county of Ransom, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fifteenth district shall consist of the county of Barnes, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixteenth district shall consist of the counties of Steele and Griggs, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The seventeenth district shall consist of the county of Nelson, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The eighteenth district shall consist of the county of Cavalier, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The nineteenth district shall consist of the counties of Towner and Rolette, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twentieth district shall consist of the counties of Benson and Pierce, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-first district shall consist of the county of Ramsey, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-second district shall consist of the counties of Eddy, Foster and Wells, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-third district shall consist of the county of Stutsman, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-fourth district shall consist of the county of LaMoure, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twenty-fifth district shall consist of the county of Dickey, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of Emmons, McIntosh, Logan and Kidder, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-seventh district shall consist of the county of Burleigh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-eighth district shall consist of the counties of Bottineau and McHenry, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twenty-ninth district shall consist of the counties of Ward and McLean, and all the unorganized counties lying north of the Missouri river, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The thirtieth district shall consist of the counties of Morton and Oliver, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-first district shall consist of the counties of Mercer, Stark and Billings and all the unorganized counties lying south of the Missouri river, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

Note.—Apportionment changed by law of 1901 and law of 1907.

## ARTICLE XIX.—Public Institutions.

SEC. 215. The following public institutions of the state are permanently located at the places hereinafter named, each to have the lands specifically granted to it by the United States, in the act of congress approved February 22, 1889, to be disposed of and used in such manner as the legislative assembly may prescribe, subject to the limitations provided in the article on school and public lands contained in this constitution.

First. The seat of government at the city of Bismarck in the county of Burleigh.

Second. The state university and the school of mines at the city of Grand Forks, in the county of Grand Forks.

Third. The agricultural college at the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass.

Fourth. A state normal school at the city of Valley City, in the county of Barnes; and the legislative assembly in apportioning the grant of eighty thousand acres of land for normal schools made in the act of congress referred to shall grant to the said normal school at Valley City, as aforementioned, fifty thousand (50,000) acres, and said lands are hereby appropriated to said institution for that purpose.

Fifth. The deaf and dumb asylum at the city of Devils Lake, in the county of Ramsey.

Sixth. A state reform school at the city of Mandan, in the county of Morton.

Seventh. A state normal school at the city of Mayville, in the county of Traill, and the legislative assembly in apportioning the grant of lands made by congress in the act aforesaid, for state normal schools, shall assign thirty thousand (30,000) acres to the institution hereby located at Mayville, and said lands are hereby appropriated for said purpose.

Eighth. A state hospital for the insane and institution for the feeble minded in connection therewith, at the city of Jamestown, in the county of Stutsman. And the legislative assembly shall appropriate twenty thousand acres of the grant of land made by the act of congress aforesaid for "other educational and charitable institutions" to the benefit and for the endowment of said institution.

SEC. 216. The following named public institutions are hereby permanently located as hereinafter provided, each to have so much of the remaining grant of one hundred and seventy thousand acres of land made by the United States for "other educational and charitable institutions," as is allotted by law, viz:



First. A soldier's home, when located, or such other charitable institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at Lisbon, in the county of Ransom, with a grant of forty thousand acres of land.

Second. A blind asylum, or such other institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at such place in the county of Pembina as the qualified electors of said county may determine at an election to be held as prescribed by the legislative assembly, with a grant of thirty thousand acres.

Third. An industrial school and school for manual training, or such other educational or charitable institution as the legislative assembly may provide, at the town of Ellendale, in the county of Dickey, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Fourth. A school of forestry, or such other institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at such place in one of the counties of McHenry, Ward, Bottineau or Rquette, as the electors of said counties may determine by an election for that purpose, to be held as provided by the legislative assembly.

Fifth. A scientific school, or such other educational or charitable institution as the legislative assembly may prescribe, at the city of Wahpeton, county of Richland, with a grant of forty thousand acres; provided, that no other institution of a character similar to any one of these located by this article shall be established or maintained without a revision of this constitution.

Note.—This section amended by Articles 5 and 6, amendments to the constitution.

#### ARTICLE XX.—Prohibition.

Sec. 217. No person, association or corporation shall within this state, manufacture for sale or gift, any intoxicating liquors, and no person, association or corporation shall import any of the same for sale or gift, or keep or sell or offer the same for sale, or gift, barter or trade as a beverage. The legislative assembly shall by law prescribe regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of this article and shall thereby provide suitable penalties for the violation thereof.

#### SCHEDULE.

Section 1. That no inconvenience may arise from a change of territorial government to state government, it is declared that all writs, actions, prosecutions, claims and rights of individuals and bodies corporate shall continue as if no change of government had taken place, and all processes which may, before the organization of the judicial

department under this constitution, be issued under the authority of the territory of Dakota, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the state.

Sec. 2. All laws now in force in the territory of Dakota, which are not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitations or be altered or repealed.

Sec. 3. All fines, penalties, forfeitures and escheats accruing to the territory of Dakota shall accrue to the use of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, and may be sued for and recovered by either of said states as necessity may require.

Sec. 4. All recognizances, bonds, obligations or other undertakings, heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the organization of the judicial department under this constitution, shall remain valid, and shall pass over to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the state; all bonds, obligations or other undertakings executed in this territory, or to any officer in his official capacity, shall pass over to the proper state authority, and to their successors in office, for the use therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; all criminal prosecutions and penal actions, which have arisen or may arise before the organization of the judicial department, under this constitution, or which shall then be pending, may be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the state.

Sec. 5. All property real and personal, and credits, claims and choses in action belonging to the territory of Dakota at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be vested in and become the property of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota.

Sec. 6. Whenever any two of the judges of the supreme court of the state, elected under the provisions of this constitution, shall have qualified for their offices, the causes then pending in the supreme court of the territory on appeal or writ of error from the district courts of any county or subdivision within the limits of this state, and the papers, records and proceedings of said court shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the supreme court of the state, except as otherwise provided in the enabling act of congress, and until so superseded in the supreme court of the territory and the judges thereof shall continue, with like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted. Whenever the judge of the district court of any district elected under the provisions of this constitution shall have qualified in his office, and the several causes then pending in the district court of the territory within any county in such district, and the records, papers and pro-

ceedings of said district court, and the seal and other property pertaining thereto, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the district court of the state for such county, except as provided in the enabling act of congress, and until the district courts of this territory shall be superseded in the manner aforesaid, the said district courts and the judges thereof shall continue with the same jurisdiction and power to be exercised in the same judicial districts respectively as heretofore constituted under the laws of the territory.

Sec. 7. Until otherwise provided by law, the seals now in use in the supreme and district courts of this territory are hereby declared to be the seals of the supreme and district courts respectively of the state.

Sec. 8. Whenever this constitution shall go into effect, the books, records and papers and proceedings of the probate court in each county, and all causes and matters of administration and other matters pending therein, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the county court of the same county, and the said county court shall proceed to final decree or judgment, order or other determination in the said several matters and causes as the said probate court might have done if this constitution had not been adopted. And until the election and qualification of the judges of the county courts provided for in this constitution, the probate judges shall act as the judges of the county courts within their respective counties, and the seal of the probate court in each county shall be the seal of the county court therein until the said court shall have procured a proper seal.

Sec. 9. The terms "probate court" or "probate judge," whenever occurring in the statutes of the territory, shall after this constitution goes into effect, be held to apply to the county court or county judge.

Sec. 10. All territorial, county and precinct officers, who may be in office at the time this constitution takes effect, whether holding their offices under the authority of the United States or the territory, shall hold and exercise their respective offices, and perform the duties thereof as prescribed in this constitution, until their successors shall be elected and qualified in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, and official bonds of all such officers shall continue in full force and effect as though this constitution had not been adopted; and such officers for their term of service, under this constitution, shall receive the same salaries and compensations as is by this constitution or by the laws of the territory, provided for like officers; provided, that the county and precinct officers shall hold their offices for the term for which they were elected.

There shall be elected in each organized county in this state, at the election to be held for the ratification of this constitution, a clerk of the district court, who shall hold his office under said election until his successor is duly elected and qualified. The judges of the district court shall have power to appoint state's attorneys in any organized counties where no such attorneys have been elected, which appointment shall continue until the general election to be held in 1890, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 11. This constitution shall take effect and be in full force immediately upon the admission of the territory as a state.

Sec. 12. Immediately upon the adjournment of this convention the governor of the territory, or, in case of his absence, or failure to act, the secretary of the territory, or in case of his absence or failure to act, the president of the constitutional convention shall issue a proclamation, which shall be published and a copy thereof mailed to the chairman of the board of county commissioners of each county, calling an election by the people on the first Tuesday in October, 1889, of all the state and district officers created and made elective by this constitution. This constitution shall be submitted for adoption or rejection at such election to a vote of the electors qualified by the laws of this territory to vote at all elections. At the election provided for herein the qualified voters shall vote directly for or against this constitution and for or against the article separately submitted.

Sec. 13. The board of commissioners of the several counties shall thereupon order such election for said day, and shall cause notice thereof to be given for the period of twenty days, in the manner provided by law. Every qualified elector of the territory, at the date of said election, shall be entitled to vote thereat. Said election shall be conducted in all respects in the same manner as provided by the laws of the territory for general elections, and the returns for all state and district officers, and members of the legislative assembly, shall be made to the canvassing board hereinafter provided for.

Sec. 14. The governor, secretary and chief justice, or a majority of them, shall constitute a board of canvassers to canvass the vote of such election for all state and district officers and members of the legislative assembly. The said board shall assemble at the seat of government of the territory on the fifteenth day after the day of such election (or on the following day if such day falls on Sunday), and proceed to canvass the votes on the adoption of this constitution and for all state and district officers and members of

the legislative assembly in the manner provided by the laws of the territory for canvassing the vote for delegate to congress, and they shall issue certificates of election to the persons found to be elected to said offices severally, and shall make and file with the secretary of the territory an abstract certified by them, of the number of votes cast for or against the adoption of the constitution, and for each person for each of said offices, and of the total number of votes cast in each county.

Sec. 15. All officers elected at such election shall, within sixty days after the date of the executive proclamation admitting the state of North Dakota into the union, take the oath required by the constitution, and give the same bond required by the laws of the territory to be given in case of like officers of the territory and districts, and shall thereupon, enter upon the duties of their respective offices, but the legislative assembly may require by law all such officers to give other or further bonds as a condition of their continuance in office.

Sec. 16. The judges of the district court who shall be elected at the election herein provided for shall hold their offices until the first Monday in January, 1893, and until their successors are elected and qualified. All other state officers, except judges of the supreme court, who shall be elected at the election herein provided for, shall hold their offices until the first Monday in January, 1891, and until their successors are elected and qualified. Until otherwise provided by law, the judges of the supreme court shall receive for their services the salary of four thousand dollars per annum, payable quarterly; and the district judges shall receive for their services the salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable quarterly.

Sec. 17. The governor-elect of the state immediately upon his qualifying and entering upon the duties of his office shall issue his proclamation convening the legislative assembly of the state at the seat of government on a day to be named in said proclamation, and which shall not be less than fifteen nor more than forty days after the date of such proclamation. And said legislative assembly after organizing shall proceed to elect two senators of the United States for the state of North Dakota; and at said election the two persons who shall receive a majority of all the votes cast by the said senators and representatives shall be elected such United States senators. And the presiding officers of the senate and house of representatives shall each certify the election to the governor and secretary of the state of North Dakota; and the governor and secretary

of state shall certify the election of such senators as provided by law.

Sec. 18. At the election herein provided for there shall be elected a representative to the fifty-first congress of the United States, by the electors of the state at large.

Sec. 19. It is hereby made the duty of the legislative assembly at its first session to provide for the payment of all debts and indebtedness authorized to be incurred by the constitutional convention of North Dakota, which shall remain unpaid after the appropriation made by congress for the same shall have been exhausted.

Sec. 20. There shall be submitted at the same election at which this constitution is submitted for rejection or adoption, article 20, entitled "Prohibition," and persons who desire to vote for said article shall have written or printed on their ballots "For Prohibition," and all persons desiring to vote against said article shall have written or printed on their ballots "Against Prohibition." If it shall appear according to the returns herein provided for that a majority of all the votes cast at said election for and against prohibition are for prohibition, then said article 20 shall be and form a part of this constitution and be in full force and effect as such from the date of the admission of this state into the union. But if a majority of said votes shall appear according to said returns to be against prohibition then said article 20 shall be null and void and shall not be a part of this constitution.

Sec. 21. The agreement made by the joint commission of the constitutional conventions of North Dakota and South Dakota concerning the records, books and archives of the territory of Dakota is hereby ratified and confirmed: which agreement is in the words following: That is to say:

The following books, records and archives of the territory of Dakota shall be the property of North Dakota, to wit: All records, books and archives in the office of the governor and secretary of the territory (except records of articles of incorporation of domestic corporations, returns of election of delegates to the constitutional convention of 1889 for South Dakota, returns of election held under the so-called local option law, in counties within the limits of South Dakota, bonds of notaries public appointed for counties within the limits of South Dakota, papers relating to the organization of counties situate within the limits of South Dakota, all which records and archives are a part of the records and archives of said secretary's office: excepting, also, census returns from counties situate within the limits of South Dakota and papers relating to requisitions issued upon the application of officers of counties situate within the limits

of South Dakota, all of which are a part of the records and archives of said governor's office).

And the following records, books and archives shall also be the property of the state of North Dakota, to wit: Vouchers in the office or custody of the auditor of this territory relating to expenditures on account of public institutions, grounds or buildings situate within the limits of North Dakota. One warrant register in the office of the treasurer of the territory—being a record of warrants issued under and by virtue of chapter 24 of the laws enacted by the eighteenth legislative assembly of Dakota territory. All letters, receipts and vouchers in the same office now filed by counties and pertaining to counties within the limits of North Dakota. Paid and cancelled coupons in the same office, representing interest on bonds which said state of North Dakota is to assume and pay. Reports of gross earnings of the year 1888 in the same office, made by corporations operating lines of railroads situated wholly or mainly within the limits of North Dakota. Records and papers of the office of the public examiner of the second district of the territory. Records and papers of the office of the district board of agriculture. Records and papers in the office of the board of pharmacy of the District of North Dakota.

All records, books and archives of the territory of Dakota which it is not herein agreed shall be the property of North Dakota, shall be the property of South Dakota.

The following books shall be copied and the copies shall be the property of North Dakota, and the cost of such copies shall be borne equally by the states of North Dakota and South Dakota. That is to say:

Appropriation ledger for years ending November, 1889-90—  
—one volume.

The auditor's current warrant register—one volume.

Insurance record for 1889—one volume.

Treasurer's cash book—"D."

Assessment ledger—"B."

Dakota territory bond register—one volume.

Treasurer's current ledger—one volume.

The originals of the foregoing volumes which are to be copied shall at any time after such copying shall have been completed be delivered on demand to the proper authorities of the state of South Dakota.

All other records, books and archives, which it is hereby agreed shall be the property of South Dakota, shall remain at the capitol of North Dakota until demanded by the legislature of the state of South Dakota, and until the state of North Dakota shall have had a reasonable time after such

demand is made to provide copies or abstracts of such portions thereof as the said state of North Dakota may desire to have copies or abstracts of.

The state of South Dakota may also provide copies or abstracts of such records, books and archives, which it is agreed shall be the property of North Dakota, as said state of South Dakota shall desire to have copies or abstracts of. The expense of all copies or abstracts of records, books, and archives which it is herein agreed may be made, shall be borne equally by said two states.

Sec. 22. Should the counties containing lands which form a part of the grant of lands made by congress to the Northern Pacific railroad company, be compelled by law to refund moneys paid for such lands or any of them by purchasers thereof at tar sales thereof, based upon taxes illegally levied upon said lands, then and in that case the state of North Dakota shall appropriate the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to reimburse said counties for the amount so received from said illegal tax sales and paid by said counties into the treasury of Dakota territory.

Sec. 23. This constitution shall after its enrollment be signed by the president of this convention and the chief clerk thereof, and such delegates as desire to sign the same, whereupon it shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of the territory, where it may be signed at any time by any delegate who shall be prevented from signing the same for any reason at the time of the adjournment of this convention.

Sec. 24. In case the territorial officers of the territory of Dakota, or any of them who are now required by law to report to the governor of the territory, annually or biennially, shall prepare and publish such reports covering the transactions of their offices up to the time of the admission of the state of North Dakota into the union, the legislative assembly shall make sufficient appropriations to pay one-half of the cost of such publication.

Sec. 25. The governor and secretary of the territory are hereby authorized to make arrangements for the meeting of the first legislative assembly, and the inauguration of the state government.

Sec. 26. The legislative assembly shall provide for the editing and for the publication in an independent volume, of this constitution, as soon as it shall take effect, and whenever it shall be altered or amended, and shall cause to be published in the same volume the declaration of independence, the constitution of the United States and the enabling act.



Done at Bismarck, Dakota, in open convention, this 17th day of August, A. D. 1889.

F. B. FANCHER,  
President.

JOHN G. HAMILTON, Chief Clerk.

## AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION.

### ARTICLE I.

The legislative assembly shall have no power to authorize lotteries or gift enterprises for any purpose and shall pass laws to prohibit the sale of lottery or gift enterprise tickets.

### ARTICLE II.

Sec. 121. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state for one year and in the county six months, and in the precinct ninety days next preceding any election, shall be a qualified elector at such election.

First—Citizens of the United States.

Second—Civilized persons of Indian descent, who shall have severed their tribal relations two years next preceding such election.

Sec. 127. No person who is under guardianship, non compos mentis or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor any person convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights; and the legislature shall by law establish an educational test as a qualification, and may prescribe penalties for failing, neglecting or refusing to vote at any general election.

### ARTICLE III.

Sec. 76. The governor shall have power in conjunction with the board of pardons, of which the governor shall be ex officio a member and the other members of which shall consist of the attorney general of the state of North Dakota, the chief justice of the supreme court of the state of North Dakota, and two qualified electors who shall be appointed by the governor, to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after convic-

tion for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment; but the legislative assembly may by law regulate the manner in which the remission of fines, pardons, commutations and reprieves may be applied for. Upon conviction of treason the governor shall have the power to suspend the execution of sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislative assembly at its next regular session, when the legislative assembly shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant further reprieve. The governor shall communicate to the legislative assembly at each regular session each case of remission of fine, reprieve, commutation or pardon granted by the board of pardons, stating the name of the convict, the crime for which he is convicted, the sentence and its date and the date of remission, commutation, pardon or reprieve, with their reasons for granting the same.

#### ARTICLE IV.

Sec. 179. All property, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The franchise, roadway, roadbed, rails and rolling stock of all railroads, and the franchise and all other property of all express companies, freight line companies, car equipment companies, sleeping car companies, dining car companies, telegraph or telephone companies, or corporations operated in this state and used directly or indirectly in the carrying of persons, property, or messages, shall be assessed by the state board of equalization at their actual value, and such assessed value shall be apportioned to the counties, cities, towns, villages, townships and districts in which such railroad companies, express companies, sleeping car companies, dining car companies, telegraph and telephone companies are located, or through which they are operated, as a basis for the taxation of such property, in proportion to the number of miles of such property, within such counties, cities, towns, villages, townships and districts, or over which any part of such property is used or operated within such counties, towns, villages, townships and districts. But should any railroad allow any portion of its roadway to be used for any purpose other than the operation of a railroad thereon, such portion of its roadway, while so used, shall be assessed in the manner provided for the assessment of other real property.

## ARTICLE V.

Subdivision 5 of section 215.

Fifth. The school for the deaf and dumb of North Dakota, at the City of Devils Lake, in the county of Ramsey.

## ARTICLE VI.

Subdivision 8, of section 215.

Eighth. A state hospital for the insane at the city of Jamestown, in the county of Stutsman. And the legislative assembly shall appropriate twenty thousand acres of the grant of lands made by the act of congress aforesaid for "other educational and charitable institutions," to the benefit and for the endowment of said institution, and there shall be located at or near the city of Grafton, in the county of Walsh, an institution for the feeble minded, on the grounds purchased by the secretary of the interior for a penitentiary building.

## ARTICLE VII.

Sec. 162. The moneys of the permanent school fund, and other educational funds, shall be invested only in bonds of school corporations, or of counties or townships within the state, bonds of the United States, bonds of the state of North Dakota, municipal bonds, or on first mortgages on farm lands in the state, and not exceeding in amount one-third the actual value of any subdivision on which the same may be loaned, such value to be determined by the board of appraisal of school lands.

## PROCLAMATION OF ADMISSION

[Issued by President Harrison, Nov 2, 1889.]

Whereas, The congress of the United States did, by an act approved on the twenty-second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, provide that the inhabitants of the territory of Dakota might, upon the conditions prescribed by said act, become the states of North Dakota and South Dakota; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the area comprising the territory of Dakota should, for the purposes of the act be divided on the line of the seventh standard parallel produced due west to the western boundary of said territory and that the delegates elected as therein provided to the constitutional convention in districts north of said parallel should assemble in convention at the time prescribed in the act at the city of Bismarck; and

Whereas, It was provided by the said act that the delegates elected, as aforesaid, should, after they had met and organized, declare on behalf of the people of North Dakota that they adopt the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said convention should be authorized to form a constitution and state government for the proposed state of North Dakota; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitution so adopted should be republican in form and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color, except as to Indians not taxed, and not be repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the declaration of independence; and that the constitution should, by ordinance irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said states, make certain provisions prescribed in said act; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitutions of North Dakota and South Dakota should respectively incorporate an agreement, to be reached in accordance with the provisions of the act for an equitable division of all property belonging to the territory of Dakota, the disposition of all public records, and also for the apportionment of the debts and liabilities of said territory, and that each of said states should obligate itself to pay its proportion of such debts and liabilities the same as if they had been created by such states respectively; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitution thus formed for the people of North Dakota should by an ordinance of the convention forming the same, be submitted to the people of North Dakota, at an election to be held therein on the first Tuesday in October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, for ratification or rejection by the qualified voters of said proposed state; and that the returns of said election should be made to the secretary of the territory of Dakota, who with the governor and chief justice thereof, or any two of them, should canvass the same, and if a majority of the legal votes cast should be for the constitution, the governor should certify the result to the president of the United States, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon, and upon separate articles or propositions and a copy of said constitution, articles, propositions and ordinances; and

Whereas, It has been certified to me by the governor of the territory of Dakota, that within the time prescribed by said act of congress a constitution for the proposed state of North Dakota has been adopted and the same ratified by a majority of the qualified voters of said proposed state in accordance with the conditions prescribed in said act; and

Whereas, It is also certified to me by said governor that at the same time that the body of said constitution was submitted to a vote of the people, a separate article numbered 20 and entitled "prohibition" was also submitted and received a majority of all the votes cast for and against said article as well as a majority of all the votes cast for and against the constitution, and was adopted; and

Whereas, A duly authenticated copy of said constitution, article, ordinances and propositions, as required by said act, has been received by me;

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do, in accordance with the provisions of the act of congress aforesaid, declare and proclaim the fact that the conditions imposed by congress on the state of North Dakota to entitle that state to admission to the union, have been ratified and accepted and that the admission of the said state into the union is now complete.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this second day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and of the independence of the United States of America one hundred and fourteenth.

BENJ. HARRISON.

By the President:

JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.



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STATISTICS SINCE STATEHOOD

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1889

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# STATISTICS

## STATE OFFICERS SINCE STATEHOOD.

Since admission the state of North Dakota has had the following state officers:

### Governors.

(First state officers qualified November 4, 1889.)

John Miller .....	1889-90	Frederick B. Fancher ....	1889-90
Andrew H. Burke .....	1891-92	Frank White .....	1901-02
(b) Eli C. D. Shortridge .....	1893-94	Frank White .....	1903-04
Roger Allin .....	1895-96	E. Y. Sarles .....	1905-06
*Frank A. Briggs .....	1897-98	(b) John Burke .....	1907
(a) Joseph M. Devine ..	1898		

\*Died in office, July, 1898.

(a) Served out unexpired term of Governor Briggs.

### Lieutenant Governors.

Alfred M. Dickey .....	1889-90	Joseph M. Devine .....	1899-00
Roger Allin .....	1891-92	David Bartlett .....	1901-02
(b) Elmer D. Wallace ..	1893-94	David Bartlett .....	1903-04
John H. Worst .....	1895-96	David Bartlett .....	1905-06
Joseph M. Devine .....	1897-98	R. S. Lewis .....	1907

### Secretaries of State.

John Flittle .....	1889-92	E. F. Porter .....	1901-02
Christian M. Dahl .....	1893-96	E. F. Porter .....	1903-04
Fred Falley .....	1897-98	E. F. Porter .....	1905-06
Fred Falley .....	1899-00	Alfred Blaisdell .....	1907

### Auditors.

*John P. Bray .....	1889-92	A. N. Carlblom .....	1899-00
(a) Archie Currie .....	1892	A. N. Carlblom .....	1901-02
(b) A. W. Porter .....	1893-94	H. L. Holmes .....	1903-04
Frank A. Briggs .....	1895-96	H. L. Holmes .....	1905-06
N. B. Hannum .....	1897-98	H. L. Holmes .....	1907

\*Resigned.

(a) Appointed to fill vacancy, September 10, 1892.

### Treasurers.

L. E. Booker .....	1889-92	D. H. McMillan .....	1901-02
(b) Knud J. Nomland ..	1893-94	D. H. McMillan .....	1903-04
George E. Nichols .....	1895-96	Albert Peterson .....	1905-06
George E. Nichols .....	1897-98	Albert Peterson .....	1907
D. W. Driscoll .....	1899-00		

### Attorney Generals.

George F. Goodwin .....	1889-90	John F. Cowan .....	1899-00
C. A. M. Spencer .....	1891-92	O. D. Comstock .....	1901-02
(b) W. H. Standish ..	1893-94	C. N. Frich .....	1903-04
John F. Cowan .....	1895-96	C. N. Frich .....	1905-06
John F. Cowan .....	1897-98	T. F. McCue .....	1907

(b) Democrats. All others republicans.

*Superintendents of Public Instruction.*

*William Mitchell .....	1889-90	John G. Halland .....	1899-00
*W. J. Clapp .....	1890	Joseph M. Devine .....	1901-02
John Ogden .....	1891-92	W. L. Stockwell .....	1903-04
(b) Laura J. Eisenhuth .....	1893-94	W. L. Stockwell .....	1905-06
Emma B. Bates .....	1895-96	W. L. Stockwell .....	1907
John G. Halland .....	1897-98		
*William Mitchell died March 10, 1890, and W. J. Clapp was appointed to fill the unexpired term.			

*Commissioners of Agriculture and Labor.*

H. T. Helgeson .....	1889-92	R. J. Turner .....	1901-02
(b) *Nelson Williams .....	1893-94	R. J. Turner .....	1903-04
A. H. Laughlin .....	1895-96	W. C. Gilbreath .....	1905-06
H. U. Thomas .....	1897-98	W. C. Gilbreath .....	1907
H. U. Thomas .....	1899-00		
*Appointed; Adams, who was elected, failed to qualify.			

*Commissioners of Insurance.*

A. L. Carey .....	1889-92	Ferdinand Leutz .....	1901-02
(b) James Cudhie .....	1893-94	Ferdinand Leutz .....	1903-04
Fred B. Fancher .....	1895-96	E. C. Cooper .....	1905-06
Fred B. Fancher .....	1897-98	E. C. Cooper .....	1907
George W. Harrison .....	1899-00		

*Commissioners of Railroads.*

Geo. S. Montgomery .....	1889-90	John Simons .....	1899-00
T. S. Underhill .....	1889-90	L. L. Walton .....	1899-00
David Bartlett .....	1889-90	Henry Erickson .....	1899-00
Geo. H. Walsh .....	1891-92	J. F. Shea .....	1901-02
Geo. Harmon .....	1891-92	J. F. Youngblood .....	1901-02
Andrew Slotten .....	1891-92	C. J. Lord .....	1901-02
(b) Peter Cameron .....	1893-94	J. F. Shea .....	1903-04
(b) Ben Stevens .....	1893-94	C. J. Lord .....	1903-04
(b) Nels P. Rasmussen .....	1893-94	A. Schatz .....	1903-04
John W. Currie .....	1895-96	C. S. Deisem .....	1905-06
John Wamberg .....	1895-96	Erick Stafne .....	1905-06
Geo. H. Keyes .....	1895-96	John Christianson .....	1905-06
Geo. H. Keyes .....	1897-98	C. S. Deisem .....	1907
L. L. Walton .....	1897-98	Erick Stafne .....	1907
J. R. Gibson .....	1897-98	Simon Westby .....	1907

*Judges of Supreme Court.*

At the first state election, October, 1889, Guy C. H. Corliss, Alfred Wallin and Joseph M. Bartholomew, were elected judges of the supreme court for terms, respectively, three, five and seven years, and by lot it was determined that Judge Corliss should serve the three years term, Judge Bartholomew for five years and Judge Wallin for seven years. Each served and others have been elected as follows:

Guy C. H. Corliss, of Grand Forks, for the term of six years commencing December, 1893.

J. M. Bartholomew, of LaMoure, for the term of six years commencing December, 1895.

Alfred Wallin, of Fargo, for the term of six years commencing December, 1897.

N. C. Young, of Fargo, for the term of six years, commencing December, 1898. Re-elected for the term of six years commencing December, 1904. Resigned, 1906.

(b) Democrats. All others republicans.

Guy C. H. Corliss resigned 1898 and N. C. Young was appointed to fill the unexpired term, and then elected in 1898.

(b) David Morgan, of Devils Lake, for the term of six years commencing December, 1900. Re-elected in 1906.

John M. Cochran, of Grand Forks, for the term of six years commencing December, 1902. Died July 20, 1904. Edward Engerud of Fargo, was appointed to fill unexpired term.

Edward Engerud, of Fargo, for the term of six years commencing December, 1904. Resigned, 1907.

John Kanuf, Jamestown, appointed to succeed N. C. Young, resigned. Served until December 15, 1906.

(b) C. J. Fisk, Grand Forks, elected 1906, to fill unexpired term of N. C. Young.

B. F. Spalding, Fargo, appointed 1907, to fill unexpired term of Edward Engerud.

### *Judges of District Courts.*

	Terms expire
First District—(b) Charles F. Templeton .....	1896
First District—(b) Charles J. Fisk* .....	1908
First District—(b) Charles F. Templeton** .....	1908
Second District—(b) David E. Morgan .....	1900
Second District—John Cowan .....	1908
Third District—(b) Wm. B. McConnell .....	1896
Third District—Charles A. Pollock .....	1908
Fourth District—W. S. Lauder .....	1906
Fourth District—Frank P. Allen .....	1908
Fifth District—(b) Roderick Rose .....	1896
Fifth District—S. L. Glaspell .....	1906
Fifth District—Edward T. Burke .....	1908
Sixth District—W. H. Winchester .....	1908
Seventh District—O. E. Sauter .....	1900
Seventh District—W. J. Kneeshaw .....	1908
Eighth District—L. J. Palda .....	1904
Eighth District—E. B. Goss .....	1908

(b) Democrats. All others republicans.

\*Appointed judge supreme court, 1906.

\*\*Appointed to fill vacancy by election of C. J. Fisk to supreme court.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLIES SINCE STATEHOOD.

### First Session—1889-90.

Convened November 19, 1889, and adjourned March 18, 1900. The membership was as follows:

#### *Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor Alfred Dickey, President.  
C. C. Bowsfield, Secretary.

#### MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,  
\*A. F. Appleton,  
Roger Allin,  
\*James H. Bell,  
J. E. Stevens,  
\*M. L. McCormack,  
Geo. B. Winship,  
W. H. Robinson,  
John E. Haggart,  
H. J. Rowe,  
\*H. R. Hartman,

Andrew Slotten,  
Andrew Helgeson,  
Andrew Sandager,  
Samuel A. Fisher,  
J. O. Smith,  
D. S. Dodds,  
\*John McBride,  
\*R. D. Cowan,  
E. L. Yeager,  
W. E. Swanston,

F. G. Barlow,  
Bailey Fuller,  
H. S. Deisem,  
\*M. E. Randall,  
J. H. Worst,  
C. B. Little,  
Anton Svensrud,  
E. H. Belyea,  
George Harmon,  
N. C. Lawrence,

\*Democrats. All others republicans.

*House.*

David B. Wellman, Speaker.  
J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

John H. Watt,	Eli D. McIntyre,	G. E. Ingebretsen, Jr.
R. B. Richardson,	N. B. Pinkham,	D. P. Thomas,
*H. L. Norton,	John O. Bye,	James McCormick,
John Stadleman,	H. D. Court,	C. A. Currier,
John H. McCullough,	Frank J. Langer,	D. B. Wellman,
A. N. Foss,	W. W. Beard,	Luther L. Walton,
John Montgomery,	R. H. Hankinson,	Geo. Lutz,
A. O. Haugerud,	R. N. Ink,	John Milsted,
Alex. Thomson,	A. O. Heglie,	L. A. Ueland,
Franklin Estabrook,	E. W. Bowen,	W. B. Allen,
Nels Tangberg,	W. S. Buchanan,	A. T. Cole,
Geo. H. Walsh,	R. N. Stevens,	Geo. W. Lilly,
*L. F. Zimmer,	J. L. Green,	W. L. Belden,
A. P. Haugen,	Duncan McDonald,	E. A. Williams,
Ole T. Gronli,	C. J. Christianson,	Geo. W. Rawlings,
Roderick J. Johnson,	W. H. H. Roney,	James Reed,
*O. T. Jahr,	Chris. Balkan,	A. C. Nedrud,
J. F. Selby,	Ole E. Olsgard,	A. W. Hoyt,
H. H. Strom,	*W. H. Murphy,	P. B. Wickham,
E. S. Tyler,	*F. R. Renaud,	C. C. Moore,
F. J. Thompson,	James Brittin,	

**Second Session—1891-3.**

Convened January 6, 1891, and adjourned March 6. The membership was as follows:

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor Roger Allin, President.  
C. C. Bowsfield, Secretary.

## MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,	*S. B. Brynjolfson,	John Almen,
J. L. Cashel,	H. F. Arnold,	*M. L. McCormack,
*John Bjorgo,	Roderick Johnson,	John Haggart,
N. B. Pinkham,	A. H. Lowry,	R. N. Ink,
(a) Magnus Nelson,	*M. L. Engle,	J. S. Weiser,
F. G. Enger,	(a) S. Svennungsen,	*John Bidlake,
Andrew Bisbee,	Frank Palmer,	James McCormick,
*J. M. Patch,	B. W. Fuller,	*E. M. Kinter,
David P. Kuhn,	J. H. Worst,	C. B. Little,
Anton Svensrud,	James Johnson,	Jos. Miller,
	A. C. McGillivray,	

\*Democrats. (a) Independents and Farmers' Alliance. All others republicans.

*House.*

W. B. Allen, Speaker.  
J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

\*Patrick Horgan,  
Jacob Graber,  
\*Chas. Ebbighausen,  
C. A. Burton,  
Jos. C. Colosky,  
O. S. Wallin,  
A. Hanson,  
E. H. Holte,  
G. N. Smith,  
\*Peter S. Larson,  
(a) John E. Hodgson,  
L. C. Hill,  
W. J. Skinner,  
Fred Dennett,  
L. P. Havrevold,  
H. A. Noltimier,  
\*Geo. Lutz,  
W. B. Allen,  
G. H. Fay,  
John A. Davis,  
Wm. McKendry,

S. L. Haight,  
A. N. Foss,  
\*E. E. Daily,  
G. G. Beardsley,  
W. H. Brown,  
Louis Thompson,  
A. L. Loomis,  
D. C. Tufts,  
J. C. Gill,  
\*J. W. Cope,  
(a) K. Peabody,  
C. J. Christianson,  
(a) W. T. McCulloch,  
\*Ole Axvig,  
Chas. A. Erickson,  
L. L. Walton,  
\*E. T. Kearney,  
John S. Ritchie,  
Wm. Oscar Ward,  
John Satterlund,  
\*J. A. Farrah,

Arnie Bjornson,  
\*James Douglas,  
\*W. H. Daniel,  
\*M. F. Williams,  
\*D. C. Cunningham,  
H. H. Strom,  
George Osgood,  
H. M. Peterson,  
J. Moody Watson,  
\*M. N. Triplett,  
Harry S. Oliver,  
Frank White,  
(a) J. P. Lamb,  
\*John Burke,  
\*J. V. Brooke,  
\*Ralph Hall,  
Geo. K. Loring,  
Chas. Fiske,  
Fred. Holritz.

\*Democrats. (a) Independents and Farmers' Alliance. All others republicans.

**Extra Session.**

The second legislative assembly met in special session June 1 to June 3, 1892, inclusive, for the purpose of passing acts providing for the election of presidential electors and state, district and county officers; to create a state board of canvassers; to govern contests in election of presidential electors; to make appropriation for North Dakota exhibit and building at World's Fair.

**Third Session—1894.**

Convened January 3, 1893, and adjourned March 3, 1893.

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor Elmer D. Wallace, President.  
Fred Falley, Secretary.

## MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,  
\*S. B. Brynjolfson,  
(a) William Hillier,  
J. L. Cashel,  
H. F. Arnold,  
\*M. L. McCormack,  
John A. Sorley,  
John Haggart,  
Roderick Johnson,  
N. B. Pinkham,

R. N. Ink,  
(a) Richard McCarten,  
\*M. L. Engle,  
Frank White,  
F. C. Enger,  
(a) J. P. Lamb,  
\*John Bidlake,  
\*John Burke,  
Frank Palmer,  
E. P. Day,  
E. Young,

\*J. M. Patch,  
Bailey Fuller,  
\*F. M. Kinter,  
(a) J. W. Stevens,  
J. H. Worst,  
C. B. Little,  
Anton Svensrud,  
Charles Gregory,  
Joseph Miller,  
A. C. McGillivray.

\*Democrats. (a) Independents. All others republicans.

*House.*

George H. Walsh, Speaker.  
J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

*P. J. Horgan,	Thomas Halverson	Geo. S. Churchill,
*Benj. James,	J. B. Wineman,	J. B. McArthur,
*Robert Thexton,	Arne P. Haugen,	Samuel Bullard,
*F. A. Holiday,	H. D. Hurley,	*Borger Hallum.
(a) N. H. Rinde,	H. H. Strom,	*John N. Dean,
(a) K. P. Levang,	L. H. Larson,	A. V. Benedict,
*C. Ebbighausen,	O. S. Wallin,	(a) John E. Hodgson,
*William R. Johnston,	H. C. Southard,	(a) Theo. Johnson,
*William O'Keefe,	Seth Newman,	Harry S. Oliver,
*Andrew Johnson,	D. C. Tufts,	(a) Thos. M. Elliott,
J. Dexter Pierce,	Elling Severson,	(a) Hans O. Hagen,
*Geo. H. Walsh,	B. F. Ritter,	(a) John Logan,
(a) Lewis Thompson,	(a) P. Kelly,	W. F. Cochran,
(a) W. T. McCulloch,	*A. C. Sanford,	Wm. A. Bentley,
(a) S. M. Lee,	*Ralph Hall,	John Yegen,
*F. W. McLean,	George Wright,	John A. Davis,
*Charles W. Plain,	O. A. Boynton,	John Satterlund,
*D. W. McCanna,	(a) L. A. Ueland,	J. S. Veeder,
L. P. Havrevold,	(a) Geo. W. Towers,	Louis Burkhart,
T. H. Oksendahl,	(a) J. W. Caldwell,	L. A. Simpson,
E. H. Lohnes,	J. H. Wishek,	

\*Democrats. (a) Independents. All others republicans.

**Fourth Session—1895.**

Convened January 8, 1895, and adjourned March 8, 1895.

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor John H. Worst, President.  
Fred Falley, Secretary.

## MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,	A. V. Benedict,	D. F. Davis,
(a) James Dobie,	(a) R. McCarten,	Bailey Fuller,
(a) William Hillier,	Patrick H. Rourke,	Charles N. Valentine,
George Clark,	Frank White,	(a) J. W. Stevens,
H. F. Arnold,	F. G. Enger,	John H. Wishek,
Frank Viets,	(a) J. P. Lamb,	C. B. Little,
J. A. Sorley,	*Chas. W. Plain,	A. L. Hanscom,
H. H. Strom,	*John Burke,	C. E. Gregory,
John Haggart,	C. G. Brown,	H. S. Parkin,
D. C. Tufts,	E. P. Day,	A. C. McGillivray,
	E. Young,	

*House.*

James C. Gill, Speaker.  
J. M. Devine, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

(a) Jas. T. Blacklock,	W. B. Wood,	J. C. Gill,
*Patrick Horgan,	J. B. Wineman,	L. B. Hanna,
(a) Stephen Eyolfson,	Henry Hancock,	E. C. Sargent,

\*Democrats. (a) Independents and populists. All others republicans.

## MEMBERS—Continued.

*Thomas Guinan, (a) N. H. Rinde, A. H. Kellogg, Ole A. Rod, George Hill, Wm. Fleming, Joseph A. Myers, Peter N. Korsmo, Jos. Colosky, Nicolai Swenson, Rollin C. Cooper, Linn B. Ray, *John Flack, *James Jennings, A. B. McDonald, C. L. Lindstrom, O. T. Tofsrud, R. J. Walker,	Peter Herbrandson, John I. Lerom, T. E. Nelson, O. S. Wallin, A. W. Edwards, E. S. Tyler, N. A. Colby, T. Twichell, E. Gilbertson, Frank H. Prosser, Chas. McLachlan, Ed. F. Porter, J. J. Nierling, E. J. Gleason, J. B. Sharpe, (a) Andrew Smith, (a) F. W. Brainard H. A. Armstrong,	Eric Stafne, James Purdon, F. L. Dwyer, (a) John E. Hodgson (a) John Cryan, Erick Gunderson, Morris F. Brown, *Nels P. Rasmussen, (a) John Logan, Geo. S. Roberts, Thomas Richards, M. Spangberg, Anton Svensrud, John S. Murphy, Herman Kroeger, Fred Holritz, L. A. Simpson,
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\*Democrats. (a) Independents and populists. All others republicans.

## Fifth Session—1897.

Convened January 5, 1897, adjourned March 5, 1897.

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor Joseph M. Devine, President.  
C. B. Little, President pro tempore.  
(b) J. C. Gill, Secretary.

## MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
Judson LaMoure	.....Pembina	*Charles Dunlap	.....Lakota
*James Dobie	.....Tyner	(a) Chas. W. Plain	.....Milton
*K. P. Levang	.....Park River	(a) D. W. McCanna	.....Cando
George Clark	.....Forest River	C. G. Brown	.....Minnewaukan
Horace F. Arnold	.....Larimore	*H. M. Creel	.....Devils Lake
Frank Viets	.....Grand Forks	D. F. Davis	.....Cathay
W. A. Gordon	.....Grand Forks	B. W. Fuller	.....Jamestown
H. H. Strom	.....Hillsboro	Chas. N. Valentine	.....LaMoure
T. E. Haggart	..... Fargo	Thos. F. Marshall	.....Oakes
D. C. Tufts	.....Argusville	John H. Wishek	.....Ashley
L. B. Hanna	.....Page	C. B. Little	.....Bismarck
A. V. Benedict	.....Lidgerwood	A. L. Hanscom	.....Towner
*R. McCarten	.....Cogswell	Wm. E. Mansfield	.....Minot
Patrick H. Rourke	.....Lisbon	John S. Greene	.....Mandan
Frank White	.....Vale City	A. C. McGillivray	.....Dickinson
F. G. Enger	.....Portland		

\*Fusionists. (a) Democrats. All others republicans. (b) Died January 9; succeeded by J. O. Smith.

*House.*

Erastus A. Williams, Speaker.  
Henry E. Lavayea, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
John D. Wallace .....	Drayton	*John Carlin .....	Havana
*Alexander Duncan .....	Bruce	Robert J. Mitchell .....	Sheldon
H. N. Joy .....	Hamilton	E. S. Lovelace .....	Ft. Ransom
*Thomas Guinan .....	Hensel	George W. Earl .....	Oriska
*Jas. J. Dougherty .....	Park River	*W. H. McPherson .....	Valley City
*David E. Towle .....	Park River	Nicolai Swenson .....	Cooperstown
*Julius Wirkus .....	Minto	L. C. Goplerud .....	Sherbrooke
*Charles Ebbighausen .....	Grafton	*Samuel S. Aas .....	Aneta
*K. O. Brotnov .....	Grafton	*J. B. Boyd .....	Langdon
Peter N. Korsmo .....	Northwood	*John Butterwick .....	Milton
John McConnachie .....	Inkster	*Ole Syvertson .....	Dunseith
William B. Wood .....	Grand Forks	C. L. Lindstrom .....	Oberon
James Ryan .....	Grand Forks	C. A. Erickson .....	Rugby
Frank Gaulke .....	Thompson	Chas. A. Currier .....	Crary
Andrew Offerdahl .....	Northwood	*A. G. Tanton .....	Devils Lake
H. M. Williams .....	Blanchard	E. F. Porter .....	Melville
S. N. Heskin .....	Portland	H. Peoples .....	New Rockford
H. D. Hurley .....	Duane	John McGinnis .....	Jamestown
Gunder Howard .....	Hillsboro	*Frank A. Lenz .....	Jamestown
O. W. Francis .....	Fargo	J. B. Sharpe .....	Kulm
*E. E. Cole .....	Fargo	Theo. Northrup .....	Ellendale
N. A. Colby .....	Grandin	Eugene F. Duntun .....	Ellendale
Egbert Gilbertson .....	Hickson	Wesley Baker .....	Livonia
T. Twitchell .....	Mapleton	Wm. L. Belden .....	Napoleon
W. J. Hawk .....	Buffalo	E. A. Williams .....	Bismarck
E. C. Sargent .....	Amenia	Thos. Richards .....	McKenzie
R. B. Boyd .....	Wheatland	F. M. Hammond .....	Willow City
James B. Power .....	Power	John S. Murphy .....	Minot
John S. Johnson .....	Christine	Herman Kroeger .....	New Salem
R. H. Hankinson .....	Hankinson	Donald Stevenson .....	Stevenson
*John Cryan .....	Genesee	Alfred White .....	Medora

\*Fusion democrats and independents. All others republicans.

## Sixth Session—1899.

Convened January 3, 1899, adjourned March 3, 1899.

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor Joseph M. Devine, President.  
A. C. McGillivray, President pro tempore.  
J. O. Smith, Secretary.

## MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
*Judson LaMoure .....	Pembina	(a) Charles Dunlap .....	Michigan City
James Fuller .....	Crystal	W. A. Laidlaw .....	Hannah
(a) K. P. Levang .....	Park River	(a) D. W. McCanna .....	Cando
(b) J. L. Cashel .....	Grafton	O. I. Hegge .....	Minnewaukan
*H. F. Arnold .....	Larimore	(a) H. M. Creel .....	Devils Lake
M. F. Murphy .....	Grand Forks	E. F. Porter .....	Melville
D. W. Luke .....	Grand Forks	*B. W. Fuller .....	Jamestown



## MEMBERS—Continued.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
F. W. Ames .....	Mayville	J. B. Sharpe .....	Kulm
(b) J. E. Cronan .....	Fargo	*T. F. Marshall .....	Oakes
T. Twichell .....	Mapleton	Wesley Baker .....	Livona
*L. B. Hanna .....	Page	*C. B. Little .....	Bismarck
A. Slotten .....	Wahpeton	(b) V. B. Noble .....	Bottineau
(a) R. McCarten .....	Cogswell	*W. E. Mansfield .....	Minot
R. C. Sanborn .....	Lisbon	(b) J. McDougal .....	Mandan
A. B. Cox .....	Sanborn	*A. C. McGillivray .....	Dickinson
R. C. Cooper .....	Cooperstown		

\*Republican holdovers. (a) Fusion holdovers. (b) Fusionists elected in 1898. All others republicans.

*House.*

Thos Baker, Speaker.  
John G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

## MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
J. D. Wallace .....	Drayton	T. L. Taylor .....	Cayuga
W. J. Watts .....	Hydepark	T. J. Dwire .....	Englevale
J. Thordarson .....	Hensel	A. H. Laughlin .....	Lisbon
E. H. Rستمayer .....	Cavalier	G. W. Earl .....	Tower City
*J. J. Dougherty .....	Park River	D. N. Green .....	Valley City
*D. E. Towle .....	Park River	C. Winslow .....	Golden Lake
*W. R. Johnston .....	Forest River	M. B. Cassell .....	Clifford
*Henry Ferris .....	Ardoch	*S. S. Aas .....	Aneta
*K. O. Brotnov .....	Grafton	H. McLean .....	Hannah
T. E. Tufte .....	Northwood	S. Berger .....	Olga
W. W. Glasgow .....	Niagara	W. Clarke .....	Rolla
J. D. Bacon .....	Grand Forks	J. Michels .....	Graham's Island
Alex. Stewart .....	Manvel	F. T. Gronvold .....	Barton
M. Erickson .....	Reynolds	Henry Hale .....	Devils Lake
C. J. Ovind .....	McRae	H. T. Ugland .....	Crary
O. G. Nelson .....	Hatton	E. B. Thompson .....	Sheyenne
O. C. Hauan .....	Mayville	H. J. Miner .....	Sykeston
P. Herbrandson .....	Calendonia	C. A. Sanford .....	Courtenay
S. C. Swenson .....	Portland	O. McHarg .....	Jamestown
W. D. Allen .....	Fargo	C. S. Deisem .....	Grand Rapids
Thos. Baker jr. ....	Fargo	John Kennedy .....	Oakes
G. W. Wolbert .....	Casselton	J. S. Peake .....	Monango
P. E. Chacey .....	Harwood	T. W. Allshouse .....	Steele
N. O. Brakke .....	Norman	G. O. Gulack .....	Ashley
E. C. Sargent .....	Amenia	R. N. Stevens .....	Bismarck
R. P. Boyd .....	Wheatland	Joseph Hare .....	Bismarck
W. W. Tousley .....	Tower City	O. Gilbertson .....	Towner
M. Lynch .....	Lidgerwood	P. P. Lee .....	Minot
A. W. Thomas .....	Seymour	D. Stevenson .....	Stevenson
J. S. Johnson .....	Christine	Wm. Engelter .....	New Salem
A. Peterson .....	Cogswell	*F. Lish .....	Dickinson

\*Fusionists. All others republicans.

## Seventh Session—1901.

Convened January 8, 1901; adjourned March 8, 1901.

## Senate.

Lieutenant Governor David Bartlett, President.

President pro tempore—Judson LaMoure.

Secretary—George L. Townes.

Assistant Secretary—L. O. Moe.

Assistant to Secretary—P. R. Rognlie.

Sergeant-at-Arms—W. H. Brown.

Doorkeeper—A. M. Greenfield.

Journal Clerk—Mrs. J. M. Brown.

Assistant Journal Clerk—Miss Katherine Coleman.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—L. D. McGahan.

Bill Clerk—Olaf Holton.

Stenographer—R. M. Tuttle.

Messenger—Wm. Warren.

Postmaster—Ed. Parrett.

Watchman—B. Schmidt.

Clerk of Judiciary Committee—Geo. Gibson.

Chaplain—Rev. A. A. Joss.

Proofreader—M. E. Shirley.

Bill Room Clerk—Alex. Loudon.

Pages—Clarence McLean, Shed Lambert, Grant Call, Jos. Hare, Wm. Pollock.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1 r	Judson LaMoure	Pembina	Pembina
2 rh	James Fuller	Pembina	Crystal
3 f	O. E. Loftus	Walsh	Park River
4 fh	J. L. Cashel	Walsh	Grafton
5 r	H. E. Lavayea	Grand Forks	Larimore
6 fh	M. F. Murphy	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7 r	J. D. Taylor	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8 rh	F. W. Ames	Traill	Mayville
9 r	R. S. Lewis	Cass	Fargo
10 r	G. W. Wolbert	Cass	Cassellton
11 r	F. S. Talcott	Cass	Buffalo
12 rh	A. Slotten	Richland	Wahpeton
13 r	J. F. Devlin	Sargent	Cayuga
14 rh	R. C. Sanborn	Ransom	Lisbon
15 r	A. B. Cox	Barnes	Valley City
16 rh	R. C. Cooper	Griggs	Cooperstown
17 r	I. Swenson	Nelson	Aneta
18 rh	W. A. Laidlaw	Cavalier	Hannah
19 r	Wm. Clarke	Rolette	Rolla
20 rh	O. I. Hegge	Benson	Minnewaukan
21 r	Henry Hale	Ramsey	Devils Lake
22 r	H. J. Miller	Wells	Bowden
23 f	M. D. Williams	Stutsman	Jamestown
24 rh	J. B. Sharpe	LaMoure	Kulm
25 f	O. E. Geer	Dickey	Ellendale
26 rh	W. Baker	Emmons	Livona
27 r	C. B. Little	Burleigh	Bismarck
28 fh	V. B. Noble	Bottineau	Bottineau
29 r	M. Jacobson	Ward	Minot
30 fh	J. A. McDougal	Morton	Mandan
31 r	L. A. Simpson	Stark	Dickinson

r, republican; f, fusion; rh, republican holdover; fh, fusion holdover.

*House.*

R. M. Pollock, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—Joseph Scanlan.  
 Assistant Chief Clerk—W. D. Austin.  
 Assistant to Assistant Chief Clerk—B. W. Shaw.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Thomas Harrison.  
 Journal Clerk—Wm. Surerus.  
 Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. E. Clark.  
 Bill Clerk—E. E. Ellis.  
 Stenographer—Miss Bessie Waggoner.  
 Messenger—Burton L. Weld.  
 Postmaster—C. Lisk.  
 Doorkeeper—James Flannagan.  
 Watchman—A. B. Stedman.  
 Clerk of Judiciary Committee—A. M. Baldwin.  
 Chaplain—Rev. R. T. Guernsey.  
 Pages—Arthur Mason, Chester Erstrom, Leo Horner, Kirk Noyes.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1	W. J. Watts	Pembina	Hyde Park
1	I. J. Chevalier	Pembina	Bathgate
2	E. H. Restemayer	Pembina	Cavalier
2	I. Thordarson	Pembina	Hensel
3	E. R. Swarthout	Walsh	Park River
3	*A. Dickson	Walsh	Conway
4	*G. R. Gullikson	Walsh	Grafton
4	John Miller	Walsh	Minto
4	*J. H. Parr	Walsh	Grafton
5	R. L. Bennett	Grand Forks	Inkster
5	T. E. Tufte	Grand Forks	Northwood
6	J. D. Bacon	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
6	*J. P. Galbraith	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	Chas. Brisbin	Grand Forks	Thompson
7	L. P. Hjelmstad	Grand Forks	Holmes
8	Asa Sargeant	Traill	Caledonia
8	J. I. Lerom	Traill	Buxton
8	G. A. Willison	Traill	Blanchard
8	T. E. Nelson	Traill	Hatton
9	R. M. Pollock	Cass	Fargo
9	W. F. Leech	Cass	Fargo
10	P. P. Chacey	Cass	Harwood
10	Thos. Heath	Cass	Gardner
10	E. Severson	Cass	Davenport
11	B. Mallough	Cass	Chaffee
11	C. A. Tubbs	Cass	Hunter
11	John Hill	Cass	Wheatland
12	Eric Stafne	Richland	Galchutt
12	A. W. Thomas	Richland	Seymour
12	V. Morgan	Richland	Barrie
13	H. C. Johnson	Sargent	Milnor
13	G. B. Phifer	Sargent	Harlem
14	T. J. Dwire	Ransom	Englevale
14	L. P. Anderson	Ransom	Ft. Ransom
15	Geo. M. Young	Barnes	Valley City
15	K. S. Ramsett	Barnes	Pingal
16	M. B. Cassell	Steele	Clifford
16	C. Winslow	Steele	Golden Lake
17	C. A. Hall	Nelson	Lakota
18	H. McLean	Cavalier	Hannah
18	Ole Axvig	Cavalier	Milton

## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
19	Fred Lemke .....	Towner .....	Cando
20	F. T. Gronvold .....	Pierce .....	Rugby
20	James Michels .....	Benson .....	Graham's Island
21	G. W. H. Davis .....	Ramsey .....	Evanston
21	H. A. Nicholson .....	Ramsey .....	Crary
22	D. Niven .....	Eddy .....	New Rockford
22	F. Chaffee .....	Foster .....	Carrington
23	F. H. Keeler .....	Stutsman .....	Buchanan
23	J. M. Watson .....	Stutsman .....	Kensal
24	*J. A. T. Bjornson .....	LaMoure .....	Kulm
25	Geo. Rose .....	Dickey .....	Ellendale
25	A. Strutz .....	Dickey .....	Oakes
26	T. W. Allshouse .....	Kidder .....	Steele
26	G. O. Gulack .....	McIntosh .....	Ashley
27	Jos. Hare .....	Burleigh .....	Bismarck
27	Henry Reade .....	Burleigh .....	Bismarck
28	B. F. Hammond .....	Bottineau .....	Bottineau
29	E. C. Palmer .....	Williams .....	Williston
30	A. M. Packard .....	Morton .....	Mandan
30	Wm. Wade .....	Morton .....	Wade
31	W. A. McClure .....	Stark .....	Taylor

\*Ind.-Dem. All others republicans.

## Eighth Session—1903.

Convened January 6, 1903; adjourned March 6, 1903.

*Senate.*

Lieutenant Governor David Bartlett, President.

President pro tem—J. B. Sharpe.

Secretary of the Senate—R. M. Tuttle.

First Assistant Secretary of the Senate—Geo. L. Towns.

Second Assistant Secretary of the Senate—James Twamley.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. E. Clark.

Bill Clerk—L. J. Moe.

Stenographer—Ed. LaMoure.

Sergeant-at-Arms—W. H. Brown.

Doorkeeper—D. B. Wellman.

Messenger—Theodore Johnson.

Postmaster—M. J. Freeman.

Watchman—John Young.

Journal Clerk—Miss Catharine Coleman.

Assistant Journal Clerk—Mrs. J. M. Brown.

Clerk of the Judiciary Committee—Chas. Donnelly.

Chaplain—Rev. A. W. Hayes.

Proof reader—J. M. Stewart.

Bill room clerk—L. Wells.

Clerk Appropriation Committee—J. W. Foley.

Pages—Shed Lambert, A. O'Connor, Walter McLean, Willie Pollock and Floyd Brown.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1	*r J. LaMoure .....	Pembina .....	Pembina
2	A. Garnett .....	Pembina .....	St. Thomas
3	*f O. E. Lofthus .....	Walsh .....	Park River
4	*J. L. Cashel .....	Walsh .....	Grafton

## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
5	*r H. E. Lavayea	Grand Forks	Larimore
6	J. D. Bacon	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	*r J. D. Taylor	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8	P. Herbrandson	Traill	Caledonia
9	*r R. S. Lewis	Cass	Fargo
10	Geo. D. Brown	Cass	Wild Rice
11	*r F. S. Talcott	Cass	Buffalo
12	*A. Benson	Richland	Sperry
13	*r J. F. Devlin	Sargent	Cayuga
14	Ed. Pierce	Ransom	Sheldon
15	*r A. B. Cox	Barnes	Valley City
16	Maynard Crane	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	*r Iver Swenson	Nelson	Aneta
18	Henry McLean	Cavalier	Hannah
19	*r Wm. Clarke	Rolette	Rolla
20	A. J. Kirkeide	Benson	Normania
21	*r Henry Hale	Ramsey	Devils Lake
22	R. W. Main	Towner	Cando
23	*f M. D. Williams	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	J. B. Sharpe	LaMoure	Kulm
25	*f D. E. Geer	Dickey	Ellendale
26	A. Macdonald	Emmons	Glencoe
27	*r C. B. Little	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*D. H. McArthur	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	*r M. Jacobson	Ward	Minot
30	H. G. Voss	Morton	Mandan
31	*r L. A. Simpson	Stark	Dickinson
32	J. D. Carroll	Eddy	New Rockford
33	J. A. Regan	Wells	Fessenden
34	R. A. Fox	McHenry	Towner
35	A. E. Johnson	McLean	Washburn
36	G. O. Gulack	McIntosh	Ashley
37	*M. A. Wipperman	Richland	Hankinson
38	*H. O. Hagen	Barnes	Fingal
39	W. H. Robinson	Traill	Mayville
40	*C. W. Plain	Cavalier	Milton

\* Democrat; \*r, republican holdover; \*f, fusion holdover; \*\*, independent-democrat; \*\*\*, independent; all others republicans.

*House.*

Thos. Baker, Jr., Speaker.

Chief Clerk—A. O. Anderson.  
 Assistant Chief Clerk—W. D. Austin.  
 Second Assistant Clerk—G. M. Hogue.  
 Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. A. Kelley.  
 Bill Clerk—Wellington Irysh.  
 Stenographer—Miss Bessie Waggoner.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Alex. McFadden.  
 Doorkeeper—Harry Weiland.  
 Messenger—R. M. Wigness.  
 Postmaster—John W. Carroll.  
 Chaplain—Rev. Gullstrom.  
 Watchman—Guy Reems.  
 Journal Clerk—S. B. Donahue.  
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Alfred Zuger.  
 Pages—Perry Embertson, Walter White, Oscar Sundquist, Neil McHugh, Ward Preston, Clarence Anderson.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1	Geo. A. McCrea	Pembina	Drayton
1	I. J. Chevalier	Pembina	Bathgate
1	W. J. Watts	Pembina	Hydepark
2	John Truemner	Pembina	Cavalier
2	P. J. Skjold	Pembina	Hallson
2	C. K. Wing	Pembina	Crystal
3	G. N. Midgarden	Walsh	Grafton
3	Thos. Johnson	Walsh	Park River
3	J. J. Ferguson	Walsh	Park River
4	John Miller	Walsh	Minto
4	*Nels O. Noben	Walsh	Grafton
4	T. A. Gagnon	Walsh	Minto
5	T. F. Mooney	Grand Forks	Larimore
5	J. H. McLain	Grand Forks	Inkster
5	T. E. Tufte	Grand Forks	Northwood
6	H. P. Ryan	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
6	E. O. Burtness	Grand Forks	Meckinock
7	James Elton	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	Henry Steinberg	Grand Forks	Reynolds
7	A. E. Allen	Grand Forks	Thompson
8	Alex. Smart	Traill	Hendrum, Minn.
8	T. H. Thompson	Traill	Belmont
9	Thos. Baker, jr.	Cass	Fargo
9	W. F. Leech	Cass	Fargo
9	A. L. Wall	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert	Cass	Casselton
10	Thos. Heath	Cass	Gardner
10	E. Severson	Cass	Kindred
11	John A. Hill	Cass	Wheatland
11	B. H. Mallough	Cass	Wheatland
11	F. H. Dickinson	Cass	Ayr
12	*H. T. Connolly	Richland	Wahpeton
12	*Geo. Hammer	Richland	Abercrombie
12	*B. Schouweiler	Richland	Fairmount
13	G. B. Phifer	Sargent	Hampel
13	John Flados	Sargent	Rutland
14	C. W. Buttz	Ransom	Buttzville
14	Fred Underwood	Ransom	Enderlin
15	Geo. M. Young	Barnes	Valley City
15	Jos. H. Rogers	Barnes	Valley City
16	M. B. Cassell	Steele	Clifford
16	G. H. Stavens	Steele	Hatton
16	J. S. Palfrey	Steele	Hope
17	S. L. Dahl	Nelson	McVille
17	A. H. Smart	Nelson	Michigan City
18	Chas. Chisholm	Cavalier	Langdon
18	*M. McKnight	Cavalier	Hannah
19	C. I. F. Wagner	Rolette	Rolla
19	*A. N. Bourassa	Rolette	Rolla
20	E. L. Richmond	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	N. E. Gullerud	Benson	Viking
20	M. Maddock	Benson	Goa
21	G. W. H. Davis	Ramsey	Evanston
21	C. H. Baker	Ramsey	Devils Lake
21	H. R. Aslakson	Ramsey	Edmore
22	*C. P. Peterson	Towner	Bisbee
22	*J. L. Harvey	Towner	Maza
23	Anton Fried	Stutsman	Fancher
23	Geo. B. McKenzie	Stutsman	Kensal
23	Morris Beck	Stutsman	Jamestown

## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
24	O. O. Ellison	LaMoure	LaMoure
24	C. H. Sheils	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose	Dickey	Ellendale
25	E. F. Stevens	Dickey	Glover
26	C. A. Patterson	Emmons	Linton
26	P. J. Lyons	Kidder	Steele
27	**L. D. McGahan	Burleigh	Bismarck
27	**John Bostrom	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	G. A. Lillie	Bottineau	Willow City
28	Jas. M. Watson	Bottineau	Willow City
29	Percy M. Cole	Ward	Kenmare
29	C. P. Lee	Ward	Minot
29	E. C. Palmer	Williams	Williston
30	W. M. Simpson	Morton	Mandan
30	Philip Blank	Morton	New Salem
30	Chas. Weigel	Morton	Hebron
31	Geo. A. Senour	Stark	Dickinson
31	W. A. McClure	Stark	Taylor
31	***Frank Lish	Stark	Dickinson
32	F. N. Chaffee	Foster	Carrington
32	M. Mattson, jr.	Eddy	Cheyenne
33	H. C. Scheer	Wells	Fessenden
33	C. V. Brown	Wells	Cathay
33	A. Peterson	Wells	Harvey
34	T. Welo	McHenry	Velva
34	Thos. Oksendahl	Pierce	Rugby
34	O. A. Knutson	McHenry	Harvey
35	Henry Bartz	McLean	Anamoose
35	Wm. Dieball	Mercer	Hebron
36	A. Meidinger	McIntosh	Hellwig
36	J. A. Weed	Logan	Napoleon
37	Emil A. Movius	Richland	Lidgerwood
37	*John I. Hanson	Richland	Wyndmere
37	*G. Van Arnam	Richland	Walcott
38	S. J. Aandahl	Barnes	Svea
38	*C. H. Noltmier	Barnes	Lanona
39	A. T. Kraabel	Traill	Clifford
39	H. G. Braaten	Traill	Mayville
40	N. Robillard	Cavalier	Olga
40	Jas. McDowell	Cavalier	Langdon

\* Democrat; \*r, republican holdover; \*f, fusion holdover; \*\*, independent-democrat; \*\*\*, independent; all others republicans.

## Ninth Session—1905.

Convened January 3, 1905; adjourned March 3, 1905.

## SENATE.

Lieutenant Governor DAVID BARTLETT, President.

President pro tem—F. S. Talcott.

Secretary—L. M. McGlashan.

Assistant Secretary—James Twamley.

Assistant to Secretary—F. W. Kempf.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—John Andrews.

Bill Clerk—O. J. Olson.

Sergeant-at-Arms—D. B. Wellman.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Ever Wagness.

Doorkeeper—Amos LaFrance.

## SENATE—Continued.

Stenographer—Miss Katherine Coleman  
 Messenger—Ole Anderson.  
 Postmaster—M. J. Freeman.  
 Assistant Postmaster—E. R. Steinbrueck.  
 Watchman—Frank Bohn.  
 Journal Clerk—B. E. Lee.  
 Assistant Journal Clerk—T. F. Norgaard.  
 Clerk of the Judiciary Committee—John P. Selby.  
 Chaplain—Rev. O. F. Jones.  
 Proof Reader—W. H. Pray.  
 Bill Room Clerk—Geo. Game.  
 Clerk of Appropriation Committee—Mrs. C. S. Budlong.  
 Pages—W. S. McLean, H. Hogue, W. E. Savage and Shed Lambert.  
 Doorkeeper in Gallery—E. R. Kennedy.  
 Janitor—Arndt Mamel.  
 Cloak Room Attendant—Harry Weiland.  
 Assistant Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks—M. A. Shirley, K. Magnuson, Earl Gillmour, S. H. Carothers.  
 Senate Stenographers—Miss Cora Simpson, Mrs. Karrie King Mayfield, S. G. Skulason.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1	Judson LaMoure	Pembina	Pembina
2	*r A. Garnett	Pembina	Pembina
3	Thomas Johnson	Walsh	Park River
4	*d J. L. Cashel	Walsh	Grafton
5	*E. K. Spoonheim	Grand Forks	Northwood
6	*r J. D. Bacon	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	John D. Taylor	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8	*r P. Herbrandson	Trail	Caledonia
9	L. B. Hanna	Cass	Fargo
10	*r Geo. D. Brown	Cass	Wild Rice
11	Frank S. Talcott	Cass	Buffalo
12	*d A. Benson	Richland	Christine
13	John H. Dyste	Sargent	Forman
14	*r Ed. Pierce	Ransom	Sheldon
15	Geo. M. Young	Barnes	Valley City
16	*r Maynard Crane	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	Iver Swenson	Nelson	Aneta
18	*r Henry McLean	Cavalier	Hannah
19	C. I. F. Wagner	Rolette	Rolla
20	*r A. J. Kirkeide	Benson	Normania
21	Andrew J. Stade	Ramsey	Devils Lake
22	*r R. W. Main	Towner	Cando
23	J. W. Sifton	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	*r J. B. Sharpe	LaMoure	Kulm
25	T. H. Thatcher	Dickey	Guelph
26	*r A. Macdonald	Emmons	Glencoe
27	C. B. Little	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*d D. H. McArthur	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	H. H. Steele	Ward	Mohall
30	*r H. G. Voss	Morton	Mandan
31	L. A. Simpson	Stark	Dickinson
32	*r J. D. Carroll	Eddy	New Rockford
33	J. Austin Regan	Wells	Fessenden
34	*r R. A. Fox	McHenry	Towner
35	Aug. E. Johnson	McLean	Washburn
36	*r G. O. Gulack	McIntosh	Ashley
37	Emil A. Movius	Richland	Lidgerwood



## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
38	*H. O. Hagen	Barnes	Fingal
39	Anton T. Kraabel	Traill	Clifford
40	*d C. W. Plain	Cavalier	Milton

\*r, holdover republican; \*d, holdover democrat; \*, democrat; \*\*, elected as independent in 1902, but is now a republican; all others republicans.

## HOUSE.

GEORGE PIERCY, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—Otto Sougstad.  
 Assistant Chief Clerk—M. A. Liles.  
 Second Assistant Chief Clerk—T. C. Miller.  
 Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—W. A. Kelley.  
 Bill Clerk—J. F. Marsh.  
 Stenographer—Miss Jeannette P. James.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Ole T. Grant.  
 Doorkeeper—J. A. Westerdahl.  
 Messenger—T. J. Hampton.  
 Postmaster—James Flanagan.  
 Chaplain—Rev. A. W. Hayes.  
 Watchman—Chas. Hubbard.  
 Journal Clerk—T. G. Anderson.  
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Chas. Heckel.  
 Pages—Ira Herbert, Walter White, Ralph Fisher, Hugh Fadden,  
 Earle Hagy, James Brown.  
 Janitors—M. A. Skarison, James McDougal.  
 Bill Room Clerk—W. E. Truemner.  
 Gallery Doorkeeper—John Stoose.  
 Cloak Room Attendants—Herman Melby, Thorwald Torgerson.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
1	Geo. A. McCrea	Pembina	Drayton
1	I. J. Chevalier	Pembina	Bathgate
1	J. T. Briden	Pembina	Walhalla
2	Christian Ganssle	Pembina	St. Thomas
2	J. E. Truemner	Pembina	Cavalier
2	Joseph Walter	Pembina	Gardar
3	G. Midgarden	Walsh	Grafton
3	H. O. Sunderland	Walsh	Edinburg
3	John A. Vernon	Walsh	Conway
4	Tallack Tallackson	Walsh	Grafton
4	W. S. Mitchell	Walsh	Minto
4	*Tobias D. Casey	Walsh	Grafton
5	Thos. F. Mooney	Grand Forks	Fergus
5	W. W. Glasgow	Grand Forks	Niagara
5	John H. McLean	Grand Forks	Inkster
6	H. P. Ryan	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
6	E. O. Burtness	Grand Forks	Mekinock
7	A. E. Allen	Grand Forks	Thompson
7	Frank H. Sowle	Grand Forks	Reynolds
7	C. F. Ovind	Grand Forks	McRae
8	John Oveson	Traill	Buxton
8	T. H. Thompson	Traill	Hillsboro
9	N. G. Eggen	Cass	Fargo
9	W. D. Sweet	Cass	Fargo
9	J. F. Treat	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert	Cass	Cassellton

## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
10	Clark Moore	Cass	Gardner
10	O. P. Dahlen	Cass	Kindred
11	F. H. Dickinson	Cass	Ayr
11	T. O. Burgum	Cass	Arthur
11	R. G. Piper	Cass	Leonard
12	H. J. Arnold	Richland	Fairmount
12	W. R. Purdon	Richland	Wahpeton
12	C. M. Johnson	Richland	Dwight
13	John Flados	Sargent	Rutland
13	Chas. H. Cooper	Sargent	Cogswell
14	C. W. Buttz	Ransom	Buttsville
14	Fred Underwood	Ransom	Enderlin
15	J. H. Rogers	Barnes	Valley City
15	Robert Clendenning	Barnes	Wimbledon
16	Nils Hemmingsen	Steele	Hannaford
16	John S. Palfrey	Steele	Hope
16	G. H. Stavens	Steele	Hatton
17	Samuel L. Dahl	Nelson	McVille
17	A. R. Swendseid	Nelson	Petersburg
18	Robt. Meiklejohn	Cavalier	Langdon
18	Dan McKechnie	Cavalier	Calvin
19	D. Lemieux	Rolette	Dunseith
19	Hillis Kyle	Rolette	Rolla
20	E. L. Richmond	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	E. L. Baeverstad	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	James Duncan	Benson	Josephine
21	G. W. H. Davis	Ramsey	Evanston
21	H. A. Nicholson	Ramsey	Crary
21	Norman Nelson	Ramsey	Churchs Ferry
22	Albert S. Gibbens	Towner	Cando
22	Samuel Adams	Towner	Perth
23	Anton Fried	Stutsman	Fancher
23	James H. Cooper	Stutsman	Courtenay
23	Geo. Piercy	Stutsman	Pingree
24	Ole E. Ellison	LaMoure	LaMoure
24	C. H. Sheils	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose	Dickey	Monango
25	E. F. Stevens	Dickey	Glover
26	D. R. Streeter	Emmons	Linton
26	Wm. L. Belden	Kidder	Steele
27	R. N. Stevens	Burleigh	Rismarck
27	M. Spangberg	Burleigh	Slaughter
28	Geo L. Lillie	Bottineau	Sergus
28	Jas. M. Watson	Bottineau	Willow City
29	C. A. Johnson	Ward	Minot
29	F. I. Lyons	Ward	Bo. bells
29	F. B. Chapman	Williams	Buford
30	William Simpson	Morton	Mandan
30	Philip Blank	Morton	New Salem
30	Chas. Weigel	Morton	Hebron
31	W. A. McClure	Stark	Taylor
31	J. E. Phelan	Stark	Dickinson
31	A. L. Martin	Billings	Sentinel Butte
32	Geo. D. Palmer	Foster	Melville
32	Ole Rue	Eddy	Sheyenne
33	Chas. V. Brown	Wells	Cathay
33	Herman C. Scheer	Wells	Fessenden
33	August Peterson	Wells	Harvey
34	T. Welo	McHenry	Velva
34	C. D. Rice	McHenry	Towner

## MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office
34	O. T. Tofsrud .....	Pierce .....	Rugby
35	David Juzeler .....	Mercer .....	Broncho
35	John Schlenker .....	McLean .....	Goodrich
36	A. Meidinger .....	McIntosh .....	Helwig
36	Herman Hardt .....	Logan .....	Napoleon
37	Vivian Morgan .....	Richland .....	Barrie
37	George Blake .....	Richland .....	Wyndmere
37	A. O. Heglie .....	Richland .....	Walcott
38	Martin Thoreson .....	Barnes .....	Daily
38	Geo. O. Goulet .....	Barnes .....	Oriska
39	H. G. Braaten .....	Traill .....	Mayville
39	Geo. A. White .....	Traill .....	Portland
40	W. E. Jennings .....	Cavalier .....	Milton
40	N. Robillard .....	Cavalier .....	Olga

\* Democrat; all others republicans.

## Tenth Session.—1907.

Convened January 8, 1907; adjourned March 8, 1907.

## SENATE.

Lieutenant Governor R. S. Lewis, President.  
 President pro tem—J. Austin Regan.  
 Secretary—J. W. Foley.  
 First Assistant Secretary—F. W. Kempf.  
 Second Assistant Secretary—George Weatherhead.  
 Stenographer—Ara E. Waggoner.  
 Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—W. P. Thurston.  
 Bill Clerk—L. K. Estabrook.  
 Sergeant at Arms—W. H. Brown.  
 Assistant—Ever Wagness.  
 Doorkeeper—J. O. Rindahl.  
 Messenger—A. Glorvick.  
 Postmaster—John McKechnie.  
 Assistant—E. R. Steinbrueck.  
 Watchman—M. Skarison.  
 Journal Clerk—Katherine Coleman.  
 Assistant—John Swenson.  
 Chaplain—Rev. O. F. Jones, D. D.  
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Herbert Hallenberg.  
 Clerk Appropriation Committee—N. R. Burley.  
 Bill Room Clerk—E. Chapman.  
 Assistant—S. Peterson.  
 Doorkeeper of Gallery—John Young.  
 Janitor—P. O. Fossum.  
 Cloak Room Attendant—Chas. Palmer.  
 Stenographers to Senators—Esther Newbury, Cora Simpson, Geneve Warner, Karrie King Mayfield, Norman Hall, Anna O. Fangsrud, Carrie Morrish.  
 Pages—Howard Hogue, Roy Durham, Stanley Johnson, Wells Hutchinson, Floyd Hastings, Richard Rial, Earl Hagy, Eugene Morris, George Movius, Porter Talcott.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
1	†Judson LaMoure	Pembina	Pembina
	*E. A. Halliday	Pembina	Hensel
3	†Thos. Johnson	Walsh	Park River
4	*John L. Cashel	Walsh	Grafton
5	*E. K. Spoonheim	Grand Forks	Larimore
6	*James Turner	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	†John D. Taylor	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8	H. H. Strom	Trail	Hillsboro
9	†L. B. Hanna	Cass	Fargo

Dist.	Name.	County	P. O.
10	E. F. Gilbert	Cass	Cassellton
11	†F. S. Talcott	Cass	Buffalo
12	*W. E. Purcell	Richland	Wahpeton
13	†John S. Dyste	Sargent	Forman
14	Ed. Pierce	Ransom	Sheldon
15	†Geo. M. Young	Barnes	Valley City
16	Maynard Crane	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	†Iver Swenson	Nelson	Aneta
18	Henry McLean	Cavalier	Hannah
19	†C. I. F. Wagner	Rolette	Rolla
20	Theo. Koffel	Benson	Esmond
21	†A. J. Stade	Ramsey	Devils Lake
22	*John Kelly	Towner	Bisbee
23	†J. W. Sifton	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	J. B. Sharpe	LaMoure	Kulm
25	†T. H. Thatcher	Dickey	Guelph
26	Alex. McDonald	Emmons	Glencoe
27	†C. B. Little	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*D. H. McArthur	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	†H. H. Steele	Ward	Mohall
30	Ferd Leutz	Morton	Hebron
31	†L. A. Simpson	Stark	Dickinson
32	Geo. D. Palmer	Foster	Bordulac
33	†J. Austin Regan	Wells	Fessenden
34	C. D. Rice	McHenry	Towner
35	A. E. Johnson	McLean	Washburn
36	Chris. Albright	McIntosh	Ashley
37	†E. A. Movius	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	K. S. Ramsett	Barnes	Fingal
39	†A. T. Kraabel	Traill	Clifford
40	C. W. Plain	Cavalier	Milton

† Holdover republicans; \* democrats; \*\* holdover democrats; § independent; all others republicans.

## HOUSE.

Treadwell Twichell, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—P. D. Norton.  
 Assistant Chief Clerks—W. D. Austin, Otto Sougstad.  
 Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—M. O. Gullickson.  
 Bill Clerk—O. J. Quamme.  
 Sergeant at Arms—O. K. Hovet.  
 Doorkeepers—F. A. McDonald, David Maddock.  
 Messenger—R. J. Percy.  
 Postmaster—Hans Fosser.  
 Chaplain—Rev. F. W. Stanton.  
 House Stenographer—Mabel Thorburn.  
 Members' Stenographer—Laura Connor.  
 Bill Room Clerks—C. L. Jones, Thomas Radcliffe.  
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Ed. K. Mason.  
 Journal Clerk—T. G. Anderson.  
 Assistant Journal Clerk—Wm. Hennessy.  
 Janitors—J. L. Smith, Geo. Fisher.  
 Pages—Harold Semling, Harry Beardsley, Joel Stebbins, Arnold Michelson, Fred James, Lester Budlong.

## MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
1	Wm. J. Watts	Pembina	Neché
1	*Joseph Morin	Pembina	Neché
1	*W. Welford	Pembina	Neché
2	C. Ganssle	Pembina	St. Thomas

Dist.	Name.	County	P. O.
2	E. H. Restemayer	Pembina	Cavalier
2	*John Johnson	Pembina	Gardar
3	G. N. Midgarden	Walsh	Grafton
3	H. G. Hosford	Walsh	Park River
3	*A. H. Walker	Walsh	Dundee
4	John E. Hanawalt	Walsh	Grafton
4	*K. O. Brotnov	Walsh	Grafton
4	*Tobias D. Casey	Walsh	Grafton
5	Edward Church	Grand Forks	Inkster
5	T. H. Pugh	Grand Forks	Larimore
5	T. E. Tufte	Grand Forks	Northwood
6	*Geo. Hallick	Grand Forks	Manvel
6	*J. M. Anderson	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	Wm. S. Deane	Grand Forks	Holmes
7	Arne P. Haugen	Grand Forks	Reynolds
7	John A. Sorley	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8	O. J. Sorlie	Traill	Buxton
8	John Oveson	Traill	Buxton
9	J. F. Treat	Cass	Fargo
9	F. E. Dibley	Cass	Fargo
9	T. J. Flamer	Cass	Fargo
10	T. Twichell	Cass	Mapleton
10	A. A. Plath	Cass	Davenport
10	Clark Moore	Cass	Gardner
11	T. O. Burgum	Cass	Fage
11	R. G. Piper	Cass	Leonard
11	J. R. Collins	Cass	Arthur
12	W. R. Purdon	Richland	Wahpeton
12	*L. Parkhill	Richland	Fairmount
12	*Henry Connolly	Richland	Wahpeton
13	Livy Johnson	Sargent	Cogswell
13	D. E. Blake	Sargent	Delamere
14	C. W. Buttz	Ransom	Buttzville
14	A. E. Jones	Ransom	Lisbon
15	Amasa P. Peake	Barnes	Valley City
15	Geo. H. Law	Barnes	Leal
16	G. H. Stavens	Steele	Hatton
16	S. H. Nelson	Steele	Finley
16	Nils Hemmingsen	Steele	Hannaford
17	M. A. Shirley	Nelson	Aneta
17	A. R. Swendseid	Nelson	Petersburg
18	U. L. Burdick	Cavalier	Munich
18	Joseph Crawford	Cavalier	Langdon
19	A. O. Graham	Rolette	Rolla
19	Ole Syvertson	Rolette	Overly
20	O. S. Aaker	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	H. O. Blegen	Benson	Church's Ferry
20	James Duncan	Benson	Josephine
21	O. P. N. Anderson	Ramsey	Starkweather
21	Bernt Anderson	Ramsey	Church's Ferry
21	Miles A. Miller	Ramsey	Crary
22	Samuel Adams	Towner	Perth
22	A. S. Gibbens	Towner	Cando
23	A. A. Monek	Stutsman	Jamestown
23	Will Sinclair	Stutsman	Windsor
23	H. J. Murphy	Stutsman	Courtenay
24	A. W. Cunningham	LaMoure	Grand Rapids
24	*L. A. Ueland	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose	Dickey	Ellendale
25	C. B. Andrus	Dickey	Oakes
26	D. R. Streeter	Emmons	Linton
26	John Storey	Kidder	Steele
27	R. N. Stevens	Burleigh	Bismarck
27	T. R. Mockler	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	E. L. Garden	Bottineau	Souris

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
28	Will Freeman	Bottineau	Maxbass
29	C. A. Johnson	Ward	Minot
29	F. B. Chapman	Williams	Buford
29	Fred F. Carter	Ward	Flaxton
30	W. E. Martin	Morton	Mandan
30	Jacob Rohs	Morton	New Salem
30	Wm. Simpson	Morton	Mandan
31	§Thos. Evans	Stark	Dickinson
31	A. L. Martin	Billings	Sentinel Butte
31	J. F. Brodie	Stark	Dickinson
32	S. N. Putnam	Eddy	New Rockford
32	E. T. Halaas	Foster	Carrington
33	O. L. Jensen	Wells	Harvey
33	W. F. Shannafelt	Wells	Fessenden
33	J. F. Wake	Wells	Bowden
34	R. C. Wedge	McHenry	Granville
34	John Steen	McHenry	Knox
34	O. T. Tofsrud	Pierce	Rugby
35	Johann Schlenker	McLean	Goodrich
35	H. E. Mathews	McLean	Wiprud
36	Geo. Elhard	Logan	Gackle
36	John Giedt	McIntosh	Lehr
37	R. H. Hankinson	Richland	Wyndmere
37	*A. D. Hanson	Richland	Hankinson
37	O. T. Grant	Richland	Kindred
38	D. R. Jones	Barnes	Sanborn
38	Martin Thoreson	Barnes	Fingal
39	G. A. White	Traill	Portland
39	O. G. Nelson	Traill	Hatton
40	James McDowall	Cavalier	Langdon
40	Robert Griffith	Cavalier	Osnabrock

† Holdover republicans; \* democrats; \*\* holdover democrats; § independent; all others republicans.

## RULES AND STANDING COMMITTEES

OF THE

TENTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

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### SENATE

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#### ORDER OF DAILY BUSINESS.

After calling the Senate to order the following order shall govern:

1. Prayer by the chaplain.
2. Calling the roll.
3. Reading and approval of the Journal.
4. Unfinished business.
5. Presentation of petitions and communications.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Motions and resolutions.
9. Introduction of bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
10. Consideration of messages from the House.
11. First reading of Senate bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
12. Second reading of the same.
13. Third reading of the same.
14. First reading of House bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
15. Second reading of the same.
16. Third reading of the same.
17. Consideration of general orders.

#### RULES.

1. The President shall take the chair at 2 o'clock p. m., or the hour to which the Senate was adjourned, and call the Senate to order, and if a quorum be present he shall direct the Journal of the preceding day to be read and mistakes or omissions, if any, corrected. He shall preserve order and decorum, and decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate.
2. Seven members may have a call of the Senate, and com-



pel the attendance of absent members, until the call be dispensed with by a constitutional majority.

3. Questions shall be put in this form: "As many as are of the opinion that (as the case may be) say aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of the contrary opinion say no." If the President doubt, or a division be called for, the Senate shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall arise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative.

4. All motions, except to adjourn, postpone or commit shall be reduced to writing if required by any member of the Senate. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the Senate.

5. No member shall interrupt the business of the Senate while the Journal is being read, or when any member is speaking in debate, except on questions of privilege.

6. Every member present, when the question is put, shall vote, unless he shall, for a special cause, be excused by a two-thirds vote of the Senate present; but no member shall vote on any question in which he is directly or personally interested, or any case where he was not present when the question was put.

7. When any member is about to speak in debate, or debate on any matter in the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President" and shall stand in his place until recognized by the chair, and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities and the implication of improper motives.

8. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received except to adjourn, to lay on the table, to move for the previous question, to move to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend, to postpone indefinitely—which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are named and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to postpone indefinitely, having been decided, shall be entertained on the same day and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

9. When two members rise the President shall name the member to speak. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject, without leave of the Senate, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak on the subject pending shall have spoken, nor shall any member occupy more than ten minutes at the first time, nor more than five minutes at the second time, without unanimous consent of the Senate; but in all cases the member who shall first address the chair shall speak first.

10. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgress the rules of the Senate, the presiding officer shall, or any member may, call him to order, and when a member shall be

called to order by the President or a member of the Senate he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without the leave of the Senate.

11. Every question of order shall be decided by the President, subject to an appeal to the Senate, and the President may call for a sense of the Senate on any question of order.

12. If any member be called to order by another member for words spoken the words excepted to shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the Senate may be better able to judge of the matter.

13. A motion to adjourn and to lay on the table shall be decided without debate.

14. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehends propositions in substance so distinct, that on being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the Senate. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed divisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendments nor motions to strike out and insert.

15. No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded and stated by the President.

16. When the reading of a paper is called for and the same is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by the Senate.

17. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the last preceding adjournment, shall have the preference in the special order of the day.

18. Every bill and joint resolution shall be introduced on the report of a committee, or on a call for bills and joint resolutions, or by a motion for leave, unless objected to by one member of the Senate, which shall carry it over for one day; and such objection may be made at any time on or before the first reading is completed.

19. Every bill shall be read three several times, but the first and second readings, and those only, may be upon the same day; and a second reading may be by title of a bill, unless a reading at length be demanded. The first and third readings shall be at length.

20. The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and the bill shall be presented and go to its second reading without further question.

21. Upon the second reading of a bill or joint resolution, the President shall refer it to its appropriate committee, unless the Senate, upon motion, decide to refer the same to a select or other standing committee, or to committee of the whole Senate; if to committee of the whole Senate, then it shall come up for consideration under the general order of the next day, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

22. No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or

amended until it shall have been twice read; nor shall any such bill or joint resolution have its third reading and be put upon its final passage until at least one day after the same has been reported to the Senate by the committee to which the same has been referred; provided, that any bill or joint resolution may have its third reading and be put upon its final passage on the day the same is reported back, when so ordered by two-thirds of the members of the Senate present.

23. On the third reading of every bill or resolution, any amendment may be received and it may be recommitted at any time previous to its final passage.

24. No bill shall be revised or amended, nor the provisions thereof extended or incorporated in any other bill by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revised, amended or extended or so incorporated, shall be re-enacted and published at length.

25. No bill shall become a law except by a vote of the majority of the members-elect in each house, nor unless on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting be entered on the Journal.

26. The presiding officer shall, in the presence of the Senate, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the Senate. Immediately before such signing their title shall be publicly read, and the fact of signing shall be at one entered on the Journal.

27. No bills for the appropriation of money, except for the expenses of the government, shall be introduced after the fortieth day of the session, except by unanimous consent of the Senate. No bill shall be introduced in the Senate after the fifty-second day, except by unanimous consent.

28. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be first put. When a motion or question has been decided in the negative or affirmative, any member having voted with the prevailing side may move a reconsideration on the same or following day, but when a motion to reconsider is laid on the table, a motion to reconsider cannot again be made.

29. Before acting on executive business the Senate chamber shall be cleared, by the direction of the President, of all persons except members, the chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms to be sworn.

30. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be reconsidered or suspended, except by a vote of two-thirds of the members-elect, and no motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill shall be entertained except by unanimous consent, unless the bill has first been printed and considered by a committee.

31. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in "Reed's Parliamentary Rules" shall govern the Senate in all

cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and order of the Senate, and the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives.

32. When the ayes and nays shall be called for by one-sixth of the members present each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the ayes and nays upon the call of the house, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.

33. In the absence of the President of the Senate, or his refusal to act, the President pro tempore shall exercise all rights and prerogatives of the President for the time being.

34. All bills and joint resolutions, after the first and before the second reading, shall be printed, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

35. There shall be appointed by the President of the Senate the following standing committees:

- On judiciary to consist of fifteen members.
- On education to consist of nine members.
- On elections to consist of nine members.
- On appropriations to consist of seventeen members.
- On railroads to consist of thirteen members.
- On state affairs to consist of fifteen members.
- On public lands to consist of nine members.
- On ways and means to consist of nine members.
- On agriculture to consist of seven members.
- On warehousing, grain and grain grading to consist of eleven members.
- On counties to consist of nine members.
- On engrossed and enrolled bills to consist of five members.
- On banks and banking to consist of nine members.
- On cities and municipal corporations to consist of seven members.
- On Indian affairs to consist of five members.
- On statistics to consist of five members.
- On federal relations to consist of seven members.
- On insurance to consist of nine members.
- On public health to consist of five members.
- On public printing to consist of five members.
- On temperance to consist of nine members.
- On mines and minerals to consist of seven members.
- On rules to consist of seven members.
- On immigration to consist of five members.
- On highways, bridges and ferries to consist of seven members.
- On irrigation and drainage to consist of seven members.
- On apportionment to consist of fifteen members.

On corporations other than municipal to consist of seven members.

On military affairs to consist of seven members.

On woman suffrage to consist of five members.

Also joint committees on the following subjects:

On public buildings to consist of five members.

On charitable institutions to consist of five members.

On penal institutions to consist of five members.

On educational institutions to consist of seven members.

On state library to consist of five members.

On joint rules to consist of seven members.

36. A quorum for the transaction of business shall consist of a majority of the members elected to the Senate.

37. No person shall be admitted within the bar of the Senate except the executive, members and officers of the House, state officers, judges of the supreme court and district courts, members of congress, those who have been members of congress, and the legislative assembly, members of the constitutional convention, and all federal officials of the state, except by a vote of the Senate.

38. Members of the Senate introducing bills in the nature of amendments to laws now existing shall designate in the title of such amendatory act the title of the act and shall have printed at length in the bill the section or sections to be amended.

39. All nominations from the executive shall be opened and read immediately in executive session and then be referred to their appropriate committees, unless otherwise ordered; and the final question on every nomination shall be: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a committee, unless by unanimous consent.

40. All bills reported from committees with amendments shall be engrossed before being read the third time and placed upon final passage.

41. All reports of committees and motions to discharge a committee from the consideration of a subject, and all subjects from which a committee shall be discharged, shall lie over one day for consideration unless, by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct.

42. No member or officer of the Senate, unless he from illness or other cause, shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session of the Senate during an entire day without first having obtained leave of absence, and no one shall be entitled to draw pay while absent more than one day without leave.

43. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, under the direction of the presiding officer, shall be the executive officer of the

body for the enforcement of all rules made by the committee on rules, for the regulation of the Senate wing of the capitol. The Senate floor shall be at all times under his immediate supervision, and he shall see that the various subordinate officers perform the duties to which they are especially assigned.

44. When a member rises to explain his vote upon any measure before the Senate, while the roll call is in progress, his words shall be taken down by the stenographer and printed in the journal; and upon request a member may have his remarks upon any question taken and extended on the record.

45. Upon a majority vote of the senate the presiding officer shall refuse to sign any bill which may have passed the senate, and which the house shall have refused to return for further consideration on being properly requested so to do.

### SENATE COMMITTEES.

*Judiciary*—Messrs. Little, chairman; Young, Sharpe, Crane, Talcott, Regan, Simpson, Cashel, Pierce, Hanna, Purcell, Koffel, Movius, Steele, Taylor.

*Education*—Talcott, chairman; Sharpe, Kraabel, Young, Cashel, McDonald, Rice, Stade, Spoonheim.

*Elections*—Hanna, chairman; Regan, Swenson, McDonald, Cashel, Stade, LaMoure, Kraabel, Palmer.

*Appropriations*—LaMoure, chairman, Taylor, Sharpe, Crane, Little, Cashel, Kraabel, McLean, Simpson, Hanna, Gilbert, Young, Sifton, Thatcher, Stade, Movius, Leutz.

*Railroads*—Gilbert, chairman; Swenson, Regan, Pierce, McArthur, Dyste, Johnson of McLean, Plain, Steele, Thatcher, Albright, Stade, Palmer.

*State Affairs*—Sharpe, chairman; Crane, Little, Regan, Swenson, Plain, Talcott, Johnson of Walsh, Gilbert, Strom, Rice, McDonald, LaMoure, Movius, Palmer.

*Public Lands*—Movius, chairman; Sifton, Halliday, McArthur, Talcott, McDonald, Ramsett, Purcell, Koffel.

*Ways and Means*—Kraabel, chairman; Movius, Johnson of Walsh, McArthur, Thatcher, Wagner, Simpson, Strom, Leutz.

*Agriculture*—Swenson, chairman; Plain, Talcott, McArthur, McLean, Albright, Kelly.

*Warehousing, Grain and Grain Grading*—Dyste, chairman; Sharpe, Johnson of McLean, McArthur, Johnson of Walsh, Turner, Kraabel, Ramsett, Albright, Palmer, Regan.

*Counties*—Johnson of McLean, chairman; Pierce, Crane, Simpson, Movius, Dyste, Thatcher, Steele, Rice.

*Engrossed and Enrolled Bills*—Young, chairman; Steele, Spoonheim, Dyste, Wagner.

*Banks and Banking*—Pierce, chairman; Cashel, Macdonald, Little, Dyste, Movius, Steele, Palmer, Leutz.

*Cities and Municipal Corporations*—Steele, chairman; Young, Simpson, Hanna, Stade, Johnson of Walsh, Turner.

*Indian Affairs*—Palmer, chairman; McDonald, Spoonheim, Wagner, Strom.

*Statistics*—Leutz, chairman; Dyste, Sifton, Thatcher, Halliday.

*Federal Relations*—McLean, chairman; Dyste, Taylor, McArthur, Pierce, Koffel, Leutz.

*Insurance*—Simpson, chairman; Pierce, Crane, Palmer, Wagner, Little, McDonald, Sifton, Kraabel.

*Public Health*—Taylor, chairman; Sifton, Thatcher, Steele, Halliday.

*Public Printing*—Plain, chairman; Taylor, Young, McLean, Kelly.

*Temperance*—Strom, chairman; Spoonheim, Talcott, Pierce, Gilbert, LaMoure, Plain, Thatcher, Halliday.

*Mines and Minerals*—Ramsett, chairman; Simpson, Plain, Sifton, McDonald, Johnson of McLean, Dyste.

*Rules*—Wagner, chairman; Little, Cashel, Young, Sharp, Talcott, Koffel.

*Immigration*—Ramsett, chairman; Palmer, Purcell, Johnson of Walsh, Turner.

*Highways, Bridges and Ferries*—McDonald, chairman; McLean, McArthur, Strom, Spoonheim, Stade, Kraabel.

*Irrigation and Drainage*—Cashel, chairman; Leutz, Plain, Swenson, Little, Simpson, Sifton.

*Apportionment*—Regan, chairman; Little, Plain, McDonald, Steele, Ramsett, Swenson, Johnson of Walsh, Movius, Kraabel, Rice, Johnson of McLean, Talcott, Kelly, Dyste.

*Corporations Other Than Municipal*—Crane, chairman; Movius, Cashel, Johnson of McLean, Johnson of Walsh, Regan, Koffel.

*Military Affairs*—Stade, chairman; Thatcher, Dyste, McArthur, LaMoure, Wagner, Rice.

*Woman Suffrage*—Johnson of Walsh, chairman; McLean, Strom, Taylor, Turner.

*Game and Fish*—Koffel, chairman; Taylor, Gilbert, Talcott, Crane, Pierce, Steele.

#### JOINT COMMITTEES.

*Public Buildings*—Simpson, chairman; Cashel, Hanna, Thatcher, Albright.

*Charitable Institutions*—Sifton, chairman; Gilbert, Spoonheim, Steele, Crane.

*Educational Institutions*—Talcott, chairman; Kelly, Rice, Taylor, Cashel, Stade, Ramsett.

*Penal Institutions*—Thatcher, chairman; Pierce, McLean, Purcell, Stade.

*State Library*—Albright, chairman; Crane, Purcell, Spoonheim, Plain.

*Joint Rules*—Rice, chairman; Little, Young, Cashel, Wagner, Sharpe, Talcott.

## HOUSE

1. The speaker shall take the chair at the time to which the House stands adjourned, and the House shall then be called to order, and the roll of members called and the names of the absentees entered upon the Journal of the House.

2. Upon the appearance of a quorum the Journal of the preceding day shall be referred to the committee on revision and correction. Any mistakes therein shall be corrected by the committee and reported to the House for action.

3. Thirty-one members of the House may order a call for the House and cause absent members to be sent for, but a call must not be made while a vote is being taken. The call being moved, the Speaker shall require those desiring the call to rise, and if thirty-one or more members shall rise the call shall be ordered. The call being ordered, the sergeant-at-arms shall close the door and allow no member to leave the room. The clerk shall then call the roll and furnish the sergeant-at-arms with a list of those members absent without leave, and that officer must proceed forthwith to find and bring in such absentees. While the House is under call no business can be transacted except to receive and act upon the report of the sergeant-at-arms and no motion is in order except a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, and said motion shall not be adopted unless a majority of all members-elect vote in favor thereof. Upon a report of the sergeant-at-arms showing that all members who were absent without leave, naming them, are present, the call shall be at an end, and the doors shall be opened, and the business pending at the time the call was made be proceeded with.

4. The Speaker shall preserve order and decorum and decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the House.

5. The Speaker shall vote on all questions taken by ayes and nays (except on appeals from his own decisions) and in all elections or decisions called for by any member.

6. When the House adjourns the members shall keep their seats until the speaker announces the adjournment.

7. Every member previous to his speaking shall rise from his seat and respectfully address "Mr. Speaker," and remain standing in his place before proceeding to speak until he is recognized by the chair.

8. When two or more members arise at the same time to speak the Speaker must designate the member who is to speak, but in all cases the member who shall rise first and address the chair may speak first.

9. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject without leave of the House, nor more than once until



every member choosing to speak on the subject pending shall have spoken, nor shall any member occupy more than ten minutes at the first time, nor more than five minutes at the second time, without unanimous consent of the House.

10. No motion shall be debated or put unless the same be seconded. It must then be stated by the Speaker before the debate and any such motion must be reduced to writing if the Speaker or any member desires it.

11. After the motion shall be stated by the Speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before amendment or decision, but all motions, resolutions or amendments must be entered on the Journal, whether rejected or adopted.

12. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend, to postpone indefinitely—which several motions shall have precedence in the order which they stand arranged.

13. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when a member is addressing the chair or a vote is being taken; that, and the motion to lay upon the table shall be decided without debate.

14. The previous question shall be set in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall be admitted only when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be to put an end to all debate and bring the House to a direct vote upon the amendments reported by a committee, if any, upon the pending amendments and then upon the main question. On a motion for the previous question, and prior to the seconding of the same, a call of the House shall be in order, but after a majority shall have seconded such motion, no call shall be in order prior to decision of the main question.

15. When the previous question is decided in the negative it shall leave the main question under debate for the remainder of the sitting unless sooner disposed of in some other manner.

16. All incidental questions of order arising after motion is made for the previous question, during the pendency of such motion, or after the House shall have determined that the main question shall be now put shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise without debate.

17. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker or by a member in his place.

18. Every member who is present, before the vote is declared from the chair, must vote for or against the question before the House, unless the House excuses him or unless he is immediately interested in the question, in which case he must not vote.

19. When the Speaker is putting the question, no member shall walk out of, or across the House, nor when a member is speaking, shall any person entertain any private discourse, or pass between the person speaking and the chair.

20. If a question in debate contains several propositions, any member may have the same divided.

21. A member called to order must immediately sit down unless permitted to explain, and the House, if appealed to, must decide the case. If there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall stand. On appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House. When a member is called to order for offensive language there shall be no debate.

22. A bill can only be introduced on the report of a committee or on a call for bills, or by a motion for leave.

23. Every bill, before being introduced, shall be in type-written form and shall have endorsed thereon its title, and every bill and resolution shall have endorsed thereon the name of the member introducing the same, and when ordered by a committee the name of such committee shall be endorsed thereon.

24. Every bill, memorial, order and resolution, requiring the approval of the governor, or a change in the constitution of the state of North Dakota, shall, after second reading, be referred to its appropriate committee, and if reported without amendment, shall pass to its third reading, unless otherwise ordered, and when amended it shall go to committee of the whole house.

25. All bills shall be properly engrossed before their final passage.

26. No amendment shall be received on the third reading, except to fill blanks, without unanimous consent of the House, but all bills and resolutions may be committed at any time previous to their passage. If any amendment be reported on such commitment by any other than a committee of the whole, it shall be read a second time, and the question of third reading and passage put.

27. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted, under color of amendment; no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therewith, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

28. In forming a committee of the whole House the Speaker shall appoint a chairman to preside.

29. Bills committed to the committee of the whole House shall be read, be open to amendment, and debated by sections, unless otherwise ordered, leaving the title to be last considered; all amendments shall be noted in writing and reported to the House by the chairman.

30. All questions, whether in committee, or in the House, shall be put in the order in which they are moved, except in the case of privileged questions, and in filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first put.

31. A similar mode of procedure shall be observed with bills which have originated in and passed the senate as with bills which have originated in the House, except that they shall not be printed nor engrossed or enrolled.

32. No motion for reconsideration shall be in order unless on the same day or the day following that on which the decision proposed to be considered took place, nor unless one of the majority shall move a consideration.

33. When notice of intention to move the reconsideration of any bill or joint resolution shall be given by a member, the clerk of the House shall retain the said bill or joint resolution until after the time during which the said motion can be made unless the same can previously be disposed of.

34. Any member who votes on the majority side of a question may move a reconsideration of the same, which motion shall be decided by a majority vote.

35. The rules of the House shall be observed in committee of the whole House so far as may be applicable except that the ayes and nays shall not be called, the previous question enforced nor the time of speaking limited.

36. A motion that the committee rise shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate.

37. No bill reported from standing or select committees or from the committee of the whole shall come up for a third reading until the first day after such report unless the House by a two-thirds vote otherwise orders.

38. Standing committees shall be appointed on the following subjects:

- On rules to consist of nine members.

- On mileage and per diem to consist of three members.

- On judiciary to consist of nineteen members.

- On ways and means to consist of eleven members.

- On railroads to consist of nineteen members.

- On appropriations to consist of seventeen members.

- On engrossment to consist of nine members.

- On enrollment to consist of nine members.

- On education to consist of thirteen members.

- On elections and privileges to consist of fifteen members.

- On municipal corporations to consist of nine members.

- On corporations other than municipal to consist of nine members.

- On agriculture to consist of thirteen members.

- On public printing to consist of nine members.

- On irrigation to consist of nine members.

- On insurance to consist of nine members.

- On banking to consist of eleven members.
- On labor to consist of nine members.
- On immigration to consist of nine members.
- On apportionment to consist of a member from each senatorial district.
- On schools and public lands to consist of nine members.
- On public health to consist of nine members.
- On military affairs to consist of nine members.
- On warehouses, grain grading and dealing to consist of fifteen members.
- On federal relations to consist of nine members.
- On temperance to consist of fifteen members.
- On highways, bridges and ferries to consist of nine members.
- On state affairs to consist of fifteen members.
- On supplies and expenditures to consist of nine members.
- On forestry to consist of nine members.
- On public debt to consist of nine members.
- On manufactures to consist of nine members.
- On counties and county boundaries to consist of nine members.
- On taxes and tax laws to consist of fifteen members.
- On coal lands and mining to consist of nine members.
- On live stock industry to consist of eleven members.
- On revision and correction of the Journal to consist of seven members.
- On game and fish to consist of nine members.

Also joint committees on the following subjects:

- On public buildings to consist of nine members.
- On charitable institutions to consist of nine members.
- On penal institutions to consist of nine members.
- On educational institutions to consist of nine members.
- On state library to consist of nine members.
- On joint rules to consist of nine members.

39. The first named member of each committee shall be the chairman and in his absence or being excused by the House the next named member and so on as often as the case shall happen, shall act as chairman.

40. The committee on engrossment shall examine all bills after they are engrossed and report the same to the House correctly engrossed before their third reading; said committee may report at any time.

41. The committee on enrollment shall examine all House bills and memorials which have passed the two houses, and when reported correctly enrolled, they shall be presented to the presiding officers of the House and senate for their signatures, and when so signed, presented to the governor for his approval; said committee may report at any time.

42. Select committees to whom reference shall have been made, must, in all cases, report a state of facts and their opinion thereon to the House.

43. In all cases where a bill, order or resolution, or motion shall be entered upon the Journal of the House, the name of the member moving the same shall be entered on the Journal.

44. No person shall be admitted within the bar of the House except the executive, members of the senate, state officers, judges of the supreme and district courts, members of congress, ex-members of the legislative assembly, delegates to the state constitutional convention, all federal officers of the state and reporters for newspapers, except by card of the Speaker. Any person lobbying on the floor of the House shall forfeit the privilege granted by this rule.

45. After calling the House to order the order of business for the day shall be as follows:

1. Prayer by the chaplain.
2. Calling the roll.
3. Reference of the Journal.
4. Presentations of petitions and communications.
5. Reports of standing committees.
6. Reports of select committees.
7. Motions and resolutions.
8. Unfinished business.
9. Introduction of bills and memorials.
10. First and second reading of House bills and memorials.
11. Third reading of the same.
12. Consideration of messages from the senate.
13. First and second reading of senate bills and memorials.
14. Third reading of the same.
15. Consideration of general orders.

46. Whenever the report of any committee of conference contains several modifications or amendments, any member may have the same divided, and the question of concurrence taken separately upon each modification or amendment.

47. When the House has arrived at "the general orders of the day" it shall go into committee of the whole upon such orders, or a particular order designated by a vote of the House, and no other business shall be in order until the whole are considered or passed, or the committee rise; and unless a particular bill is ordered up the committee of the whole shall consider, act upon, or pass the general order, according to the order of reference.

48. The Speaker may leave the chair, and appoint a member to preside, but not for a longer time than one day, except by leave of the House.

49. The rules of parliamentary practice adopted by the house of representatives of the United States shall govern

the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules of the House, and the joint rules and orders of the senate and House of Representatives.

50. No rule of the House shall be suspended, altered or amended without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the whole house.

51. The hour of daily meeting of the House shall be 2 o'clock in the afternoon, until the House directs otherwise.

52. The ayes and nays shall not be ordered unless demanded by one-sixth of the members present except on the final passage of bills, concurrent resolutions to amend the constitution, and memorials, in which case ayes and nays shall be had without demand.

53. In case all the members of any committee, required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon any report the majority and minority may each make a special report, and any member dissenting in whole or in part, from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority may also present to the House a statement of his reasonings and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language, and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

54. No smoking shall be allowed in the House while in session.

55. No member or any other person shall remain by the clerk's desk when the ayes and nays are being called.

56. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker or chairman of the committee of the whole shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

57. No member or officer of the House, unless he, from illness or other cause shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from a session of the House during an entire day without first having obtained leave of absence, and no one shall be entitled to draw pay while absent more than one day without leave.

58. Neither the chief clerk nor his assistant shall permit any records or papers belonging to the House to be taken out of their custody otherwise than in the regular course of business. The chief clerk shall report all missing bills, resolutions and papers to the Speaker; shall have general supervision of all clerical duties appertaining to the business of the House; shall perform, under the direction of the Speaker, all duties pertaining to the office, and shall also keep a book showing the situation and progress of all the bills, memorials and joint resolutions.

59. At least one day's notice shall be given of the introduction of any motion or resolution calling for or involving the expenditure of any money.

60. The chairmen of the different standing committees shall send to the chief clerk's desk, to be read previous to adjournment, notice of the time and place of meeting of such committee.

### HOUSE COMMITTEES.

*Rules*—Stevens, chairman; Sorley of Grand Forks, Casey, Burgum, Buttz, Peake, Shirley, Chapman, White.

*Mileage and Per Diem*—Watts, chairman; Law, Evans,

*Judiciary*—Sorley of Grand Forks, chairman; Casey, Stevens, Buttz, Johnson of Ward, Pugh, Shirley, Burdick, Mockler, Watts, Tufte, Sorlie of Traill, Piper, Connolly, Bernt Anderson of Ramsey, Ueland, White, Griffith, Rose.

*Ways and Means*—Brotnov, chairman; Nelson of Traill, Moore, Buttz, Hemmingse, Shirley, Putnam, Wake, Mathews, Thoreson, Johnson of Pembina.

*Railroads*—White, chairman; Burgum, Welford, Hanawalt, Oveson, Dibley, Parkhill, Syvertson, Aaker, Adams, Murphy, Cunningham, Garden, Halaas, Walker, Steen, Giedt, Thoreson, Griffith.

*Appropriations*—Peake, chairman; Casey, Treat, Welford, Anderson of Grand Forks, Moore, Purdon, Jones of Ransom, O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, Sinclair, Ueland, Rose, Stevens, Garden, Martin of Morton, Brodie, Nelson of Traill.

*Engrossment*—Aaker, chairman; Brotnov, Anderson of Grand Forks, Swendseid, Sinclair, Andrus, Rohs, Wedge, Elhard.

*Enrollment*—Pugh, chairman; Putnam, Hankinson, Johnson of Sargent, Syvertson, Adams, Streeter, Freeman, Simpson.

*Education*—Casey, chairman; Anderson of Grand Forks, Wedøe, Walker, Putnam, Johnson of Ward, Streeter, O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, Evans, Crawford, Swendseid, Blake, Pugh.

*Elections and Privileges*—Shirley, chairman; Watts, Walker, Sorley of Grand Forks, Casey, Halaas, Garden, Streeter, Gibbons, Bernt Anderson of Ramsey, Blegen, Graham, Stavens, Piper, Johnson of Pembina.

*Municipal Corporations*—Treat, chairman; Pugh, Purdon, Peake, Stevens, Johnson of Ward, Brodie, Ganssle, Anderson of Grand Forks.

*Corporations Other Than Municipal*—Jensen, chairman; Johnson of Pembina, Hosford, Dean, Flamer, Parkhill, Murphy, Schlenker, Jones of Barnes.

*Agriculture*—Swendseid, chairman; Nelson of Steele, Johnson of Sargent, Collins, Oveson, Hallick, Blegen, Grant, Hankinson, Mathews, Duncan, Carter, Brotnov.

*Public Printing*—Tufte, chairman; Gibbons, Streeter, Collins, Burdick, Simpson, Oveson, Walker, Restemayer.

*Irrigation*—Halaas, chairman; Duncan, Stevens, Freeman, Johnson of Ward, Chapman, Simpson, Evans, Schlenker.

*Insurance*—Midgarden, chairman; Moore, Restemayer, Haugen, Dibley, Andrus, Griffith, Shannafelt, Jensen.

*Labor*—Storey, chairman; Freeman, Monek, Crawford, Nelson of Steele, Parkhill, Flamer, Hallick, Morin.

*Immigration*—Burdick, chairman; Brodie, Church, Flamer, Simpson, Mathews, Hankinson, Grant, Griffith.

*Apportionment*—Putnam, chairman; Tufte, Restemayer, Hosford, Casey, Morin, Anderson of Grand Forks, Haugen, Sorlie of Traill, Dibley, Plath, Piper, Connolly, Blake, Jones of Ransom, Law, Stavens, Swendseid, Crawford, Graham, Duncan, O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, Gibbons, Monek, Ueland, Andrus, Storey, Mockler, Freeman, Johnson of Ward, Rohs, Evans, Shanafelt, Tofsrud, Schlenker, Elhard, Hanson, Jones of Barnes, White, McDowall.

*School and Public Lands*—Sorlie of Traill, chairman; Plath, Halaas, Hemmingsen, Miller, Carter, Martin of Billings, Putnam, Steen.

*Public Health*—Garden, chairman; Dibley, Connolly, Stavens, Murphy, Martin of Morton, Halaas, Johnson of Pembina, Walker.

*Military Affairs*—Purdon, chairman; Peake, Treat, Jones of Ransom, Monek, Rose, Johnson of Ward, Brodie, Midgarden.

*Warehouses and Grain Grading*—Piper, chairman; Brotnov, Church, Plath, Law, Griffith, Jones of Barnes, Giedt, Wedge, Carter, Storey, Miller, Blegen, Syvertson, Swendseid.

*Temperance*—Haugen, chairman; Jones of Barnes, Nelson of Traill, McDowall, Parkhill, Moore, Hemmingsen, Blegen, Andrus, Rohs, Elhard, Oveson, Church.

*Highways, Bridges and Ferries*—Blake, chairman; Miller, Dibley, Morin, Law, Storey, Hemmingsen, Chapman, Steen.

*State Affairs*—O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, chairman; Rohs, Tufte, Nelson of Traill, Hanson of Richland, Jensen, Martin of Morton, Graham, Jones of Ransom, Purdon, Burghum, Plath, Restemayer, Midgarden, Haugen.

*Supplies and Expenditures*—Blegen, chairman; Dean, Nelson of Steele, Church, Syvertson, Shannafelt, Thoreson, McDowall, Johnson of Pembina.

*Forestry*—Syvertson, chairman; Collins, Johnson of Sargent, Garden, Dean, Steen, Freeman, Hanson, Giedt.

*Public Debt*—Hanawalt, chairman; Watts, Mathews, Tofsrud, Sinclair, Aaker, Buttz, Flamer, Sorley of Grand Forks.

*Manufactures*—Connolly, chairman; Hallick, Treat, Miller, Murphy, Mockler, Simpson, Evans, Brotnov.

*Counties and County Boundaries*—Bernt Anderson of Ramsey, chairman; Carter, Evans, Shannafelt, Elhard, Burdick, Ganssle, Law, Schlenker.



*Taxes and Tax Laws*—Tofsrud, chairman; Ganssle, Grant, Halaas, Martin of Billings, Simpson, Andrus, Gibbons, Aaker, Nelson of Steele, Stavens, Collins, Sorley of Grand Forks, Welford, Hosford.

*Coal Lands and Mining*—Brodie, chairman; Schlenker, Rohs, Carter, Chapman, Freeman, Mockler, Streeter, Monek.

*Live Stock*—Duncan, chairman; Cunningham, Adams, Martin of Billings, Johnson of Sargent, Collins, Dean, Mathews, Grant, Thoreson.

*Banking*—Wedge, chairman; Blake, Treat, Peake, Burdick, Storey, Rohs, Martin of Billings, Wake, Tofsrud, White.

*Federal Relations*—Gibbons, chairman; Buttz, Dibley, O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, Adams, Cunningham, Mockler, Martin of Morton, Hankinson.

*Revision and Correction of Journals*—Graham, chairman; Crawford, Sinclair, Wake, Connolly, Tufte, Ganssle.

*Fish and Game Laws*—Thoreson, chairman; Wake, Chapman, Bernt Anderson of Ramsey, Parkhill, Burgum, Sorlie of Traill, Church, Hanawalt.

*Drainage*—Burgum, chairman; Cunningham, Wake, Hanson, Bernt Anderson of Ramsey, Jones of Ransom, Blake, Sorlie of Traill, Haugen, Hosford, Watts.

### JOINT COMMITTEES.

*Public Buildings*—Moore, chairman; Stavens, Pugh, Cunningham, Martin of Billings, Johnson of Pembina, Hanawalt, Schlenker, Hanson.

*Charitable Institutions*—Rose, chairman; Hallack, Flamer, Martin of Morton, Jensen, Grant, Nelson of Traill, McDowall, Hosford.

*Penal Institutions*—Griffith, chairman; Giedt, Tofsrud, Stevens, Adams, O. P. N. Anderson of Ramsey, Crawford, Plath, Welford.

*Educational Institutions*—Ueland, chairman; Ganssle, Thoreson, Evans, Duncan, Law, Buttz, Connolly, Piper.

*Joint Library*—Steen, chairman; Garden, Monek, Oveson, Dean, Mathews, Elhard, Hankinson, Jones of Barnes.

*Joint Rules*—Blegen, chairman; Sorley of Grand Forks, Burgum, Peake, Shirley, Streeter, Putnam, Shannafelt, Hankinson.

### JOINT RULES.

1. Each house shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be founded.
2. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed in one house is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the house in which the same may have passed.
3. Messages from one house to the other shall be communicated by the secretary of the senate and clerk of the

house of representatives, unless the house transmitting the message shall especially direct otherwise.

4. It shall be in the power of either house to amend any amendment made by the other to any bill or resolution.

5. In every case of a difference between the two houses upon any subject of legislation, if either house shall request a conference and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other house shall also appoint a committee, such committee shall meet at such hour and place as shall be agreed on by the chairman and state to each other, verbally or in writing, as either may choose, the reasons of their respective houses, and to confer freely thereon, and they shall be authorized to report to their respective houses such modifications as they think advisable.

6. It shall be in order for either house to recede from any subject matter of difference existing between the two houses at any time previous to a conference, whether the papers on which such difference has arisen are before the house receding formally or informally, and a majority shall govern except in cases where two-thirds are required by the constitution, and the question having been put and lost, shall not be again put the same day, and the consideration thereof in other respects shall be regulated by the rules of the respective houses.

7. After each house has adhered to its disagreement and the bill which is the subject of difference shall be deemed lost, it shall not be again revived during the same session in either house, unless by consent of three-fourths of the members present of the house reviving it.

8. The same bill shall not create, renew or continue more than one incorporation, nor contain any provision in relation to the altering of more than one act of incorporation, or shall the same bill appropriate public money or property for more than one purpose. Any bill appropriating moneys for the payment of the officers of the government shall be confined to that purpose exclusively.

9. No duplicate of any bill which may have been introduced and printed by one house shall, upon introduction into the other house, be printed by said other house, except by a two-thirds vote of all the members present.

10. No bill that shall have passed one house shall be sent for concurrence to the other on either of the last two days of the session, whenever a time shall have previously been fixed for the adjournment of the legislature.

11. The committee on enrolled bills in each of the two houses shall act jointly in the examination of all bills and resolutions before their presentation to the governor, either as a body or by such respective sub-committees as such committees may appoint for that purpose.

12. Whenever both houses, by the constitutional vote, direct that any act or resolution shall take effect immediately or at any time before July 1 following the session of the legislature, a proviso shall be added at the enrollment of the same in words to this effect: "This act shall take effect immediately (or in ..... days)."

13. Every resolution by which any money or other property of the state shall be donated or appropriated, or by which any expense to the state shall be incurred, or which shall have an operation or effect outside of the two houses of the legislature, except such appropriation and expenses as shall be for the exclusive use, necessity or convenience of the legislature, shall be either a joint or concurrent resolution, and shall take the same course as a bill, and shall be enrolled and presented to the governor for his signature before the same shall take effect.

14. Either house shall return any bill or resolution called for by resolution of the other house, if the bill or resolution is yet in possession of the house called upon, and no action thereon has been had. In case action has been had, then it shall require a two-thirds vote of the house asked, to return a bill or resolution called for.

#### JOINT CONVENTION RULES.

1. Joint conventions shall be held in the hall of the house of representatives, and the president of the senate shall preside.

2. The secretary of the senate and the clerk of the house of representatives shall be secretaries of the joint convention, and the proceedings of the convention shall be published with the journals of the house, and the final result as announced by the president on return of the senate to their chamber, shall be entered on the journal of the senate.

3. The rules of the house of representatives, as far as the same may be applicable, shall govern the proceedings in joint convention.

4. Whenever a president pro tem presides he shall be entitled to vote on all occasions, and in case of a tie the question shall be declared lost.

5. Joint conventions shall have the power to compel the attendance of absent members in the mode and under the penalties prescribed by the rules of the house to which such members respectively belong, and for that purpose the sergeant-at-arms of each house shall attend.

6. Joint conventions may adjourn from time to time, as may be found necessary; and it shall be the duty of the house of representatives to prepare to receive the senate, the senate to proceed to the hall of the house of representatives at the time fixed by law or resolution, or to which the joint convention may have adjourned.

## ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE, 1900 AND 1904.

STATES	Electoral Vote		Popular Vote			
	1900	1904	1900		1904	
	McKinley... R	Bryan... D	Roosevelt... R	Parker... D	McKinley... R	Bryan... D
Alabama	11	11	53,592	96,368	22,472	79,857
Arkansas	8	8	44,800	81,142	46,860	64,434
California	9	10	161,755	124,985	205,926	89,294
Colorado	4	5	93,072	122,733	134,687	100,105
Connecticut	6	7	102,572	74,014	111,089	72,909
Delaware	3	3	22,535	18,863	23,712	19,347
Florida	4	4	7,499	28,007	8,314	27,046
Georgia	13	13	35,056	81,700	24,203	83,472
Idaho	3	3	27,198	29,414	47,783	18,480
Illinois	24	27	597,985	503,061	632,645	327,606
Indiana	15	15	336,083	309,584	368,289	274,345
Iowa	13	13	307,818	209,463	307,907	149,141
Kansas	10	10	185,955	162,601	219,955	96,174
Kentucky	10	13	226,801	234,899	205,227	217,170
Louisiana	8	8	14,233	53,671	6,205	47,708
Maine	6	6	66,435	36,823	64,437	27,630
Maryland	8	1	136,185	122,238	109,497	109,446
Massachusetts	15	16	239,147	157,016	257,822	165,746

Michigan	14	....	14	....	316,269	211,885	361,866	134,170
Minnesota	9	....	11	....	190,461	112,501	214,978	68,631
Mississippi	....	9	....	10	5,753	51,706	3,147	63,280
Missouri	....	17	....	18	314,093	351,913	321,449	296,312
Montana	....	3	....	3	25,373	37,146	34,932	21,773
Nebraska	8	....	8	....	121,835	114,013	138,558	52,921
Nevada	....	3	....	3	8,849	6,347	6,867	3,982
New Hampshire	....	4	....	4	54,798	35,489	51,180	33,995
New Jersey	10	....	12	....	221,707	164,808	251,937	177,339
New York	36	....	30	....	821,992	678,306	859,533	683,981
North Carolina	....	11	....	12	132,080	157,733	82,470	124,121
North Dakota	3	....	4	....	35,886	20,519	52,658	14,296
Ohio	23	....	23	....	543,918	474,852	600,095	344,940
Oregon	4	....	4	....	46,528	32,810	60,455	17,521
Pennsylvania	32	....	34	....	712,065	424,232	840,949	335,430
Rhode Island	4	....	4	....	33,784	19,812	41,605	24,839
South Carolina	....	0	....	9	3,579	47,283	2,554	52,563
South Dakota	4	....	4	....	54,539	39,544	72,083	21,969
Tennessee	....	12	....	12	123,008	145,250	105,369	131,653
Texas	....	15	....	18	130,641	267,423	51,242	167,200
Utah	3	....	3	....	47,090	44,844	62,446	33,413
Vermont	4	....	4	....	42,500	12,849	40,453	9,777
Virginia	....	12	....	12	115,805	146,080	47,880	80,648
Washington	4	....	5	....	57,456	44,833	101,540	28,098
West Virginia	6	....	7	....	119,851	98,791	132,608	100,850
Wisconsin	12	....	13	....	265,916	159,284	280,164	124,107
Wyoming	3	....	3	....	14,482	10,164	20,489	8,030
Total	292	155	336	110	7,217,695	6,359,391	7,630,893	5,106,649
Plurality	137	....	196	....	858,304	.....	2,524,244	.....

\*Largest popular vote ever received by a candidate for president.

# THE VOTE ON THE ADOPTION OF THE CONSTITUTION AND PROHIBITION.

(First State Election October 1, 1889.)

Counties	Constitution		Prohibition	
	For	Against	For	Against
Barnes	1,673	8	861	745
Benson	523	45	292	212
Billings	57	1	4	53
Bottineau	450	116	365	228
Burleigh	1,083	2	269	799
Cass	4,049	31	1,739	2,156
Cavalier	684	269	634	439
Dickey	1,471	26	966	537
Eddy	381	13	212	158
Emmons	462	2	106	347
Foster	333	4	148	186
Grand Forks	687	1,930	1,534	1,432
Griggs	351	130	345	180
Kidder	340	3	186	151
LaMoure	818	11	414	395
Logan	90	.....	26	61
McHenry	257	7	163	101
McIntosh	394	.....	166	199
McLean	264	.....	69	170
Mercer	84	1	22	63
Morton	924	21	358	644
Nelson	127	660	540	276
Oliver	47	30	29	40
Pembina	1,762	830	1,483	1,137
Pierce	221	1	124	70
Ramsey	810	231	591	416
Ransom	1,110	23	670	557
Richland	1,409	251	1,011	885
Rolette	435	10	112	304
Sargent	973	177	620	577
Stark	610	.....	171	394
Steele	241	361	444	172
Stutsman	1,334	47	509	809
Towner	284	93	148	216
Trail	1,411	462	1,117	824
Walsh	606	2,248	1,760	1,132
Ward	350	43	220	138
Wells	336	.....	124	190
Total	27,441	8,107	18,552	17,393
Majority	19,334	.....	1,159	.....

**VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR,  
1889 AND 1890.**

Counties	Congress 1889		Governor 1889		Congress 1890		Governor 1890	
	Hansbrough .... R	Maratta ..... D	Miller ..... R	Roach ..... D	Johnson ..... R	Benton ..... D	Burke ..... R	Roach ..... D
Barnes ..	1,250	446	1,191	498	976	499	715	405
Benson ..	475	105	467	111	428	153	406	153
Billings ..	45	14	45	14	17	42	36	23
Bottineau ...	336	303	335	304	297	340	358	346
Burleigh ..	775	310	771	322	728	324	745	288
Cass .....	2,842	1,288	2,712	1,411	1,783	1,589	2,249	900
Cavalier ..	668	515	647	534	587	673	439	626
Dickey .....	1,088	507	1,087	506	762	490	761	441
Eddy .....	240	162	241	161	236	187	228	184
Emmons .....	392	73	391	78	334	221	342	212
Foster .....	237	126	235	131	206	139	204	140
Grand Forks	2,170	1,026	1,929	1,263	1,736	1,334	1,100	1,377
Griggs .....	341	209	346	205	393	227	386	212
Kidder .....	257	90	259	88	192	154	244	120
LaMoure .....	595	234	594	235	477	338	472	235
Logan .....	77	13	77	13	83	36	97	22
McHenry .....	220	64	219	68	285	66	140	61
McIntosh .....	375	20	375	20	393	115	373	106
McLean .....	222	41	223	41	167	42	169	39
Mercer .....	70	15	70	15	22	47	22	47
Morton .....	687	331	680	335	608	376	600	371
Nelson .....	665	223	628	260	534	247	412	203
Oliver .....	28	48	28	47	16	58	18	56
Pembina .....	1,563	1,217	1,553	1,241	1,229	1,320	1,000	923
Pierce .....	172	56	181	46	160	54	161	42
Ramsey .....	790	330	779	343	702	450	704	340
Ransom .....	998	252	998	261	785	289	723	237
Richland .....	1,194	790	1,199	771	934	1,032	899	1,008
Rolette .....	289	205	250	238	256	292	257	265
Sargent .....	1,138	110	1,027	216	844	320	584	174
Stark .....	434	170	432	182	377	201	357	204
Steele .....	549	92	546	92	509	76	326	57
Stutsman .....	863	547	818	603	571	592	576	548
Towner .....	188	241	184	244	197	237	207	229
Trall .....	1,525	470	1,524	469	1,432	516	963	418
Walsh .....	1,637	1,099	1,842	1,100	1,686	1,390	1,306	1,293
Ward .....	292	107	296	114	187	207	203	146
Wells .....	190	148	186	152	176	157	165	154
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>26,077</b>	<b>12,066</b>	<b>25,365</b>	<b>12,733</b>	<b>21,365</b>	<b>14,830</b>	<b>19,653</b>	<b>12,604</b>
<b>Majority ..</b>	<b>14,071</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>12,632</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>6,535</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>6,449</b>	<b>.....</b>

## VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1892.

Counties	Congress			Governor	
	Johnson.....R	O'Brien.....D	Foss.....F	Burke.....R	Shortridge.....F
Barnes .....	694	299	659	687	950
Benson .....	424	151	51	408	210
Billings .....	41	13	3	50	12
Bottineau .....	166	196	116	165	310
Burleigh .....	631	277	32	600	338
Cass .....	2,118	1,322	298	2,122	1,654
Cavalier .....	331	464	407	345	863
Dickey .....	521	83	561	502	670
Eddy .....	216	146	34	204	193
Emmons .....	278	119	11	285	124
Foster .....	193	140	27	195	153
Grand Forks .....	1,579	906	712	1,512	1,676
Griggs .....	263	73	261	226	368
Kidder .....	214	82	69	212	150
LaMoure .....	348	153	268	324	445
Logan .....	88	22	10	94	26
McHenry .....	184	76	42	181	119
McIntosh .....	283	48	71	273	126
McLean .....	112	41	24	70	111
Mercer .....	36	48	2	30	56
Morton .....	551	377	37	535	442
Nelson .....	437	136	426	431	569
Oliver .....	37	45	4	35	52
Pembina .....	1,013	901	697	1,082	1,538
Pierce .....	120	42	16	120	59
Ramsey .....	461	557	65	570	503
Ransom .....	593	188	362	592	566
Richland .....	907	909	155	842	1,175
Rolette .....	253	194	22	294	177
Sargent .....	511	135	392	464	569
Stark .....	325	176	62	361	207
Steele .....	415	60	287	353	411
Stutsman .....	655	461	63	623	574
Towner .....	155	219	17	174	229
Traill .....	1,151	368	318	1,002	803
Walsh .....	1,031	1,263	836	893	2,226
Ward .....	183	115	16	186	121
Wells .....	169	130	22	152	171
Williams .....	40	45	14	42	49
Total ..	17,727	11,040	7,468	17,236	18,995
Majority ..	6,687	.....	.....	.....	1,759



## VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1894.

Counties	Congress			Governor			
	Johnson..... R	Muir..... Pop	Ellis..... Pro	Reeve..... Ind	Allen..... R	Kinter..... D	Wallace..... Pop
Barnes .....	738	853	39	67	850	217	209
Benson .....	430	173	6	4	458	83	93
Billings .....	65	14			64	21	2
Bottineau .....	343	377	10	13	408	228	179
Burleigh .....	614	384	6	21	650	202	216
Cass .....	2,003	1,277	31	108	2,256	758	727
Cavalier .....	506	899	17	25	594	593	367
Dickey .....	544	633	10	22	584	107	566
Eddy .....	234	169	5	15	267	83	101
Emmons .....	356	206	3	1	377	193	22
Foster .....	194	151	4	9	203	65	91
Grand Forks .....	1,865	1,003	35	176	2,155	595	713
Griggs .....	337	302	3	11	345	44	283
Kidder .....	178	107	2	3	172	34	101
LaMoure .....	443	345	8	12	447	194	238
Logan .....	123	30	1		110	10	37
McHenry .....	230	156	9	5	260	57	104
McIntosh .....	422	56	2	5	440	27	41
McLean .....	114	71	1	15	124	32	57
Mercer .....	106	12	3	2	111	5	6
Morton .....	728	380	3	11	731	217	214
Nelson .....	634	462	12	5	645	94	383
Oliver .....	69	43	1	3	65	40	16
Pembina .....	1,252	1,400	51	194	1,332	686	920
Pierce .....	180	56	2	6	216	22	35
Ramsey .....	804	389	24	32	845	296	118
Ransom .....	665	453	14	31	745	114	387
Richland .....	1,243	832	24	63	1,351	810	156
Rolette .....	307	178	3	15	328	168	29
Sargent .....	508	575	10	28	577	120	515
Stark .....	525	179	5	7	534	97	131
Steele .....	500	293	4	4	531	23	313
Stutsman .....	490	573	12	24	614	314	265
Towner .....	259	167	10	39	277	192	29
Traill .....	1,315	440	41	108	1,480	181	296
Walsh .....	1,481	1,628	11	109	1,716	999	711
Ward .....	349	132	8	3	345	91	66
Wells .....	411	215	9	27	450	144	105
Williams .....	50	47			66	32	12
Total ..	21,615	15,660	439	1,283	23,723	8,188	9,354
Majority ..	4,233				6,181		

## VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1896.

Counties	President		Congress		Governor	
	McKinley .....R	Bryan.....D	Johnson.....R	Rutke.....D	Briggs .....R	Richardson .....F
Barnes ....	986	977	957	984	981	991
Benson ....	549	227	527	231	537	543
Billings ....	78	27	79	25	80	24
Bottineau ..	369	389	378	397	376	385
Burleigh ....	729	338	709	359	763	317
Cass .....	3,050	2,089	2,911	2,191	3,060	2,107
Cavalier ....	730	1,158	667	1,175	666	1,027
Dickey .....	619	587	596	599	613	593
Eddy .....	278	243	280	210	282	241
Emmons .....	300	168	301	170	316	160
Foster .....	216	143	217	143	217	149
Grand Forks ..	2,432	1,893	2,191	2,015	2,208	2,043
Griggs .....	318	360	317	358	308	357
Kidder .....	176	104	178	104	189	90
LaMoure ....	460	401	467	392	473	382
Logan .....	70	25	70	27	71	22
McHenry .....	217	166	221	153	222	147
McIntosh ....	336	66	343	61	348	60
McLean .....	124	79	117	69	126	68
Mercer .....	115	28	117	17	122	11
Morton .....	752	393	733	406	811	354
Nelson .....	616	603	594	628	614	605
Oliver ....	59	58	59	58	63	57
Pembina ....	1,687	1,807	1,585	1,800	1,467	2,048
Pierce .....	222	75	226	64	231	61
Ramsey .....	869	665	824	682	856	633
Ransom .....	766	579	762	585	768	593
Richland ....	1,843	1,160	1,724	1,206	1,827	1,118
Rollette .....	306	331	231	432	310	315
Sargent .....	587	636	582	653	592	644
Stark .....	530	216	522	183	568	149
Steele .....	572	322	572	321	563	335
Stutsman ....	705	578	671	583	727	546
Towner .....	303	394	265	436	324	363
Traill .....	1,673	674	1,661	687	1,629	711
Walsh .....	1,707	2,134	1,641	2,125	1,669	2,153
Ward .....	299	193	263	226	276	197
Wells .....	584	317	582	304	572	313
Williams ....	103	83	93	83	93	89
Total .....	26,335	20,646	25,233	21,172	25,918	20,690
Majority .....	5,649	.....	4,061	.....	5,228	.....

Note.—There were 358 votes cast in the state for Levering (Pro.) electors, and 349 votes cast for Gordon, prohibition nominee for congress.

## VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1898.

Counties	Congress		Governor	
	Spalding ..... R	Creel ..... F	Fancher ..... R	Holmes ..... F
Barnes .....	1,151	787	1,167	819
Benson .....	691	304	732	269
Billings .....	89	9	92	6
Bottineau .....	509	472	514	482
Burleigh .....	706	231	778	163
Cass .....	2,615	1,396	2,609	1,463
Cavalier .....	932	680	932	812
Dickey .....	696	523	713	527
Eddy .....	391	179	398	202
Emmons .....	364	228	404	105
Foster .....	286	232	304	217
Grand Forks .....	2,226	1,438	1,409	2,563
Griggs .....	396	337	377	365
Kidder .....	219	61	229	62
LaMoure .....	612	367	600	381
Logan .....	135	16	137	16
McHenry .....	290	214	291	212
McIntosh .....	587	35	585	49
McLean .....	276	71	299	52
Mercer .....	172	26	190	9
Morton .....	862	511	867	514
Nelson .....	760	644	730	681
Oliver .....	83	73	94	67
Pembina .....	1,537	1,077	1,549	1,237
Pierce .....	326	115	328	108
Ramsey .....	604	774	771	550
Ransom .....	758	601	779	614
Richland .....	1,602	1,337	1,594	1,351
Rolette .....	400	344	427	320
Sargent .....	684	485	686	498
Stark .....	506	269	547	242
Steele .....	596	231	614	252
Stutsman .....	846	554	821	652
Towner .....	469	281	460	291
Traill .....	1,460	425	1,289	659
Walsh .....	1,583	1,795	1,548	1,928
Ward .....	490	223	523	194
Wells .....	722	392	774	371
Williams .....	145	107	147	163
Total .....	27,776	17,844	27,308	19,496
Majority .....	9,932	.....	7,812	.....

# VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1900.

Counties	President		Congress		Governor	
	McKinley ... R	Bryan ..... D	Marshall ... R	Hildreth .... D	White ..... R	Wipperfman.. D
Barnes .. ..	1,324	1,077	1,285	1,076	1,527	903
Benson .. ..	1,084	319	1,097	308	1,063	346
Billings .. ..	158	51	152	56	146	64
Bottineau .. ..	728	628	715	630	721	622
Burleigh .. ..	679	339	659	359	662	361
Cass .....	3,485	1,636	3,209	1,968	3,333	1,830
Cavalier .. ..	1,361	1,211	1,342	1,171	1,317	1,220
Dickey .....	763	567	771	575	739	597
Eddy .....	455	235	443	246	444	249
Emmons .....	433	311	426	305	415	323
Foster .....	415	241	417	251	411	261
Grand Forks ..	2,603	1,352	2,505	1,554	2,481	1,617
Griggs .....	527	407	493	437	516	413
Kidder .....	225	70	226	80	219	87
LaMoure .....	597	405	583	432	565	458
Logan .....	231	35	231	32	173	106
McHenry .....	595	222	591	215	577	237
McIntosh .....	658	125	669	110	602	181
McLean .....	587	110	581	104	577	122
Mercer .....	269	41	262	39	221	82
Morton .....	1,056	536	1,026	550	956	626
Nelson .....	994	576	952	611	950	613
Oliver .....	110	75	97	79	81	101
Pembina .....	1,732	1,321	1,674	1,341	1,651	1,369
Pierce .....	535	276	529	270	528	276
Ramsey .....	1,147	496	1,133	477	1,105	532
Ransom .....	924	499	899	511	903	526
Richland .....	2,067	1,399	1,991	1,456	1,636	1,864
Rolette .....	566	355	571	346	575	345
Sargent .....	765	564	763	672	731	609
Stark .....	780	426	752	409	704	435
Steele .....	724	214	715	203	685	177
Stutsman .....	1,077	711	1,049	709	1,020	759
Towner .....	805	454	786	442	780	456
Traill .....	1,537	409	1,463	468	1,339	594
Walsh .....	1,807	1,804	1,753	1,803	1,730	1,841
Ward .....	880	364	871	376	847	409
Wells .....	966	388	959	406	873	516
Williams .....	249	95	247	98	249	98
Total .....	35,898	20,531	34,887	21,175	34,052	22,275
Majority .....	15,367	.....	13,712	.....	11,777	.....

Note.—Woolley (pro.) for president received 731 votes; Debs (soc.-dem.) 520 and Barker (peoples) 111. For congress Mott (pro.) received 585; Charcot (soc.-dem.) 412 and Blair (peoples) 122. For governor, Carlton (pro.) received 560; Poague (soc.-dem.) 425, and Major (peoples) 213.

## VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1902.

Counties	Representatives in Congress					Governor		
	Marshall.....R	Spalding.....R	Lovell.....D	Ueland.....D	King.....S	White.....R	Cronan.....D	Grant.....A. S
Barnes .. ..	1,201	1,178	391	434	116	1,368	437	108
Benson .. ..	1,263	1,228	379	388	11	1,207	441	17
Billings .. ..	132	138	18	18	1	132	22	1
Bottineau .. .	1,144	1,132	756	780	53	1,115	815	52
Burleigh .. .	755	747	332	340	13	723	395	6
Cass .. ..	2,255	2,375	799	778	170	1,858	1,415	154
Cavalier .. .	1,265	1,276	882	885	39	1,297	968	42
Dickey .. ..	741	673	337	376	34	691	360	38
Eddy .. ..	424	414	156	153	12	415	165	14
Emmons .. ..	407	411	230	237	7	411	229	8
Foster .. ..	472	469	258	254	4	409	339	6
Grand Forks ..	1,897	1,995	907	933	59	1,596	1,538	70
Griggs .. ..	443	422	237	257	21	409	298	21
Kidder .. ..	254	250	44	40	1	259	52	1
LaMoure .. .	630	606	269	311	19	593	322	17
Logan .. ..	272	267	11	11	1	271	12	1
McHenry .. .	1,175	1,154	399	397	50	1,169	441	56
McIntosh .. .	498	498	19	19	1	497	22	1
McLean .. ..	658	643	59	64	8	635	81	11
Mercer .. ..	207	208	2	2	1	212	4	
Morton .. ..	941	951	398	400	15	922	447	14
Nelson .. ..	883	880	404	422	81	838	438	113
Oliver .. ..	97	97	52	53	1	100	55	
Pembina .. .	1,586	1,598	924	921	5	1,585	1,014	4
Pierce .. ..	578	557	240	251	21	547	287	20
Ramsey .. ..	1,000	995	241	261	38	975	293	46
Ransom .. ..	901	882	258	264	29	858	317	34
Richland .. .	1,609	1,612	1,315	1,338	33	1,563	1,419	36
Rolette .. ..	606	614	351	355	36	592	407	35
Sargent .. ..	725	693	319	338	51	690	358	45
Stark .. ..	511	511	231	231	19	498	271	18
Steele .. ..	344	350	32	42	22	310	76	25
Stutsman .. .	1,013	1,006	485	483	15	971	587	16
Towner .. ..	707	700	379	373	18	707	426	18
Trail .. ..	930	941	173	196	29	795	352	33
Walsh .. ..	1,505	1,498	1,251	1,281	65	1,433	1,463	66
Ward .. ..	1,782	1,723	520	539	58	1,824	607	66
Wells .. ..	913	910	246	261	37	884	294	30
Williams .. .	252	252	88	89	1	254	111	2
Total ..	32,986	32,854	14,392	14,765	1,195	31,613	17,576	1,245
Plurality	18,594	18,089				14,037		

**OFFICIAL VOTE FOR NORTH DAKOTA.**

(Ninth General Election, November 8, 1904.)

**PRESIDENT.**

County	Roosevelt, R	Parker, D
Barnes .....	2,041	451
Benson .....	1,111	143
Billings .....	256	87
Bottineau .....	2,094	753
Burleigh .....	1,340	237
Cass .....	3,788	609
Cavalier .....	1,664	771
Dickey .....	998	336
Eddy .....	596	162
Emmons .....	653	281
Foster .....	618	223
Grand Forks .....	2,807	828
Griggs .....	688	232
Kidder .....	447	63
LaMoure .....	860	195
Logan .....	454	31
McHenry .....	1,807	556
McIntosh .....	736	58
McLean .....	1,928	219
Mercer .....	252	17
Morton .....	1,474	321
Nelson .....	1,284	340
Oliver .....	241	46
Pembina .....	1,870	743
Pierce .....	921	284
Ramsey .....	1,523	386
Ransom .....	1,257	253
Richland .....	2,420	1,116
Rolette .....	912	366
Sargent .....	1,045	310
Stark .....	703	231
Steele .....	817	69
Stutsman .....	1,856	453
Towner .....	1,022	436
Traill .....	1,566	176
Walsh .....	2,042	1,113
Ward .....	4,349	914
Wells .....	1,330	209
Williams .....	825	316
Total .....	52,595	14,273
Majority .....	38,322	

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Counties	T. F. Marshall .. R	A. J. Gronna ... R	N. P. Rasmussen D	A. G. Burr ..... D	L. F. Dow .... Soc	E. D. Herring Soc	N. A. Colby .. Pro	B. H. Tibbets Pro
Barnes . . .	1,658	1,603	827	521	96	96	49	56
Benson . . .	1,131	1,055	150	160	12	12	36	36
Billings . . .	227	220	36	34	3	4	4	3
Bottineau . .	1,826	1,730	915	1,104	120	112	36	27
Burleigh . . .	1,263	1,233	244	240	19	19	9	9
Cass . . . . .	3,626	3,497	648	630	149	141	178	158
Cavalier . . .	1,577	1,580	751	741	38	36	13	12
Dickey . . . .	990	922	353	350	53	57	15	47
Eddy . . . . .	550	539	166	166	12	13	12	11
Emmons . . .	641	633	287	287	11	11	6	5
Foster . . . .	577	550	243	237	8	8	6	6
Grand Forks .	2,614	2,546	940	997	137	113	50	51
Griegs . . . .	565	567	276	244	35	37	16	18
Kidder . . . .	413	400	65	62	4	4	6	6
LaMoure . . .	796	765	197	199	43	43	8	10
Logan . . . . .	451	449	32	31	4	4	0	0
McHenry . . .	1,713	1,656	565	560	53	52	22	21
McIntosh . . .	741	738	42	40	2	2	0	0
McLean . . . .	1,855	1,832	225	222	13	12	18	17
Mercer . . . .	262	265	13	14	0	0	1	1
Morton . . . .	1,413	1,389	337	335	24	22	5	5
Nelson . . . .	1,181	1,203	413	378	66	63	22	25
Oliver . . . . .	217	210	55	53	2	2	7	6
Pembina . . .	1,762	1,720	785	799	3	3	43	40
Pierce . . . . .	862	831	298	302	31	30	14	12
Ramsey . . . .	1,440	1,406	410	428	57	56	17	20
Ransom . . . .	1,169	1,158	306	284	28	29	35	36
Richland . . .	2,195	2,177	1,184	1,153	51	50	28	28
Roette . . . .	817	797	407	420	71	67	11	12
Sargent . . . .	1,001	997	361	350	68	77	13	12
Stark . . . . .	641	599	215	209	24	25	1	2
Steele . . . . .	767	755	91	76	23	26	27	25
Stutsman . . .	1,734	1,651	498	500	22	21	26	25
Towner . . . .	946	912	441	448	45	47	12	11
Traill . . . . .	1,458	1,406	194	198	54	54	83	82
Walsh . . . . .	1,877	1,831	1,141	1,152	84	83	28	30
Ward . . . . .	4,096	3,600	975	950	199	195	75	71
Wells . . . . .	1,282	1,263	222	217	61	61	24	24
Williams . . .	777	753	311	307	9	10	11	11
Totals . . . .	49,111	47,648	15,622	15,308	1,734	1,697	967	971
Plurality . . .	33,489	32,250						

Scattering—Benson, 2; Cass, 11; Griegs, 1; Kidder, 1; Morton, 1; Pierce, 1; Ransom, 1; Sargent, 1; Walsh, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## JUDGES SUPREME COURT.

Counties	N. C. Young . . . . R	Edward Engerud R
Barnes . . . . .	1,893	1,750
Benson . . . . .	1,076	1,090
Billings . . . . .	226	215
Bottineau . . . . .	1,889	1,914
Burleigh . . . . .	1,260	1,248
Cass . . . . .	3,693	3,731
Cavalier . . . . .	1,602	1,547
Dickey . . . . .	961	954
Eddy . . . . .	555	554
Emmons . . . . .	639	641
Foster . . . . .	586	576
Grand Forks . . . . .	2,761	1,744
Griggs . . . . .	594	601
Kidder . . . . .	407	411
LaMoure . . . . .	804	791
Logan . . . . .	454	447
McHenry . . . . .	1,709	1,699
McIntosh . . . . .	747	747
McLean . . . . .	1,848	1,853
Mercer . . . . .	262	257
Morton . . . . .	1,415	1,406
Nelson . . . . .	1,201	1,225
Oliver . . . . .	221	212
Pembina . . . . .	1,865	1,865
Pierce . . . . .	867	850
Ramsey . . . . .	1,482	1,495
Ransom . . . . .	1,186	1,202
Richland . . . . .	2,242	2,254
Rolette . . . . .	858	871
Sargent . . . . .	1,020	1,022
Stark . . . . .	643	618
Steele . . . . .	767	783
Stutsman . . . . .	1,738	1,704
Towner . . . . .	1,049	959
Traill . . . . .	1,495	1,521
Walsh . . . . .	1,902	1,931
Ward . . . . .	4,121	4,037
Wells . . . . .	1,303	1,321
Williams . . . . .	773	778
Total . . . . .	50,118	49,824

Scattering—Benson, 1; Nelson, 1; Pierce, 1; Ward, 4.



## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Governor				Lieutenant Governor			
	E. V. Sarles ... R	M. F. Hegge ... D	Arthur Bassett Soc	H. H. Aaker . Pro	David Bartlett . R	G. S. Cryne .... D	H. J. Smith .. Soc	E. A. Taylor .. Pro
Barnes .....	1,801	622	100	78	1,812	541	110	76
Benson .....	1,017	191	12	50	1,068	155	10	43
Billings .....	231	34	5	3	228	33	5	3
Bottineau .....	1,799	987	123	43	1,857	902	129	39
Burleigh .....	1,255	245	22	8	1,243	241	21	8
Cass .....	3,600	648	143	249	3,637	612	143	178
Cavalier .....	1,499	819	36	12	1,537	758	36	12
Dickey .....	943	370	61	23	944	366	62	24
Eddy .....	542	167	13	17	551	164	13	13
Emmons .....	638	286	10	7	638	288	11	4
Foster .....	559	265	8	4	570	248	9	4
Grand Forks .....	2,503	1,131	117	66	2,646	932	117	53
Griggs .....	533	277	30	108	593	256	26	78
Kidder .....	398	79	3	5	407	76	2	6
LaMoure .....	775	206	45	11	789	209	44	10
Logan .....	453	31	4	0	451	33	4	0
McHenry .....	1,697	604	67	28	1,702	580	66	24
McIntosh .....	736	43	2	0	736	42	2	0
McLean .....	1,856	240	15	17	1,855	226	13	17
Mercer .....	261	11	0	1	263	14	0	1
Morton .....	1,406	346	23	4	1,405	342	24	4
Nelson .....	1,151	435	68	37	1,195	389	73	24
Oliver .....	217	59	2	8	216	57	2	8
Pembina .....	1,774	787	3	41	1,752	761	3	54
Pierce .....	844	318	34	19	857	299	33	13
Ramsey .....	1,429	458	59	24	1,471	386	56	17
Ransom .....	1,139	321	26	39	1,153	299	29	35
Richland .....	2,132	1,228	49	42	2,178	1,183	53	36
Rolette .....	813	415	74	13	817	398	71	13
Sargent .....	1,002	390	70	13	978	378	68	17
Stark .....	660	217	26	3	540	311	26	1
Steele .....	631	205	19	56	753	83	27	34
Stutsman .....	1,715	515	23	27	1,720	497	22	25
Towner .....	945	463	50	10	957	453	46	10
Traill .....	1,107	579	47	148	1,420	228	52	90
Walsh .....	1,857	1,184	79	40	1,875	1,134	90	35
Ward .....	4,053	1,020	216	83	4,076	956	210	76
Wells .....	1,274	230	63	37	1,280	212	65	33
Williams .....	781	318	8	14	772	299	9	10
Totals ..	48,026	16,744	1,760	1,388	48,942	15,791	1,782	1,128
Plurality	31,282	.....	.....	.....	33,151	.....	.....	.....

Scattering—For governor, Barnes, 1; Pierce, 1. For lieutenant governor, Pierce, 26.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Secretary of State				State Auditor			
	E. F. Porter ... R	J. O. Keefe .... D	E. J. Beale .. Soc	O. J. Swenson Pro	H. L. Holmes ... R	B. F. Brockhoff . D	O. F. Setterstrom Soc	John Dynes .. Pro
Barnes .....	1,831	532	109	60	1,878	503	103	67
Benson .....	1,072	139	11	45	1,074	143	12	42
Billings .....	225	30	3	3	224	35	5	2
Bottineau .....	1,915	891	126	41	1,873	895	127	37
Burleigh .....	1,241	242	20	9	1,242	226	20	9
Cass .....	3,629	587	112	170	3,629	583	147	172
Cavalier ....	1,555	733	37	9	1,546	741	37	10
Dickey .....	946	357	61	23	949	365	63	22
Eddy .....	552	167	11	13	552	165	14	11
Emmons .....	633	284	11	5	637	285	10	5
Foster .....	597	241	8	4	590	241	8	4
Grand Forks .....	2,651	924	113	53	2,539	1,116	108	51
Grieggs .....	582	210	32	83	582	245	32	29
Kidder .....	407	72	4	6	409	70	3	5
LaMoure .....	797	204	44	10	787	204	44	11
Logan .....	451	31	4	2	453	29	4	2
McHenry .....	1,698	571	62	25	1,709	572	67	25
McIntosh ....	731	45	1	0	725	32	20	0
McLean .....	1,659	210	13	16	1,658	211	5	16
Mercer .....	264	13	0	1	264	13	0	1
Morton .....	1,401	345	33	3	1,400	342	23	4
Nelson .....	1,194	374	68	27	1,193	387	71	24
Oliver .....	215	53	2	8	219	56	2	8
Pembina .....	1,717	829	3	37	1,849	744	2	41
Pierce .....	860	269	30	13	851	295	33	13
Ramsey .....	1,452	395	58	25	1,470	389	57	16
Ransom .....	1,172	243	29	33	1,163	261	28	34
Richland .....	2,182	1,180	53	33	2,186	1,181	53	30
Rolette .....	829	390	73	13	831	392	71	11
Sargent .....	998	354	69	13	994	356	69	13
Stark .....	621	213	25	3	627	210	28	2
Steele .....	769	69	23	34	777	70	25	29
Stutsman .....	1,718	501	23	24	1,728	485	21	27
Towner .....	958	449	38	9	958	430	43	9
Trail .....	1,481	171	51	82	1,470	174	53	79
Walsh .....	1,871	1,147	82	31	1,889	1,131	89	34
Ward .....	4,104	930	197	81	4,108	933	201	74
Wells .....	1,291	183	61	37	1,289	187	60	39
Williams ....	786	306	9	10	789	306	8	10
Totals..	49,255	14,916	1,729	1,103	49,301	15,003	1,766	1,071
Plurality	34,339	.....	.....	.....	34,298	.....	.....	.....

Scattering—State auditor, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	State Treasurer				Superintendent of Public Instruction		
	A. Peterson . . . . R	R. B. Cox . . . . . D	Halvor Johnson Soc	P. L. Bervig . Pro	W. L. Stockwell R	C. C. Schmidt . . D	K. V. King . . Soc
Barnes . . . . .	1,799	600	114	59	1,801	535	121
Benson . . . . .	1,069	155	11	38	1,079	155	10
Billings . . . . .	226	34	4	3	228	38	7
Bottineau . . . . .	1,885	877	129	42	2,237	1,010	138
Burleigh . . . . .	1,252	229	21	9	1,428	253	52
Cass . . . . .	3,625	623	145	152	3,763	633	177
Cavalier . . . . .	1,559	755	36	10	2,078	966	42
Dickey . . . . .	947	361	57	23	1,220	475	86
Eddy . . . . .	543	172	11	14	552	178	15
Emmons . . . . .	635	318	12	5	705	302	14
Foster . . . . .	575	245	9	4	695	279	9
Grand Forks . . . . .	2,654	915	122	50	2,692	835	120
Griggs . . . . .	581	249	28	80	768	285	49
Kidder . . . . .	406	63	14	4	514	69	6
LaMoure . . . . .	783	202	59	10	959	328	58
Logan . . . . .	449	35	4	0	454	34	4
McHenry . . . . .	1,689	600	63	26	1,742	597	71
McIntosh . . . . .	723	45	1	0	725	54	2
McLean . . . . .	1,857	229	11	17	2,097	234	18
Mercer . . . . .	263	13	0	1	263	14	2
Morton . . . . .	1,406	337	24	4	1,402	348	26
Nelson . . . . .	1,197	383	73	22	1,339	386	83
Oliver . . . . .	217	52	2	8	252	67	7
Pembina . . . . .	1,745	795	3	41	3,209	931	5
Pierce . . . . .	849	309	33	14	950	321	33
Ramsey . . . . .	1,479	392	58	15	1,796	446	69
Ransom . . . . .	1,164	288	30	32	1,550	368	31
Richland . . . . .	2,180	1,187	51	32	2,679	1,492	66
Rolette . . . . .	830	392	75	11	840	394	70
Sargent . . . . .	950	407	72	14	949	371	83
Stark . . . . .	624	211	27	1	804	253	37
Steele . . . . .	777	67	28	29	789	69	33
Stutsman . . . . .	1,704	505	21	23	1,845	726	21
Towner . . . . .	954	442	43	9	965	444	42
Trails . . . . .	1,444	209	52	87	1,538	177	61
Walsh . . . . .	1,886	1,128	90	31	2,092	1,038	84
Ward . . . . .	3,976	1,120	200	75	4,427	1,056	217
Wells . . . . .	1,290	208	63	32	1,314	218	63
Williams . . . . .	783	318	9	9	920	343	16
Totals . . . . .	48,975	15,471	1,805	1,036	55,660	16,722	2,048
Plurality . . . . .	33,504				37,938		

Scattering—For state treasurer, Barnes 1. For state superintendent, Griggs 1, LaMoure 1, Ramsey 1, Traill 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Attorney General			Commissioner of Agriculture		
	C. N. Fritch .... R	Siver Scrumpard D	Arthur LeSueur Soc	W. C. Gilbreath R	Robert Schulz .. D	N.H. Bjornstead Soc
Barnes .....	1,819	567	101	1,805	593	111
Benson .....	1,048	181	12	1,065	158	16
Billings .....	224	32	3	221	38	4
Bottineau .....	1,787	999	130	1,861	903	127
Burleigh .....	1,245	227	19	1,251	228	18
Cass .....	3,640	636	155	3,639	627	158
Cavalier .....	1,544	767	34	1,556	740	88
Dickey .....	934	358	65	939	366	80
Eddy .....	548	171	11	543	168	13
Emmons .....	635	235	10	629	299	11
Foster .....	570	253	9	569	251	9
Grand Forks ..	2,615	956	128	2,668	893	122
Griggs .....	548	302	28	582	252	34
Kidder .....	401	76	4	404	70	4
LaMoure .....	783	211	46	782	209	49
Logan .....	454	32	4	451	31	4
McHenry .....	1,684	608	60	1,704	588	67
McIntosh .....	720	56	2	721	55	2
McLean .....	1,850	228	17	1,849	224	17
Mercer .....	257	14	0	257	14	0
Morton .....	1,390	341	25	1,384	366	25
Nelson .....	1,161	453	61	1,183	392	80
Oliver .....	222	54	2	220	57	2
Pembina .....	1,761	780	2	1,763	786	2
Pierce .....	836	321	30	847	304	31
Ramsey .....	1,369	514	53	1,459	399	59
Ransom .....	1,163	296	26	1,164	285	27
Richland .....	2,176	1,201	49	2,175	1,197	55
Rolette .....	783	446	72	820	399	75
Sargent .....	974	383	66	993	364	69
Stark .....	623	204	25	617	218	24
Steele .....	760	84	30	778	69	27
Stutsman .....	1,706	501	22	1,700	506	23
Towner .....	926	477	42	941	456	42
Traill .....	1,469	214	53	1,487	181	63
Walsh .....	1,868	1,169	86	1,885	1,136	92
Ward .....	4,047	962	251	4,095	975	215
Wells .....	1,272	228	63	1,262	243	62
Williams .....	784	315	11	784	313	9
Totals .....	48,513	15,902	1,843	49,053	15,239	1,866
Plurality ..	32,611	.....	.....	33,814	.....	.....

Scattering—For attorney general, McHenry, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Commissioner of Insurance			Commissioners of Railroads		
	E. C. Cooper . . R	D. M. Holmes . D	C. E. Payne . . Soc	C. D. Diesem . . R	J. Christianson . R	Erick Stafne . . . R
Barnes .....	1,829	576	106	1,745	1,752	1,681
Benson .....	1,073	156	10	1,048	1,063	1,055
Billings .....	225	33	4	208	221	209
Bottineau .....	1,863	907	126	1,767	1,839	1,771
Burleigh .....	1,251	228	20	1,195	1,206	1,183
Cass .....	3,587	635	154	3,548	3,595	3,514
Cavalier .....	1,547	754	36	1,487	1,524	1,478
Dickey .....	951	363	63	916	936	925
Eddy .....	545	178	11	517	452	489
Emmons .....	638	285	10	622	628	624
Foster .....	569	255	8	541	555	540
Grand Forks .....	2,558	1,105	105	2,545	2,608	2,637
Griggs .....	615	252	28	553	573	551
Kidder .....	409	67	2	386	395	385
LaMoure .....	780	215	44	769	760	754
Logan .....	453	33	4	448	447	445
McHenry .....	1,709	600	66	1,634	1,565	1,630
McIntosh .....	721	55	2	720	722	721
McLean .....	1,855	235	14	1,809	1,830	1,809
Mercer .....	259	14	0	254	251	244
Morton .....	1,389	348	25	1,360	1,372	1,352
Nelson .....	1,162	398	79	1,165	1,175	1,168
Oliver .....	219	56	2	213	210	206
Pembina .....	1,754	800	4	1,722	1,727	1,710
Pierce .....	859	299	33	822	843	812
Ramsey .....	1,449	410	55	1,411	1,445	1,418
Ransom .....	1,169	295	26	1,133	1,152	1,107
Richland .....	2,192	1,191	54	2,119	2,129	2,108
Rolette .....	821	394	73	695	791	775
Sargent .....	989	374	69	951	980	939
Stark .....	617	213	24	588	614	589
Steele .....	778	71	28	752	763	749
Stutsman .....	1,718	513	23	1,644	1,673	1,634
Towner .....	949	447	45	894	917	908
Trail .....	1,489	194	59	1,423	1,447	1,423
Walsh .....	1,864	1,180	88	1,799	1,858	1,821
Ward .....	4,087	984	198	3,910	3,906	3,877
Wells .....	1,287	214	63	1,244	1,274	1,245
Williams .....	789	306	10	751	774	733
Totals .....	49,018	15,633	1,771	45,308	47,972	47,119
Plurality .....	33,380	.....	.....	40,123	32,337	32,044

Scattering—McHenry, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## COMMISSIONERS OF RAILROADS—Continued.

Counties	F. Martineau ..D	Axel Johnson ..D	Joseph O. Blouin D	T. R. C. Crowell Soc	Peter Kloeppel Soc	A. F. Hagendorf Soc	R. C. Batts ..Pro	A. E. Trapp ..Pro	F. B. Kiff ....Pro
Barnes .....	526	526	513	100	93	98	47	47	53
Benson .....	156	154	153	10	10	11	32	32	32
Billings .....	31	31	32	3	3	6	3	3	3
Bottineau .....	903	907	879	125	123	129	36	35	37
Burleigh .....	226	240	235	19	18	18	8	7	8
Cass .....	613	627	613	145	142	143	143	138	152
Cavalier .....	747	758	747	38	34	32	10	9	8
Dickey .....	358	366	363	62	62	51	19	20	21
Eddy .....	168	295	178	14	11	12	8	8	10
Emmons .....	286	289	287	10	10	10	4	4	4
Foster .....	243	259	244	8	9	9	4	4	4
Grand Forks .....	918	928	899	116	115	112	46	45	46
Griggs .....	244	255	253	28	26	25	64	63	63
Kidder .....	69	72	69	5	5	6	4	5	4
LaMoure .....	218	214	207	46	44	43	10	10	12
Logan .....	30	32	32	4	4	3	0	0	0
McHenry .....	568	711	584	62	58	58	25	25	24
McIntosh .....	57	57	57	3	2	2	0	0	0
McLean .....	220	234	222	14	15	6	16	16	16
Mercer .....	14	14	15	0	0	0	1	1	1
Morton .....	341	348	347	25	23	24	5	5	6
Nelson .....	390	396	384	68	69	60	19	19	18
Oliver .....	54	57	54	2	2	2	6	6	6
Pembina .....	777	803	777	2	2	2	33	33	35
Pierce .....	297	302	297	31	31	29	10	10	11
Ramsey .....	386	397	376	54	54	55	10	11	12
Ransom .....	278	296	294	26	27	20	29	29	29
Richland .....	1,184	1,208	1,222	52	54	52	17	17	16
Rolette .....	541	414	396	55	69	71	8	10	10
Sargent .....	372	380	393	62	64	63	7	8	7
Stark .....	199	206	200	25	25	20	0	0	1
Steele .....	69	69	68	28	25	27	24	25	26
Stutsman .....	497	509	505	22	21	21	19	21	21
Towner .....	451	441	435	44	44	44	7	7	7
Trails .....	183	192	179	52	51	53	64	66	63
Wash .....	1,128	1,154	1,138	85	86	83	24	22	23
Ward .....	943	980	937	199	202	200	60	61	59
Wells .....	201	212	197	61	59	53	42	29	30
Williams .....	299	302	294	11	10	9	7	7	7
Totals .....	15,185	15,635	15,075	1,716	1,702	1,662	871	858	886

Scattering—LaMoure, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Amendment to Section 176, Taxing Grain in Elevators		Subdivision 8, Section 215, Institution for Feeble Minded		To Subdivision 5, School for Deaf Section 215,	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Barnes .....	1,382	591	1,304	508	1,294	405
Benson .....	830	230	771	190	781	138
Billings .....	214	44	190	49	175	45
Bottineau .....	1,815	746	1,773	583	1,771	446
Burleigh .....	705	283	616	296	580	267
Cass .....	2,753	1,028	2,516	983	2,566	892
Cavalier .....	1,334	432	1,350	246	1,283	202
Dickey .....	695	189	673	133	634	127
Eddy .....	429	234	392	220	382	204
Emmons .....	617	155	489	187	482	162
Foster .....	597	197	573	146	571	114
Grand Forks .....	1,867	875	1,858	487	1,698	396
Griggs .....	437	295	443	229	445	191
Kidder .....	323	74	276	92	278	54
LaMoure .....	680	199	636	187	626	155
Logan .....	326	79	280	62	304	37
McHenry .....	1,322	709	1,316	515	1,379	399
McIntosh .....	345	75	294	64	257	67
McLean .....	1,292	520	1,140	436	1,148	359
Mercer .....	142	100	133	90	120	90
Morton .....	774	480	736	409	741	308
Nelson .....	799	356	751	253	749	188
Oliver .....	207	66	166	71	165	62
Pembina .....	1,301	623	1,395	400	1,251	404
Pierce .....	655	313	659	217	670	158
Ramsey .....	1,035	567	994	435	1,060	393
Ransom .....	838	316	694	347	689	275
Richland .....	2,014	958	1,860	790	1,856	712
Rolette .....	705	277	648	196	641	50
Sargent .....	806	328	731	272	691	250
Stark .....	581	207	566	153	535	147
Steele .....	470	141	444	114	441	103
Stutsman .....	1,209	687	1,164	625	1,246	511
Towner .....	700	378	700	265	794	188
Traill .....	1,050	384	918	388	964	307
Walsh .....	1,674	780	1,873	495	1,655	538
Ward .....	2,794	1,448	3,018	1,132	2,992	945
Wells .....	991	307	948	228	985	195
Williams .....	760	176	727	115	730	88
Total .....	37,468	15,707	36,015	12,608	35,609	10,572
Majority ..	21,761	.....	23,407	.....	25,037	.....

## OFFICIAL VOTE FOR NORTH DAKOTA.

(Tenth General Election, November 6, 1906.)

## REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Counties	T. F. Marshall...R	A. J. Gronna....R	John D. Benton.D	A. G. Burr .....D	H. Halvorson...Soc	W. J. Bailey....Soc
Barnes .....	1,492	1,266	679	647	69	56
Benson .....	931	862	406	425	20	10
Billings .....	292	268	27	23	5	3
Bottineau .....	1,533	1,316	1,036	1,425	92	86
Burleigh .....	1,059	1,021	356	341	15	17
Cass .....	2,365	2,223	1,621	1,344	62	60
Cavalier .....	1,420	1,325	1,043	1,092	32	31
Dickey .....	760	707	246	249	26	26
Eddy .....	434	424	242	241	10	12
Emmons .....	627	591	237	240	8	9
Foster .....	445	399	358	352	5	3
Grand Forks .....	1,874	1,794	1,759	1,778	46	63
Griggs .....	438	397	492	479	19	18
Kidder .....	332	292	115	111	6	8
LaMoure .....	820	739	306	297	18	19
Logan .....	495	487	38	37	0	0
McHenry .....	1,380	1,306	553	588	53	55
McIntosh .....	426	427	18	15	4	2
McKenzie .....	405	348	74	82	11	11
McLean .....	1,700	1,658	234	230	39	45
Mercer .....	313	297	12	12	1	2
Morton .....	1,689	1,631	287	300	19	26
Nelson .....	950	995	462	488	19	20
Oliver .....	265	242	88	82	2	2
Pembina .....	1,384	1,319	995	1,006	5	4
Pierce .....	615	614	580	610	33	35
Ramsey .....	1,071	1,011	778	792	34	36
Ransom .....	1,046	983	313	315	17	10
Richland .....	1,276	1,211	1,101	1,084	23	22
Rolette .....	745	704	461	535	48	42
Sargent .....	817	788	390	391	46	31
Stark .....	578	555	152	156	10	12
Steele .....	503	492	264	252	6	6
Stutsman .....	1,304	1,209	894	862	15	14
Towner .....	794	751	578	598	16	15
Traill .....	921	903	546	532	29	28
Walsh .....	1,342	1,293	1,490	1,515	54	68
Ward .....	2,418	2,340	1,172	1,204	161	153
Wells .....	862	827	326	305	30	28
Williams .....	802	757	321	315	43	41
Totals ...	38,923	36,772	21,050	21,350	1,151	1,120
Plurality	17,873	15,422				

Scattering: For congress, Billings, 2; Richland, 1; Steele, 1; Towner, 1.



## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## JUDGES SUPREME COURT.

Counties	Judges Supreme Court		
	D. E. Morgan . . R	John Knauf . . . . . k	C. J. Fisk . . . . . D
Barnes . . . . .	1,205	851	1,817
Benson . . . . .	845	418	963
Billings . . . . .	279	255	49
Bottineau . . . . .	1,441	1,126	1,619
Burleigh . . . . .	1,043	892	511
Cass . . . . .	2,259	1,454	2,477
Cavalier . . . . .	1,275	1,045	1,467
Dickey . . . . .	702	657	827
Eddy . . . . .	396	371	364
Emmons . . . . .	597	527	322
Foster . . . . .	390	322	498
Grand Forks . . . . .	1,377	618	3,459
Griggs . . . . .	366	261	682
Kidder . . . . .	317	241	197
LaMoure . . . . .	711	571	547
Logan . . . . .	495	462	64
McHenry . . . . .	1,274	890	1,116
McIntosh . . . . .	422	380	65
McKenzie . . . . .	373	345	110
McLean . . . . .	1,653	1,271	697
Mercer . . . . .	308	282	15
Morton . . . . .	1,607	1,437	588
Nelson . . . . .	857	542	972
Oliver . . . . .	254	216	119
Pembina . . . . .	1,249	925	1,518
Pierce . . . . .	627	396	879
Ramsey . . . . .	1,092	592	1,281
Ransom . . . . .	977	850	492
Richland . . . . .	1,185	924	1,351
Rolette . . . . .	737	502	779
Sargent . . . . .	773	633	574
Stark . . . . .	542	480	271
Steele . . . . .	460	172	612
Stutsman . . . . .	1,154	990	1,245
Towner . . . . .	798	571	847
Traill . . . . .	786	319	1,243
Walsh . . . . .	1,175	786	2,187
Ward . . . . .	2,220	1,843	1,902
Wells . . . . .	810	571	620
Williams . . . . .	704	719	475
Total . . . . .	35,735	26,707	34,821
Plurality . . . . .			8,114

Scattering—For supreme court, Billings, 2; Nelson, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Governor			Lieutenant Governor		
	E. Y. Sarles.....R	John Burke .....D	L. F. Dow.....Soc	R. S. Lewis.....R	M. D. Williams..D	A. C. Brastrup..Soc
Barnes .....	923	1,348	46	1,230	871	45
Benson .....	391	1,062	8	711	617	13
Billings .....	295	42	3	290	30	3
Bottineau .....	1,150	1,672	84	1,481	1,203	89
Burleigh .....	983	489	17	1,016	353	19
Cass .....	2,056	1,884	58	2,406	1,460	56
Cavalier .....	1,043	1,574	27	1,299	1,179	34
Dickey .....	676	330	18	710	274	21
Eddy .....	365	387	10	413	282	10
Emmons .....	600	274	9	607	255	10
Foster .....	260	617	5	409	407	6
Grand Forks..	1,050	3,020	39	1,504	2,158	41
Griggs .....	238	736	15	369	657	18
Kidder .....	294	168	7	315	126	9
LaMoure .....	687	471	19	746	366	18
Logan .....	510	59	8	505	40	8
McHenry .....	1,072	1,014	42	1,288	679	51
McIntosh .....	426	19	3	429	16	3
McKenzie .....	336	211	12	367	111	11
McLean .....	1,636	364	40	1,652	259	39
Mercer .....	325	14	2	316	11	1
Morton .....	1,646	395	24	1,673	365	24
Nelson .....	664	849	16	877	576	20
Oliver .....	244	113	2	260	93	2
Pembina .....	911	1,607	5	1,299	1,077	4
Pierce .....	368	973	30	553	706	31
Ramsey .....	476	1,537	22	904	974	29
Ransom .....	900	488	18	970	367	12
Richland .....	993	1,436	17	1,162	1,208	20
Rolette .....	369	1,020	44	691	552	49
Sargent .....	713	515	32	755	449	30
Stark .....	492	282	7	564	169	10
Steele .....	218	579	6	442	331	6
Stutsman .....	1,061	1,177	14	1,077	1,143	16
Towner .....	404	1,192	10	697	705	14
Traill .....	534	1,072	24	758	735	26
Walsh .....	814	2,239	35	1,175	1,703	42
Ward .....	1,924	1,947	138	2,272	1,378	150
Wells .....	584	679	21	775	415	27
Williams .....	678	569	41	779	402	36
Total .....	29,309	34,424	978	35,746	24,702	1,058
Plurality ..		5,115		11,044		

Scattering—For governor, McLean, 1.

For lieutenant-governor, Kidder, 1; McLean, 2.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Secretary of State			Auditor		
	Alfred Blaisdell...R	A. H. Berg.....D	A. M. Brooks...Soc	H. L. Holmes...R	Frank Reed .....D	C. J. Belcal...Soc
Barnes .....	1,269	801	50	1,420	684	53
Benson .....	794	553	11	846	492	12
Billings .....	292	28	3	295	29	4
Bottineau .....	1,524	1,155	87	1,564	1,113	86
Burleigh .....	1,024	350	20	933	488	16
Cass .....	2,382	1,412	66	2,481	1,335	60
Cavalier .....	1,346	1,139	34	1,394	1,127	33
Dickey .....	710	262	23	711	252	21
Eddy .....	423	281	10	427	293	12
Emmons .....	614	248	7	615	249	8
Foster .....	412	397	5	450	364	4
Grand Forks..	1,649	1,998	62	1,942	1,807	40
Griggs .....	303	557	17	433	500	19
Kidder .....	336	112	7	331	119	9
LaMoure .....	740	359	15	782	332	16
Logan .....	508	38	9	510	39	8
McHenry .....	1,267	754	51	1,380	598	49
McIntosh .....	428	16	3	432	15	3
McKenzie .....	410	91	13	420	79	11
McLean .....	1,703	243	40	1,698	253	40
Mercer .....	318	11	1	323	11	1
Morton .....	1,674	307	26	1,716	325	22
Nelson .....	900	565	19	946	515	20
Oliver .....	262	92	2	261	94	2
Pembina .....	1,326	1,019	6	1,434	990	4
Pierce .....	596	673	35	642	631	33
Ramsey .....	960	887	33	1,037	849	34
Ransom .....	992	352	13	1,018	325	13
Richland .....	1,197	1,180	21	1,236	1,148	21
Rolette .....	716	521	52	766	490	53
Sargent .....	770	446	28	787	428	29
Stark .....	572	165	11	573	165	10
Steele .....	445	325	5	516	256	6
Stutsman .....	1,211	961	16	1,265	925	12
Towner .....	730	675	17	772	653	14
Traill .....	796	697	27	884	608	31
Walsh .....	1,222	1,640	43	1,310	1,569	50
Ward .....	2,444	1,334	148	2,387	1,333	157
Wells .....	829	372	30	840	349	27
Williams .....	794	377	37	830	349	37
Total .....	36,886	23,393	1,103	38,607	22,181	1,079
Plurality ..	13,493			16,426		

Scattering—For secretary of state, Steele, 1.  
For state auditor, Mercer, 2; Nelson, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	State Treasurer			Sup't Public Instruction		Commissioner of Insurance		
	A. Peterson .....R	M. F. Hegge.....D	Odin Strompo...Soc	W. L. Stockwell...R	A. J. Evans.....Soc	E. C. Cooper....R	C. H. Anheier....D	E. D. Herring...Soc
Barnes ....	1,411	694	49	1,741	41	1,422	686	56
Benson ....	821	539	9	1,030	21	851	470	14
Billings ....	287	27	3	301	4	292	29	8
Bottineau ...	1,634	1,096	89	1,829	108	1,647	1,023	90
Burleigh ....	1,064	334	18	1,091	35	1,065	315	19
Cass ....	2,448	1,375	57	2,663	76	2,375	1,494	59
Cavalier ....	1,401	1,103	30	2,040	151	1,413	1,080	38
Dickey ....	726	248	20	763	30	720	248	24
Eddy ....	433	272	11	525	23	456	239	11
Emmons ....	621	243	7	697	10	614	237	10
Foster ....	450	362	4	528	9	460	347	6
Grand Forks	1,737	1,996	37	2,770	60	2,017	1,685	36
Griggs ....	410	532	18	659	22	459	475	19
Kidder ....	333	111	10	387	13	335	106	10
LaMoure ....	782	332	16	1,008	36	782	322	16
Logan ....	514	40	6	504	7	508	36	8
McHenry ....	1,361	617	51	1,484	69	1,378	587	50
McIntosh ...	430	16	3	432	4	435	15	3
McKenzie ...	413	91	12	468	14	411	76	12
McLean ....	1,732	239	38	2,058	47	1,708	231	38
Mercer ....	321	11	1	321	1	318	7	1
Morton ....	1,703	333	22	1,844	36	1,694	319	24
Nelson ....	943	523	20	1,089	34	980	478	22
Oliver ....	270	86	2	285	3	268	86	2
Pembina ....	1,386	993	4	2,064	22	1,367	986	4
Pierce ....	626	643	33	905	44	651	590	34
Ramsey ....	1,012	873	31	1,429	47	1,056	805	35
Ransom ....	1,016	334	12	1,050	22	1,043	296	13
Richland ...	1,242	1,133	22	1,357	27	1,258	1,116	21
Rolette ....	778	481	52	938	64	788	455	51
Sargent ....	770	460	28	976	45	806	395	35
Stark ....	578	154	11	594	20	581	155	12
Steele ....	419	364	5	609	8	506	263	5
Stutsman ...	1,260	926	12	1,391	17	1,301	883	14
Towner ....	774	646	14	904	24	783	599	13
Traill ....	746	783	26	1,111	37	906	589	29
Walsh ....	1,288	1,579	43	1,869	124	1,333	1,515	55
Ward ....	2,373	1,371	147	2,688	184	2,440	1,207	169
Wells ....	857	349	31	953	41	877	315	28
Williams ...	826	360	39	931	49	830	321	42
Total ..	38,196	22,669	1,043	46,286	1,689	39,134	21,014	1,129
Plurality	15,527			44,597		18,120		

Scattering—For state treasurer, McHenry, 2.

For superintendent of public instruction, Dickey, 1; Foster, 1; Grand Forks, 3; Kidder, 1; McIntosh, 1; Pierce, 1; Richland, 2; Steele, 2; Walsh, 1; Ward, 1; Wells, 1; Williams, 1.

For commissioner of insurance, McIntosh, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Attorney General			Commissioner of Agriculture		
	R T. F. McCue.....	D D. C. Greenleaf....	S Arthur LeSuer....	R W. C. Gilbreath...	D Julius Workus....	S Rob't Grant.....
Barnes .....	1,364	861	54	1,401	637	53
Benson .....	797	538	16	833	479	12
Billings .....	290	27	4	292	28	3
Bottineau .....	1,531	1,133	94	1,611	1,045	92
Burleigh .....	1,043	328	19	1,065	310	19
Cass .....	2,417	1,350	59	2,477	1,306	64
Cavalier .....	1,363	1,108	34	1,379	1,080	33
Dickey .....	710	263	23	715	252	25
Eddy .....	444	252	12	446	237	18
Emmons .....	615	245	9	616	239	10
Foster .....	457	383	4	453	339	8
Grand Forks .....	1,703	1,886	40	1,861	1,726	40
Griggs .....	418	505	18	427	492	19
Kidder .....	325	111	7	341	103	7
LaMoure .....	756	332	16	768	316	19
Logan .....	509	36	8	508	36	8
McHenry .....	1,324	655	63	1,376	570	56
McIntosh .....	434	15	4	429	17	3
McKenzie .....	395	100	12	418	69	14
McLean .....	1,688	256	41	1,714	230	45
Mercer .....	319	10	1	319	10	1
Morton .....	1,674	340	21	1,702	344	26
Nelson .....	932	519	20	954	480	37
Oliver .....	264	91	2	266	87	2
Pembina .....	1,335	1,029	3	1,353	984	8
Pierce .....	607	636	39	630	609	38
Ramsey .....	971	891	34	1,040	806	37
Ransom .....	1,002	322	12	1,017	314	14
Richland .....	1,216	1,138	23	1,232	1,117	19
Rolette .....	743	495	52	764	463	52
Sargent .....	778	421	32	796	401	34
Stark .....	563	168	10	577	151	9
Steele .....	488	273	7	518	247	6
Stutsman .....	1,254	915	16	1,266	886	17
Towner .....	753	640	14	783	591	17
Traill .....	863	616	27	901	579	32
Walsh .....	1,238	1,600	51	1,258	1,588	56
Ward .....	2,126	1,589	222	2,390	1,283	177
Wells .....	798	394	28	883	317	28
Williams .....	757	387	30	808	336	46
Total .....	37,264	22,258	1,204	38,587	21,104	1,204
Plurality .....	15,006			17,483		

Scattering—For attorney general, Steele, 1; Williams, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## COMMISSIONERS OF RAILROADS.

Counties	C. S. Diesm. .... R	Eric Stafne ..... R	Simon Westby ... R	Terry McCosker . D	Wm. Schultz .. D	Wm. Schnett ... D	M. Brumwell .. Soc	O. H. Lund ..... Soc	D. H. McKay .. Soc
Barnes ...	1,159	1,089	1,153	674	935	679	51	57	51
Benson ...	641	709	728	614	537	499	12	18	13
Billings ...	265	271	265	29	27	25	3	4	3
Bottineau ...	1,328	1,397	1,388	1,201	1,112	1,072	85	103	88
Burleigh ...	1,004	994	991	347	337	332	17	17	20
Cass ...	2,288	2,317	2,296	1,447	1,373	1,349	60	65	66
Cavalier ...	1,201	1,258	1,247	1,187	1,116	1,085	30	31	28
Dickey ...	702	691	687	249	260	252	25	26	25
Eddy ...	368	392	374	280	244	238	12	12	15
Emmons ...	583	596	577	241	245	243	10	8	9
Foster ...	384	378	373	374	382	366	5	6	5
Grand Forks	1,284	1,466	1,449	2,224	1,880	1,783	39	38	38
Griggs ...	367	388	376	496	501	490	21	23	21
Kidder ...	298	311	291	113	114	106	8	6	7
LaMoure ...	759	705	682	330	332	309	19	20	19
Logan ...	473	483	479	37	36	33	8	8	8
McHenry ...	1,187	1,253	1,231	652	592	553	50	56	53
McIntosh ...	422	425	424	17	17	17	3	3	4
McKenzie ...	343	359	346	76	72	66	12	13	11
McLean ...	1,646	1,649	1,626	238	242	226	41	44	42
Mercer ...	297	297	287	10	13	13	1	1	1
Morton ...	1,582	1,595	1,560	302	352	310	28	29	25
Nelson ...	870	906	893	531	489	491	21	24	23
Oliver ...	245	239	236	88	94	88	2	2	2
Pembina ...	1,225	1,260	1,245	1,097	1,052	1,017	3	5	5
Pierce ...	539	559	616	613	603	591	31	35	32
Ramsey ...	830	882	904	974	884	855	33	31	33
Ransom ...	933	970	952	324	318	304	13	12	13
Richland ...	1,164	1,198	1,157	1,113	1,138	1,135	22	21	20
Rolette ...	638	683	669	535	470	469	51	51	49
Sargent ...	751	765	763	406	405	392	33	37	32
Stark ...	541	547	536	158	161	160	25	11	13
Stecie ...	451	461	453	275	271	271	16	11	9
Stutsman ...	1,157	1,157	1,141	954	943	912	14	16	14
Towner ...	660	673	649	665	640	623	14	16	16
Trail ...	759	812	773	638	601	576	36	35	30
Walsh ...	1,087	1,189	1,168	1,673	1,568	1,535	53	57	58
Ward ...	2,107	2,172	2,155	1,393	1,311	1,258	157	174	162
Wells ...	796	796	803	323	360	321	31	34	31
Williams ...	706	731	709	334	339	312	40	37	41
Total .	34,040	35,023	34,652	23,232	22,366	21,156	1135	1197	1130

Scattering—For commissioner of railroads, Burleigh, 5; McHenry, 2; Stark, 1.

## Vote of North Dakota—Continued.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Counties	For.	Against
Barnes .....	1,183	467
Benson .....	1,128	131
Billings .....	235	48
Bottineau .....	1,625	502
Burleigh .....	912	141
Cass .....	3,039	535
Cavalier .....	1,931	555
Dickey .....	692	137
Eddy .....	638	72
Emmons .....	742	67
Foster .....	729	113
Grand Forks .....	2,768	448
Griggs .....	677	134
Kidder .....	340	72
LaMoure .....	1,031	112
Logan .....	417	21
McHenry .....	1,608	358
McIntosh .....	328	29
McKenzie .....	241	34
McLean .....	1,392	197
Mercer .....	261	88
Morton .....	1,033	156
Nelson .....	1,170	148
Oliver .....	287	50
Pembina .....	1,932	325
Pierce .....	984	323
Ramsey .....	1,394	321
Ransom .....	976	182
Richland .....	1,656	643
Rolette .....	1,078	147
Sargent .....	962	277
Stark .....	447	72
Steele .....	618	91
Stutsman .....	1,586	265
Towner .....	1,113	275
Traill .....	1,206	267
Walsh .....	2,284	592
Ward .....	2,850	839
Wells .....	1,095	111
Williams .....	927	174
Total .....	45,515	9,519

Majority, 35,996.

## VOTE BY SENATORIAL DISTRICTS

FOR MEMBERS OF THE

## Tenth Legislative Assembly, 1906.

## FIRST DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Pembina, consisting of townships of Walhalla, St. Joseph, Neche, Pembina, Bathgate, Carlisle, Joliette, Midland, Lincoln and Drayton.

## SENATE.

Judson La Moure (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

Wm. J. Watts (rep) .....	616
Geo. A. McCrea (rep) .....	550
Ludger Bernard (rep) ....	476
W. Welford (dem) .....	680
Chas. Edwards (dem) ....	498
Joseph Morin (dem) .....	562

## SECOND DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Pembina, consisting of townships of St. Thomas, city of St. Thomas, Crystal, city of Crystal, Hamilton, town of Hamilton, Cavalier, town of Cavalier, village of Canton, Avon, Liberty, Akra, Beaulieu, Thingvalla, Gardar, Park, Elora and Lodema.

## SENATE.

A. Garnett (rep) .....	632
Frank A. Halliday (dem) ..	690

## HOUSE.

C. Ganssle (rep) .....	680
Henry Geiger (rep) .....	560
E. H. Restemayer (rep) ...	723
J. L. Walton (dem) .....	541
John Johnson (dem) .....	723
Scott Cameron (dem) ....	582

## THIRD DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Walsh, consisting of townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvesta, Cleveland, Norton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Ops, Prairie Centre, Fertile, Park River, village of Edinburg, village of Conway, village of Hoople, village of Pisek, Glenwood, Kinloss, Shepherd, Sauter and the unorganized township 157, range 59.

## SENATE.

Thomas Johnson (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

Gunder Midgarden (rep) ..	933
H. O. Sunderland (rep) ..	760
H. G. Hosford (rep) .....	869
Joseph Bosh (dem) .....	727
Clark McLaughlin (dem) ..	741
A. H. Walker (dem) .....	926

## FOURTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Walsh, consisting of townships of Forest River, village of Forest River, Walsh Centre, Grafton, city of Grafton, Farmington, Ardoch, village of Ardoch, Harrison, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, Minto, village of Minto and St. Andrews.



## SENATE.

John L. Cashel (dem) .... 899

## HOUSE.

John E. Hanawalt (rep) .. 629  
 W. S. Mitchell (rep) ..... 481  
 Tallack Tallackson (rep) .. 512  
 John Babinski (dem) ..... 558  
 K. O. Brotnov (dem) ..... 722  
 Tobias D. Casey (dem) ... 877

## FIFTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Avon, Northwood, city of Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore, city of Larimore, Elm Grove, Agnes, Inkster, Elkmount, Oakwood, Niagara, Moraine, Logan and Loretta.

## SENATE.

Elling K. Spoonheim (dem),  
holdover.

## HOUSE.

Edward Church (rep) .... 720  
 T. H. Pugh (rep) ..... 741  
 T. E. Tufte (rep) ..... 780  
 O. E. Ashbrook (dem) .... 552  
 L. F. Mason (dem) ..... 583  
 Avery Miller (dem) ..... 356

## SIXTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of third, fourth, fifth and sixth wards of the city of Grand Forks, and the townships of Falconer, Harvey, Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, Mekinock, Lakeville and Levant.

## SENATE.

H. P. Ryan (rep) ..... 437  
 James Turner (dem) ..... 780

## HOUSE.

Mikel Iverson (rep) ..... 382  
 S. G. Skulason (rep) ..... 548  
 Geo. Hallick (dem) ..... 579  
 J. M. Anderson (dem) .... 627

## SEVENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of first and second wards of the city of Grand Forks, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Allendale, Walle, Bentru, Americus, Michigan, Union and Washington.

## SENATE.

John D. Taylor (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

Wm. S. Dean (rep) ..... 850  
 Arne P. Haugen (rep) .... 857  
 John A. Sorley (rep) ..... 894  
 Scattering ..... 1

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Traill, consisting of townships of Belmont, Buxton, Caledonia, Elm River, Eldorado, Ervin, Hillsboro, city of Hillsboro, Kelso, Logan, Norway and city of Reynolds.

## SENATE.

H. H. Strom (rep) ..... 616  
 Scattering ..... 5

## HOUSE.

O. J. Sorlie (rep) ..... 594  
 John Oveson (rep) ..... 511  
 A. F. Dyer (dem) ..... 248

## NINTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of township of Fargo, and city of Fargo, and the fractional township No. 139, range 48.

## SENATE.

Louis B. Hanna (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

F. E. Dibley (rep)	923
J. F. Treat (rep)	966
T. J. Flamer (rep)	862
Geo. Hancock (dem)	766
Lars Christianson (dem)	732
R. B. Blakemore (dem)	799

## TENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, village of Mapleton, Warren, Norman, Bell, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, village of Davenport, Casselton and the city of Casselton.

## SENATE.

E. F. Gilbert (rep) ..... 731

## HOUSE.

Treadwell Twichell (rep)	747
A. A. Plath (rep)	739
Clark Moore (rep)	713

## ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of the townships of Webster, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenla, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Erie, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, village of Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac.

## SENATE.

Frank S. Talcott (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

T. O. Burgum (rep)	844
R. G. Piper (rep)	836
J. F. Collins (rep)	860

## TWELFTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Richland, consisting of the townships of Eagle, Abercrombie, Dwight, Ibsen, Center, Mooreton, Braudenburg, Summit, Fairmount, village of Fairmount, De Villo, La Mars, Waldo, Greenfield and city of Wahpeton.

## SENATE.

B. F. Lounsberry (rep)	495
W. E. Purcell (dem)	864

## HOUSE.

W. R. Purdon (rep)	677
G. H. Korsvig (rep)	603
H. J. Arnold (rep)	530
Peter Bolme (dem)	626
Henry Connolly (dem)	733
L. Parkhill (dem)	695

## THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Sargent.

## SENATE.

John H. Dyste (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

Livy Johnson (rep)	820
D. E. Blake (rep)	812
H. P. Foley (dem)	403
G. Hample (dem)	410

## FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Ransom.

## SENATE.

Ed. Pierce (rep) .....1,009  
W. L. Haupt (dem) ..... 336

## HOUSE.

C. W. Buttz (rep) ..... 826  
A. E. Jones (rep) .....1,014  
J. C. Wilson (dem) ..... 520

## FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Barnes, consisting of Baldwin, Dazey, Pierce, Uxbridge, Edna, Minnie Lake, Hobart, Potter, village of Sanborn, village of Wimbledon, city of Valley City, township 143, range 56, township 143, range 58, township 143, range 60, township 142, range 59, township 142, range 58, township 142, range 57, township 141, range 58, township 141, range 59, township 141, range 60, township 141, range 61, township 140, range 61, township 140, range 58.

## SENATE.

George M. Young (rep), hold-over.

## HOUSE.

Amasa P. Peake (rep) .... 765  
Geo. H. Law (rep) ..... 874  
C. J. Christianson (dem) .. 446

## SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Steele and Griggs.

## SENATE. -

	Steele	Griggs	Total
Maynard Crane (rep) .....	435	457	892
E. D. Washburn (dem) .....	352	539	891

## HOUSE.

G. H. Stavens (rep) .....	512	407	919
S. H. Nelson (rep) .....	539	471	1,010
Nils Hemmingson (rep) .....	521	493	1,014
F. D. Williams (dem) .....	216	483	699
J. B. Armstrong (dem) .....	194	448	642
Christ Jensen (dem) .....	231	417	648
Scattering .....	3	...	3

## SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Nelson.

## SENATE.

Iver Swenson (rep), hold-over .....1,016

## HOUSE.

M. A. Shirley (rep) .....1,042  
A. R. Swendseid (rep) .... 997  
Geo. L. Barrett (dem) .... 459  
Scattering ..... 1

## EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Cavalier, consisting of the townships of Cypress, Linden, Dresden, Langdon, city of Langdon, South Dresden, Grey, Glenila, Huron, Moscow, Berlin, Jackson, Perry, Billings-Storlie, Weber, Trier, Gordon, Henderson, township 159, range 64, and township 161, range 64.

## SENATE.

Henry McLain (rep) ..... 822  
Joseph Cleary (dem) ..... 687

## HOUSE.

U. L. Burdick (rep) ..... 846  
Joseph Crawford (rep) .... 903  
Elias Porter (dem) ..... 630

## NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Rolette.

## SENATE.

C. I. F. Wagner (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

A. O. Graham (rep) ..... 957

Ole Syvertson (rep) ..... 862

H. T. Willey (dem) ..... 346

W. Widmeyer (dem) ..... 416

## TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Benson.

## SENATE.

Thos. Koffel (rep) ..... 866

E. B. Page (dem) ..... 519

## HOUSE.

O. S. Aaker (rep) ..... 951

H. O. Blegen (rep) ..... 893

James Duncan (rep) ..... 975

E. E. Haney (dem) ..... 334

D. J. Drummond (dem) .. 443

E. A. Hatch (dem) ..... 345

## TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Ramsey.

## SENATE.

Andrew J. Stade (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

O. P. N. Anderson (rep) ..1,064

Bernt Anderson (rep) .... 997

Miles A. Miller (rep) ....1,183

A. B. Kerlin (dem) ..... 864

Henry P. Minette (dem) .. 809

## TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Towner.

## SENATE.

R. W. Main (rep) ..... 655

John Kelly (dem) ..... 898

## HOUSE.

Samuel Adams (rep) ..... 699

A. S. Gibbens (rep) .....1,026

J. E. Knight (dem) ..... 673

L. A. Kugel (dem) ..... 454

## TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Stutsman.

## SENATE.

John W. Sifton (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

A. A. Monek (rep) .....1,186

Will Sinclair (rep) .....1,174

H. J. Murphy (rep) .....1,213

N. M. Brown (dem) ..... 966

John Maroney (dem) ..... 922

B. G. Dunlap (dem) ..... 940

## TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—LaMoure.

## SENATE.

J. B. Sharp (rep) ..... 814

Scattering .... 4

## HOUSE.

A. W. Cunningham (rep).. 854

C. H. Sheils (rep) ..... 489

L. A. Celand (dem) ..... 733

## TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Dickey

## SENATE.

Truman H. Thatcher (rep), hold-  
over.

## HOUSE.

George Rose (rep)	744
C. B. Andrus (rep)	726
N. Gates (dem)	20
J. A. Nathan (dem)	23
Scattering	14

## TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—Emmons and Kidder.

## SENATE.

Alex. McDonald (rep)	601	346	947
W. L. Yeater (dem)	275	98	373

## HOUSE.

D. R. Streeter (rep)	616	343	959
John Storey (rep)	600	376	976
Scattering	2	3	5

## TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Burleigh.

## SENATE.

C. B. Little (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

R. N. Stevens (rep)	890
T. R. Mockler (rep)	929
O. H. Will (dem)	468
F. R. Smyth (dem)	513

## TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Bottineau.

## SENATE.

J. A. Johnson (rep)	1,347
D. H. McArthur (dem)	1,520

## HOUSE.

E. L. Garden (rep)	1,688
Will Freeman (rep)	1,889
L. A. Knoke (dem)	1,179
J. F. Morrison (dem)	1,087

## TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Ward and Williams.

## SENATE.

H. H. Steele (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

	Ward	McKenzie	Williams	Total
C. A. Johnson (rep)	2,370	381	826	3,577
F. B. Chapman (rep)	2,342	311	813	3,466
Fred F. Carter (rep)	2,379	371	762	3,512
John Botz, Jr. (dem)	1,166	...	...	1,166
Richard Copeland (dem)	1,162	...	...	1,162
W. C. McHugh	1,211	...	...	1,211

## THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Morton.

## SENATE.

Ferd. Leutz (rep)	989
Samuel L. Nuchols (dem)	522
Chas. Weigel (ind)	644

## HOUSE.

W. E. Martin (rep)	1,173
Jacob Rohs (rep)	1,407
Wm. Simpson (rep)	1,007
J. E. Campbell (dem)	731
E. N. Rosworth (dem)	212
J. J. Strain (dem)	277
P. B. Wickham (ind)	633
Ed Holritz (ind)	658

## THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Stark and Billings.

## SENATE.

L. A. Simpson (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

	Stark	Billings	Total
J. E. Phelan (rep)	340	190	530
A. L. Martin (rep)	609	276	885
J. F. Brodie (rep)	662	291	953
Thos. Evans (ind)	452	149	601

## THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—Eddy and Foster.

## SENATE.

	Eddy	Foster	Total
George D. Palmer (rep)	477	508	985
C. K. Wing (dem)	229	341	570

## HOUSE.

E. T. Halaas (rep)	380	413	793
S. N. Putnam (rep)	406	445	851
Axtel Johnson (dem)	387	377	764
John W. Murphy (dem)	246	401	647

## THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Wells.

## SENATE.

John Austin Regan (rep), hold-over.

## HOUSE.

O. L. Jensen (rep)	749
W. F. Shanafelt (rep)	820
J. F. Wake (rep)	820
Fred Dethloff (dem)	470
Phillip Mathews (dem)	327
Arvid Saterburg	294

## THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—McHenry and Pierce.

## SENATE.

	McHenry	Pierce	Total
C. D. Rice (rep)	1,573	656	2,229
J. R. Nelson (dem)	536	620	1,156

## HOUSE.

R. C. Wedge (rep)	1,583	672	2,255
John Steen (rep)	1,459	746	2,205
O. T. Tofsrud (dem)	1,496	764	2,260
Scattering	....	16	16

## THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—McLean Mercer and Oliver

## SENATE.

August E. Johnson (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

	McLean	Mercer	Oliver	Total
Johann Schlenker (rep) .....	1,676	308	251	2,235
H. E. Mathews (rep) .....	1,656	295	252	2,203
Daniel McAffe (dem) .....	253	10	82	345

## THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—McIntosh and Logan.

## SENATE.

	McIntosh	Logan	Total
Christ Albright (rep) .....	443	514	957

## HOUSE.

George Elhard (rep) .....	434	502	936
John Giedt (rep) .....	441	492	933
Scattering .....	1	2	3

## THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Richland, consisting of the townships of Walcott, Colfax, Barrie, Helendale, Sheyenne, Viking, Garborg, Freeman, West End, Homestead, Grafton, Antelope, Danton, Garfield, Dexter, Wyndmere, Belford, Liberty, Brightwood, village of Hankinson, Elma, Park, village of Lidgerwood, Moran and Grant.

## SENATE.

Emil A. Movius (rep), holdover.

## HOUSE.

Geo. Blake (rep) .....	527
R. H. Hankinson (rep) ....	576
O. T. Grant (rep) .....	592
Tobias Hagen (dem) .....	490
A. D. Hanson (dem) .....	541
James Shea (dem) .....	432

## THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Barnes, consisting of the townships of Weimer, Noltimier, Alta, Oriska, Spring Vale, Cuba, Svea, Skandia, Norman, Binghampton, Raritan, Thordenskjold, Oakville, Spring Creek, Lincoln, Greenland, Green, Heman, township 138, range 61, township 138, range 58, township 138, range 58, township 139, range 61.

## SENATE.

Knut S. Ramsett (rep) ....	596
J. M. Olson (dem) .....	359

## HOUSE.

D. R. Jones (rep) .....	589
Martin Thoreson (rep) ....	671
M. E. Hanson (dem) .....	240
Scattering .....	1

## THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Traill, consisting of the townships of Bohnsack, Blanchard, Bloomfield, Garfield, Galesburg, Mayville, city of Mayville, Morgan, Norman, Roseville, city of Portland and village of Hatton.

## SENATE.

Anton T. Kraabel (rep), hold-  
over.

## HOUSE.

G. A. White (rep) .....	366
O. G. Nelson (rep) .....	447
E. H. Rishel (dem) .....	293
S. S. Wenaas (dem) .....	356
Scattering .....	1

## FORTIETH DISTRICT.

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Cavalier, consisting of the townships of Mt. Carmel, Hope, Fremont, Olga, Loam, Harvey, Easby, Alma, East Alma, Montrose, village of Milton and Osnabrock.

## SENATE.

C. W. Plain (rep) .....	590
R. B. Laving (dem) .....	555

## HOUSE.

Robt. Griffith (rep) .....	606
James McDowall (rep) ....	622
Peter Zettel (dem) .....	454
E. Thibadeau (dem) .....	478



# **DISTRICT JUDGES.**

## **Abstract of Votes Cast for District Judges in the Various Judicial Districts, Nov. 6, 1904.**

### **FIRST DISTRICT.**

Counties—Grand Forks and Nelson.

	J. H. Bosard	Chas. J. Fisk
Grand Forks .....	1,561	2,415
Nelson .....	649	1,043
Total .....	2,210	3,458

### **SECOND DISTRICT.**

Counties—Benson, Pierce, Ramsey, Rolette, Towner.

	John F. Cowan.
Benson .....	1,151
Pierce .....	915
Ramsey .....	1,597
Rolette .....	921
Towner .....	1,049
Total .....	5,633

### **THIRD DISTRICT.**

Counties—Cass, Steele, Traill.

	Chas. A. Pollock.
Cass .....	3,829
Steele .....	831
Traill .....	1,611
Total .....	6,271
Scattering—Steele 1, Traill 1.	

### **FOURTH DISTRICT.**

Counties—Dickey, McIntosh, Ransom, Richland Sargent.

	Frank P. Allen.	W. S. Lauder
Dickey .....	829	571
McIntosh .....	534	280
Ransom .....	1,074	466
Richland .....	1,962	1,562
Sargent .....	752	696
Total .....	5,151	3,575

## FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Barnes, Eddy, Foster, Griggs, LaMoure, Logan, Stutsman, Wells.

	E. T. Burke.	S. L. Glaspell.
Barnes .....	1,432	1,228
Eddy .....	353	415
Foster .....	382	487
Griggs .....	531	431
LaMoure .....	529	555
Logan .....	333	155
Stutsman .....	1,259	1,080
Wells .....	842	741
Total .....	5,661	5,092
Scattering—Barnes 2, Logan 1, Stutsman 1.		

## SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Billings, Burleigh, Emmons, Kidder, McLean, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Stark.

	W. H. Winchester
Billings .....	233
Burleigh .....	1,070
Emmons .....	670
Kidder .....	437
McLean .....	1,868
Mercer .....	261
Morton .....	1,465
Oliver .....	243
Stark .....	664
Total .....	6,911
Scattering—Billings 3, Burleigh 2, Morton 3, Stark 3.	

## SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Cavalier, Pembina, Walsh.

	W. J. Kneeshaw	J. M. Myers.
Cavalier .....	1,691	792
Pembina .....	2,099	592
Walsh .....	1,261	1,992
Total .....	5,051	3,376

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Bottineau, McHenry, Williams, Ward.

	E. B. Goss.	L. J. Palda, Jr.
Bottineau .....	1,462	1,585
McHenry .....	1,133	1,347
Williams .....	594	553
Ward .....	3,363	2,088
Total .....	6,552	5,573

## CHANGE IN BOUNDARIES OF DISTRICTS.

Under acts of the legislature of 1907 two new judicial districts—ninth and tenth—were created. See pp. 269-270. The ninth has been organized by the appointment of A. G. Burr as judge. The tenth not organized at time of issue of the Blue Book.

## VOTE BY PRECINCTS IN EACH COUNTY, 1906.

BARNES.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall	R Gronna	R Benton.	R Burr.	R Halvorson	R Bailey	R Saries	R Burke	R Dow
No. 1	9	9	4	5	1	1	3	10	
No. 2	14	14	11	12	1	1	6	24	
No. 3	15	10	8	3	1		10	13	1
No. 4	10	9	9	7			7	15	
No. 5	9	8	5	4	1	1	3	13	1
No. 6	8	7	13	12			2	23	
No. 7	10	9	4	3			3	14	
No. 8	24	19	18	20			7	38	
No. 9	27	22	13	13			20	23	
No. 10	14	11	7	7	1		6	16	
No. 11	17	10	4	2	1	1	13	10	
No. 12	13	2	3	1			6	10	
No. 13	13	9	2				11	3	
No. 14	12	8	11	19			7	28	
No. 15	22	19	10	9			15	22	
No. 16	18	15	14	16	1		11	24	
No. 17	15	14	4	6			7	13	
No. 18	14	12	6	8		1	13	7	
No. 19	17	15	10	10	6	5	15	14	4
No. 20	8	7	8	8	1	1	7	9	1
No. 21	20	20	4	5			18	13	
No. 22	20	21	5	7			10	21	
No. 23	17	16	12	13	2		12	22	
No. 24	48	45	13	12			36	29	
No. 25	16	11	33	33			12	40	
No. 26	20	19	4	3			12	14	
No. 27	24	23	6	6			16	16	
No. 28	7	4	19	18	5	5	5	22	4
No. 29	9	16	12	14	1	1	8	13	2
No. 30	16	12	9	12	1		9	17	
No. 31	11	8	3	4	2	1	8	7	1
No. 32	15	13	5	5	2	1	7	14	1
No. 33	15	10	5	6	1		7	12	
No. 34	34	36	5	4	2	2	25	18	1
No. 35	29	26	13	11			17	26	
No. 36	66	63	33	29			51	52	
No. 37	26	25	11	11	1		24	16	
No. 38	56	52	26	27	3	1	42	46	
No. 39	60	63	16	15	10	10	47	34	11
No. 40	20	16	9	10	3	3	10	22	2
No. 41	18	14	8	8	2		11	17	
No. 42	13	10	10	9			10	14	
No. 43	73	64	30	28	1	2	54	73	3
No. 44	82	76	34	28	7	3	52	79	2
No. 45	216	129	59	53	3	3	77	130	3
No. 46	91	75	37	33	4	5	55	77	3
No. 47	50	47	22	21	4	4	41	35	3
No. 48	45	39	25	17		1	32	41	
No. 49	32	28	14	14	2	3	19	29	3
No. 50	54	55	53	30		1	24	70	
Total	1,492	1,266	679	647	69	56	923	1,348	46

## BENSON

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	Soc Halvorson	Soc Bailey	R Saries	D Burke	Soc Dow
Aurora	17	18	12	11			4	27	
Albert	15	13	15	17			2	31	
Arne	9	11	3	2			8	9	
Broe	25	19	6	11			8	29	
Butte Valley	15	17	12	10			3	28	
Beaver	26	26	6	5			12	14	
Esmond	56	53	35	31	4	2	26	74	2
Hesper	27	28	8	7			23	15	
Irvine	17	16	6	6			8	16	
Isabel	18	19	7	5	1	1	4	23	1
Iowa	11	8	3	4			2	10	
Impark	22	23	7	9			4	28	
Knox	37	33	23	20	2	1	9	58	
Leeds	26	36	10	11			10	34	
Leeds City	62	49	31	49			17	86	
Lake Ibsen	22	21	3	4	1	1	8	18	1
McClellan	17	16	8	7			9	17	
Minnewaukan	7	6	2	4			4	9	
" Vil.	74	67	18	21			50	52	
West "	15	17	8	9	2	1	2	28	
North Fork	7	7	12	11			6	13	
Normania	36	32	8	11	1		8	38	
Oberon	69	59	14	15	1	1	23	60	1
Pleasant Lake	20	22	11	12	1	1	3	33	1
Pleasant Valley	16	15	8	7			11	12	
Twin Lake	19	18	5	5			6	17	
Viking	18	12	13	9			4	27	
West Antelope	25	19	8	10			12	22	
York	38	38	28	27			15	59	
Brinsmade	15	16	19	19	3	2	6	33	1
Graham's Island	5	5	2	2			3	5	
North Viking	47	50	30	22	1		21	68	1
Riggin	16	13	11	10	1		7	22	
Plainview	24	21	4	5			19	10	
Fort Totten	24	23	3	3			15	12	
South Side	7	7	1	1			7	1	
Wood Lake	12	4	4	2			3	5	
Free Peoples	6	6	2	1			6	3	
Minco	9	9					3	6	
Total	931	862	406	425	20	10	391	1,062	8

## BILLINGS

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Beuton	D Barr	S Halvorson	S Pailey	R Saries	D Burke	S Dow
Medora* .....	48	46	3	3	.....	.....	49	4	
Sentinel Butte .....	61	55	2	.....	2	.....	58	10	
Beach .....	62	58	7	6	.....	.....	67	11	
Blodgett .....	24	18	1	1	1	.....	25	2	
Beaver .....	3	3	1	1	.....	.....	3	1	
Yule .....	8	8	2	1	.....	.....	8	2	
Pullins .....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	
Rocky Ridge .....	14	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	1	
H. T. ....	19	17	2	2	.....	.....	17	2	
Rainy Butte .....	6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	
Green River .....	20	19	9	9	.....	.....	20	9	
Bishop .....	14	11	.....	.....	.....	1	14	.....	1
Mikkelsen .....	11	11	.....	.....	2	2	11	.....	2
Total .....	292	268	27	23	5	3	295	42	3

\*Two scattering votes for representatives in congress.

## BOTTINEAU

No. 1 .....	37	27	17	24	2	1	22	36	1
No. 2 .....	59	50	13	22	.....	.....	43	30	
No. 3 .....	35	27	8	19	.....	.....	23	24	
No. 4 .....	34	23	15	28	.....	.....	22	26	
No. 5 .....	31	26	13	13	1	1	16	36	
No. 6 .....	22	23	10	13	11	10	10	30	8
No. 7 .....	85	68	59	84	.....	.....	49	108	
No. 8 .....	20	16	13	18	.....	.....	18	19	
No. 9 .....	94	91	30	39	2	2	81	54	2
No. 10 .....	23	15	22	27	3	3	19	28	3
No. 11 .....	34	34	19	22	2	2	31	29	1
No. 12 .....	18	15	25	31	.....	.....	16	32	
No. 13 .....	15	11	31	37	.....	.....	11	37	
No. 14 .....	8	7	12	18	.....	.....	5	15	
No. 15 .....	38	32	25	41	2	2	14	16	2
No. 16 .....	38	17	60	99	3	3	14	100	3
No. 17 .....	16	14	14	17	2	2	16	15	2
No. 18 .....	19	17	18	20	2	2	19	20	2
No. 19 .....	19	20	10	11	7	7	17	15	7
No. 20 .....	11	13	25	28	2	2	10	32	2
No. 21 .....	23	23	11	13	.....	.....	21	14	
No. 22 .....	15	14	9	12	1	1	14	11	
No. 23 .....	14	12	10	15	.....	.....	14	13	
No. 24 .....	10	9	10	19	1	1	11	15	1
No. 25 .....	30	25	19	29	1	1	17	36	2

## BOTTINEAU—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
No. 26	18	18	13	21	.....	.....	9	30	
No. 27	14	15	21	26	.....	.....	9	32	
No. 28	55	55	27	36	2	3	58	33	2
No. 29	32	32	15	21	1	1	27	25	1
No. 30	12	12	12	15	.....	.....	8	20	
No. 31	22	17	18	28	1	1	18	25	1
No. 32	8	9	16	18	.....	.....	7	21	
No. 33	33	35	20	15	3	4	33	20	3
No. 34	27	34	20	9	4	4	25	20	4
No. 35	60	53	27	39	.....	.....	53	39	
No. 36	62	53	47	63	2	.....	51	79	2
No. 37	33	29	14	17	1	.....	16	32	1
No. 38	27	24	16	19	15	14	25	21	14
No. 39	22	20	13	14	2	2	17	17	2
No. 40	18	18	16	17	.....	.....	13	20	1
No. 41	11	6	14	20	.....	.....	6	21	
No. 42	12	4	23	34	2	2	8	32	2
No. 43	81	22	37	55	1	1	17	63	1
No. 44	22	20	28	33	.....	.....	19	35	
No. 45	53	44	25	36	3	3	43	39	3
No. 46	59	48	25	43	.....	.....	46	48	
No. 47	40	33	13	28	2	2	18	45	
No. 48	12	8	7	11	.....	.....	11	14	
No. 49	19	14	24	28	.....	.....	13	31	
No. 50	61	47	30	47	9	7	53	45	8
No. 51	22	17	17	23	2	2	14	30	2
Total	1,533	1,316	1,036	1,425	92	86	1,150	1,672	84

## BURLEIGH

Wild Rose	4	4	2	2	.....	.....	4	2	
Long Lake	17	17	3	3	.....	.....	17	3	
Morton	9	9	7	5	.....	.....	5	11	
Telfer	5	5	3	2	.....	.....	5	3	
Manning	23	24	2	2	.....	.....	24	3	
Fort Rice	6	6	4	4	.....	.....	6	4	
Lincoln	35	35	2	2	.....	.....	31	6	
Apple Creek	9	10	4	4	.....	.....	10	4	
Boyd	6	6	4	5	.....	.....	4	7	
Logan	6	5	.....	.....	2	2	5	1	2
White	7	7	5	4	.....	.....	6	6	
Thelma	7	7	2	2	.....	.....	4	4	1

## BURLEIGH—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	D Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Driscoll	23	17	4	5	1	1	21	7	1
Sterling	15	15	3	3			13	5	
McKenzie	19	12	12	12			10	16	
Menoken	11	11	6	6			9	8	
Gibbs	4	4	12	12			2	15	
Hay Creek	8	7	6	5			4	10	
River View	6	6	4	4			5	5	
Burnt Creek	11	10	11	10			11	11	
Naughton	13	12	11	9			13	13	
Frances	11	11					11		
Sibley	4	5	8	8			2	10	
Christiania	11	9	1	1	1		9	2	2
Clear Lake	9	7	12	12			8	13	
Lein	13	11					11	3	
Lyman	11	10	5	5			12	4	
Bohan	13	12	1	1			10	4	
Cromwell	20	21	9	9			19	10	
Crofte	7	7	8	8			6	10	
Glenview	28	28	3	4			15	16	
Painted Woods	16	16	5	4			17	4	
Ecklund	37	36	9	10			35	20	
Ghylin	18	18	6	6			18	6	
Trygg	5	6	4	4	2	3	6	4	3
Ludden Ranch	5	5					5		
Harriet	8	8	1	1	1	1	8	1	1
Phoenix	8	8	5	5			8	5	
Richmond	6	6	2	2	2	2	6	2	2
Andrews	11	9	3	3	4	4	13	3	3
Iowa	15	15	8	8			16	9	
Grass Lake	17	16	9	9			17	10	
Hawkeye	21	21	1				20	1	
Pleasant View	22	20	6	5			21	8	
Schrunk	6	6	7	5		1	6	5	1
Florence Lake	20	20	7	7			20	8	
Hazelgrove	21	21		1			19	2	
Bismarck—									
1st Ward	56	55	31	18			49	41	
2nd Ward	68	61	36	35			53	61	
3rd Ward	66	65	18	16			62	17	
4th Ward	134	135	8	9			158	6	
5th Ward	77	74	16	14			71	21	
6th Ward	53	49	20	21	2	1	49	26	1
Total	1,059	1,021	356	341	15	16	983	489	17

## CASS.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Heaton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarks .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Addison	24	23	3	1	.....	.....	17	10	
Amenia	31	32	7	7	.....	.....	27	11	1
Arthur	45	44	11	11	.....	.....	45	10	
Ayr	21	20	13	11	1	1	18	16	1
Barnes	20	19	14	8	.....	.....	19	13	
Bell	9	8	7	3	1	1	8	9	
Berlin	3	4	22	20	.....	.....	5	21	
Buffalo	40	39	14	16	.....	.....	38	21	
Casselton	11	12	4	4	.....	.....	10	6	
Cliffton	7	7	2	2	.....	.....	7	3	
Cornell	13	11	3	3	.....	.....	11	5	
Davenport	21	21	17	16	.....	.....	11	28	
Dows	6	5	7	7	1	1	2	11	
Durbin	17	17	1	1	.....	.....	17	2	
Eldred	48	44	11	11	.....	.....	43	15	
Empire	14	14	6	4	.....	.....	13	6	
Eric	49	47	14	13	.....	.....	44	20	
Everest	22	21	7	7	.....	.....	21	7	
Fargo	10	11	7	4	.....	.....	11	6	
Gardner	26	29	23	20	.....	.....	27	23	
Gill	13	12	7	6	.....	.....	12	7	
Gunkle	23	23	9	9	.....	.....	21	11	
Harmony	3	2	4	3	.....	.....	5	3	
Harwood	23	22	40	33	.....	.....	15	45	
Highland	44	44	5	5	.....	.....	44	5	
Hill	13	11	7	7	1	1	13	6	1
Howes	11	10	4	4	2	2	8	6	2
Hunter	30	24	55	39	2	4	16	69	
Kinyon	29	28	15	13	.....	.....	22	23	
Lake	7	7	4	4	.....	.....	10	3	
Leonard	45	42	14	13	1	1	43	16	1
Maple River	21	24	19	8	.....	.....	27	12	
Mapleton	12	14	8	7	.....	.....	10	11	
Noble	25	25	7	7	.....	.....	16	16	
Normanna	51	52	57	55	2	2	26	84	2
Page	14	14	2	1	.....	.....	14	3	
Pleasant	28	37	43	27	.....	.....	27	41	
Pontiac	15	15	4	4	.....	.....	13	6	
Raymond	15	16	11	9	.....	.....	14	11	
Reed	31	26	16	11	.....	.....	27	18	
Rich	14	14	4	5	1	.....	11	8	
Rochester	8	8	5	4	.....	.....	9	4	
Rush River	13	14	11	9	.....	.....	14	12	
Stanley	40	41	55	49	.....	.....	22	72	
Tower	62	58	10	16	3	3	53	23	2
Walburg	52	50	8	9	.....	.....	48	11	
Warren	16	17	28	26	1	1	9	33	1



## CASS—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Farles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Watson .....	15	14	4	2	.....	.....	15	3	
Wheatland ....	41	36	26	18	3	3	41	22	3
Wiser .....	16	15	19	19	1	1	12	23	1
Vil. Davenport ..	19	18	12	13	2	2	11	20	3
Vil. Mapleton ..	22	22	10	10	.....	.....	19	13	
Village Page ..	52	46	10	12	2	1	43	19	1
Casselman—									
1st Ward ..	49	48	43	41	.....	.....	47	50	.....
2d Ward ..	32	30	24	18	.....	.....	23	32	1
3d Ward ...	40	38	28	26	.....	.....	33	33	
Fargo—									
1st Ward ..	121	119	83	66	2	2	124	81	2
2d Ward ...	100	93	40	36	7	6	98	49	6
3d Ward ...	112	97	87	71	1	2	90	99	1
1st 4th Ward	128	99	111	76	2	2	99	121	2
2d 4th Ward	133	107	95	72	4	5	107	110	4
1st 5th Ward	123	111	98	81	1	1	111	110	1
2d 5th Ward	65	61	85	72	8	6	62	90	7
6th Ward ..	74	71	106	87	11	10	65	116	10
7th Ward ..	128	117	86	72	3	2	113	91	3
Total .....	2,365	2,223	1,621	1,344	62	60	2,056	1,884	58

## CAVALIER.

Alma .....	22	20	30	31	.....	.....	9	45	
Banner .....	35	35	8	8	8	8	23	24	7
Billings .....	21	20	1	2	3	3	17	5	3
Bruce .....	21	20	27	25	.....	.....	12	41	
Byron .....	26	23	11	11	1	1	29	13	1
Cyprus .....	14	14	5	5	1	1	17	4	
Dresden .....	35	34	52	55	.....	.....	35	61	1
Easby .....	49	44	7	7	.....	.....	39	23	
East Alma ....	23	19	30	30	1	1	14	43	
Elgin .....	23	21	39	39	.....	.....	20	44	
Freemont .....	42	41	37	38	.....	.....	31	47	
Glenila .....	35	29	32	35	2	2	19	59	
Gordon .....	23	18	13	10	2	2	18	18	2
Grey .....	14	15	13	13	.....	.....	13	15	
Harvey .....	37	36	13	13	.....	.....	38	15	
Hay .....	29	30	32	34	.....	.....	12	53	
Henderson .....	82	78	34	33	.....	.....	59	61	
Hope .....	53	51	44	45	.....	.....	44	61	

## CAVALIER—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Huron .....	16	16	18	17	.....	.....	15	24	
Langdon .....	19	18	24	25	.....	.....	15	29	
Langdon—									
1st Ward ..	56	53	55	58	.....	.....	38	78	
2d Ward ...	56	55	31	34	.....	.....	47	50	
3d Ward ...	19	16	6	8	.....	.....	16	11	
Linden .....	74	63	29	44	5	3	59	53	3
Loam .....	29	29	21	22	.....	.....	23	29	
Manila .....	15	15	27	27	.....	.....	13	31	
Milton Village	51	41	38	49	1	1	21	71	
Minto .....	17	17	8	9	.....	.....	19	9	
Montrose .....	56	53	18	9	1	1	33	43	1
Moscow .....	15	14	7	7	1	2	11	13	2
Mont Carmel ..	9	9	58	57	.....	.....	6	63	
Nekoma .....	62	56	16	19	1	2	42	41	2
Osford .....	23	20	12	10	.....	.....	8	16	
Olga .....	79	76	59	60	.....	.....	61	82	
Osnabrock Vil.	40	37	21	21	1	.....	23	44	1
Osnabrock .....	38	35	22	24	.....	.....	20	45	
Perry .....	39	36	27	26	1	1	32	40	2
Scivert .....	15	15	11	11	.....	.....	6	20	
Sarles Village ..	33	27	11	15	.....	.....	27	20	
South Dresden ..	19	19	34	34	.....	.....	16	39	
Storlie .....	26	28	27	26	3	3	20	36	2
Trier .....	16	15	20	21	.....	.....	13	26	
Waterloo .....	14	14	15	15	.....	.....	16	19	
Total .....	1,420	1,325	1,043	1,092	32	31	1,043	1,574	27

## DICKEY.

Bare Creek ...	18	16	7	8	.....	.....	16	7	
Clement .....	27	23	7	7	.....	1	21	12	1
Georgetown .....	13	12	2	2	1	.....	10	4	
Porter .....	40	35	14	15	2	2	33	20	1
Keystone .....	42	42	20	21	.....	.....	41	22	
Merricourt .....	34	34	6	6	.....	.....	32	8	
Whitestone .....	34	33	5	5	.....	.....	34	5	
Spring Valley ..	60	58	26	27	3	3	57	31	2
Elm .....	8	7	12	12	.....	.....	7	12	
Elden .....	11	11	13	13	1	1	12	12	1
Ellendale .....	11	11	2	2	.....	.....	11	2	
Kentner .....	8	8	4	4	2	2	7	5	2

## DICKEY—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Hudson	19	16	1	2			17	3	
Port Emma	16	16					16		
Lovell	25	21	11	12			24	12	
Albion	11	13	6	5			12	7	
Ada	7	7	7	7			8	7	
Van Meter	9	7	2	1			9	2	
Kent	7	7	5	5			6	6	
Wright	13	12	2	2	3	3	12	4	2
J. R. Valley	56	51	18	20	1	1	48	25	1
Valley	6	5	2	2			6	2	
Riverdale	13	10	1	2			8	4	
Ellendale—									
1st Ward	34	31	18	17	2	2	23	31	1
2d Ward	45	46	19	18	2	2	41	27	
3d Ward	35	34	14	14	6	6	26	26	4
Oakes—									
1st Ward	49	44	7	7	1	1	45	9	1
2d Ward	39	34	5	4	1	1	35	5	1
3d Ward	53	50	7	8			44	17	
Forbes Village	17	13	3	1			15	3	1
Total	760	707	246	249	26	26	676	330	18

## EDDY.

New Rockford	101	99	75	69	3	5	91	114	2
Sheyenne	66	66	28	30			54	49	
Munster	19	17	15	14			13	23	
Sheldon	11	9	4	3			8	6	
Colvin	28	29	4	4	1	1	27	9	1
Paradise	11	12	2	1	2	2	11	4	2
Fay	10	10	4	5			6	9	
Rosefield	15	15	17	18			14	24	1
Pitt	25	20	21	21			20	26	
Tiffany	17	16	18	16			16	23	
Superior	20	16	21	22	2	2	17	26	2
Dutce	28	32	4	5			34	16	
Rocky Mountain	35	34	14	16	2	2	25	29	2
Grandfield	26	26	7	8			19	17	
Washington	22	23	8	9			20	11	
Total	434	424	242	241	10	12	365	386	10

## EMMONS.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Burr Oak	32	30	1	2	.....	.....	26	7	
Benhem	21	19	11	11	.....	.....	21	11	
Gayton	32	30	6	6	.....	.....	31	7	
Hampton	34	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	1	
Cherry Grove	48	41	16	16	1	1	40	26	1
Tell	32	31	3	4	1	1	31	6	2
Logan	28	27	2	3	.....	.....	27	3	
Williamsport	41	37	9	8	.....	.....	41	10	
Omio	29	30	9	8	1	1	29	9	1
Dakem	10	10	15	15	.....	.....	10	15	
Exeter	6	6	18	19	.....	.....	6	19	
Selz	23	19	34	35	.....	.....	22	34	
Baker	31	25	14	14	.....	.....	30	15	
Linton	81	79	12	12	.....	.....	75	19	
Strasburg	13	13	43	44	.....	.....	14	43	
Westfield	41	40	4	4	.....	.....	40	4	
Union	19	19	4	3	.....	.....	19	5	
Emmonsburg	27	24	4	4	.....	.....	27	5	
Winona	30	30	17	17	.....	.....	31	17	
Glanavon	49	47	15	15	5	6	46	18	5
Total	€27	591	237	240	8	9	600	274	9

## FOSTER.

Eastman	8	9	7	5	.....	.....	6	9	
McKinley	12	12	9	7	.....	.....	12	15	
Johnson	18	14	8	7	.....	.....	8	20	
Bordulac	20	18	18	17	.....	.....	9	31	
Melville	25	21	16	14	.....	.....	21	32	
Pleasant Valley	18	18	8	9	.....	.....	12	17	
Glenfield	10	11	15	15	.....	.....	6	20	
Roosevelt	8	8	5	6	.....	1	6	8	1
Haven	8	7	15	15	.....	.....	8	16	
Rose Hill	22	21	13	13	.....	.....	16	21	
Carrington Twp	29	22	40	43	.....	.....	10	67	
Carrington—									
1st Ward	31	26	41	40	.....	.....	18	64	
2d Ward	51	38	38	35	.....	.....	27	71	
3d Ward	45	42	22	25	1	1	28	45	1
McHenry	42	36	47	47	.....	.....	22	67	
Dewey	7	6	5	4	1	.....	4	9	

## FOSTER—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burt .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salts .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Larrabee .....	23	20	5	3	.....	.....	16	13	
Nordmore .....	24	27	7	7	.....	.....	11	24	
Barlow .....	44	43	39	40	3	1	20	78	3
Total .....	445	399	358	352	5	3	260	617	5

## GRAND FORKS.

Agnes .....	18	17	19	17	1	3	10	31	1
Arvilla .....	36	35	11	9	4	4	32	14	4
Avon .....	26	24	13	15	1	1	6	35	
Elm Grove .....	22	17	13	17	.....	1	6	30	
Elkmount .....	20	17	20	19	.....	4	2	45	
Gilby .....	56	55	26	29	.....	1	28	68	
Grace .....	35	32	10	13	.....	.....	13	34	
Hegton .....	23	19	10	13	.....	.....	18	20	
Inkster .....	10	10	16	14	1	3	4	27	
Johnston .....	25	22	17	15	.....	.....	18	25	
Larimore ..a..	10	10	20	19	.....	.....	10	24	
Lind .....	41	39	6	9	.....	.....	5	44	
Logan Center ..	14	12	17	17	.....	.....	4	31	
Lorreta .....	32	38	6	7	.....	.....	6	37	
Moraine .....	21	16	11	11	.....	.....	11	20	
Niagara .....	25	25	29	35	.....	1	7	59	
Northwood .....	45	42	22	22	.....	.....	13	65	
Plymouth .....	12	14	16	16	1	4	9	28	
Strabane .....	22	19	14	15	1	2	13	33	1
Wheatfield .....	21	18	12	10	.....	.....	14	20	
Inkster City...	37	28	30	31	4	4	28	48	4
Northwood—									
1st Ward ...	34	37	14	16	.....	.....	5	48	
2d Ward ...	20	21	6	6	.....	.....	8	22	
3d Ward ...	36	31	9	13	.....	.....	13	35	
Larimore—									
1st Ward ...	37	33	27	27	.....	1	12	55	
2d Ward ...	43	39	57	57	7	9	20	98	5
3d Ward ...	42	35	24	22	1	2	20	49	1
Blooming .....	7	15	53	44	.....	.....	6	58	
Falconer .....	5	5	12	13	.....	.....	8	15	
Ferry .....	50	53	50	47	.....	.....	35	73	
Lakeville .....	16	17	35	29	.....	1	2	48	
Levant .....	10	12	7	7	.....	.....	8	10	

## GRAND FORKS—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burt	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Mekinock .....	18	22	48	41	1	.....	5	66	1
Rye .....	9	8	15	14	.....	.....	6	22	
Turtle River...	19	20	20	16	.....	.....	18	23	
Grand Forks—									
3d Ward ...	45	52	62	60	1	.....	48	92	
4th Ward ...	66	65	92	91	5	4	59	122	
5th Ward ...	112	112	122	119	3	3	102	175	
6th Ward ...	80	73	106	119	7	7	53	177	
1st Ward ...	124	107	134	131	.....	.....	72	197	
2d Ward ...	94	90	101	107	.....	.....	75	136	
7th Ward ...	96	100	95	109	2	2	57	179	1
Americus .....	24	23	40	39	.....	.....	5	60	
Allendale .....	29	29	16	14	.....	.....	10	33	1
Benton .....	33	28	27	26	.....	.....	3	58	
Brenna .....	26	17	18	27	.....	.....	5	43	
Chester .....	33	34	17	19	.....	.....	19	38	
Fairfield .....	16	14	10	10	.....	.....	10	18	
Grand Forks									
Twp .....	15	13	22	24	.....	.....	12	33	2
Michigan .....	10	9	20	19	.....	.....	4	32	
Oakville .....	14	15	10	11	.....	.....	4	25	
Pleasantview ..	33	31	13	15	.....	.....	14	34	
Union .....	49	48	12	12	.....	.....	33	33	
Washington ..	21	22	37	37	5	5	8	55	4
Walle .....	43	44	70	63	1	1	25	93	1
Reynolds City—									
1st Ward ...	10	8	6	7	.....	.....	8	10	
2d Ward ...	4	4	14	14	.....	.....	1	17	
Total .....	1,874	1,794	1,759	1,778	46	63	1,050	3,020	39

## GRIGGS.

Broadview ....	15	17	15	15	5	4	13	22	5
Sverdrup .....	14	13	43	43	.....	.....	6	54	
Washburn .....	26	27	12	12	.....	.....	13	27	
Romness .....	15	14	27	28	.....	.....	13	29	
Lenora .....	27	21	9	9	.....	.....	7	25	
Greenfield .....	56	47	39	41	5	5	30	74	3
Bald Hill .....	12	11	28	27	1	1	6	36	
Cooperstown ..	13	11	12	12	.....	.....	10	15	
Tyrol .....	13	12	39	39	1	.....	10	46	

## - GRIGGS—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burt .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Pilot Mound	18	17	16	16	.....	.....	10	25	
Barclay	10	10	17	17	.....	.....	7	19	
Helena	14	10	9	10	.....	.....	9	18	
Clearfield	6	6	29	27	.....	.....	4	30	
Addie	29	25	35	32	.....	.....	13	56	
Willow	12	13	19	17	1	1	9	25	1
Dover	20	17	9	8	.....	.....	9	20	
Mabel	17	16	13	12	.....	.....	8	21	
2d District	12	10	21	20	.....	.....	8	25	
Bryan	12	11	10	12	2	2	10	13	2
Rosendal	12	12	10	9	.....	.....	9	12	
Village Coop- erstown	85	77	80	74	4	5	34	144	4
Total	438	397	492	479	19	18	238	736	15

## KIDDER.

Allen	20	15	6	8	.....	.....	16	9	
Buckeye No. 1.	13	9	2	2	.....	.....	9	6	1
Buckeye No. 2.	24	25	2	2	1	1	20	7	1
Crystal Springs	14	12	6	6	.....	.....	13	8	
Chestina	28	25	19	22	.....	.....	25	22	
German	19	19	5	5	1	1	18	6	1
Liberty	14	14	2	2	.....	.....	12	4	
Manning	21	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	4	
Moyerville	36	31	1	1	.....	.....	32	5	
Pleasant Hill	19	20	9	8	1	1	19	14	
Rexin No. 1.	24	19	5	4	3	4	20	9	4
Rexin No. 2.	4	2	10	9	.....	.....	3	12	
Sibley	28	22	24	17	.....	.....	24	28	
Tappen	20	18	6	7	.....	.....	19	9	
Woodlawn	48	41	18	18	.....	1	44	25	
Total	332	292	115	111	6	8	294	168	7

## LAMOURE.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burt	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarks	D Burke	S Dow
Litchville	18	19	5	4			14	11	
Prairie	30	27	7	5			31	6	
Sheridan	30	25	14	13			27	19	
Saratoga	9	7	9	9			8	9	
Banner	12	12	10	9			10	15	
Kennison	15	18	3	1			20	2	
Mikkelson	15	15	2	2	1	1	15	2	1
Glen	19	15	4	4			18	3	
Black Loam	18	9	7	9	1	1	11	16	1
Gladstone	16	13	17	15	3	3	8	25	3
Grandview	12	8	7	6			12	7	
Roscoe	38	37	26	25	1	1	36	29	1
Russell	14	11	2	3	5	5	13	3	5
Glenmore	9	8	3	2	1		10	3	1
Bluebird	16	18	5	5			17	6	
Raney	10	10	14	13		1	10	14	1
Greenville	20	13	11	12			10	22	
Twin Lake	12	13	8	9			11	14	
Grand Rapids	23	21	5	5			20	9	
Henrietta	35	33	8	7		1	32	12	
Wano	12	12	4	4			11	4	
Nora	29	28	3	3			27	4	
Ray	5	2	8	8	1	1	2	10	1
Swede	7	7	15	15	1	1	6	17	1
Ovid	5	3	11	9			3	13	
LaMoure Twp.	19	18	3	3			16	6	
Cottonwood	21	20	2	2			16	11	
Lakeview	18	15	3	4			15	8	
Willowbank	11	8	3	3			6	8	
Golden Glen	95	88	28	29	2	2	76	48	2
Pomana View	9	8	8	8			6	14	
Norden	8	8	10	9			7	10	
LaMoure—									
1st Ward	49	45	6	7			34	22	
2d Ward	10	8					5	3	
3d Ward	70	64	10	11	1	1	56	25	1
Kulm City	53	48	14	14	1	1	51	16	1
Verona Village	28	25	11	10			17	26	
Total	820	739	306	297	18	19	687	471	19



## LOGAN.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burt .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarks .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
First District—									
1st Precinct..	70	61	11	13	4	4	70	25	3
2d Precinct..	93	94	1	.....	.....	.....	92	2	.....
3d Precinct..	82	75	5	2	.....	.....	80	3	.....
Second Dist.—									
1st Precinct..	69	77	16	16	1	1	75	22	3
2d Precinct..	33	30	1	2	.....	.....	34	3	.....
Third Dist.—									
1st Precinct..	93	92	4	4	2	2	93	4	2
2d Precinct..	55	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	.....
Total .....	495	484	38	37	7	7	500	59	8

## McHENRY

Willow Creek ..	21	21	16	15	.....	.....	18	21	.....
Elm Grove ...	23	24	15	15	.....	.....	8	32	.....
Meadow .....	56	52	13	17	.....	.....	42	39	.....
Deep River ...	21	18	10	11	.....	.....	14	21	.....
Pratt .....	19	17	18	20	.....	.....	17	25	.....
Grilley .....	21	23	6	4	.....	.....	15	12	.....
Little Deep ...	17	15	4	4	1	.....	13	9	1
Layton .....	31	40	5	6	.....	.....	27	10	.....
Milroy .....	51	53	21	21	1	1	54	27	1
Poplar Grove ..	21	19	5	6	.....	.....	16	9	.....
Norman .....	18	14	3	6	1	1	13	11	1
Red Cross ....	19	18	9	10	1	2	16	13	1
Wager .....	46	45	13	12	3	4	36	24	4
Cut Bank .....	11	12	12	13	1	2	12	13	1
Saline .....	8	8	21	21	.....	.....	8	21	.....
Deering .....	27	24	6	9	.....	.....	23	11	.....
Berwick .....	49	48	81	17	.....	.....	33	40	.....
Towner City ..	78	70	74	78	2	2	50	120	.....
Newport .....	35	32	8	10	.....	.....	27	17	.....
Gorman .....	4	4	33	32	.....	.....	3	33	.....
Smoky Lake ...	14	14	2	2	.....	.....	14	3	.....
Round Lake ...	4	3	8	8	2	2	4	9	2
Rose Brush ...	21	20	8	8	.....	.....	18	10	.....
Roosevelt .....	31	26	2	4	2	3	28	3	3
Strege .....	15	13	.....	1	2	1	13	4	1
Anamoose Twp.	20	17	3	2	2	1	20	2	3
Anamoose Vil.	57	57	18	17	2	2	41	38	1
Spring Grove .	28	21	9	9	.....	.....	29	13	.....

## McHENRY—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R ..... Marshall	R ..... Gronna	D ..... Benton	D ..... Burt	S ..... Halvorson	S ..... Bailey	R ..... Sarles	D ..... Burke	S ..... Dow
Denbigh .....	29	31	16	18	2	1	29	27	1
Riga .....	36	37	11	10	.....	.....	34	18	.....
Villard .....	44	44	19	18	5	5	20	48	2
Regstad .....	14	17	4	7	1	1	5	16	3
Lake Hester .....	15	12	5	9	6	6	9	14	5
Balfour Twp. ....	25	24	6	6	.....	.....	22	13	.....
Balfour Vil. ....	42	38	17	17	.....	.....	33	30	.....
Odin .....	23	21	5	4	3	3	23	6	2
Michigan .....	21	18	4	6	.....	.....	11	16	.....
Cottonwood L. ....	26	26	3	4	.....	.....	20	7	1
Egg Creek .....	22	19	6	6	.....	1	16	13	.....
Kottke Valley .....	21	22	6	6	5	4	15	20	3
Granville Twp. ....	20	19	4	5	.....	.....	17	7	.....
Granville Vil. ....	34	35	8	9	1	1	31	14	1
Norwich .....	39	34	6	9	1	2	29	21	1
Walters .....	35	33	24	27	4	4	22	42	1
North Prairie .....	22	23	6	7	1	1	13	21	1
South Bend .....	24	23	6	6	.....	.....	19	15	.....
Velva City .....	60	57	16	17	.....	.....	37	44	.....
Voltaire .....	15	15	4	2	1	.....	14	7	.....
Brown .....	17	15	5	3	3	3	18	4	2
Olivia .....	9	9	9	9	.....	.....	8	12	.....
Bjornson .....	21	16	3	5	.....	.....	15	9	.....
Total .....	1,380	1,306	553	588	53	55	1,072	1,014	42

## McINTOSH.

Precinct	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coldwater .....	20	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....
Grosz .....	15	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....
Hellwig .....	20	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....
Jewell .....	32	32	.....	1	1	.....	32	.....	.....
Ashley .....	95	96	4	4	1	.....	96	5	1
Lehr .....	31	31	2	1	.....	.....	31	1	.....
Wishek .....	26	24	4	3	2	2	26	4	2
Moscow .....	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....
Lowell .....	18	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	1	.....
Venturia .....	44	45	1	.....	.....	.....	44	.....	.....
Zeeland .....	57	58	7	6	.....	.....	57	8	.....
Strasburg .....	16	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....
Ostrem .....	23	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....
Salem .....	17	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....
Total .....	426	427	18	15	4	2	426	19	2

## McKENZIE.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Morrill	42	29	11	13	1	1	31	27	2
Cartwright	28	22	9	10	1	1	27	13	1
Alexander	58	48	4	6	2	3	53	14	2
Poe	33	31	14	14	1	1	15	41	1
Johnson	28	29	3	3	1	1	26	10	
Schafer	76	67	16	19	1	1	61	48	
Banks	14	11	6	6	4	3	8	17	4
Charlson	28	28	3	3	2	1	30	9	1
Knipe	28	27	4	4	1	1	28	5	
Berg	28	26	1	1	1	1	29	4	1
Almira	11	9	1	2	1	1	8	7	
Wilkie	19	14	1	1	1	1	13	11	
Keffler	11	7	2	1	1	1	7	5	
Total	405	348	74	82	11	11	336	211	12

## McLEAN.

Martin	53	53	3	3	1	1	44	5	1
Strausburg	18	18	1	1	1	1	18	1	
Dogden	60	56	2	3	1	1	58	4	1
Butte	11	11	4	3	1	1	12	5	1
Freitage	14	13	1	1	1	1	14	1	
Max	13	12	2	1	1	1	13	4	
Douglas	32	32	5	5	2	2	27	12	2
Blue Hill	11	10	4	5	1	1	6	10	2
Roseglen	22	23	9	9	5	4	22	15	3
Platte	9	10	1	1	5	5	10	1	5
McGinnis	15	14	4	4	1	1	15	5	
Ulrich	17	18	1	1	1	1	20	1	
Greatstone	15	13	1	1	1	1	15	1	1
Wiprud	79	74	6	7	3	3	68	17	3
Skogmo	22	22	1	1	1	1	20	3	1
Berlin	51	53	1	1	1	1	53	1	
Wittmayer	54	55	3	4	1	1	55	4	
Lincoln	53	54	5	5	1	1	53	5	
Curtis	44	42	1	6	1	1	44	1	
Malcom	26	25	8	1	1	1	26	13	
Garrison	83	83	7	9	9	12	79	14	11
St. Mary	24	22	15	13	2	2	24	16	2
Emmett	22	20	11	9	2	2	22	9	2
Fort Berthold	23	22	5	6	1	1	32	7	
Coleharbor	31	29	8	8	1	1	32	10	

## McLEAN—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Turtle Lake ..	84	79	24	23	.....	.....	63	50	
Mercer .....	28	28	5	6	.....	.....	27	8	
McClusky .....	65	65	10	8	.....	.....	68	8	
Lamont .....	25	25	2	2	.....	.....	24	3	
Denhoff .....	34	31	4	3	.....	.....	31	5	
Goodrich .....	61	61	5	5	.....	.....	58	8	1
White .....	37	37	6	6	.....	.....	37	6	
Whittaker .....	15	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	15		
Eastman .....	33	33	3	3	.....	.....	32	4	
Washburn .....	172	165	21	23	1	1	172	33	1
Underwood .....	76	69	17	15	1	1	75	18	
Hancock .....	17	15	5	5	.....	.....	17	6	
Basto .....	23	27	2	2	1	1	26	2	1
Heaton .....	5	6	8	7	.....	.....	7	7	
Wilton .....	63	60	12	13	1	1	55	23	1
Armstrong .....	58	59	1	1	.....	.....	57	3	
Shellcreek .....	39	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	39		
Elbowwoods .....	46	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	2	
Buffalo Lake ..	17	16	1	1	.....	.....	15	4	
Total .....	1,702	1,653	234	230	39	45	1,636	354	40

## MERCER.

No. 1 .....	66	57	4	4	.....	.....	72	5	
No. 2 .....	68	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	68		
No. 3 .....	71	69	1	1	.....	.....	72	1	
No. 4 .....	87	82	4	4	1	2	92	5	2
No. 5 .....	16	16	3	3	.....	.....	16	3	
No. 6 .....	6	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	5		
Total .....	313	297	12	12	1	2	325	14	2

## MORTON.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Mandan—									
1st Ward ...	65	59	8	6	1	2	61	20	3
2d Ward ...	139	129	41	39	...	...	135	59	
3d Ward ...	81	79	16	19	1	4	71	40	2
Hebron ...	62	61	...	...	...	...	60	1	
Glen Ullin ...	91	90	14	14	...	...	89	17	
Blue Grass ...	60	62	15	12	2	2	61	19	2
Sims ...	26	25	7	7	2	2	24	8	2
Engelter ...	71	71	3	3	...	...	71	4	
Albrecht ...	53	49	8	8	2	4	50	10	3
Ingalls ...	16	16	3	2	...	...	19	1	
Marmot ...	29	20	3	1	...	...	27	5	
Crown Butte ...	44	41	7	7	...	1	44	6	
Square Butte ...	17	19	4	3	...	...	19	4	
N. Little Heart ...	42	40	7	7	2	2	42	8	2
Sunnyside ...	16	15	6	6	...	...	15	7	
Custer ...	12	11	2	...	...	...	11	3	
S. Little Heart ...	36	33	20	21	...	...	33	27	
Rural ...	27	23	10	11	...	...	25	12	
Fort Rice ...	40	38	15	16	1	1	36	16	1
Cannon Ball ...	30	30	2	1	...	...	31	4	1
Stevenson ...	42	40	5	5	...	...	44	7	
Weekes ...	28	28	8	8	4	4	26	13	4
Emter ...	40	39	11	10	...	...	40	11	
Wehri ...	22	22	15	16	...	...	21	15	
Wade ...	33	32	2	2	...	...	31	3	
Hintz ...	40	39	3	2	...	...	40	3	
Antelope ...	54	54	...	...	...	...	54	1	
Malone ...	12	7	1	2	1	...	6	7	1
New Salem ...	93	93	17	16	1	2	89	24	2
Bjorum ...	16	13	8	8	1	1	9	13	1
Allison ...	29	28	7	5	...	...	28	8	
Pitts ...	23	24	1	1	1	1	24	1	1
Dogtooth ...	30	30	5	7	...	...	33	4	
Sweet Briar ...	6	5	2	2	...	...	5	4	
Lincoln ...	14	12	2	2	...	...	12	6	
Fallon ...	54	55	7	6	...	...	54	8	
Heilbronn ...	34	33	1	...	...	...	33	1	
Foust ...	41	41	14	14	...	...	41	13	
Judson ...	16	15	9	6	...	...	21	7	
Elm ...	24	25	1	1	...	...	25	1	
Carson ...	25	22	5	5	...	...	26	5	
Flasher ...	56	52	10	9	...	...	59	9	
Total	1,689	1,631	285	300	19	26	1,646	395	24

## NELSON.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	.....R Marshall	.....R Gronna	.....D Benton	.....D Burr	.....S Halvorson	.....S Bailey	.....R Sarles	.....D Burke	.....S Dow
Aneta City	109	105	33	38	1	1	65	91	
Adler	15	15	21	21			10	27	
Bergen	25	23	11	10	1	1	11	23	1
Central	46	46	5	2			37	14	
Clara	23	27	7	5			21	11	
Dahlen	31	31	7	8	1	1	9	31	
Dayton	26	27	4	4		1	25	7	
Dodds	20	26	7	4	1	1	22	8	1
Enterprise	22	23	2	3	1		18	7	1
Field	19	19	15	19			13	25	
Forde	14	21	14	11			12	23	
Hamlin	52	45	15	21			36	32	
Illinois	14	19	10	8			15	11	
Leval	20	26	5	4	2	2	22	6	2
Lakota Twp.	25	30	6	8			26	9	
Lakota City	147	178	36	32	3	2	122	79	3
Lee	33	25	13	22			10	37	
Melvin	18	17	16	13			8	26	
Michigan Twp.	23	20	27	33	2	4	14	43	1
Michigan City	36	36	57	59	1	1	28	74	1
Nash	14	15	19	19			8	26	
Nesheim	28	25	11	13			11	29	
Ora	26	27	17	17			20	26	
Osago	32	33	7	8			16	24	
Petersburg Twp.	14	14	15	17	1	1	8	23	1
Petersburg Vil.	27	27	30	29	2	2	10	52	2
Rugh	20	20	17	19			15	25	
Rubin	23	23	11	13	1	1	20	17	1
Sarnia	17	16	15	18	1	1	10	25	1
Williams	17	19	3	5			14	9	
Wamduska	14	17	6	5	1	1	13	9	1
Total	950	995	462	488	19	20	669	849	16

## OLIVER.

No. 1	74	62	8	6			72	9	
No. 2	54	52	24	23			50	30	
No. 3	32	28	32	30			30	35	
No. 4	44	40	21	20	1	1	37	27	1
No. 5	35	34			1	1	27	9	1
No. 6	26	26	3	3			28	3	
Total	265	242	88	82	2	2	244	113	2

## PEMBINA

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Advance .....	39	38	46	46	.....	.....	35	53	.....
Akra .....	58	58	24	24	.....	.....	48	35	.....
Bathgate Twp. ....	22	18	9	8	.....	.....	6	32	.....
Bathgate Vil. ....	43	39	25	27	.....	.....	26	48	.....
Beaulieu .....	29	26	47	48	.....	.....	12	65	.....
Cavalier Vil. ....	67	56	54	62	.....	.....	42	83	.....
Cavalier Twp. ....	57	57	45	45	.....	.....	36	74	.....
Crystal City .....	25	25	26	27	.....	.....	14	46	.....
Crystal Twp. ....	18	17	21	22	.....	.....	6	34	.....
Carlisle .....	30	29	28	26	.....	.....	23	37	.....
Cantor .....	11	11	15	15	.....	.....	9	18	.....
Drayton City .....	58	53	39	41	.....	.....	38	68	.....
Drayton Twp. ....	17	15	27	31	.....	.....	19	41	.....
Elora .....	21	19	16	15	.....	.....	10	31	.....
Gardar .....	70	68	26	27	.....	.....	37	60	.....
Hamilton Vil- lage .....	23	20	17	20	.....	.....	12	30	.....
Hamilton Twp. ....	31	29	27	29	.....	.....	18	42	.....
Joliet .....	41	42	16	13	.....	.....	37	27	.....
LaMoure .....	24	24	21	21	.....	.....	11	38	.....
Lincoln .....	35	30	34	33	.....	.....	20	51	.....
Lodema .....	31	31	19	19	.....	.....	28	25	.....
Midland .....	26	25	23	21	.....	.....	11	40	.....
Neche Village .....	58	57	21	22	.....	.....	53	32	.....
Neche Twp. ....	37	37	38	37	.....	.....	25	56	.....
Pembina—									
1st Ward .....	29	30	8	8	.....	.....	29	10	.....
2d Ward .....	38	38	13	11	.....	.....	29	22	.....
3d Ward .....	33	33	10	9	.....	.....	34	10	.....
Pembina Twp. ....	55	54	45	42	.....	.....	41	59	.....
Park Twp. ....	19	18	28	26	.....	.....	16	35	.....
St. Joseph .....	76	71	60	63	.....	.....	34	117	.....
St. Thomas City ..	70	67	36	38	.....	.....	46	62	.....
St. Thomas Twp .....	44	42	40	38	.....	.....	24	67	.....
Thingvalla .....	70	70	47	48	.....	.....	44	74	.....
Walhalla Village ..	52	46	28	30	.....	.....	30	58	.....
Walhalla Twp. ....	27	26	16	14	.....	.....	17	29	.....
Total .....	1,384	1,319	995	1,006	.....	.....	911	1,607	.....

## PIERCE.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Union .....	9	10	18	20	.....	1	5	27	1
Grass Lake .....	29	32	16	16	14	14	29	26	12
Juniata .....	21	25	11	10	1	.....	18	22	.....
Spring Lake...	10	10	7	8	.....	.....	9	12	.....
East Barton...	28	25	15	17	.....	.....	14	29	.....
Barton .....	39	42	22	24	3	3	13	55	2
Dewey .....	27	26	10	10	.....	.....	6	32	.....
Walsh .....	27	18	10	19	2	2	5	34	2
Torgerson .....	9	9	19	19	.....	.....	6	26	.....
Tofte .....	22	25	18	17	.....	.....	11	35	.....
Rush Lake .....	22	23	9	8	.....	1	12	25	.....
Hurricane Lake	20	21	7	6	.....	.....	14	18	.....
Meyers .....	12	12	8	9	.....	.....	10	14	.....
Christenson .....	22	15	12	20	.....	.....	5	40	.....
Ness .....	18	16	24	23	.....	.....	10	35	.....
Jefferson .....	.....	.....	47	49	.....	.....	.....	50	.....
Tuscarora .....	31	34	26	28	2	.....	20	42	.....
Erickson .....	16	18	21	20	.....	3	9	31	3
Elverum .....	27	30	10	9	.....	.....	14	25	.....
Sampson .....	10	10	25	24	.....	.....	4	33	.....
Sandale .....	1	1	20	20	.....	.....	1	21	.....
Elling .....	5	6	13	14	1	2	3	19	.....
Girard Lake...	11	15	6	7	1	1	12	14	.....
Rosedale .....	7	6	4	1	5	5	3	8	5
Alexander .....	11	12	31	29	.....	.....	9	33	.....
Hillside .....	2	3	19	16	.....	.....	3	18	.....
Antelope Lake.	24	24	3	4	.....	.....	19	10	1
White .....	15	15	17	17	.....	.....	10	24	.....
Keller .....	23	24	10	9	.....	.....	22	12	.....
Hagel .....	10	9	17	17	.....	.....	10	18	.....
Rugby—									
1st and 2d									
Wards .....	52	50	59	66	.....	3	28	102	4
3d Ward....	55	48	46	54	.....	.....	34	83	.....
Total .....	615	614	580	610	33	35	368	973	30



## RAMSEY.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R ..... Marshall	R ..... Gronna	D ..... Benton	D ..... Burr	S ..... Halvorson	S ..... Bailey	R ..... Sarlles	D ..... Burke	S ..... Dow
Lillehoff .....	27	33	34	31	10	10	22	45	7
Lawton .....	38	42	29	28	4	4	17	58	1
Newland .....	19	18	18	19	.....	.....	11	29	
Highland .....	22	17	13	15	.....	.....	3	35	
Bartlett Twp....	32	33	16	19	1	.....	16	36	
Hope .....	6	13	15	9	.....	.....	1	21	
Newbre .....	16	17	7	6	.....	.....	10	13	
Triumph .....	8	11	8	8	.....	.....	10	11	
Fancher .....	18	23	8	7	7	.....	11	22	
Prospect .....	19	16	6	7	1	3	12	15	1
Odessa .....	16	16	19	18	.....	.....	7	29	
Stevens .....	21	18	18	17	1	.....	7	35	
Ontario .....	19	19	13	12	.....	.....	9	24	
Norman .....	17	17	9	10	.....	.....	8	21	
Kato .....	16	14	7	7	.....	.....	11	14	
Overland .....	13	12	12	9	1	2	5	21	
Northfield .....	39	32	28	30	.....	1	10	62	
South Minne- waukan .....	14	11	10	11	.....	.....	2	23	
Minnewaukan .....	23	25	24	22	.....	.....	3	48	
Morris .....	23	19	18	17	.....	.....	13	30	
Cleveland .....	17	16	11	11	.....	.....	11	16	
Sullivan .....	18	17	11	13	.....	1	7	24	
Royal .....	20	18	20	20	.....	.....	4	37	
Lake .....	28	25	21	21	.....	.....	15	40	
Freshwater .....	13	12	21	19	.....	.....	5	28	
Webster .....	19	18	15	14	.....	.....	11	27	
Bergen .....	20	20	10	10	.....	.....	7	28	
Pleasant .....	24	23	10	12	1	1	10	27	1
Grand Harbor .....	32	30	45	47	.....	.....	12	71	
Dry Lake .....	8	5	10	9	.....	.....	2	18	
DeGroat .....	21	19	9	9	.....	.....	9	28	
Norway .....	16	6	11	17	.....	.....	1	26	
Coulee .....	25	22	25	27	.....	.....	16	36	
Irvine .....	15	16	1	1	.....	.....	11	5	
Churches Ferry Village .....	40	35	18	22	.....	.....	15	48	
Edmore Village .....	48	43	27	28	1	1	10	69	1
Starkweather Village .....	35	31	25	25	.....	.....	9	53	
Crary Village .....	24	26	33	29	.....	.....	14	46	2
Devils Lake— 1st Ward .....	81	76	47	43	4	5	37	111	3
2d Ward .....	29	34	32	33	2	2	20	45	2
3d Ward .....	110	99	75	73	3	3	49	143	2
Bartlett Village .....	22	24	7	7	4	3	13	19	2
Total .....	1,071	1,011	778	792	34	36	476	1,537	22

## RANSOM.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Coburn .....	18	17	1	1	.....	.....	18	2	
Greene .....	31	27	7	9	.....	.....	31	9	
Liberty .....	25	26	5	5	.....	.....	19	13	
Moore .....	23	25	8	9	1	1	17	15	1
Preston .....	18	17	12	10	2	2	14	16	2
Bear Creek .....	14	14	15	15	2	1	11	19	1
Fort Ransom .....	35	33	20	21	5	3	25	34	3
Springer .....	27	25	7	6	.....	.....	24	18	
Tuller .....	31	27	2	2	.....	.....	29	5	
Casey .....	43	43	3	3	.....	.....	44	4	
Shenford .....	36	36	14	13	.....	.....	39	12	
Owego .....	37	35	6	7	.....	.....	33	8	
Sandoun .....	21	18	7	7	2	.....	17	11	
Big Bend .....	22	18	7	7	.....	.....	19	10	
134-56 .....	22	23	6	5	.....	.....	18	11	
Elliot .....	28	27	10	10	.....	.....	27	11	
Hanson .....	37	33	13	13	.....	.....	34	17	
Roland .....	16	15	5	7	.....	.....	17	9	1
Alleghany .....	16	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	
Bale .....	22	16	4	4	.....	.....	18	5	1
Aliceton .....	21	22	19	19	.....	.....	22	19	
S½ 134-54 ..	4	3	5	6	.....	.....	4	5	
Lisbon—									
1st Ward....	75	70	25	23	.....	.....	59	37	
2d Ward....	97	95	34	32	.....	.....	79	54	
3d Ward....	65	60	12	12	1	1	56	21	1
Sydna .....	17	17	2	2	.....	.....	16	2	
Rosemeade .....	31	29	2	2	.....	.....	27	4	
Sheldon Village	53	51	18	17	.....	.....	53	21	
Enderlin—									
1st Ward....	62	55	26	28	1	1	40	51	2
2d Ward....	52	47	7	10	2	1	35	26	1
3d Ward....	46	43	11	12	1	.....	39	19	1
Total .....	1,046	983	313	315	17	10	900	488	14

## RICHLAND.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R	R	D	D	S	S		D	S
	Marshall	Gronna	Benton	Burr	Halvorson	Bailey	Series	Burke	Dow
Eagle	75	59	37	40	1		41	68	
Walcott	55	58	58	55			31	87	
Colfax	37	39	22	19			35	25	
Barrie	31	30	10	11	1	1	25	16	1
Helendale	12	12	5	5	1	1	11	6	1
Sheyenne	15	16	6	6			14	8	
Viking	12	12	12	12	1		9	15	
Garborg	20	20	10	9			18	12	
Freeman	8	8	5	5	2	1	8	6	1
West End	13	10	4	4			11	6	
Homestead	15	15					14	1	
Grafton	12	12	5	5	1	1	12	5	1
Antelope	16	15	5	5			13	8	
Abercrombie	50	50	24	22			35	38	
Abercrombie Village	34	31	19	19	2	2	27	28	1
Dwight	48	48	29	28	1	1	28	53	1
Ibsen	16	15	6	7			12	10	
Center	26	22	30	27			20	34	
Mooreton	30	31	31	28			26	40	
Danton	17	16	17	8	1	1	13	11	1
Barney	21	21	11	11			17	15	
Dexter	9	10	13	11	3	3	6	15	3
Wyndmere	21	21	11	10			19	13	
Wyndmere Village	34	30	22	22	1	2	24	30	1
Belford	21	21	25	25			19	28	
Liberty Grove	14	13	17	18	1	1	11	21	1
Brandenburg	54	54	51	51			55	51	
Summit	14	14	82	81		1	10	87	
Fairmount	29	27	21	22			24	28	
Fairmount Village	63	59	26	26			46	45	
Devillo	10	10	13	12			9	14	
LaMars	14	16	22	21			11	29	
Brightwood	19	19	13	13			17	15	
Waldo	7	7	13	13			7	13	
Hankinson	66	60	97	93			56	112	
Elma	13	12	30	30			12	31	
Greendale	12	11	33	33			12	33	
Duerr	6	5	24	24	1	1	5	24	1
Lidgerwood	78	74	45	46			51	80	
Moran	13	13	13	13			10	16	
Grant	16	16	7	7			11	11	
Wahpeton—									
1st Ward	35	30	65	62	1	1	33	69	
2d Ward	53	49	48	50	2	2	35	73	2

## RICHLAND—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
3d Ward ....	41	36	42	42	2	1	38	50	2
4th Ward ....	71	64	32	33	1	2	52	56	
Total .....	1,276	1,211	1,101	1,084	23	22	993	1,436	17

Scattering—Fairmount, 1.

## ROLETTE.

Baxter .....	37	35	17	18	1	1	18	41	2
Fairview .....	14	14	12	14	3	2	7	25	2
Mount Pleasant .....	46	43	9	11	1	.....	25	35	1
Oxford .....	22	27	8	5	.....	.....	3	38	
Elsworth .....	28	27	19	17	1	.....	18	35	
Pleasant Valley .....	36	31	19	21	.....	.....	7	53	
Island Lake ...	2	3	15	14	.....	.....	1	27	
Union .....	21	20	11	12	.....	1	13	22	1
Maryville .....	25	24	27	28	.....	.....	4	51	
Shell Valley ...	21	21	18	16	.....	.....	9	30	
Leonard .....	60	53	47	66	.....	.....	31	91	
Rice's .....	20	18	8	20	.....	1	8	33	1
Finnigan .....	28	30	23	25	.....	.....	21	34	
Wolfe Creek ...	16	14	25	32	1	1	10	41	1
Russel .....	28	26	19	20	7	7	13	42	
Hillside .....	16	19	20	20	1	1	12	31	
South Valley ..	18	16	10	16	1	.....	10	28	
Cleveland .....	19	16	13	15	1	1	7	26	1
Currie .....	13	11	6	7	.....	.....	5	16	
Gilbert .....	45	37	44	49	5	5	27	75	5
Willow Lake ...	25	24	22	29	8	7	13	47	7
Holmes .....	29	30	13	13	12	10	19	28	12
Hutchinson ...	38	38	8	11	4	4	24	28	4
Rolla .....	90	79	26	32	.....	.....	41	88	
St. Johns .....	48	48	22	24	.....	.....	23	55	
Total .....	745	704	461	535	48	42	369	1,020	44

## SARGENT.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....Soc	Bailey .....Soc	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....Soc
Bowen .....	18	16	18	19	2	2	18	17	2
Brampton .....	32	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	.....
Denver .....	12	10	7	8	.....	.....	8	10	.....
Dunbar .....	30	31	11	11	1	.....	28	16	.....
Forman Twp. .	18	16	9	9	.....	1	17	11	1
Town of Forman .....	48	43	14	19	1	1	42	22	1
Hall .....	54	55	25	24	2	.....	47	32	1
Harlem .....	28	27	8	6	.....	.....	22	12	.....
Herman .....	33	30	8	9	1	1	28	11	1
Jackson .....	26	22	9	11	.....	.....	23	10	.....
Kingston .....	43	42	33	31	1	1	24	54	1
Marboe .....	23	25	14	13	.....	.....	17	21	.....
Milnor .....	83	81	32	32	3	2	71	45	3
Ransom .....	40	45	20	17	1	.....	31	37	1
Rutland .....	24	23	17	16	9	6	18	28	3
Sargent .....	93	88	31	32	.....	.....	83	41	.....
Shuman .....	31	30	13	14	.....	.....	29	15	.....
South West... .	19	14	3	4	.....	.....	16	4	.....
Taylor .....	18	18	16	16	.....	.....	18	15	.....
Tewaukon .....	28	28	7	8	16	9	28	14	10
Verner .....	27	24	7	7	.....	.....	22	9	.....
Vivian .....	17	14	16	16	.....	.....	19	14	.....
Weber .....	34	36	41	39	5	4	31	47	4
White Stone .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hill .....	29	30	19	18	4	4	30	18	4
Willey .....	9	9	12	12	.....	.....	11	12	.....
Total . . . .	817	788	390	391	46	31	713	515	32

## STARK.

Dickinson—									
1st Ward...	84	80	20	22	4	4	65	50	3
2d Ward...	52	45	17	18	1	1	39	41	1
3d Ward...	51	50	16	16	.....	.....	46	22	.....
4th Ward...	36	33	10	11	1	2	32	19	1
Gladstone .....	79	79	10	10	.....	.....	68	21	.....
Taylor .....	52	49	7	8	.....	.....	45	15	.....
Richardton .....	32	32	3	3	.....	.....	31	5	.....
Antelope .....	11	11	3	3	.....	.....	11	3	.....
South Heart...	5	4	12	12	.....	.....	3	13	.....
Belfield .....	22	20	8	7	.....	.....	18	14	.....

## STARK—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Lehigh .....	70	69	3	3	.....	.....	55	23	
Springvale .....	7	7	7	6	.....	.....	8	7	
Farmers Valley .....	20	18	1	.....	.....	.....	21		
Plum Creek .....	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	12		
Pleasant Valley .....	36	36	28	28	4	5	31	38	2
St. Marys .....	9	10	7	9	.....	.....	7	11	
Total ....	578	555	152	156	10	12	492	282	7

## STEELE.

Newburgh .....	32	35	25	25	.....	.....	10	53	
Beaver Creek .....	20	19	19	16	3	3	9	31	2
Westfield .....	14	14	13	12	1	1	9	17	2
Sharon .....	35	36	27	26	1	.....	17	51	
Enger .....	41	41	14	15	.....	.....	15	45	
Golden Lake .....	9	10	11	11	.....	1	2	20	
Finley Twp. ....	12	10	12	11	.....	.....	5	21	
Franklin .....	19	21	5	5	.....	.....	10	16	
Primrose .....	35	34	3	3	1	1	18	24	
Sherbrooke .....	38	36	2	2	.....	.....	17	23	
Easton .....	9	8	3	4	.....	.....	7	7	
Greenview .....	25	21	6	4	.....	.....	7	7	
Edendale .....	12	10	9	9	.....	.....	1	19	
Hugo .....	10	12	11	8	.....	.....	8	14	
Riverside .....	9	9	5	5	.....	.....	7	6	
Melrose .....	16	17	6	6	.....	.....	6	17	
Broadlawn .....	12	10	5	5	.....	.....	7	13	
Colgate .....	10	12	18	16	.....	.....	6	23	
Carpenter .....	14	14	2	2	.....	.....	10	6	
Willow Lake .....	11	13	6	7	.....	.....	3	17	
Finley Village .....	40	32	22	20	.....	.....	10	50	
Hope—									
1st Ward....	39	40	12	12	.....	.....	17	36	
2d Ward....	16	14	13	13	.....	.....	6	22	
3d Ward....	25	24	15	14	.....	.....	11	29	
Total ....	503	492	264	252	6	6	218	579	6

## STUTSMAN.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Jamestown—									
1st Ward....	105	86	67	61	1	1	65	105	2
2d Ward....	131	111	118	107	2	2	104	147	2
3d Ward....	56	56	75	73	1	1	43	98	1
4th Ward....	80	67	67	65			64	85	
Ashland .....	16	15	17	17			16	19	
Bloomenfeldt ..	62	61	22	21			61	22	
Banner .....	26	27	9	9			22	15	
Buchanan .....	44	42	14	14			29	30	
Cleveland .....	54	53	30	29			48	40	
Durham .....	10	11	37	36			9	38	
Edmunds .....	17	16	2	2			14	5	
Eldridge .....	38	36	14	12			32	19	
Gerber .....	22	19	8	8			22	9	
Homer .....	54	53	11	11			54	13	
Iowa .....	18	16	17	17			20	18	
Lowery .....	21	20	4	4	1	1	16	9	1
Lawton .....	10	8	4	4			5	9	
Marston Moor..	23	22	8	8			20	11	
Medina .....	91	89	47	44			85	54	
Midway .....	8	7	2	2			7	3	
Melvin .....	8	9	10	10			6	12	
Montpelier .....	18	17	25	27			16	29	
Mount Pleasant	28	28	4	3			28	6	
Mutz .....	16	15	23	23	1	1	12	26	1
Pingree .....	18	17	12	10		1	10	18	1
Roosevelt .....	17	17	5	7			17	7	
Round Top ....	18	19	7	7	2	1	19	8	2
Sharlow .....	13	10	6	4		1	10	7	1
Spiritwood									
Lake .....	17	15	32	31	1	1	13	37	1
Strong .....	31	31	4	4	1	1	31	7	1
Windsor .....	17	18	5	3			14	7	
Woodbury .....	15	15	6	6			14	8	
Ypsilanti .....	12	9	27	28			10	31	
Kensal .....	61	58	53	51	5	3	47	73	1
Nogosek .....	13	12	6	6			11	9	
Corine .....	13	13	9	7			10	13	
Courtenay .....	69	58	54	60			29	90	
Spiritwood ....	25	24	13	13			21	18	
Bloom .....	9	9	20	18			7	22	
Total ....	1,304	1,209	894	862	15	14	1,061	1,177	14

## TOWNER.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Sarles	D Burke	S Dow
Coolin	20	19	13	14	.....	.....	14	25	
Maza	25	23	20	18	.....	.....	12	39	
Metcalf	14	13	8	8	.....	.....	8	18	
Dewey	35	35	7	11	.....	.....	6	41	
Badger	27	27	31	34	.....	.....	19	56	
Olson	18	13	6	7	.....	.....	9	18	
Zion	18	20	16	15	.....	.....	10	29	
Victor	57	51	34	33	.....	.....	26	78	
Lewis	18	14	17	18	1	1	13	26	1
Considine	25	19	7	8	.....	.....	7	29	
New City	13	11	14	16	2	2	5	29	1
Twin Hill	14	13	15	16	.....	.....	4	29	
Crocus	12	11	22	24	1	1	5	37	1
Nelson	19	20	12	9	.....	.....	10	24	
Greenfield	20	20	13	14	.....	.....	12	34	
Iowa	21	20	14	16	.....	.....	6	36	
Virginia	15	17	13	12	.....	.....	6	28	
Howell	10	11	22	23	1	.....	3	37	
Monroe	16	16	4	3	.....	.....	7	19	
Mount Pleasant	9	9	13	14	.....	.....	7	18	
Rock Lake	21	21	22	22	.....	.....	13	32	
Armourdale	30	32	14	14	.....	.....	19	34	
Lakeview	29	32	5	6	.....	.....	12	29	
Dash	18	17	9	9	.....	.....	16	17	
Bryan	21	17	20	20	1	.....	13	30	
Sydney	38	35	37	36	1	1	29	58	1
Picton	20	18	16	16	1	.....	9	31	1
Cando	122	118	98	100	8	7	65	179	6
Vil. Bisbee	39	33	28	32	1	1	12	71	
Vil. Perth	32	29	15	17	.....	1	19	36	
Vil. Rock Lake	19	17	13	13	.....	.....	9	25	
Total	794	751	578	598	16	15	404	1,192	10

## TRAILL

Belmont	40	39	17	18	4	2	13	48	2
Blanchard	30	28	14	15	1	1	14	32	2
Bloomfield	39	38	9	10	.....	.....	33	20	
Bohnsack	13	9	21	13	.....	.....	14	18	
Buxton	86	90	60	66	2	2	26	135	2
Caledonia	71	71	21	22	6	6	49	66	6
Eldorado	35	35	16	16	.....	.....	34	22	
Elm River	14	12	4	3	.....	.....	9	9	



## TRAILL—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	R Marshall	R Gronna	D Benton	D Burr	S Halvorson	S Bailey	R Saries	D Burke	S Dow
Ervin	26	24	23	16			21	31	
Galesburg	21	20	13	11			10	29	
Garfield	20	24	24	22			10	36	
Hillsboro	26	25	8	8			27	9	
Kelso	20	19	8	6			19	10	
Mayville	24	20	44	47	1	1	5	66	1
Morgan	22	21	15	15			3	36	
Norman	31	27	14	17	6	6	6	47	3
Norway	44	42	22	21			14	55	
Roseville	52	51	11	11	1	1	13	55	1
Wold	8	10	24	23			5	29	1
Hillsboro City	102	105	45	44	3	3	92	81	2
Mayville City	87	87	56	54	1	1	53	102	1
Portland	53	53	16	11			32	43	
Hatton City	38	35	42	42	4	4	17	68	3
Reynolds City	19	18	19	21			15	25	
Total	921	903	546	532	29	28	534	1,072	24

## WALSH

Walshville	14	17	27	27			11	30	
Pulaski	2	4	64	63			2	65	
Acton	18	19	43	41			11	53	
St. Andrews	22	19	25	24			18	30	
Ardoch Twp.	10	11	47	47	1	1	7	54	1
Harrison	12	11	48	49			6	58	
Oakwood	29	29	58	58			22	67	
Martin	18	17	42	42			6	53	
Forest River Tp	27	27	17	15			25	18	
Walsh Center	27	27	28	26	2	2	18	39	
Grafton Twp.	48	48	30	29	2	2	26	56	1
Farmington	21	19	43	43			11	54	
Ops	2	2	25	25			2	26	
Prairie Center	21	21	64	64	1	1	18	69	
Fertile	57	50	17	21	1	1	27	51	1
Glenwood	28	27	24	26	1	1	11	44	1
Eden	13	12	23	21			10	27	1
Rushford	15	15	40	43			10	47	
Kensington	20	19	21	27	1	1	11	40	
Dundee	29	27	20	23	3	3	19	43	3
Medford	32	29	13	16	4	6	19	37	3
Vernon	22	20	23	24	4	3	7	41	3

## WALSH—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Golden .....	30	31	23	23	3	2	20	48	1
Lampton .....	50	51	9	9	.....	.....	26	35	
Cleveland .....	27	27	21	22	.....	.....	16	31	
Norton .....	24	27	56	55	4	5	12	76	1
Vesta .....	30	31	15	15	5	4	20	29	5
Tiber .....	47	46	6	7	.....	.....	29	38	
Perth .....	3	3	44	43	1	1	2	44	1
Latona .....	5	7	26	29	3	3	5	32	3
Adams Twp. . .	25	24	11	10	1	1	16	24	1
Silvesta .....	28	24	18	21	.....	.....	10	42	
Sauter .....	8	8	22	22	.....	.....	8	22	
Shepherd .....	23	21	13	12	1	1	16	27	1
Dewey .....	17	17	14	13	1	1	16	19	
Kinloss .....	43	40	33	34	.....	.....	25	61	
Grafton—									
1st Ward ...	52	52	40	41	3	4	34	74	
2d Ward ...	44	47	32	32	.....	.....	36	51	
3d Ward ...	56	53	43	37	1	1	37	64	1
4th Ward ...	37	36	32	29	1	2	22	60	
Minto—									
1st Ward ...	16	14	14	15	.....	.....	9	23	
2d Ward ...	9	10	27	26	.....	.....	5	32	
3d Ward ...	23	22	22	23	.....	.....	13	34	
Park River—									
1st Ward ...	27	24	18	22	.....	.....	7	46	
2d Ward ...	16	10	13	18	.....	1	7	26	1
3d Ward ...	54	47	42	50	2	1	19	84	1
Ardoch Vil. .	13	14	24	23	2	2	15	25	2
Forest River V.	33	31	8	8	.....	.....	23	20	
Hoople Village	17	17	24	22	1	1	11	32	
Conway Village	8	4	30	31	1	12	.....	44	
Pisek Village .	6	7	41	36	.....	1	4	41	
Edenburg Vil.	48	44	14	14	1	2	27	41	
Adams .....	38	34	13	19	3	3	23	38	3
Total .....	1,342	1,293	1,490	1,515	54	68	814	2,239	35

## WARD

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Eden Valley ..	24	23	5	5	3	3	21	8	3
Calquham .....	10	7	10	8	1	1	8	10	3
Prosperity .....	18	20	9	9	.....	.....	15	14	14
Stafford .....	18	15	9	8	.....	.....	13	13	13
Lake View .....	18	17	12	10	2	2	17	11	2
Homiston unorg	10	11	1	2	.....	.....	10	2	.....
North Star .....	15	16	4	5	2	2	12	9	2
Richland .....	32	29	2	2	.....	.....	30	5	.....
International ..	16	13	1	1	3	3	14	1	3
Flaxton Vil. ....	25	21	1	2	1	.....	21	4	1
Portal Vil. ....	31	30	20	23	1	1	22	31	1
Portal Twp. ....	12	12	1	1	3	3	11	1	3
Short Creek ....	15	15	3	3	8	9	14	6	9
Forthun .....	20	18	7	8	.....	1	7	20	.....
Keller .....	10	10	1	1	1	1	9	3	.....
Fay .....	5	7	2	1	3	3	7	3	3
Vale .....	12	12	3	2	.....	.....	12	4	.....
Dale .....	22	23	7	7	1	1	20	11	1
Carter .....	18	17	7	7	3	3	16	12	2
Minnesota .....	15	15	11	14	.....	.....	9	19	.....
Rockford .....	13	12	5	6	1	.....	12	7	.....
Graver .....	12	10	2	2	.....	.....	10	3	.....
Hammerley .....	12	10	18	18	1	1	5	26	1
Hurley .....	12	11	12	14	.....	.....	8	17	.....
Brandon .....	22	18	13	14	1	1	12	24	1
Hamlet .....	20	20	17	17	1	1	15	23	1
McKinney .....	32	34	22	22	1	1	27	31	1
Fairbanks .....	33	32	7	7	2	1	38	11	1
Denmark .....	25	22	7	5	2	2	22	9	2
Bowbells Twp. ....	22	20	12	14	1	1	16	18	1
Bowbells Vil. ....	41	35	28	34	1	2	21	56	1
Ward .....	19	19	6	6	4	4	17	7	4
Clayton .....	9	10	12	12	1	1	9	13	1
Foot Hills .....	8	8	8	6	8	8	8	9	8
Leaf Mountain ..	10	10	2	2	1	1	10	2	1
Harmonius .....	7	7	1	1	.....	.....	7	2	.....
Martin unorg. ....	8	7	3	3	.....	.....	8	4	.....
Habberly unorg. ....	7	8	5	5	.....	.....	7	6	.....
Roseland .....	11	11	5	4	2	1	12	6	.....
Elmdale .....	13	13	8	7	1	1	12	10	1
Kenmare Twp. ....	12	10	6	5	.....	.....	12	9	.....
Sauk Prairie .....	15	14	5	5	.....	.....	10	13	.....
Roosevelt .....	6	5	11	11	1	1	5	11	1
Grassland .....	14	14	7	7	2	2	15	7	2
Clay .....	21	21	10	10	.....	.....	18	14	.....
Lockwood .....	18	18	3	3	.....	.....	15	8	.....
Callahan .....	49	51	11	12	.....	.....	40	23	.....

## WARD—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Denton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Ivanhoe .....	4	4	9	8	.....	.....	3	10	
Greenbush .....	17	17	2	2	.....	.....	16	3	1
Spring Valley .....	20	18	9	10	.....	1	18	12	
Spencer .....	25	23	13	12	1	1	24	16	1
Kandiyhoi .....	9	11	3	5	1	.....	16	5	1
Vannette unorg. ....	2	2	5	6	1	1	2	6	1
Garness .....	10	10	1	1	.....	.....	6	5	
Colville .....	4	6	2	2	.....	.....	6	2	
Hanson .....	7	6	4	6	.....	.....	7	6	
Powers Lake .....	12	12	4	3	1	1	6	11	1
Powers Twp. ....	13	12	4	4	.....	.....	9	8	
Emerson unorg. ....	No election held in this precinct								
Enterprise .....	8	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	7		
Crowfoot .....	9	9	3	3	.....	.....	10	3	
Lowland .....	7	7	1	2	.....	.....	6	3	
Carbondale .....	16	16	6	6	1	.....	17	7	
White Ash .....	21	18	6	4	.....	.....	17	9	
Plain .....	26	21	6	6	.....	.....	22	11	
Muskego .....	13	12	9	9	1	1	13	11	1
Van Buren .....	18	18	9	9	1	1	16	12	1
Ensign .....	35	36	29	30	1	.....	21	49	
Prescott .....	12	12	6	5	.....	.....	11	7	
Margaret .....	11	10	4	4	1	1	11	4	1
Tatman .....	12	12	4	5	9	9	11	6	6
Waterford .....	11	11	12	9	2	3	10	13	3
St. Mary .....	9	8	9	9	.....	.....	5	14	
Maryland .....	13	14	8	9	.....	.....	9	14	
Carpio .....	24	26	4	3	1	1	13	16	
Ree .....	12	12	.....	1	.....	.....	12	3	
Bergen .....	21	22	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Sweden .....	8	10	6	6	.....	.....	4	14	
Sorkness .....	10	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	10		
White Earth .....	24	19	11	13	.....	.....	12	24	
Myrtle .....	14	11	3	3	.....	.....	10	8	
Manitou .....	11	10	7	7	.....	.....	11	8	
Ross .....	16	18	4	3	.....	.....	14	7	
Idaho .....	42	44	13	13	5	3	43	17	3
Palermo .....	22	22	6	6	1	1	13	16	
McGahan .....	9	10	4	3	2	2	9	5	2
Egan .....	18	18	1	1	3	3	17	4	4
Passport .....	11	10	3	4	2	3	4	14	2
Berthold .....	20	18	8	10	.....	.....	9	21	
Foxholm .....	11	10	15	13	.....	.....	4	22	
Schneider .....	9	8	15	14	1	1	3	22	1
Eureka .....	9	8	14	14	2	2	5	21	1
McKinley .....	9	10	15	15	.....	.....	2	23	
Shorv .....	13	14	7	6	2	1	8	13	1

## WARD—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burr .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Salles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
Surrey .....	19	17	14	15	2	3	12	31	1
Norway .....	5	7	8	8	1	.....	1	15	
Harrison .....	26	26	12	12	.....	.....	13	24	
Burlington .....	16	17	6	6	1	.....	16	9	
Des Lacs .....	28	28	24	25	1	1	29	28	1
Mandan .....	3	5	6	6	.....	.....	4	7	
Carson .....	8	7	3	3	1	1	9	2	1
Rolfe .....	13	13	1	1	1	1	13	1	1
Lake .....	7	7	4	3	8	3	7	3	3
Cando .....	8	4	3	4	1	1	7	4	1
Alger .....	22	18	3	4	.....	.....	16	8	
Pearl Valley ..	11	12	1	1	.....	.....	12	1	
Chilcot .....	7	7	2	2	.....	.....	3	5	
Nolan .....	8	5	2	2	.....	.....	8	3	
Sykes .....	16	16	4	4	1	1	15	7	
Pierce .....	23	20	6	5	.....	.....	21	8	
Smith .....	10	11	3	3	.....	.....	8	6	
Severson .....	9	12	1	2	1	1	5	14	
Burt .....	17	18	6	5	.....	.....	16	11	
Norman .....	12	12	3	2	1	1	8	9	1
St. Carl .....	11	10	12	13	4	4	1	29	1
Grassland .....	24	24	5	5	1	2	19	13	
Sawyer .....	42	39	19	19	2	2	34	30	2
Pitkin .....	13	11	9	12	1	1	7	17	
Freedom .....	20	20	9	9	.....	.....	19	11	
Foming .....	13	13	.....	.....	3	2	12	1	3
Vang .....	4	6	5	5	1	.....	3	8	
LaFollette .....	11	11	3	3	.....	.....	9	5	
Spring Coulee ..	17	20	5	3	4	4	19	6	4
Hutchinson .....	15	14	4	4	2	2	16	4	2
Sanford .....	9	9	1	1	.....	.....	8	2	
Orlin .....	10	11	5	7	.....	.....	12	9	
Swanson .....	8	7	4	3	.....	.....	6	6	
Ryder .....	13	15	14	13	1	1	8	22	1
Fangedahl .....	4	5	5	6	3	3	4	11	2
Gasman .....	3	3	7	6	.....	.....	2	7	1
Ronning .....	2	2	.....	.....	4	4	2	1	4
Williams .....	14	14	.....	2	.....	.....	2	8	
Walter .....	5	6	4	4	.....	.....	2	8	
Minot—									
1st Ward ...	32	31	20	20	1	2	25	31	1
2d Ward ...	31	29	17	19	.....	.....	19	34	
3d Ward ...	27	27	22	23	2	2	11	47	1
4th Ward ...	7	6	5	5	3	3	4	10	2
5th Ward ...	51	46	25	26	.....	.....	36	46	
6th Ward ...	74	63	49	58	3	2	50	93	3
Berthold Vil. .	26	26	12	13	2	2	13	27	2

## WARD—Continued.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	.....R Marshall	.....R Gronna	.....D Benton	.....D Iburr	.....S Halvorson	.....S Bailey	.....R Sarles	.....D Burke	.....S Dow
Carpio Vil. ....	33	33	5	4	.....	1	22	24	1
Donnybrook ....	28	28	19	19	.....	.....	24	24	.....
Kenmare City ....	78	82	68	66	3	2	66	93	2
Mohall Vil. ....	23	19	23	33	1	1	15	42	1
Sherwood Vil. ....	28	24	12	14	2	1	17	25	.....
Total .....	2,418	2,340	1,172	1,204	161	153	1,924	1,947	138

## WELLS

Hawksnest ....	14	13	7	8	.....	.....	13	9	.....
Bilodeau ....	5	4	12	11	.....	.....	5	12	.....
Fairview ....	13	12	7	8	.....	.....	3	17	.....
Bremen ....	4	3	8	10	1	1	2	11	.....
Eden ....	15	15	5	5	1	2	14	7	2
Faliede ....	24	28	2	2	1	1	22	8	.....
Hamburg ....	23	20	9	8	.....	.....	19	17	.....
Germantown ....	11	11	5	5	.....	.....	9	7	.....
Cathay ....	56	53	17	15	.....	.....	37	35	.....
Sykeston ....	8	7	5	3	.....	.....	5	9	.....
Johnson ....	20	21	4	3	.....	.....	18	6	.....
Grant ....	5	5	27	27	.....	.....	2	30	.....
Speedwell ....	13	11	6	7	.....	.....	9	10	.....
Lee ....	13	10	7	6	.....	.....	12	7	.....
Oshkosh ....	24	23	10	10	.....	1	15	21	.....
Fessenden City ..	95	91	29	32	.....	.....	44	91	.....
Norway ....	23	19	9	9	.....	.....	13	22	.....
Heimdahl ....	26	25	3	3	.....	.....	21	8	.....
Fram ....	15	16	10	8	.....	.....	11	14	.....
James River ..	36	35	14	16	3	3	14	42	2
Highland ....	19	16	5	8	.....	.....	6	23	.....
Ontario ....	14	14	1	1	.....	.....	8	6	.....
Haaland ....	12	13	11	11	.....	.....	9	16	.....
Lincoln ....	10	10	14	15	.....	.....	10	15	.....
Antelope ....	22	23	13	12	1	1	20	18	1
Graupmann ....	27	28	4	4	.....	.....	28	6	.....
Russland ....	7	13	11	6	.....	.....	4	15	.....
Whitby ....	13	10	11	12	.....	.....	11	12	.....
Harvey City ....	81	74	17	19	6	5	40	70	4
Wells Twp. ....	12	11	6	5	1	1	8	10	1
Hillsdale ....	23	24	1	2	5	4	20	5	5
Pioneer ....	30	30	1	1	.....	.....	22	7	.....
Pony Gulch ....	27	26	1	.....	.....	.....	28	4	.....
Buffalo ....	50	49	12	12	6	6	39	26	5
Sykeston Vil. ....	33	30	7	8	.....	.....	24	18	.....
Bowdon Vil. ....	39	34	15	17	5	3	19	45	1
Total .....	862	827	326	305	30	28	584	675	38

## WILLIAMS.

Precinct	Representatives in Congress						Governor		
	Marshall .....R	Gronna .....R	Benton .....D	Burt .....D	Halvorson .....S	Bailey .....S	Sarles .....R	Burke .....D	Dow .....S
No. 1	36	37	23	23	1	1	30	35	1
No. 2	36	34	11	11	1	1	30	20	1
No. 3	19	19	5	5	2	1	20	7	2
No. 2	13	11	4	5	.....	.....	13	5	
No. 3	12	16	5	2	1	2	13	11	
No. 4	6	6	3	.....	.....	.....	5	5	
No. 5	9	8	14	13	4	4	6	19	5
No. 6	19	18	12	14	3	3	16	20	3
No. 7	14	9	4	4	.....	.....	8	9	
No. 9	16	14	14	12	.....	.....	13	23	
No. 10	20	19	9	9	.....	.....	17	12	
No. 11	16	15	4	3	.....	.....	14	5	
No. 12	7	7	1	1	.....	.....	6	2	
No. 13	26	15	4	5	1	1	25	6	1
No. 14	23	23	17	16	.....	.....	16	30	1
No. 15	15	12	5	6	.....	.....	14	8	
No. 16	30	23	12	13	1	1	21	23	1
No. 17	6	5	3	3	.....	.....	6	4	
No. 18	20	23	0	7	.....	.....	16	18	
No. 19	7	5	4	5	2	1	6	7	1
No. 20	43	37	6	8	2	2	29	26	2
No. 21	47	45	22	22	4	3	34	40	3
No. 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 23	27	23	10	9	2	3	22	17	3
No. 24	16	16	2	3	.....	.....	15	9	
No. 25	14	11	20	17	1	1	14	24	1
No. 26	16	13	1	5	1	1	15	4	1
No. 27	45	39	19	18	2	2	33	34	2
No. 28	22	21	4	5	2	2	21	7	2
No. 29	16	17	4	2	.....	.....	17	4	
No. 30	20	19	1	1	1	.....	19	6	
No. 31	12	14	4	4	1	.....	12	6	
No. 32	19	17	8	9	2	3	21	11	3
No. 33	8	9	9	8	.....	1	9	8	
No. 34	22	19	5	5	.....	.....	18	12	
No. 35	19	20	5	5	1	.....	14	14	1
No. 36	16	13	4	3	.....	.....	14	7	
No. 37	16	17	7	7	5	5	18	10	5
No. 38	10	11	2	2	.....	.....	11	3	
No. 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 40	18	17	2	2	2	1	14	7	1
No. 41	8	.....	5	5	.....	.....	4	11	1
No. 42	8	9	2	.....	1	.....	3	13	
No. 43	16	15	4	4	.....	.....	12	7	
Total	802	757	321	315	43	41	678	569	41

## LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Counties	Jud. Dist.	County Seat	Auditor
Barnes .....	5	Valley City .....	Chas. W. Nelson
Benson .....	2	Minnewaukan .....	J. W. Olson
Billings .....	6	Medora .....	J. A. McGregor
Bottineau .....	8	Bottineau .....	Iver M. Brandjord
Burleigh .....	6	Bismarck .....	I. W. Healy
Cass .....	3	Fargo .....	Arthur G. Lewis
Cavalier .....	7	Langdon .....	Joseph Power
Dickey .....	4	Ellendale .....	A. W. Eggabroad
Eddy .....	5	New Rockford .....	W. C. Schwoebel
Emmons .....	6	Linton .....	J. G. Pitts
Foster .....	5	Carrington .....	C. M. Porter
Grand Forks ..	1	Grand Forks .....	Hans Anderson
Griggs .....	5	Cooperstown .....	R. M. Cowen
Kidder .....	6	Steele .....	George G. Bope
LaMoure .....	5	LaMoure .....	E. W. Field
Logan .....	5	Napoleon .....	Carl Kaz
McHenry .....	8	Towner .....	H. A. Rothgarn
McIntosh .....	4	Ashley .....	P. T. Kretschmar
McKenzie .....	6	Schafer .....	B. W. Dimmick
McLean .....	6	Washburn .....	O. B. Wing
Mercer .....	6	Stanton .....	Henry Sævehorn
Morton .....	6	Mandan .....	H. J. Tavis
Nelson .....	1	Lakota .....	Jonas Bureson
Oliver .....	6	Center .....	N. Scott Jewett
Pembina .....	7	Pembina .....	Wm. W. Felson
Pierce .....	2	Rugby .....	John Kellesvig
Ramsey .....	2	Devils Lake .....	Emil S. Eich
Ransom .....	4	Lisbon .....	Geo. W. Ferguson
Richland .....	4	Wahpeton .....	E. S. Cameron
Rolette .....	2	Rolla .....	Jas. A. Brown
Sargent .....	4	Forman .....	R. P. Irving
Stark .....	6	Dickinson .....	J. S. White
Steele .....	3	Sherbrooke .....	S. McPherson
Stutsman .....	5	Jamestown .....	Andrew Blewett
Towner .....	2	Cando .....	Frank Shanby
Trail .....	3	Hillsboro .....	Peter Davidson
Walsh .....	7	Grafton .....	O. M. Frazer
Ward .....	8	Minot .....	J. W. Fabrick
Wells .....	5	Fessenden .....	Fred Dix
Williams .....	8	Williston .....	E. M. Atterberry



## County Officers in North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Jud. Dist	Sheriff	Clerk of Court
Barnes.....	5	Casper Winkler.....	Frank S. Henry
Benson.....	2	John S. Aker.....	George E. Moxley
Billings.....	6	C. F. Will.....	Henry Gilbert
Bottineau.....	8	Neil H. McKinnon.....	C. R. Wilber
Burleigh.....	6	D. J. McGillis.....	A. W. Cook
Cass.....	3	W. E. Hunt.....	N. B. Pinkham
Cavalier.....	7	Peter Reid.....	H. O. Storlie
Dickey.....	4	Joseph C. Drew.....	J. E. Baker
Eddy.....	5	George F. Fahrer.....	Peter Prader
Emmons.....	6	William Jones.....	P. G. Rooks
Foster.....	5	James Nelson.....	S. J. Malen
Grand Forks..	1	O. G. Hanson.....	M. W. Spaulding
Griggs.....	5	Mason Knapp.....	Gunder Frigaard
Kidder.....	6	Hiram S. Darling.....	Frank E. Morse
LaMoure.....	5	N. J. Cruden.....	O. G. Monroe
Logan.....	5	George Laney.....	Herman Hardt
McHenry.....	8	Ador A. Jevnager.....	E. E. Ellis
McIntosh.....	4	Emanuel Hildenbrand..	Robert C. Miles
McKenzie.....	6	Frank Poe.....	William Portwood
McLean.....	6	J. A. Beck.....	Gottlieb O. Raugust
Mercer.....	6	Chas. A. Heinemeyer..	John Bohrer Jr.
Morton.....	6	Henry Bechtold.....	Ed. Morck
Nelson.....	1	Peter E. Sandlie.....	R. J. Roberts
Oliver.....	6	E. B. Shaffer.....	Victor R. Boerner
Pembina.....	7	George Roadhouse.....	George Peterson
Pierce.....	2	Fred L. Ely.....	George Watson
Ramsey.....	2	Wm. H. Belford.....	T. Thorson
Ransom.....	4	T. J. Dwire.....	J. Victor Backlund
Richland.....	4	U. V. Robbins.....	J. M. Kramer
Rolette.....	2	E. F. Taylor.....	C. J. Partridge
Sargent.....	4	W. T. Jackman.....	O. B. Johnson
Stark.....	6	T. N. Hartung.....	J. G. Saunders
Steele.....	3	I. W. Stanley.....	P. O. Sathre
Stutsman.....	5	H. A. Wasser.....	George T. Richmond
Towner.....	2	James Taylor.....	W. E. Peck
Traill.....	3	Albert J. Osmon.....	Barney C. Boyd
Walsh.....	7	C. C. Hankey.....	N. H. Rinde
Ward.....	8	John J. Lee.....	J. E. Smith
Wells.....	5	Wm. A. Graupmann.....	Mark Hunt
Williams.....	8	L. L. Lampman.....	A. H. Brown

## County Officers in North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Jud. Dist.	Register of Deeds	State's Attorney
Barnes.....	5	Martin Iverson.....	Alfred Zuger
Benson.....	2	C. E. Baker.....	W. H. Thomas
Billings.....	6	George E. Burgess.....	John Keohane
Bottineau.....	3	A. F. Peterson.....	E. C. Bowen
Burleigh.....	6	J. L. Peterson.....	A. T. Patterson
Cass.....	3	E. H. Holte.....	W. H. Barnett
Cavalier.....	7	Allan Pinkerton.....	P. G. Johnson
Dickey.....	4	W. E. Kellogg.....	E. E. Cassels
Eddy.....	5	A. G. Gardner.....	R. P. Allison
Emmons.....	6	P. J. Wittmayer.....	George W. Lynn
Foster.....	5	Preston Garland.....	J. W. White
Grand Forks.....	1	H. Hancock.....	J. B. Wineman
Griggs.....	5	O. M. Westley.....	Benj. Tuft
Kidder.....	6	E. B. Miller.....	J. W. Walker
LaMoure.....	5	H. W. French.....	R. W. S. Blackwell
Logan.....	5	John Goehring.....	Geo. A. McKenna
McHenry.....	8	Henry H. Bergh.....	Albert Weber
McIntosh.....	4	Fred Heinrich.....	G. M. Gannon
McKenzie.....	6	H. L. Moe.....	Robert Norheim
McLean.....	6	H. C. Nygaard.....	W. L. Nuessle
Mercer.....	6	John Netzer.....	H. L. Benschoten
Morton.....	6	A. M. Packard.....	B. W. Shaw
Nelson.....	1	Peter J. Sjurseth.....	John H. Fleming
Oliver.....	6	Frank A. Moore.....	Jessie V. McCormick
Pembina.....	7	John F. Gill.....	Mags. Brynjolfson
Pierce.....	2	Harvey Hoff.....	Albert E. Coger
Ramsey.....	2	Martin A. Hoghaug.....	Sever Serumgard
Ransom.....	4	R. S. Campbell.....	Alfred M. Kvello
Richland.....	4	A. J. Nelson.....	Gustav Schuler
Rolette.....	2	C. M. Coghlan.....	H. E. Plymat
Sargent.....	4	D. L. Warniner.....	E. W. Bowen
Stark.....	6	John Leask.....	M. L. McBride
Steele.....	3	H. J. Rindy.....	J. M. Johnson
Stutsman.....	5	George M. Kenzie.....	George W. Thorp
Towner.....	2	Burt Moylan.....	J. J. Kehoe
Traill.....	3	T. C. Boyson.....	Theo. Kaldor
Walsh.....	7	F. A. Welch.....	H. C. DePuy
Ward.....	8	Gunder S. Reishus.....	George A. McGee
Wells.....	5	Ole S. Hedahl.....	Henry J. Bessesen
Williams.....	8	H. E. Field.....	Van R. Brown

## County Officers in North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Jud. Dist.	County Judge	Supt. of Schools
Barnes .....	5	O. H. de S. Irgens .....	Mirnie J. Nelson
Benson .....	2	Alfred Dresser .....	N. T. Teigen
Billings .....	6	J. A. Paxton .....	J. A. Kitchen
Bottineau .....	2	John H. Kirk .....	Peter E. Christenson
Burleigh .....	6	M. J. McKenzie .....	C. L. Vigness
Cass .....	3	A. G. Hanson .....	Mattie M. Davis
Cavalier .....	7	H. E. Dorval .....	B. E. Groom
Dickey .....	4	George H. Fay .....	G. M. Lovell
Eddy .....	5	D. F. Ellsworth .....	Ellen Mattson
Emmons .....	6	Chas. B. Carley .....	Jessie B. Sandidge
Foster .....	5	J. Lemert .....	Mary J. Cain
Grand Forks .....	1	L. K. Hassell .....	Helen Prindeville
Griggs .....	5	Will H. Carleton .....	I. A. Kampen
Kidder .....	6	F. P. Leamy .....	Cora A. Scott
LaMoure .....	5	C. H. Baker .....	H. D. Mack
Logan .....	5	George A. Bryant .....	R. A. McCalmont
McHenry .....	8	Henry S. Kline .....	D. McDonald
McIntosh .....	4	Jacob Breittling .....	W. A. Linn
McKenzie .....	6	F. S. Kellogg .....	Anice J. Nelson
McLean .....	6	G. Olgeirson .....	Henry C. Olson
Mercer .....	6	John Suess Jr. ....	Matt O'Neil
Morton .....	6	William McKendry .....	F. W. Lorin
Nelson .....	1	W. H. Smith .....	B. O. Skrivseth
Oliver .....	6	J. W. Bennett .....	Mrs. I. O. Jenness
Pembina .....	7	H. G. Vick .....	F. M. Sherarts
Pierce .....	2	J. T. Berdahl .....	Lucy Seiple
Ramsey .....	2	John F. Henry .....	Laurena Vannier
Ransom .....	4	Forest S. Thomas .....	F. V. Hutchinson
Richland .....	4	Andreas Jersin .....	R. M. Black
Rolette .....	2	W. M. Hunt .....	E. M. Sherry
Sargent .....	4	J. W. Christian .....	Tene McCarten
Stark .....	6	John Vander Las .....	Lloyd Rader
Steele .....	3	Adam S. Moote .....	Albert G. Miller
Stutsman .....	5	Marion Conklin .....	Fred M. Wanner
Towner .....	2	J. A. Mahood .....	John Gang
Trail .....	3	Jorgen Howard .....	B. A. Wallace
Walsh .....	7	George Shepherd .....	B. B. Wells
Ward .....	8	N. Davis .....	E. G. Warren
Wells .....	5	Aloys Wartner .....	Josephyne M. Paulson
Williams .....	8	A. L. Butler .....	Mrs. W. C. Tatem

## County Officers in North Dakota—Continued.

Counties	Jud.	Treasurer	Public Administrator
Barnes .....	5	Lloyd Morton.....	John Holmes
Benson.....	2	E. H. Cowell.....	H. A. Blegen
Billings.....	6	J. S. Snyder.....	None
Bottineau.....	8	H. C. Harty.....	N. C. Wegner
Burleigh.....	6	L. W. Sperry.....	T. C. Tees
Cass.....	3	H. A. McConville.....	Henry Krogh
Cavalier.....	7	Thos. Sheehan.....	F. A. McDonald
Dickey.....	4	Hans Lee.....	D. T. Youker
Eddy.....	5	L. C. Oefstedahl.....	None
Emmons.....	6	G. A. Herolz.....	None
Foster.....	5	J. R. Rusk.....	F. R. Cruden
Grand Forks.....	1	D. McDonald.....	James Twamley
Griggs.....	5	Seval Friswold.....	E. W. Everson
Kidder.....	6	M. F. Woessner.....	P. J. Lyons
LaMoure.....	5	G. Buetow.....	W. C. Batterson
Logan.....	5	Christian Baltzer.....	None
McHenry.....	8	L. B. Pendroy.....	W. F. Smith
McIntosh.....	4	John F. George.....	Jacob Weidman
McKenzie.....	6	G. W. Millhouse.....	A. W. Main
McLean.....	6	A. T. Danielson.....	Henry Borlz
Mercer.....	6	Paul Leupp.....	Robert Weidner
Morton.....	6	A. Boley.....	S. W. Unkenholz
Nelson.....	1	Fred Lindvig.....	Grant Allin
Oliver.....	6	Henry Cordess.....	None
Pembina.....	7	Elis Thorwaldson.....	T. R. Shaw
Pierce.....	2	Karl Julsrud.....	John Satterlie
Ramsey.....	2	Fred A. Baker.....	Chas. E. Taylor
Ransom.....	4	E. B. Knapp.....	Harley S. Grover
Richland.....	4	Stephen Braum.....	R. G. Tweeton
Rolette.....	2	Jas. H. Penny.....	Frank Rosscup
Sargent.....	4	E. B. Johnson.....	None
Stark.....	6	John Reissbeck.....	Peter Heiser
Steele.....	3	G. O. Johnson.....	C. G. Boise
Statsman.....	5	Robt. E. Wallace.....	Geo. Woodberry
Towner.....	2	W. P. Atkins.....	L. J. Ransier
Traill.....	3	T. A. Koppang.....	O. C. Hauan
Walsh.....	7	R. M. Vigness.....	A. E. Cobb
Ward.....	8	A. C. Nedrud.....	A. W. Gray
Wells.....	5	W. E. Low.....	John G. Heitzmann
Williams.....	8	B. L. Hardaway.....	John Van Slyke

## LIST OF ATTORNEYS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

AS RETURNED BY CLERKS OF COURT.

## BARNES.

Herman Winterer ... Valley City	Alfred Zuger ..... Valley City
George M. Young... Valley City	Theodore S. Lindland Valley City
A. P. Paulson..... Valley City	Jerome Parks ..... Wimbledon
Lee Combs ..... Valley City	J. F. Page..... Valley City
H. A. Olsberg ..... Valley City	M. F. Englert..... Valley City
E. K. Mason..... Valley City	G. D. Jones ..... Valley City
E. T. Burke..... Valley City	D. S. Ritchie ..... Valley City

## BENSON.

C. L. Lindstrom... Minnewaukan	H. L. Halverson ..... Esmond
O. D. Comstock... Minnewaukan	Jas. H. McCarty ..... York
C. W. Buttz ..... Minnewaukan	W. H. Thomas ..... Leeds
R. A. Stuart..... Minnewaukan	A. E. Buttz ..... Leeds
Theo. Koffel ..... Esmond	M. A. Liles ..... Minnewaukan
A. B. Atkins ..... Oberon	M. J. Noble ..... Knox
Paul Crum ..... Esmond	

## BILLINGS.

Geo. H. Purchase ..... Beach | John Keohane..... Sentinel Butte

## BOTTINEAU.

V. Ormsby Soule ..... Westhope	A. Besancon ..... Bottineau
W. A. Goldschmidt ..... Westhope	J. D. Scherer ..... Willow City
Guy L. Scott ..... Lansford	E. G. Clossner ..... Antler
E. O. Haraldson ..... Lansford	R. J. Murphy ..... Russell
W. H. Adams ..... Bottineau	E. C. Kurtz ..... Russell
I. J. Murphy ..... Bottineau	G. S. Bills ..... Maxbass
E. C. Bowen ..... Bottineau	John H. Kirk .....
V. B. Noble ..... Bottineau	C. L. Young..... Lansford
H. S. Blood ..... Bottineau	C. E. Brose ..... Westhope
A. G. Burr ..... Bottineau	G. W. Baker..... Westhope
J. J. Weeks ..... Bottineau	C. H. Tyler ..... Omamee
N. C. Wegner ..... Bottineau	A. Woodward ..... Omamee

## BURLEIGH.

Asa T. Patterson ..... Bismarck	G. W. Newton ..... Bismarck
N. F. Boucher ..... Bismarck	J. F. Philbrick ..... Bismarck
E. R. Gage ..... Bismarck	E. A. Williams ..... Bismarck
G. F. Dullam ..... Bismarck	T. R. Mockler ..... Bismarck
R. N. Stevens ..... Bismarck	Charles G. Taylor ..... Bismarck
I. W. Bull ..... Bismarck	I. C. Fenniger ..... Bismarck
W. F. Cochrane ..... Bismarck	Andrew Miller ..... Bismarck
C. B. Little ..... Bismarck	B. Auger ..... Bismarck
F. H. Register ..... Bismarck	Viggo H. Johnson ..... Bismarck
Geo. M. Register ..... Bismarck	W. A. O'Donnell ..... Sterling
John F. Fort ..... Bismarck	E. C. Ruble ..... Driscoll

## CASS.

W. F. Ball ..... Fargo	L. L. Twichell ..... Fargo
John S. Watson ..... Fargo	J. A. Montgomery ..... Fargo
D. B. Holt ..... Fargo	A. G. Hanson ..... Fargo
J. S. Frame ..... Fargo	George H. Phelps ..... Fargo

## Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

## CASS—Continued.

W. S. Stambaugh .....	Fargo	J. W. Tilly .....	Fargo
John D. Benton .....	Fargo	William B. Douglas .....	Fargo
V. R. Lovell .....	Fargo	L. N. Müller .....	Fargo
W. H. Barnett .....	Fargo	E. C. Gearey .....	Fargo
S. W. Richardson .....	Fargo	John D. Farrand .....	Fargo
A. W. Fowler .....	Fargo	L. C. Johnson .....	Fargo
H. R. Turner .....	Fargo	M. A. Hildreth .....	Fargo
B. D. Townsend .....	Fargo	C. H. Laizure .....	Fargo
H. F. Miller .....	Fargo	A. T. Cole .....	Fargo
R. M. Pollock .....	Fargo	R. A. Cushon .....	Fargo
W. C. Resser .....	Fargo	J. E. Robinson .....	Fargo
W. J. Clapp .....	Fargo	J. W. Glassford .....	Fargo
Taylor Crum .....	Fargo	B. G. Tenneson .....	Fargo
T. H. McEnroe .....	Fargo	G. L. Wallace .....	Fargo
L. T. Hamilton .....	Fargo	William F. Lemke .....	Fargo
J. Chester Johnson .....	Fargo	Newton C. Young .....	Fargo
W. W. Smith .....	Fargo	Edward Engerud .....	Fargo
Henry Krogh .....	Fargo	A. W. Coupler .....	Fargo
Jacob Lowell .....	Fargo	E. H. Wright .....	Fargo
Thomas Baker, Jr. ....	Fargo	A. C. Lacy .....	Fargo
W. H. Shure .....	Fargo	Ernest W. Hardy .....	Fargo
S. G. Roberts .....	Fargo	Smith Stimml .....	Casselton
Martin Ryan .....	Fargo	S. B. Bartlett .....	Casselton
F. J. Thompson .....	Fargo	J. F. Callahan .....	Casselton
Emerson H. Smith .....	Fargo	C. E. Stowers .....	Wheatland
J. A. McEldowney .....	Fargo	S. G. More .....	Buffalo
W. A. Scott .....	Fargo	A. A. Twichell .....	Tower City
H. Hallenberg .....	Fargo	W. J. Courtney .....	Page

## CAVALIER.

Joseph Cleary .....	Langdon	Geo. M. Price .....	Langdon
Fred W. McLean .....	Langdon	F. E. Smith .....	Langdon
W. B. Dickson .....	Langdon	J. G. Johnson .....	Milton
P. G. Johnson .....	Langdon	U. L. Burdick .....	Munich
W. A. McIntyre .....	Langdon	G. Grimson .....	Munich

## DICKY.

James M. Austin .....	Ellendale	Geo. H. Fay .....	Ellendale
E. E. Cassels .....	Ellendale	S. G. Cady .....	Oakes
H. H. Perry .....	Ellendale	W. S. Wickersham .....	Oakes
D. T. Youker .....	Ellendale	Benjamin Porter .....	Fullerton
Geo. T. Webb .....	Ellendale		

## EDDY.

P. M. Mattson .....	New Rockford	D. F. Ellsworth .....	New Rockford
Jas. A. Manley .....	New Rockford	R. P. Allison .....	New Rockford
C. J. Maddux .....	New Rockford	M. T. O'Connor .....	New Rockford
R. F. Rinker .....	New Rockford		

## EMMONS.

H. A. Armstrong .....	Linton	A. C. Remele .....	Linton
Geo. W. Lynn .....	Linton	Chas. S. Lane .....	Linton
Chas. Coventry .....	Linton		

## FOSTER.

R. A. Bill .....	Carrington	E. P. Kelly .....	Carrington
C. B. Craven .....	Carrington	C. E. Leslie .....	Carrington
Geo. H. Estabrook .....	Carrington	W. O. Lowden .....	McHenry
J. F. Faytle .....	McHenry	T. F. McCue .....	Carrington
W. E. Hoopes .....	Carrington	J. W. White .....	Carrington
H. M. Smith .....	Carrington		

**Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.****GRAND FORKS.**

Tracy R. Bangs ....Grand Forks	Henry Moen .....Grand Forks
G. A. Bangs .....Grand Forks	J. K. Murray .....Grand Forks
J. H. Bosard .....Grand Forks	C. C. McMullen ....Grand Forks
A. A. Bruce .....Grand Forks	E. F. Shubeck .....Grand Forks
B. S. Brynjolfson ..Grand Forks	John E. Skulstad ...Grand Forks
R. M. Carothers ...Grand Forks	A. M. Thompson ...Grand Forks
C. M. Cooley .....Grand Forks	M. Vetleson .....Grand Forks
Guy C. H. Corliss ..Grand Forks	B. F. Warmer .....Grand Forks
Geo. B. Clifford ..Grand Forks	Geo. Robbins .....Grand Forks
Fred Duggan .....Grand Forks	J. A. Sorley .....Grand Forks
F. B. Feetham .....Grand Forks	B. G. Skulason ....Grand Forks
J. G. Hamilton .....Grand Forks	S. G. Skulason ....Grand Forks
Willis A. Joy .....Grand Forks	C. F. Templeton ...Grand Forks
E. H. Kent .....Grand Forks	J. B. Wineman .....Grand Forks
C. J. Murphy .....Grand Forks	C. F. Whitcomb ....Grand Forks
W. J. Mayer .....Grand Forks	H. L. Whithed ....Grand Forks
John W. Ogren .....Grand Forks	W. L. Wilder .....Grand Forks
Scott Rex .....Grand Forks	M. V. Linwell .....Northwood
P. A. Anderson ....Grand Forks	W. L. T. Goodison ...Larimore
H. W. Blickfeldt ..Grand Forks	Thos. H. Pugh .....Larimore
O. B. Burtness ....Grand Forks	A. A. Davis .....Larimore
A. R. E. Crothers ..Grand Forks	S. J. Radcliffe .....Larimore
O. R. Hawver .....Grand Forks	O. A. Wilcox .....Larimore
I. L. Knudson ....Grand Forks	J. R. Barry .....Inkster
D. P. Bates .....Larimore	Chas. Harshman .....Gilby

**GRIGGS.**

David Bartlett .....Cooperstown	Will H. Carleton ...Cooperstown
Albert M. Baldwin .Cooperstown	Frank Gladstone ...Cooperstown
Benjamin Tufte ....Cooperstown	T. A. Thompson ....Cooperstown

**HETTINGER.**

Oliver Aygarn ....New England |

**KIDDER.**

Joseph W. Walker .....Steele | Charles H. Stanley .....Steele

**LA MOURE.**

C. W. Davis .....LaMoure	W. H. Hutchinson ....LaMoure
R. W. S. Blackwell ...LaMoure	Geo. P. Jones .....Edgeley
F. M. Warren .....LaMoure	Nels Larsen .....Kulm
M. C. Lasell .....LaMoure	I. B. Sharpe .....Kulm
W. I. Hughes .....LaMoure	W. D. Lynch .....Verona
C. H. Baker .....LaMoure	

**LOGAN.**

Geo. M. McKenna ....Napoleon |

**M'HENRY.**

A. M. Christianson ....Towner	C. W. Hookway .....Granville
Albert Weber .....Towner	J. L. Lee .....Velda
D. J. O'Connell .....Towner	D. T. Owens .....Balfour
Chas. D. Donnelly ....Towner	Geo. Kremer .....Balfour
Butler Lamb .....Towner	H. S. Kline .....Anamoose
Tilman Smith .....Upham	G. S. Woledge .....Anamoose
W. E. Slavens .....Granville	B. F. Freeburger ....Anamoose
E. C. Thomas .....Velda	

## Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

## M'INTOSH.

J. H. Wishek .....	Wishek	R. R. Hedtke .....	Ashley
A. P. Guy .....	Wishek	G. M. Gannon .....	Ashley
A. W. Clyde .....	Ashley	A. Leslie .....	Ashley

## M'KENZIE.

Robert Norheim .....	Alexander	Ben. W. Hosmer .....	Schafer
J. H. McGarry .....	Alexander		

## M'LEAN.

J. T. McCulloch .....	Washburn	Fred H. Larsen .....	Turtle Lake
W. L. Nuessle .....	Washburn	J. E. Williams .....	Turtle Lake
Geo. P. Gibson .....	Washburn	Chas. Anderson .....	Wilton
J. A. Hyland .....	Washburn	T. J. Edwards .....	Underwood
E. A. Lamb .....	Washburn	Robert Fraser .....	Garrison
G. Olgeirson .....	Underwood	H. F. O'Hare .....	Garrison
F. J. Newman .....	McClusky	Thomas Morrow .....	Denhoff
M. C. Spicer .....	Underwood	J. A. Unness .....	Wilton
J. T. Hoge .....	Underwood	F. I. Temple .....	McCluskey
J. P. Nelson .....	Washburn		

## MERCER.

H. L. VanBenschoten Mannhaven |

## MORTON.

W. H. Stutsman .....	Mandan	L. H. Connolly .....	Mandan
J. M. Hanley .....	Mandan	H. R. Bitzing .....	Mandan
S. L. Nuchols .....	Mandan	Oliver Leverson .....	New Salem
B. W. Shaw .....	Mandan	J. V. McCormick .....	New Salem
J. E. Campbell .....	Mandan	George I. Reimestad .....	New Salem
A. M. Packard .....	Mandan	T. A. Faber .....	Glen Ullin

## NELSON.

C. N. Frich .....	Lakota	W. H. Smith .....	Lakota
G. D. Kelly .....	Lakota	M. A. Shirley .....	Aneta
F. A. Kelley .....	Lakota	Halvard Norskog .....	Aneta
A. E. Sheets .....	Lakota	C. C. Hagen .....	Aneta
John F. Flemming .....	Michigan		

## OLIVER.

Robert Dunn ..... Center | | |  |

## PEMBINA.

M. Brynjolfson .....	Cavalier	T. A. Miller .....	St. Thomas
W. J. Burke .....	Bathgate	Wm. McMurchie .....	St. Thomas
E. W. Conny .....	Pembina	George Peterson .....	Pembina
R. Ferguson .....	Drayton	H. B. Spiller .....	Pembina
Grant S. Hager .....	St. Thomas	C. L. Spring .....	Hamilton
P. Halldorson .....	Cavalier	T. D. Stack .....	Walhalla
D. J. Laxdal .....	Cavalier	H. G. Vick .....	Pembina
A. L. Miller .....	St. Thomas	W. C. Husband .....	Hensel
E. W. Burke .....	Crystal	F. E. McCurdy .....	Tyner
J. P. Conny .....	Pembina		

## PIERCE.

Guy L. Whittemore .....	Rugby	B. L. Shuman .....	Rugby
A. E. Coger .....	Rugby	T. A. Toner .....	Rugby
L. N. Torson .....	Rugby	Paul W. Boehm .....	Rugby
L. R. Nosdahl .....	Rugby		



## Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

## RAMSEY.

W. M. Anderson .....	Devils Lake	Chas. D. Kennedy ...	Devils Lake
E. R. Barnett .....	Devils Lake	Herbert Lewis .....	Starkweather
John Burke .....	Devils Lake	J. W. Maher .....	Devils Lake
M. H. Brennan .....	Devils Lake	Peter J. McClory .....	Devils Lake
J. M. Bloomer .....	Devils Lake	T. W. Morrissey .....	Edmore
D. G. Duell .....	Devils Lake	H. D. Middaugh .....	Devils Lake
Iorwerth C. Davies .....	Edmore	P. D. Norton .....	Devils Lake
E. F. Flynn .....	Devils Lake	F. H. Prosser .....	Devils Lake
L. D. Gooler .....	Devils Lake	Homer Resler .....	Starkweather
R. Goer .....	Devils Lake	Siver Serumgard .....	Devils Lake
H. M. Gray .....	Devils Lake	Fred J. Traynor .....	Devils Lake
John F. Henry .....	Devils Lake	L. J. Wehe .....	Edmore

## RANSOM.

P. H. Rourke .....	Lisbon	Chas. O. Heckle .....	Lisbon
Alfred M. Kvello .....	Lisbon	F. S. Thomas .....	Lisbon
Sydney D. Adams .....	Lisbon	C. A. Kvello .....	Enderlin
Thomas A. Curtis .....	Lisbon	Ed. Pierce .....	Sheldon
Chas. S. Ego .....	Lisbon	Chas. A. Gram .....	Sheldon
E. F. Hull .....	Sheldon	C. G. Baugert .....	Sheldon
C. W. Buttz .....	Lisbon	Henry W. Tobey .....	Enderlin
F. A. Oliver .....	Lisbon		

## RICHLAND.

J. A. Dwyer .....	Hankinson	W. E. Purcell .....	Wahpeton
Folsom Dow .....	Wahpeton	Guy Divet .....	Wahpeton
R. N. Ink .....	Wahpeton	W. H. Redmon .....	Wahpeton
W. I. Irvine .....	Lidgerwood	F. B. Schneller .....	Wahpeton
G. H. Korsvik .....	Abercrombie	S. D. McKinnon .....	Wahpeton
W. S. Lauder .....	Wahpeton	Gustav Schuler .....	Wahpeton
H. N. Morphy .....	Wahpeton	Martin Scramstad .....	Wyndmere
E. A. Munger .....	Abercrombie	S. H. Snyder .....	Wahpeton
H. C. N. Myra .....	Wahpeton	John L. Strohm .....	Hankinson
P. J. McCumber .....	Wahpeton	Chas. A. Tuttle .....	Fairmount
J. G. Forbes .....	Wahpeton	Robert A. Tyson .....	Hankinson
D. R. Jones .....	Wahpeton	Geo. E. Wallace .....	Wahpeton
A. L. Parsons .....	Lidgerwood	Chas. E. Wolf .....	Wahpeton
O. S. Gunderson .....	Christine	W. S. Lowery .....	Hankinson
P. L. Keating .....	Wahpeton		

## ROLETTE.

Wm. Bateson .....	Rolla	H. E. Plymat .....	Rolla
C. R. Gailfus .....	Rolla	Fred E. Harris .....	Rolla
Albert L. Nelson .....	Rolette	Duncan J. McLennan .....	Rolette
C. E. Goodsell .....	Dunseith		

## SARGENT.

J. E. Bishop .....	Forman	S. A. Sweetman .....	Forman
E. W. Bowen .....	Forman	O. S. Sem .....	Milnor
J. A. Slattery .....	Forman	Henry B. Thompson .....	Milnor

## STARK.

L. A. Simpson .....	Dickinson	M. L. McBride .....	Dickinson
W. C. Crawford .....	Dickinson	Frank Baker .....	Dickinson
J. G. Campbell .....	Dickinson	Joseph Messersmith .....	Dickinson
J. H. Field .....	Dickinson	H. C. Berry .....	Dickinson
W. F. Burnett .....	Dickinson	J. R. Current .....	Dickinson
F. C. Heffron .....	Dickinson	L. R. Baird .....	Dickinson

## Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

## STEELE.

Geo. Murray .....	Sherbrooke	W. S. Henry .....	Finley
William Barclay ....	Sherbrooke	W. L. Carpenter .....	Finley
C. S. Shippy .....	Hope	J. M. Johnson .....	Sharon
E. J. McMahon .....	Hope	Samuel Mosby .....	Finley

## STUTSMAN.

Fredrus Baldwin .....	Jamestown	Oscar J. Seiler ....	Jamestown
S. L. Glaspell .....	Jamestown	Alfred Steele .....	Jamestown
J. W. Carr .....	Jamestown	Geo. W. Thorp .....	Jamestown
Marion Conklin .....	Jamestown	F. G. Kneeland .....	Jamestown
John Knauf .....	Jamestown	S. A. Wilder .....	Jamestown
Ormsby McHarg ....	Jamestown	J. A. Coffey .....	Courtenay
S. E. Ellsworth .....	Jamestown	R. G. McFarland .....	Jamestown
James A. Murphy ....	Jamestown	A. W. Aylmer .....	Jamestown

## TOWNER.

F. D. Davis .....	Cando	J. S. Moothart .....	Cando
J. V. Brooke .....	Cando	H. D. Skinner .....	Cando
J. J. Kehoe .....	Cando	L. H. Sennett .....	Cando
C. C. Converse .....	Cando		

## TRAILL.

F. W. Ames .....	Mayville	P. G. Swenson .....	Hillsboro
John Carmody .....	Hillsboro	Chas. A. Lyche .....	Hatton
Theo. Kaldor .....	Hillsboro	N. O. Dolve .....	Portland
J. F. Selby .....	Hillsboro		

## WALSH.

J. E. Gray .....	Grafton	H. C. DePuy ....	Minto
T. D. Casey .....	Grafton	G. J. Christie .....	Grafton
E. N. Swiggum .....	Grafton	Jesse Phelps .....	Minto
Jeff M. Myers .....	Grafton	H. A. Libby .....	Park River
W. R. DePuy .....	Grafton	G. W. Young .....	Park River
E. R. Sinkler .....	Grafton	E. Smith-Petersen ..	Park River
John H. Fraine .....	Grafton	Joel Myers .....	Park River
W. H. Phelps .....	Grafton	S. O. Lemmick .....	Fairdale

## WARD.

James Johnson .....	Minot	Clark Hovey .....	Minot
J. E. Greene .....	Minot	Mark Chatfield .....	Minot
G. A. McGee .....	Minot	J. E. Burke .....	Minot
C. A. Johnson .....	Minot	Geo. Rverson .....	Minot
R. A. Nestos .....	Minot	Arthur Thompson .....	Minot
John A. Bird .....	Minot	John H. Lewis .....	Minot
Joseph Denoyer .....	Minot	W. N. Crane .....	Minot
D. C. Greenleaf .....	Minot	F. J. Murphy .....	Kenmare
K. E. Leighton .....	Minot	George E. Childs ....	Kenmare
J. J. Coyle .....	Minot	D. R. Pierce .....	Kenmare
John Bates .....	Minot	A. W. Gray .....	Kenmare
L. J. Palda, Jr. ....	Minot	S. M. Lockerby .....	Portal
A. LeSueur .....	Minot	J. J. Hoffman .....	Donnybrook
B. H. Bradford .....	Minot	Bertie Nelson .....	Flaxton
C. Aurland .....	Minot	W. E. McQueen .....	Berthold
T. E. Olsgard .....	Minot	G. G. Ripley .....	Mohall

**Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.****WARD—Continued.**

R. H. Bosard .....	Minot	Geo. H. Gjertsen ....	Bowbells
Wm. Murray .....	Minot	F. I. Lyons .....	Bowbells
L. B. Bach .....	Minot	Ben W. Hosmer .....	Glenburn
W. G. Barrett .....	Minot	P. D. Jones .....	Stanley
Arthur Blaisdell .....	Minot	George A. Gilmore .....	Portal
Alfred Blaisdell .....	Minot	L. H. Paige .....	Berthold
H. J. Shull .....	Minot	W. A. Guilfoyle .....	Sherwood
L. W. Gammons .....	Minot	Ben E. Combs .....	Donnybrook
F. B. Lambert .....	Minot	Dudley L. Nash ....	White Earth
Wayne T. Moseley .....	Minot	J. P. Marquette .....	Minot

**WELLS.**

J. O. Hanchett ....	Harvey	Geo. K. Shaw, Jr. ....	Fessenden
Aloys Wartner .....	Harvey	H. J. Bessensen .....	Fessenden
H. L. Berry .....	Harvey	J. E. Jonsonius .....	Bowdon
J. J. Youngblood ....	Fessenden	Thos. Morrow .....	Bowdon
P. H. Woodward ....	Fessenden	H. B. Doughty .....	Bowdon
M. E. Wilson .....	Fessenden	A. G. Covell .....	Sykeston
W. E. Macdonald ....	Fessenden	R. A. Palmeter .....	Fessenden
John A. Layne .....	Fessenden	O. P. Jordal .....	Hurdsfield
G. A. Brauer .....	Fessenden	J. D. Williams .....	Fessenden

**WILLIAMS**

N. A. Stewart .....	Williston	A. J. Bessie .....	Williston
W. B. Overson .....	Williston	T. S. Becker .....	Williston
D. C. Page .....	Williston	William Malony .....	Wheelock
Percy S. Crewe .....	Williston	Otto Atneosen .....	Ray
Arthur L. Knauf .....	Williston	George H. Mollering .....	Ray
A. J. Stafne .....	Williston	Van R. Brown .....	Ray
Frank Fisk .....	Williston	T. F. Burns .....	Tioga
George A. Gilmore .....	Williston	George Cudhie .....	Crosby
Edwin A. Palmer .....	Williston	R. H. Copeland .....	Williston
N. F. Snyder .....	Williston	R. H. Points .....	Crosby
E. C. Carney .....	Williston	H. B. Wingerd .....	Epping

## REGISTERED LAW STUDENTS.

Aaen, B. A. ....	Williston	Hendrickson, J. E. ....	Fargo
Aaen, M. H. ....	Williston	Holbert, C. M. ....	LaMoure
Abbey, R. Percy ....	Cando	Hopkins, Ray E. ....	Minot
Backhoff, L. ....	Minot	Jackson, B. B. ....	Grand Forks
Backlund, J. V. ....	Lisbon	Jacobson, Christ. ....	Devils Lake
Baker, Grenville W. ....	Westhope	Jensen, Andreas ....	Wahpeton
Baker, Wm. V. ....	Devils Lake	Jewett, N. S. ....	Center
Bale, Glenn ....	Lisbon	Jones, Frank A. ....	Ray
Bennett, L. A. ....	Grand Forks	Kachelhoffer, Chas. J. ....	Wahpeton
Berg, Julius ....	Larimore	Kling, J. Henry ....	New Salem
Bitzing, Earl K. ....	Mandan	Kottka, E. W. ....	Velva
Bitterling, C. H. ....	Munich	Lampman, N. H. ....	Michigan
Boughton, T. G. ....	Fargo	Lee, Herman N. ....	Grand Forks
Bradley, H. C. ....	Forman	Lee, M. A. ....	Edmore
Brown, L. A. ....	Kenmare	Logie, Alfred E. ....	Fargo
Brown, Alvin H. ....	Williston	Ludowese, N. B. ....	Williston
Bruce, Walter ....	Fargo	Malin, Bert B. ....	Kulm
Burgett, W. E. ....	Flaxton	Maloney, Albert E. ....	Wheelock
Burke, T. H. ....	Minnewaukan	Maloney, James W. ....	Wheelock
Butterwick, L. L. ....	Leeds	McCutcheon, E. B. ....	Devils Lake
Byrne P. E. ....	Bismarck	McGibbon, Wm. ....	Grand Forks
Cameron, Scott ....	Cavalier	McGuigan, James ....	Fargo
Campbell, J. L. ....	Max	McKechney, Norman ....	Langdon
Campbell, Paul ....	Rugby	Mead, C. J. ....	Fargo
Carroll, Dorr H. ....	Minot	Meaghen, Jas. R. ....	Velva
Carroll, Leslie R. ....	Minot	Miller, Jas. M. ....	Hope
Cashel, J. L., Jr. ....	Grafton	Miller, W. G. ....	Bisbee
Chase, R. D. ....	Jamestown	Minnchan, M. F. ....	Garrison
Cheroske, L. S. ....	Leeds	Moore, B. H. ....	Bismarck
Clifford, T. F. ....	Mohall	Morris, J. T. ....	Maddock
Davis, Carlton B. ....	Larimore	Morrow, A. C. ....	New Salem
Delaney, John A. ....	Mohall	Nash, R. F. ....	Grand Forks
Devaney, Thos. ....	Langdon	Officer, I. E. ....	Edmore
Divet, W. L. ....	Wahpeton	O'Keefe, Henry ....	Grand Forks
Edling, Alys R. ....	Minot	O'Neill, J. S. ....	Grafton
Ego, Robt. W. ....	Lisbon	Poe, Will T. ....	Williston
Ekblad, Albert ....	Souris	Ritchie, L. S. B. ....	Valley City
Ellis, L. H. ....	Jamestown	Rourke, T. W. ....	Grand Forks
Fisher, E. F. ....	White Earth	Schmidt, A. J. ....	Minot
Fletcher, A. A. ....	Larimore	Schnepper, Geo. ....	Williston
Fletcher, E. E. ....	Langdon	Sibbald, W. H. ....	Minot
Forrest, Chas. E. ....	Cando	Smale, J. A. ....	Minot
Freede, H. J. ....	Bismarck	Sullivan, F. E. ....	Hope
Graham, M. H. ....	Devils Lake	Tannes, Einar A. ....	Flaxton
Granby, L. M. ....	St. Thomas	Tighe, W. J. ....	Grand Forks
Green, Wm. C. ....	Bismarck	Tinker, Luke ....	Anamoose
Gullikson, Geo. L. ....	Bottineau	Totten, Geo. A. ....	Mayville
Gumlungson, C. ....	Grand Forks	Ware, Thos. A. ....	Grand Forks
Gunthrop, Horace ....	Edgeley	Westergaard, Wm. H. ....	Williston
Hamel, C. D. ....	Grafton	Wishard, D. M. ....	Wahpeton
Hampton, T. J. ....	Wheatland	Wilson, Bert Lawrence ....	Dazey
Hanson, A. ....	Towner	Wood, A. B. ....	Fargo
Hanven, E. R. ....	Minot	Woolledge, Harry H. ....	Fargo
Healy, R. T. ....	Valley City	Wing, E. P. ....	Bismarck
Heder, Arvil ....	Grafton	Wright, J. Alta ....	Minot

**OFFICERS OF NORTH DAKOTA NATIONAL GUARD.**

Governor and Comander-in-Chief, John Burke, Bismarck.

**GENERAL STAFF.**

Adjutant General—Brigadier General Thomas H. Poole .....Bismarck  
 Inspector and Judge Advocate General—Colonel M. A. Hildreth, Fargo  
 Surgeon General—Colonel Charles McLachlan .....New Rockford  
 Medical Purveyor—Lieutenant Colonel E. H. Belyea .....Williston  
 Apothecary and Storekeeper—Captain L. C. Smith .....Dickinson  
 Chief of Supply—Colonel Frank P. Allen .....Lisbon  
 Commissaries of Supply—  
   Major J. S. Cole .....Lisbon  
   Major Albert Roberts .....Devils Lake  
 Chief of Engineers and Ordinance—Colonel E. C. Gearey, Jr., Fargo.  
 Assistant Engineer and Ordnance Officer—Major Paul C. Gorder,  
   .....Devils Lake

**FIRST REGIMENT INFANTRY.****HEADQUARTERS, VALLEY CITY.**

Colonel Commanding—Amasa P. Peake .....Valley City  
 Lieutenant Colonel—W. C. Treumann .....Grafton  
 Surgeon—Major Thomas C. Patterson .....Lisbon  
 Assistant Surgeons—  
   Captain Wesley G. Matchan .....Bismarck  
   First Lieutenant H. G. Fish .....Wheatland  
 Adjutant—Captain Charles F. Mudgett .....Valley City  
 Quartermaster—Captain G. Angus Fraser .....Fargo  
 Commissary—Captain Earle R. Sarles .....Hillsboro  
 Chaplain—Captain N. E. Ellsworth .....Minot

**FIRST BATTALION, FIRST INFANTRY.**

Major Commanding—William R. Purdon.....Wahpeton  
 Adjutant—First Lieutenant (vacancy).  
 Quartermaster and Commissary—Second Lieutenant F. S. Henry, Valley  
 City.  
 Company "A"—  
   Captain Henry T. Murphy .....Bismarck  
   First Lieutenant Thomas McCormick .....Bismarck  
   Second Lieutenant Piatt Dunn .....Bismarck  
 Company "G"—  
   Captain Frank S. Henry .....Valley City  
   First Lieutenant John E. Agnew .....Valley City  
   Second Lieutenant David St. C. Ritchie .....Valley City  
 Company "H"—  
   Captain Dana M. Wright .....Jamestown  
   First Lieutenant Edward D. Purchase .....Jamestown  
   Second Lieutenant James D. Gray .....Jamestown  
 Company "K"—  
   Captain-elect A. J. Osborn .....Dickinson  
   First Lieutenant T. Arthur Tollefson .....Dickinson  
   Second Lieutenant Frank M. Baker .....Dickinson

**SECOND BATTALION, FIRST INFANTRY.**

Major, Commanding—John H. Fraine .....Grafton  
 Adjutant—First Lieutenant D. S. Lewis .....Fargo  
 Quartermaster and Commissary—Second Lieutenant Harold  
 Sorenson .....Fargo

Company "C"—	
Captain Thomas H. Tharalson .....	Grafton
First Lieutenant (vacancy) .....	
Second Lieutenant John Breen .....	Grafton
Company "D"—	
Captain Alfred S. Blakey .....	Minot
First Lieutenant Lemuel M. Wright .....	Minot
Second Lieutenant Daniel C. Mulick .....	Minot
Company "E"—	
Captain Arthur L. Knauf .....	Williston
First Lieutenant-elect B. J. Schoregge .....	Williston
Second Lieutenant-elect L. B. Doctorman .....	Williston
Company "F"—	
Captain James M. Hanley .....	Mandan
First Lieutenant Samuel L. Nuchols .....	Mandan
Second Lieutenant Michael Lang, Jr., .....	Mandan

## THIRD BATTALION, FIRST INFANTRY.

Major Commanding—Ingvald A. Berg .....		Grand Forks
Adjutant—First Lieutenant Robert A. Thomson .....		Fargo
Quartermaster and Commissary—Porter W. Eddy .....		Jamestown
Company "B"—		
Captain Gilbert C. Grafton .....		Fargo
First Lieutenant (vacancy) .....		
Second Lieutenant (vacancy) .....		
Company "I"—		
Captain Arthur E. McKean .....		Wahpeton
First Lieutenant Franklin B. McKean .....		Wahpeton
Second Lieutenant Harvey W. Rife .....		Wahpeton
Company "L"—		
Captain Barney C. Boyd .....		Hillsboro
First Lieutenant Ole B. Christianson .....		Hillsboro
Second Lieutenant (vacancy) .....		
Company "M"—		
Captain (vacancy) .....		
First Lieutenant Clarence E. Crary .....		Ellendale
Second Lieutenant Charles E. Hubbard .....		Ellendale

## FIRST ARTILLERY.

Battery "A"—	
Captain Milton P. Wells .....	Lisbon
First Lieutenant T. E. Conklin .....	Lisbon
Second Lieutenant T. A. Curtis, Jr. ....	Lisbon

## RETIRED.

Major General Heber M. Creel .....	Devils Lake
Brigadier General William H. Brown .....	Grand Forks
Lieutenant Colonel Frederick Key .....	Fargo
Major Dorman Baldwin, Jr. ....	Jamestown
Captain Ole Manderud .....	Jamestown

**TERMS OF DISTRICT COURT.**

Barnes county, Fifth district, second Monday in June and second Monday in December.

Benson county, Second district, second Monday in June and third Monday in November.

Billings county, Tenth district, third Tuesday in April, and first Tuesday in October.

†Bottineau county, Ninth district, second Monday in February, fourth Monday in April, third Monday in June, third Monday in September, third Monday in November.

Burleigh county, Sixth district, third Tuesday in May and fourth Tuesday in November.

\*Cass county, Third district, first Tuesday after first Monday in January, fourth Tuesday in April, first Tuesday in September and first Tuesday in November.

Cavalier county, Seventh district, third Tuesday in May and first Tuesday in November.

Dickey county, Fourth district, fourth Tuesday in June and first Wednesday after first Tuesday in November.

Eddy county, Fifth district, fourth Monday in May and fourth Monday in November.

Emmons county, Sixth district, first Tuesday in May and first Tuesday in October.

Foster county, Fifth district, first Monday in May and second Monday in October.

Grand Forks, First district, first Tuesday in each month, except August and September.

Griggs county, Fifth district, second Monday in May and second Monday in November.

Kidder county, Sixth district, third Tuesday in June and second Tuesday in January.

LaMoure county, Fifth district, first Monday in February and fourth Monday in September.

Logan county, Fifth district, fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in October.

††McHenry county, Ninth district, second Monday in March, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, first Monday in October, third Monday in December.

McIntosh county, Fourth district, second Tuesday in March and third Tuesday in October.

McKenzie county, Tenth district, two terms as judge shall direct.

McLean county, Sixth district, second Monday in June and second Monday in December.

Mercer county, Tenth district, first Monday in June and second Monday in December.

Morton county, Tenth district, first Tuesday in May and second Tuesday in November.

Nelson county, First district, first Monday after the fourth day of July, and the first Monday after the first day of January.

Oliver county, Tenth district, two terms as judge shall direct.

\*\*\*Pembina county, Seventh district, first Tuesday in January, first Tuesday in June, first Tuesday in April, first Tuesday in October.

\$Pierce county, Ninth district, third Monday in January, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, first Monday in September, third Monday in October.

Ramsey county, Second district, first Monday in January and first Monday in June.

Ransom county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in May and second Tuesday in January.

Richland county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in December.

Rolette county, Second district, third Monday in February and fourth Monday in June.

Sargent county, Fourth district, third Tuesday in May and third Tuesday in November.

Stark county, Tenth district, first Tuesday in April and second Tuesday in September.

Steele county, Third district, third Tuesday in June and third Tuesday in October.

Stutsman county, Fifth district, first Monday in January and first Monday in July.

Towner county, Second district, first Monday in December and first Monday in May.

Traill county, Third district, second Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in June.

\*\*Walsh county, Seventh district, fourth Tuesday in January, third Tuesday in June, third Tuesday in November, third Tuesday in March.

Ward county, Eighth district, fourth Monday in January, fourth Monday in April and fourth Monday in October.

Wells county, Third district, third Monday in January and third Monday in July.

Williams county, Eighth district, fourth Monday in February, fourth Monday in July and fourth Monday in September.

\*No jury September term.

\*\*No jury March or November terms.

\*\*\*No jury April or October terms.

†No jury April, June and September.

‡No jury May, July and October.

§No jury April, June and September.

Note—Ninth district created by act of legislature, 1907.

Note—Tenth district created by legislature of 1907, effective January, 1909. Hettinger, Adams and Bowman counties created and organized since passage of law, and terms of court will be held as judge shall direct until law is passed fixing terms.

Chambers, Morton county, first Monday in January, March, May, July, September and November, except when court is being held. Chambers, Stark county, first Monday in February, April, June, August, October and December, except when court is being held.

Note—Until tenth district is fully organized the counties of Morton, Oliver, Billings, McKenzie, Mercer and Stark remain in the Sixth district.



**PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.**

Capitol .....	Bismarck
University .....	Grand Forks
Insane Asylum .....	Jamestown
Penitentiary .....	Bismarck
Agricultural College .....	Fargo
School of Mines (attached to University) .....	Grand Forks
School for the Deaf .....	Devils Lake
Reform School .....	Mandan
Normal School .....	Mayville
Normal School .....	Valley City
Institution for Feeble Minded .....	Grafton
Soldiers' Home .....	Lisbon
Blind Asylum .....	Bathgate
Industrial School .....	Ellendale
School of Forestry .....	Bottineau
Scientific School .....	Wahpeton

**SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS.**

Governor .....	\$ 3,000
Lieutenant Governor .....	1,000
Secretary of State .....	2,000
Auditor .....	2,000
Treasurer .....	2,000
Attorney General .....	2,000
Superintendent of Public Instruction .....	2,000
Commissioner of Insurance .....	2,000
Commissioner of Railroads (three) each .....	1,200
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor .....	2,000
Judges of Supreme Court (three) each .....	5,000
Judges of District Courts (eight) each .....	3,500
Clerk of Supreme Court .....	1,500
Reporter of Supreme Court .....	1,500

**APPOINTIVE OFFICERS.**

State Examiner .....	\$ 2,000
Chief Deputy State Examiner .....	1,800
Assistant Deputy State Examiners .....	1,800
Adjutant General .....	1,800
Commissioner of University and School Lands .....	2,000
Oil Inspector .....	2,500
All department deputies .....	1,800

Trustees of Public Institutions receive \$3 per day for each day employed and traveling expenses—not more than twelve sessions (twenty-four days in the aggregate) to be held in any one year unless authorized by the governor.

State officers, clerk of supreme court, land commissioner and adjutant general receive fixed expense allowance of \$500 annually.

## NEWSPAPERS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

### ADAMS.

Headlight .....	Hettinger .....	A. A. Brundage
Record .....	Hettinger .....	G. L. Hurd
State Line Herald .....	Lemon .....	J. F. P. Grosse

### BARNES.

N'th Dakota D'y Patriot	Valley City .....	G. B. Vallandigham
Evening Times-Record	Valley City .....	Times Record Pub. Co.
Journal (weekly) .....	Valley City .....	W. H. Smethurst
Enterprise .....	Sanborn .....	Wm. McKean & Son
News .....	Wimbledon .....	Will Stevens
Herald .....	Fingal .....	Albert O. Wold
Bulletin .....	Litchville .....	W. A. Wells
Star .....	Kathryn .....	Iverson & Abrahamsen
Herald .....	Dazey .....	A. W. Klein
Tribune .....	Nome .....	W. L. Johnson
Advance .....	Leal .....	P. A. Pickett

### BENSON.

North Dakota Siftings ..	Minnewaukon .....	Wm. Miller
Bee .....	Esmond .....	Allison Bros
Advocate .....	Knox .....	H. E. Delameter
York Ledger .....	York .....	Dolin & Son
News .....	Leeds .....	A. J. F. Voigt
Standard .....	Maddock .....	Standard Pub. Co.
Sentinel .....	Warwick .....	F. X. Kirsch
Star .....	Brinsmade .....	John Lindelien

### BILLINGS.

Republican .....	Sentinel Butte .....	W. A. Shear
Billings County Herald	Medora .....	Geo. L. Nelson
Chronicle .....	Beach .....	W. A. Young

### BOTTINEAU.

North Dakota Eagle ....	Willow City .....	T. C. Michael
Bottineau Courant .....	Bottineau .....	The Courant Co.
Herald .....	Omemee .....	Matt Johnson
Republican .....	Souris .....	J. F. Haakett
Times .....	Lansford .....	Guy L. Scott
Standard .....	Westhope .....	A. J. Drake
News .....	Bottineau .....	F. C. Falkenstein
American .....	Antler .....	C. A. Stratton
Sentinel .....	Russell .....	Dan B. McGovern
Independent .....	Lansford .....	Evans & Berg
Monitor .....	Maxbass .....	O. A. Hoskins
Observer .....	Overly .....	Robinson & Walker
Record .....	Kramer .....	Geo. D. Skinner

### BOWMAN.

Pioneer .....	Lowden .....	A. L. Lowden
Progress .....	Lowden .....	C. A. McCann

### BURLEIGH.

Tribune .....	Bismarck .....	M. H. Jewell
Settler .....	Bismarck .....	Settler Pub. Co.
Palladium .....	Bismarck .....	A. Rolling
News .....	Driscoll .....	E. A. Hull
Messenger .....	Moffit .....	Wm. H. McMaster

## Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

## CASS.

Express	Buffalo	A. R. Knight
Herald	Hunter	Ed. Mitchell
Tribune	Kindred	Geo. J. Seifert
Eagle	Wheatland	W. Irysh
Forum	Fargo	A. W. Edwards and H. C. Plumley
Call	Fargo	J. J. Jordan
Reporter	Casselton	Potter & Potter
Topics	Tower City	H. H. Roberts
White Ribbon	Fargo	
Record	Page	W. L. Brown
Fram	Fargo	Fram Pub. Co.
Blue and Gold	Fargo	Fargo College
Spectrum	Fargo	Agricultural College
Die Staats-Presse	Fargo	Gross Bros.
High School Cynosure	Fargo	Edwin Clapp
North Dakotan	Fargo	Newman & Kane
Northwestern Farmer	Fargo	N. D. Pub. Co.
North Dakota Sheaf	Fargo	Hugh L. Burleson
The Searchlight	Fargo	A. T. Cole
Wau-Kan	Fargo	Fargo College, Junior class

## CAVALIER.

Globe	Milton	O. T. Rishoff
Cavalier Co. Republican	Langdon	A. E. Lindstrom
Moon	Hannah	S. J. A. Boyd
Courier-Democrat	Langdon	A. I. Kochmstedt
Independent	Osnabrock	Fred A. Bailey
Herald	Munich	S. T. Scott
Advocate	Sarles	Geo. W. Drowley
News	Nekoma	Arthur Stromgren
Times	Calvin	H. Stevens

## DICKEY.

Times	Oakes	A. R. Wright
Journal	Oakes	J. M. Kellogg
Leader	Ellendale	F. S. Goddard
Record	Ellendale	H. H. Perry
Republican	Forbes	J. H. Nagel
Fullerton Farmer	Fullerton	J. S. Jensen

## EDDY.

Transcript	New Rockford	Olsen & Maddux
Star	Sheyenne	C. C. Manning
Provost	New Rockford	P. M. Mattson

## EMMONS.

Emmons Co. Republican	Hazelton	W. P. Thurston
Emmons Co. Record	Linton	D. R. Streeter
Advocate	Linton	Linton Pub. Co., C. A. Patterson
News	Braddock	Eb. Sheppard

## FOSTER.

Independent	Carrington	Ed. Lum
Tribune	McHenry	J. B. Howard
Record	Carrington	S. A. Lewis
Free Press	McHenry	J. F. Faytle
Enterprise	Barlow	Miss J. McCallum

### Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

#### GRAND FORKS.

Herald .....	Grand Forks .....	Geo. B. Winship
Evening Times .....	Grand Forks .....	Times Pub. Co.
Evening Press .....	Grand Forks .....	Geo. E. Duis
Normanden .....	Grand Forks .....	P. O. Thorson
Pioneer .....	Larimore .....	Pioneer Printing Co.
Gleaner .....	Northwood .....	D. L. Campbell
Times-Vidette .....	Inkster .....	F. C. Nye
Sun .....	Reynolds .....	Geo. Rice
Student .....	Grand Forks .....	University
Dakota .....	Grand Forks .....	University, Junior class

#### GRIGGS.

Courier .....	Cooperstown .....	P. R. Trubshaw
Sentinel .....	Cooperstown .....	H. S. Rearick
Times .....	Binford .....	Theo. K. Curry
Enterprise .....	Hannaford .....	Kampen & Anderson

#### HETTINGER.

Pioneer Press .....	Mott .....	Small & Irysh
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#### KIDDER.

Ozone .....	Steele .....	H. S. Wood
Kidder County Herald .....	Steele .....	E. Smith
Leader .....	Dawson .....	H. S. Wood

#### LAMOURE.

Chronicle .....	LaMoure .....	Warren & Taylor
Mail .....	Edgeley .....	S. L. Brown
Messenger .....	Kulm .....	Malin & Parker
Reporter .....	Dickey .....	J. A. Warner
Sentinel .....	Marion .....	Sentinel Pub. Co.
Advance .....	Verona .....	W. G. Billyard
Leader .....	Jud .....	C. F. Quimby

#### LOGAN.

Homestead .....	Napoleon .....	O. F. Bryant
Republican .....	Gackle .....	Thos. N. Pettit

#### M'HENRY.

McHenry Co. Journal ..	Velva .....	Stafford & Son
News and Stockman ..	Towner .....	J. L. Killion
Record .....	Granville .....	E. T. Pierson
Progress .....	Anamoose .....	W. Tinker
Statesman .....	Balfour .....	E. E. Cowell
Post .....	Berwick .....	H. R. Young
Promoter .....	Denbigh .....	L. W. Pierson
Leader .....	Balfour .....	E. A. Valant
News .....	Drake .....	Connolly Sisters
Item .....	Norwich .....	W. C. Mitchell
Herald .....	Granville .....	C. R. Kendall
Enterprise .....	Deering .....	Jackman & Barnes
Star .....	Upham .....	L. W. Pierson
Advocate .....	Bantry .....	Oscar R. Fisher
Tribune .....	Towner .....	H. E. Miller
Messenger .....	Balfour .....	T. W. R. H. DeLa

## Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

## M'INTOSH.

Republican .....	Ashley .....	Engel & Jenson
News .....	Wishek .....	A. P. Guy
Tribune .....	Ashley .....	E. T. Clyde

## M'KENZIE.

Schafer Record .....	Schafer .....	Harry W. Franklyn
Chronicle .....	Alexander .....	C. Clemmenson

## M'LEAN.

Leader .....	Washburn .....	John Satterland
News .....	Wilton .....	E. A. Hull
Voice .....	Denhoff .....	Ed. X. Moore
Miner .....	Underwood .....	T. J. Edwards
Citizen .....	Goodrich .....	W. J. Burt
Wave .....	Turtle Lake .....	E. J. Jones
Gazette .....	McClusky .....	W. J. Curriden
Enterprise .....	Max .....	C. W. Stafford & Son
Staats Zeitung .....	Denhoff .....	F. J. Kehrer
Independent .....	Garrison .....	Currier Bros.
Times .....	Garrison .....	John Satterlund
Observer .....	Dogden .....	W. A. Carter
Searchlight .....	Martin .....	J. R. Ferguson
Nord-Dakota Herald .....	Goodrich .....	Francois Martin
Record .....	Russo .....	W. H. Francis
Telegram .....	Mercer .....	W. T. Wasson
News .....	Dogden .....	Evelyn Foster

## MERCER.

Republican .....	Stanton .....	O. A. Schreiber
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## MORTON.

Pioneer .....	Mandan .....	Pioneer Pub. Co.
Independent .....	Mandan .....	Frank Wilder
Times .....	Mandan .....	A. M. Packard
Die Wacht am Missouri .....	Hebron .....	Die Wacht am Missouri Pub. Co.
News .....	Glen Ullin .....	Wallace R. Hall
Hustler .....	Flasher .....	Mrs. F. S. Berrier
Republican .....	Mandan .....	Republican Pub. Co.
Deutscher Pioneer .....	New Salem .....	Bernhard Oppenheim
Journal .....	New Salem .....	Edward Sullivan
Advertiser .....	Almont .....	J. A. Smith

## NELSON.

Observer .....	Lakota .....	J. S. Metcalf
Herald .....	Lakota .....	A. E. Sheet
American .....	Lakota .....	A. M. Beveridge
Panorama .....	Aneta .....	M. E. Sperry
Arena .....	Michigan .....	B. H. Lampman
Journal .....	McVillie .....	Journal Printing Co.
Record .....	Petersburg .....	B. A. Hall
Tribune .....	Tolna .....	L. J. Bowen

## OLIVER.

Republican .....	Center .....	Chas. L. Wright
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## Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

## PEMBINA.

Pioneer Express .....	Pembina .....	Wardwell & Thompson
Times .....	St. Thomas .....	Grant S. Hager
Pink Paper .....	Bathgate .....	F. A. Willson
Echo .....	Drayton .....	C. L. Fairchild
Cavalier Chronicle .....	Cavalier .....	J. K. Fairchild
Chronotype .....	Neche .....	Rex H. Lampman
Mountainer .....	Walhalla .....	Chas. H. Lee
Call .....	Crystal .....	J. A. Minder
Independent .....	Hamilton .....	H. P. Wood

## PIERCE.

Tribune .....	Rugby .....	Anderson & Stager
Optimist .....	Rugby .....	Luther H. Bratton
Deutsche Zeitung .....	Rugby .....	Anderson & Stager
Mirror .....	Wolford .....	Breen & Breen
Post .....	Rugby .....	

## RAMSEY.

Sun .....	Churches Ferry .....	G. C. Chambers
Inter-Ocean .....	Devils Lake .....	Marion Small
Herald-News .....	Edmore .....	E. M. Crary
Public Opinion .....	Crary .....	Edgar Anderson
Times .....	Starkweather .....	Homer Realer
Banner .....	Hampden .....	J. H. McDonald
Journal .....	Devils Lake .....	J. H. Bloom
Leader .....	Lawton .....	W. A. Mercer
News .....	Starkweather .....	Herbert Lewis
Republican .....	Devils Lake .....	Gooler & Goer

## RANSOM.

Gazette .....	Lisbon .....	Backlund & Schomer
Progress .....	Sheldon .....	M. B. De la Bere
Free Press .....	Lisbon .....	C. E. Boyden
Independent .....	Enderlin .....	T. L. Longley
The Rotary .....	Lisbon .....	W. C. Crocker
Westland Educator .....	Lisbon .....	W. C. Crocker

## RICHLAND.

Globe-Gazette .....	Wahpeton .....	Hughes & Falley
Times .....	Wahpeton .....	Knotts & Fuller
News .....	Fairmount .....	B. W. Clabaugh
News .....	Hankinson .....	W. C. Forman, Jr
Reporter .....	Walcott .....	R. N. Lee
Broadaxe .....	Lidgerwood .....	John Andrews
Monitor .....	Lidgerwood .....	Monitor Co.
Pioneer .....	Wyndmere .....	C. G. Klenzing
Enterprise .....	Wyndmere .....	A. B. Johnson
Herald .....	Abercrombie .....	A. K. Tweto
Broderbarten .....	Wahpeton .....	

## ROLETTE.

Turtle Mountain Star ..	Rolla .....	W. J. Hoskins
Herald .....	Rolla .....	W. D. Packard
Magnet .....	Dunseith .....	H. T. Willey
Examiner .....	Rolette .....	A. L. Nelson
Record .....	Thorne .....	C. W. Sibley
Herald .....	McCumber .....	C. W. Sibley
Tribune .....	St. John .....	H. Kendall
Times .....	Dunseith .....	Sherwood

## Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

## SARGENT.

Independent	Forman	Wm. Hurly, Jr.
News	Forman	J. H. Maltby
Enterprise	Cogswell	C. A. Jordan
The DeLamere Mistletoe	De Lamere	A. P. Layton
Sargent County Teller	Milnor	Roy V. Fyles
Record	Havana	Wm. Hudson

## STARK.

Press	Dickinson	M. L. Ayers
Recorder	Dickinson	W. A. Carter
Der Volksfreund	Dickinson	Thos. L. Rabsteineck
Post	Dickinson	Post Pub. Co.
News	Richardton	News Pub. Co.

## STEELE.

Tribune	Sherbrooke	Chas. G. Boise
Beacon	Finley	G. A. Monteith
Pioneer	Hope	N. D. Pub. Co.
Reporter	Sharon	Albert O. Paulson

## STUTSMAN.

Alert	Jamestown	W. R. Kellogg
Capital	Jamestown	J. B. Burgster
Gazette	Courtenay	Geo. Farries
Patriot	Pingree	H. C. Smith
Citizen	Medina	W. H. Nye
Democrat	Jamestown	M. P. Morris
Journal	Kensal	Dudley
Leader	Cleveland	F. L. Kellogg

## TOWNER.

Journal	Perth	H. H. Hammond
Gazette	Bisbee	Gores & Egeland
Herald	Cando	W. J. Sherman
Democrat and Record	Cando	Carl Nelson
Enterprise	Egeland	Melvin O. Long
Pioneer	Hansboro	C. H. Browne
Ripples	Rock Lake	S. A. Treadwell

## TRAILL.

Banner	Hillsboro	Alvin Schmitt
Statstidende	Hillsboro	C. F. Bahnson
Blade	Hillsboro	Blade Pub. Co.
Fremtiden	Hillsboro	T. Nielsen
Tribune	Mayville	Larin Bros.
Goose River Farmer	Mayville	J. M. Stewart
Republican	Portland	Jos. C. LaBell
Free Press	Hatton	W. H. Kelley

## WALSH.

Walsh County Record	Grafton	E. H. Pierce
News and Times	Grafton	Luchau & Townsend
Gazette-News	Park River	F. J. Prochaska
Journal	Minto	W. S. Mitchell

## Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.

## WALSH—Continued.

Tribune .....	Edinburg .....	E. Erlendson
Republican .....	Park River .....	E. D. Susan
Times .....	Fairdale .....	C. S. Iverson
Budget .....	Adams .....	Mrs. R. B. Dougherty
Enterprise .....	Adams .....	Thompson & Lovestrom
Citizen .....	Conway .....	F. O. Hanson
Posten .....	Grafton .....	A. P. Trockstad

## WARD.

Optic .....	Minot .....	W. M. Smart
Reporter .....	Minot .....	Sam H. Clark
Independent .....	Minot .....	Truax & Colcord
Posten .....	Minot .....	P. H. Baukol
Courier .....	Donnybrook .....	H. E. Johnson
News .....	Kenmare .....	Gray & Corbett
Journal .....	Kenmare .....	W. A. Stickley
Tribune .....	Bowbells .....	Thos. B. Hurley
International .....	Portal .....	Waller & Hanson
Mirror .....	Tagus .....	Pierce F. Egan
News .....	Mohall .....	M. O. Hall
Eagle .....	Flaxton .....	John S. Gee
Record .....	White Earth .....	L. A. Fisher
News .....	Carpio .....	J. N. Fulton
Tribune .....	Berthold .....	W. E. Krick
Times .....	Flaxton .....	Paul S. Ware
Journal .....	Sherwood .....	M. Mackinnon
Sun .....	Stanley .....	J. K. McLeod
News .....	Ryder .....	McLaren & Wells
Bulletin .....	Bowbells .....	H. L. Lyon
Tribune .....	Mohall .....	J. W. Schnitzler
Standard .....	Palermo .....	A. K. Vinge
Advance .....	Glenburn .....	R. Gilbertsen
Observer .....	Des Lacs .....	Breslin & Schmidt
News .....	Ross .....	J. S. Patterson, Jr.
Clipper .....	Sawyer .....	M. A. Frissel
Tribune .....	Sherwood .....	E. O. Keene
Tribune .....	Grano .....	F. B. Ellsworth
Pioneer .....	Plaza .....	Geo. J. Smith
Journal .....	Tolley .....	W. F. L. Makee
Reporter .....	Columbus .....	L. E. Woods
Herald .....	Douglas .....	C. H. Crockard
Tribune .....	Lignite .....	C. R. Hurley
Sentinel .....	Coteau .....	Jas. N. Fulton
Pioneer .....	Macroom .....	Wm. H. Ware

## WELLS.

News .....	Fessenden .....	John A. Raitt
Free Press .....	Fessenden .....	Mark Hunt
Herald .....	Harvey .....	R. L. Price
Guardian .....	Bowdon .....	G. W. Lilly
Tribune .....	Sykeston .....	V. E. Johnson

## WILLIAMS.

Graphic .....	Williston .....	J. A. Corbett
Herald .....	Williston .....	Eugene W. Disney
World .....	Williston .....	Greer & Jorgenson



**Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued.****WILLIAMS—Continued.**

State (evening) .....	Williston .....	Ben G. Whitehead
Tribune .....	Buford .....	W. R. Mumby, Sr
Pioneer .....	Ray .....	Alfred E. Hughes
Tribune .....	Wheelock .....	J. W. Maloney & Co.
Review .....	Crosby .....	Paul Paulson
Gazette .....	Tioga .....	H. F. Irwin
Eagle .....	Crosby .....	W. H. Wilber
Leader .....	Rudser .....	J. K. Fairchild
Newsman .....	Ambrose .....	Herman Lipphardt
News .....	Spring Brook .....	A. E. Hughes
Times .....	Wheelock .....	A. E. Hughes
Recorder .....	Ray .....	A. M. Young
Republican .....	Noonan .....	O. O. Christianson
Reporter .....	Ambrose .....	E. O. Keene
Bulletin .....	Epping .....	Dahlby & Wingerd
News .....	Kermit .....	V. F. Snyder

**POST OFFICES IN NORTH DAKOTA.**

CORRECTED TO JULY 1, 1907.

(c. h. indicates county seats.)

Town	County	Town	County
Abercrombie .....	Richland	Ardock .....	Walsh
Absaraka .....	Cass	Arena .....	Burleigh
Acton .....	Walsh	Argusville .....	Cass
Ackworth .....	Rolette	Armourdale .....	Towner
Adams .....	Walsh	Armstrong .....	Emmons
Addison .....	Cass	Arnegard .....	McKenzie
Adrian .....	LaMoure	Arnold .....	Burleigh
Agate .....	Rolette	Arthur .....	Cass
Agricultural College .....	Cass	Arvilla .....	Grand Forks
Akra .....	Pembina	Ashley (c. h.) .....	McIntosh
Albert .....	Benson	Ashtabula .....	Barnes
Albertha .....	Dickey	Aster .....	Oliver
Alden .....	Hettinger	Atkinson .....	Bowman
Alcide .....	Rolette	Auburn .....	Walsh
Alexander (c. h.) .....	McKenzie	Aurelia .....	Ward
Algeo .....	Barnes	Avoca .....	Williams
Alice .....	Cass	Ayr .....	Cass
Alfred .....	LaMoure	Bachelor .....	Rolette
Almira .....	McKenzie	Backoo .....	Pembina
Almont .....	Morton	Baconville .....	Nelson
Alpha .....	Billings	Baden .....	Ward
Alsén .....	Cavalier	Bailey .....	Mercer
Alta .....	Burleigh	Baldwin .....	Burleigh
Amanda .....	Ward	Balfour .....	McHenry
Ambrose .....	Williams	Balken .....	Nelson
Amenia .....	Cass	Balton .....	Towner
Amy .....	McHenry	Banks .....	McKenzie
Anamoose .....	McHenry	Bantry .....	McHenry
Aneta .....	Nelson	Baqual .....	Williams
Angie .....	Williams	Barber .....	Ward
Anselm .....	Ransom	Barlow .....	Foster
Antelope .....	Stark	Barney .....	Richland
Antler .....	Bottineau	Barrie .....	Richland
Aplin .....	Oliver	Bartlett .....	Ramsey

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Barton	Pierce	Buxton	Traill
Basto	McLean	Bye	Ward
Bathgate	Pembina	Byers	McLean
Beach	Billings	Caledonia	Traill
Beaulieu	Cavalier	Calio	Cavalier
Beaver	Bowman	Calvin	Cavalier
Beicegel	McKenzie	Cambridge	Mercer
Belcourt	Rolette	Cando (c. h.)	Towner
Belden	Ward	Canfield	Burleigh
Belfield	Stark	Cannonball	Morton
Bellmont	Traill	Carbury	Bottineau
Belmar	Bottineau	Carl	Morton
Benedict	McLean	Carlisle	Pembina
Benson	LaMoure	Carpenter	Rolette
Bentley	Adams	Carpio	Ward
Bentru	Grand Forks	Carrington (c. h.)	Foster
Berg	McKenzie	Carson	Morton
Bergen	McHenry	Cartwright	McKenzie
Berlin	LaMoure	Cashel	Walsh
Berry	Hettinger	Casselton	Cass
Berthea	Rolette	Cathay	Wells
Berthold	Ward	Cavalier	Pembina
Berwick	McHenry	Cayuga	Sargent
Beyrout	Pierce	Cecil	Pierce
Binford	Griggs	Center (c. h.)	Oliver
Bisbee	Towner	Chaffee	Cass
Bismarck (c. h.)	Burleigh	Chandler	Hettinger
Blabon	Steele	Charlson	McKenzie
Blackwater	McLean	Chaseley	Wells
Blaisdell	Ward	Chilcot	Ward
Blanchard	Traill	Christine	Richland
Bloomenfield	Stutsman	Churchs Ferry	Ramsey
Bluegrass	Morton	Clare	Stutsman
Bohan	Burleigh	Clement	Dickey
Bonetrail	Williams	Cleveland	Stutsman
Bordulac	Foster	Clifford	Traill
Bottineau (c. h.)	Bottineau	Clyde	Cavalier
Boundary	Rolette	Cogswell	Sargent
Bowbells	Ward	Coldwater	McIntosh
Bowden	Wells	Colcharbor	McLean
Rowesmont	Pembina	Colfax	Richland
Braddock	Emmons	Colgan	Williams
Brampton	Sargent	Colgate	Steele
Brazil	Pierce	Collins	Mercer
Brinsmade	Benson	Columbus	Ward
Brittin	Burleigh	Conkling	McLean
Brocket	Ramsey	Considine	Towner
Brofy	Emmons	Conway	Walsh
Broncho	Mercer	Coolin	Towner
Brookbank	Ward	Cooperstown (c. h.)	Griggs
Brumborh	Towner	Cordelia	Bottineau
Bruce	Pembina	Cordes	Oliver
Buchanan	Stutsman	Coteau	Ward
Buffalo	Cass	Cottonwood Lake	Williams
Buffalo Springs	Bowman	Coulee	Ward
Bufoed	Williams	Courtenay	Stutsman
Burkey	Billings	Crary	Ramsey
Burlington	Ward	Crete	Sargent
Burnstad	Logan	Crocus	Towner
Rutte	Oliver	Cromwell	Burleigh
Buttzeville	Ransom	Crosby	Williams

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Crystal	Pembina	Eldridge	Stutsman
Crystal Springs	Kidder	Elkwood	Cavalier
Cuba	Barnes	Ellefson	Ward
Cummings	Trail	Ellendale (c. h.)	Dickey
Daily	Barnes	Elliott	Ransom
Dakem	Emmons	Ellis	Oliver
Dale	Emmons	Ellison	Towner
Dalgam	Stark	Ellsberry	Towner
Dallas	Eddy	Elm	Morton
Daniels	Cavalier	Elsworth	McKenzie
Darling	McLean	Embden	Cass
Davenport	Cass	Emerado	Grand Forks
Dawson	Kidder	Emmet	McLean
Dazey	Barnes	Emmonsburg	Emmons
Deapolis	Mercer	Emrick	Wells
Deehr	Nelson	Enderlin	Ransom
Deerpriver	McHenry	Endres	McLean
Deering	McHenry	Englevale	Ransom
Deer Lake	Stutsman	Epping	Williams
Deisem	LaMoure	Epworth	Ward
Delamere	Sargent	Erie	Cass
Denbigh	McHenry	Esmond	Benson
Denhoff	McLean	Esther	Morton
Denver	Rolette	Evanston	Ramsey
Derrick	Ramsey	Everest	Cass
Desart	Billings	Expansion	Mercer
Deslacs	Ward	Fairdale	Walsh
DeVaul	Morton	Fairmount	Richland
Devils Lake (c. h.)	Ramsey	Fallon	Morton
Diamond	Morton	Fancher	Stutsman
Dickey	LaMoure	Fargo (c. h.)	Cass
Dickinson (c. h.)	Stark	Farmington	Richland
Dion Lake	Rolette	Fayette	Dunn
Dissmore	Nelson	Fergus	Grand Forks
Dogden	McLean	Fern	Ward
Dogtooth	Morton	Fero	Pierce
Dokken	Bottineau	Fessenden (c. h.)	Wells
Donevilla	Williams	Fillmore	Benson
Donnybrook	Ward	Fingal	Barnes
Dore	McKenzie	Finley	Steele
Douglas	Ward	Flasher	Morton
Dover	Wells	Flaxton	Ward
Doyon	Ramsey	Fleak	Morton
Dradey	Ward	Flora	Benson
Drake	McHenry	Floyd	LaMoure
Drayton	Pembina	Fonda	Rolette
Dresden	Cavalier	Forbes	Dickey
Driscoll	Burleigh	Forest River	Walsh
Dunseith	Rolette	Forman (c. h.)	Sargent
Durbin	Cass	Fortier	Williams
Dwight	Richland	Fort Ransom	Ransom
Easby	Cavalier	Fort Rice	Morton
East Edge	Barnes	Fort Totten	Benson
Eckelson	Barnes	Fort Yates	Morton
Eckman	Bottineau	Foxholm	Ward
Edgeley	LaMoure	Foxlake	Ramsey
Edinburg	Walsh	Frances	Burleigh
Edmore	Ramsey	Freeborn	Eddy
Edmunds	Stutsman	Frederickson	Williams
Egeland	Towner	Fredonia	Logan
Elbowoods	McLean	Frettim	Kidder

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Fried .....	Stutsman	Hamilton .....	Pembina
Fullerton .....	Dickey	Hamden .....	Ramsey
Gackle .....	Logan	Hancock .....	McLean
Gaines .....	Oliver	Hankinson .....	Richland
Galchutt .....	Richland	Hannaford .....	Griggs
Galesburg .....	Traill	Hannah .....	Cavalier
Gardar .....	Pembina	Hannover .....	Oliver
Gardena .....	Bottineau	Hansboro .....	Towner
Gardner .....	Cass	Harlem .....	Sargent
Garfield .....	Williams	Harmon .....	Morton
Garske .....	Ramsey	Harrisburg .....	Nelson
Garrison .....	McLean	Hartford .....	Emmons
Gayton .....	Emmons	Harvey .....	Wells
Gem .....	Stutsman	Harwood .....	Cass
Geneseo .....	Sargent	Hastings .....	Barnes
Geoff .....	Walsh	Hatton .....	Traill
Gerber .....	Stutsman	Havana .....	Sargent
Gilby .....	Grand Forks	Haven .....	Foster
Gilstrap .....	Adams	Hazen .....	Mercer
Girard .....	Pierce	Hazelton .....	Emmons
Gladstone .....	Stark	Heart .....	Morton
Gladys .....	Williams	Heaton .....	Wells
Glanavon .....	Emmons	Hecker .....	Ward
Glasston .....	Pembina	Hebron .....	Morton
Glencoe .....	Emmons	Helena .....	Griggs
Glenburn .....	Ward	Hellwig .....	McIntosh
Glenullin .....	Morton	Hendley .....	Adams
Glover .....	Dickey	Hensel .....	Pembina
Goodall .....	McKenzie	Hensler .....	Oliver
Goodrich .....	McLean	Herr .....	McLean
Gorham .....	Billings	Hesnault .....	Ward
Goss .....	Ward	Hesper .....	Benson
Grafton (c. h.) .....	Walsh	Hettinger .....	Adams
Grand Forks (c. h.) .....	Grand Forks	Hewitt .....	Bottineau
Grano .....	Ward	Hickson .....	Cass
Graham's Island .....	Benson	Hiddenwood .....	McLean
Grand Harbor .....	Ramsey	Higley .....	Williams
Grandin .....	Cass	Hillsboro (c. h.) .....	Traill
Grand Rapids .....	LaMoure	Hoe .....	Emmons
Granville .....	McHenry	Holmes .....	Grand Forks
Grasslake .....	Pierce	Homen .....	Cavalier
Gray .....	Stutsman	Homestead .....	Richland
Great Bend .....	Richland	Honeyford .....	Grand Forks
Great Stone .....	McLean	Hoosier .....	Hettinger
Green .....	McKenzie	Hoople .....	Walsh
Grelland .....	Ward	Hope .....	Steele
Grimmel .....	Williams	Horace .....	Cass
Griswold .....	LaMoure	Horswill .....	Hettinger
Gronna .....	Rolette	Howard .....	Williams
Guelph .....	Dickey	Howe .....	Morton
Gwinner .....	Sargent	Hub .....	Mercer
Haarstad .....	Williams	Hull .....	Emmons
Haase .....	Bottineau	Hult .....	Oliver
Hagen .....	Ward	Hunter .....	Cass
Hague .....	Emmons	Hurd .....	Bottineau
Haley .....	Bowman	Hurdsfield .....	Wells
Halliday .....	Mercer	Imperial .....	Williams
Hallson .....	Pembina	Inkster .....	Grand Forks
Hamar .....	Eddy	Ione .....	LaMoure

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Island Lake	Rolette	Lincoln	McLean
Jackson	Ramsey	Linstad	Walsh
Jamestown (c. h.)	Stutsman	Linton (c. h.)	Emmons
Janesburg	Morton	Lisbon (c. h.)	Ransom
Jeanette	McLean	Litchville	Barnes
Jerome	Ward	Livonia	Emmons
Jessie	Griggs	Linusville	McHenry
Johnstown	Grand Forks	Little Heart	Morton
Joliette	Pembina	Loma	Cavalier
Josephine	Benson	Lomice	Walsh
Jud	LaMoure	Lonetree	Ward
Judson	LaMoure	Lordsburg	Bottineau
June	Dunn	Lowden	Bowman
Juno	Rolette	Lowell	McIntosh
Kathryn	Barnes	Lucca	Barnes
Kellogg	Walsh	Ludden	Dickey
Kellys	Grand Forks	Lynch	Ward
Kelso	Traill	Lynchburg	Cass
Kelvin	Rolette	McArthur	Pembina
Kempton	Grand Forks	McCanna	Grand Forks
Kenmare	Ward	McClusky	McLean
Kensal	Stutsman	McCullough	Williams
Kermit	Williams	McCumber	Rolette
Kindred	Cass	McGregor	Williams
Kiner	Wells	McHenry	Foster
King	Logan	McKenzie	Burleigh
Kintyre	Emmons	McKinney	Ward
Klara	Benson	McLean	Cavalier
Kloten	Nelson	McLeod	Ransom
Knox	Benson	McVila	Nelson
Kramer	Bottineau	Macroom	Ward
Krem	Mercer	Maddock	Benson
Kulm	LaMoure	Maida	Cavalier
Lakeview	Burleigh	Malcolm	McLean
Lakota (c. h.)	Nelson	Mandan (c. h.)	Morton
Lamoine	Kidder	Manfred	Wells
LaMoure (c. h.)	LaMoure	Manger	Williams
Landa	Bottineau	Manitou	Ward
Langdon (c. h.)	Cavalier	Mannhaven	Mercer
Langedahl	Kidder	Mantador	Richland
Lankin	Walsh	Manvel	Grand Forks
Lanona	Barnes	Mapes	Nelson
Lansford	Bottineau	Mapleton	Cass
Larimore	Grand Forks	Marie	Emmons
Larrabee	Foster	Marion	LaMoure
Latona	Walsh	Marmon	Williams
Laureat	Rolette	Mars	Rolette
Lawton	Ramsey	Marstonmoor	Stutsman
Leal	Barnes	Marshall	Unorganized
Lehr	McIntosh	Martha	McHenry
Leeds	Benson	Martin	McLean
Leigh	Adams	Mary	McKenzie
Lein	Burleigh	Matteson	Barnes
Lehigh	Stark	Mayville	Traill
Leipsig	Morton	Max	McLean
Leonard	Cass	Maxbass	Bottineau
Leroy	Pembina	Maxwell	McLean
Lewis	Ward	Maza	Towner
Leyden	Pembina	Medberry	LaMoure
Lidgerwood	Richland	Medford	Walsh
Lignite	Ward	Medina	Stutsman

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Medora (c. h.)	Billings	Oakdale	Stark
Mekinock	Grand Forks	Oakes	Dickey
Melby	Dunn	Oakland	McHenry
Melville	Foster	Oakwood	Walsh
Mercer	McLean	Oberon	Benson
Menoken	Burleigh	Odense	Morton
Merricourt	Dickey	Odessa	Ramsey
Merrifield	Grand Forks	Ogden	Williams
Michigan	Nelson	Ojata	Grand Forks
Midway	Billings	Olga	Cavalier
Mikkelson	Billings	Olive	Ward
Milnor	Sargent	Olmstead	Towner
Milton	Cavalier	Omamee	Bottineau
Minnewaukan (c. h.)	Benson	Omio	Emmons
Minot (c. h.)	Ward	Ong	Burleigh
Minto	Walsh	Oriska	Barnes
Moffit	Burleigh	Orr	Grand Forks
Mohall	Ward	Oscar	McLean
Mona	Cavalier	Osgood	Cass
Monango	Dickey	Osnabrock	Cavalier
Montpelier	Stutsman	Otter Creek	Oliver
Montrose	Williams	Overly	Bottineau
Moraine	Grand Forks	Owens	McHenry
Monterey	Benson	Pace	McLean
Mooreton	Richland	Page	Cass
Morris	Eddy	Painted Woods	Burleigh
Mose	Griggs	Palermo	Ward
Mott	Hettinger	Paoli	Bowman
Mountain	Pembina	Paradise	Morton
Mount Carmel	Cavalier	Paris	Stutsman
Mowrer	McLean	Park	McLean
Moyersville	Kidder	Parkin	Morton
Mugford	Pembina	Park River	Walsh
Munich	Cavalier	Patterson	Ward
Mylo	Rolette	Pearce	Morton
Nanson	Rolette	Pearl	Ward
Napoleon (c. h.)	Logan	Pekin	Nelson
Nash	Walsh	Pelican	Burleigh
Naughton	Burleigh	Pembina (c. h.)	Pembina
Neche	Pembina	Penn	Ramsey
Newburg	Bottineau	Perley	McLean
Nekoma	Cavalier	Perry	Sargent
Nelson	Kidder	Perth	Towner
Nesson	Williams	Petersburg	Nelson
New England	Hettinger	Phoenix	Burleigh
Newhome	Stutsman	Pixton	Tower
Newport	Ward	Pilot	Grand Forks
New Rockford (c. h.)	Eddy	Pingree	Stutsman
New Salem	Morton	Pinto	Oliver
Newville	Ramsey	Pisek	Walsh
Niagara	Grand Forks	Pittsburg	Pembina
Nicholson	Sargent	Plaza	Ward
Nisbet	Oliver	Pleasant	Ward
Noel	Morton	Pleasant Lake	Benson
Nome	Barnes	Plumer	Williams
North Chautauqua	Ramsey	Poland	Walsh
Northwood	Grand Forks	Portal	Ward
Norton	Walsh	Polege	Williams
Norwich	McHenry	Portland	Traill
Nowesta	Pembina	Power	Richland
Numedahl	Cavalier	Powers Lake	Ward

## Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.

Town	County	Town	County
Prairie .....	Stutsman	Selma .....	Morton
Prattford .....	Pembina	Sentinel Butte .....	Billings
Preston .....	Ransom	Sharlow .....	Stutsman
Pretty Rock .....	Morton	Sharon .....	Steele
Pursian .....	Kidder	Shawnee .....	Grand Forks
Questad .....	Ward	Sheldon .....	Ransom
Rafteree .....	Billings	Shell .....	Ward
Rainy Butte .....	Billings	Sherbrooke (c. h.) .....	Steele
Ransom .....	Sargent	Sherwood .....	Ward
Ray .....	Williams	Sheyenne .....	Eddy
Rega .....	McHenry	Skogomo .....	McLean
Reuner .....	Ward	Shields .....	Morton
Reynolds .....	Grand Forks	Sibleybutte .....	Burleigh
Rhein .....	Oliver	Silo .....	Oliver
Richardton .....	Stark	Silverleaf .....	Dickey
Richville .....	Logan	Sims .....	Morton
Riga .....	McHenry	Slaughter .....	Burleigh
Rival .....	Ward	Smishek .....	Ward
Rocklake .....	Towner	Sofa .....	Mercer
Rockspring .....	Dunn	Sombre .....	Bottineau
Roger .....	Barnes	Sorkness .....	Ward
Rolla (c. h.) .....	Rolette	Souris .....	Bottineau
Rolette .....	Rolette	South Heart .....	Stark
Rolson .....	Williams	Sperry .....	Richland
Roney .....	McLean	Spiritwood .....	Stutsman
Ronda .....	Mercer	Spring Brook .....	Williams
Roosevelt .....	Wells	Spring Valley .....	Stutsman
Rosebud .....	Morton	Squires .....	Williams
Roseglen .....	McLean	Stady .....	Williams
Rosehill .....	Cavalier	Stanley .....	Ward
Ross .....	Ward	Stanton (c. h.) .....	Mercer
Rothville .....	McKenzie	Star .....	McHenry
Ruby .....	Nelson	Stark .....	Burleigh
Rude .....	Williams	Starkweather .....	Ramsey
Rudser .....	Williams	Steele (c. h.) .....	Kidder
Rugby (c. h.) .....	Pierce	Stella .....	Williams
Rural .....	Morton	Sterling .....	Burleigh
Ruso .....	McLean	Stevenson .....	Morton
Russell .....	Bottineau	Stewardsdale .....	Burleigh
Rutland .....	Sargent	Stillwater .....	Billings
Ryder .....	Ward	Stilwell .....	Cavalier
Saginaw .....	Towner	Stirum .....	Sargent
Saint Anthony .....	Morton	Stone .....	Morton
Saint Joseph .....	Morton	Stordale .....	Williams
St. John .....	Rolette	Stowers .....	Adams
St. Thomas .....	Pembina	Strasburg .....	Emmons
Saline .....	McHenry	Straubville .....	Sargent
Sanborn .....	Barnes	Streeter .....	Stutsman
Sandcreek .....	Billings	Stroud .....	McKenzie
Sandlie .....	Williams	Surrey .....	Ward
Sandoun .....	Ransom	Strain .....	Morton
Sanford .....	McKenzie	Svold .....	Pembina
Sanger .....	Oliver	Sweden .....	Ward
Sarles .....	Cavalier	Sweetbriar .....	Morton
Sarnia .....	Walsh	Sykeston .....	Wells
Sather .....	Burleigh	Tagus .....	Ward
Sawyer .....	Ward	Tappen .....	Kidder
Schafer .....	McKenzie	Tarsus .....	Bottineau
Schnebly .....	Adams	Tasker .....	Ward
Scott .....	Williams	Taylor .....	Stark
Sedan .....	McHenry	Tell .....	Emmons

**Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued.**

Town	County	Town	County
Thompson .....	Grand Forks	Wamhuska .....	Nelson
Thorne .....	Rolette	Warren .....	Cass
Thorson .....	Ward	Warsaw .....	Walsh
Tiffany .....	Eddy	Warwick .....	Benson
Tioga .....	Williams	Washburn (c. h.) .....	McLean
Tirshal .....	Emmons	Wayne .....	Ward
Tobacco Garden .....	McKenzie	Weaver .....	Cavalier
Tokio .....	Benson	Webster .....	Ramsey
Tolley .....	Ward	Weible .....	Traill
Tolna .....	Nelson	Wells .....	Oliver
Tower City .....	Cass	Westhope .....	Bottineau
Towner (c. h.) .....	McHenry	Westfield .....	Emmons
Trenton .....	Williams	Wheatland .....	Cass
Trotters .....	Billings	Wheelock .....	Williams
Truax .....	Williams	White Earth .....	Ward
Truro .....	Bottineau	Whiteaker .....	Williams
Trygg .....	Burleigh	Willa .....	Hettinger
Tunbridge .....	Pierce	Wilbur .....	McKenzie
Turtle Lake .....	McLean	Wildrice .....	Cass
Twist .....	Wells	Williston (c. h.) .....	Williams
Tyler .....	Richland	Willow City .....	Bottineau
Tyner .....	Pembina	Wilson .....	Kidder
Underwood .....	McLean	Wilton .....	McLean
Union .....	Cavalier	Wimbledon .....	Barnes
University .....	Grand Forks	Winchester .....	Emmons
Upham .....	McHenry	Windsor .....	Stutsman
Urbana .....	Barnes	Winona .....	Emmons
Valley City (c. h.) .....	Barnes	Wiprud .....	McLean
Vandalia .....	Williams	Wirsch .....	Dickey
Vang .....	Cavalier	Wishek .....	McIntosh
Vanville .....	Ward	Wogansport .....	Burleigh
Velva .....	McHenry	Wolf Butte .....	Adams
Venturia .....	McIntosh	Woodbridge .....	Cavalier
Verona .....	LaMoure	Woodhull .....	Richland
Veseleyville .....	Walsh	Woods .....	Cass
Villard .....	McHenry	Worms .....	Morton
Voltaire .....	McHenry	Wyndmere .....	Richland
Voss .....	Walsh	York .....	Benson
Wade .....	Morton	Youngtown .....	Morton
Wahpeton (c. h.) .....	Richland	Ypsilanti .....	Stutsman
Walcott .....	Richland	Yucca .....	Oliver
Wales .....	Cavalier	Yule .....	Billings
Walford .....	Pierce	Zahl .....	Williams
Walhalla .....	Pembina	Zealand .....	McIntosh
Wallace .....	Kidder	Zenith .....	Stark
Walshville .....	Walsh	Zion .....	Towner
Walun .....	Griggs		



**PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES.**

City	Class	Salary	City	Class	Salary
Anamoose . . . .	3	\$1,400	Lansford . . . .	3	1,300
Aneta . . . . .	3	1,500	Larimore . . . .	3	1,800
Ashley . . . . .	3	1,000	Leeds . . . . .	3	1,500
Balfour . . . . .	3	1,400	Lidgerwood . . .	3	1,500
Berthold . . . .	3	1,100	Linton . . . . .	3	1,200
Bisbee . . . . .	3	1,200	Lisbon . . . . .	3	1,900
*Bismarck . . . .	2	2,500	McHenry . . . .	3	1,200
Bottineau . . . .	3	1,800	Maddock . . . .	3	1,000
Cando . . . . .	3	1,700	Mandan . . . . .	3	2,200
Carrington . . . .	3	1,700	Mayville . . . .	3	1,600
Casselton . . . .	3	1,700	Michigan . . . .	3	1,100
Cavalier . . . . .	3	1,200	Milnor . . . . .	3	1,100
Churchs Ferry . .	3	1,200	Milton . . . . .	3	1,200
Cooperstown . . .	3	1,600	Minnewaukan . .	3	1,300
Courtenay . . . .	3	1,300	*Minot . . . . .	2	2,600
Crary . . . . .	3	1,000	Minto . . . . .	3	1,000
Devils Lake . . .	2	2,300	Mohall . . . . .	3	1,400
Dickinson . . . .	3	2,000	Neché . . . . .	3	1,000
Donnybrook . . . .	3	1,200	New Rockford . .	3	1,500
Drayton . . . . .	3	1,200	New Salem . . .	3	1,400
Edgeley . . . . .	3	1,200	Northwood . . . .	3	1,400
Edmore . . . . .	3	1,200	Oakes . . . . .	3	1,700
Ellendale . . . .	3	1,600	Omeme . . . . .	3	1,200
Enderlin . . . . .	3	1,400	Park River . . . .	3	1,700
Esmond . . . . .	3	1,100	Pembina . . . . .	3	1,200
Fairmount . . . .	3	1,100	Portal . . . . .	3	1,400
*Fargo . . . . .	1	3,200	Ray . . . . .	3	1,100
Fessenden . . . .	3	1,600	Rolla . . . . .	3	1,400
Flaxton . . . . .	3	1,100	Rugby . . . . .	3	1,400
Glenburn . . . . .	3	1,000	Saint Thomas . .	3	1,100
Glenullin . . . .	3	1,000	Sheldon . . . . .	3	1,200
Grafton . . . . .	3	1,900	Sherwood . . . .	3	1,100
*Grand Forks . .	1	3,100	Souris . . . . .	3	1,300
Granville . . . . .	3	1,400	Steele . . . . .	3	1,100
Hankinson . . . .	3	1,400	Starkweather . .	3	1,000
Hannah . . . . .	3	1,400	Tower City . . . .	3	1,100
Hatton . . . . .	3	1,100	Towner . . . . .	3	1,600
Harvey . . . . .	3	1,700	Underwood . . . .	3	1,100
Hillsboro . . . .	3	1,600	Valley City . . .	2	2,300
Hope . . . . .	3	1,500	Velva . . . . .	3	1,500
Hunter . . . . .	3	1,000	Wahpeton . . . .	2	2,200
*Jamestown . . . .	2	2,500	Walhalla . . . . .	3	1,100
Kenmare . . . . .	3	1,800	Washburn . . . .	3	1,500
Kensal . . . . .	3	1,100	Westhope . . . .	3	1,500
Kulm . . . . .	3	1,100	Williston . . . .	3	1,700
Lakota . . . . .	3	1,700	Willow City . . .	3	1,400
LaMoure . . . . .	3	1,500	Wilton . . . . .	3	1,100
Langdon . . . . .	3	1,700	Wimbledon . . . .	3	1,200

\* Free delivery offices.

## INSURANCE COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

### FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Aetna Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
American Bank Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.  
American Central Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.  
Boston Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.  
Camden Fire Insurance Co., Camden, N. J.  
Cosmopolitan Fire Insurance Co., New York.  
Citizens' Fire Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.  
Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
Continental Insurance Co., New York.  
Columbia Fire Insurance Co., Omaha, Neb.  
Delaware Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Eagle Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.  
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Fireman's Fund Insurance, San Francisco, Cal.  
Fidelity Fire Insurance Co., New York.  
German Alliance Insurance Co., New York.  
German American Insurance Co., New York.  
Germania Fire Insurance Co., New York.  
Glens Falls Insurance Co., Glens Falls, N. Y.  
Hanover Fire Insurance Co., New York.  
Hartford Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
Home Insurance Co., New York.  
Insurance Company of North America, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co., New York.  
Michigan Commercial Fire Insurance Co., Lansing, Mich.  
Milwaukee Mechanics Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.  
National Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
National Union Fire Insurance Co., Pittsburg, Pa.  
Niagara Fire Insurance Co., New York.  
Northwestern Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.  
Northwestern National Fire Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.  
Northwestern National Fire Insurance Co., Valley City, N. D.  
Old Colony Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.  
Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Phenix Insurance Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Phoenix Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
Providence Washington Insurance Co., Providence, R. I.  
Queen City Fire Insurance Co., Sioux Falls, S. D.  
Queen Insurance Company of America, New York.  
Reliance Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Rochester German Insurance Co., Rochester, N. Y.  
Security Insurance Co., New Haven, Conn.  
Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Springfield, Mass.  
St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Co., St. Paul, Minn.  
Westchester Fire Insurance Co., New York.

### FOREIGN FIRE COMPANIES.

British America Assurance Co., Toronto Canada.  
Commercial Union Assurance Co., London, England.  
First Russian Insurance Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.  
Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co., Hamburg, Germany.  
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co., Liverpool, England.  
Moscow Fire Insurance Co., Moscow, Russia.  
Northern Assurance Co., London, England.  
North British & Mercantile Insurance Co., London & Edinburg, England.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.  
Palatine Insurance Co., Limited, London, England.

Phoenix Assurance Co., Limited, London, England.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Liverpool, England.  
 Russian Re-Insurance Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.  
 Skandia Insurance Co., Stockholm, Sweden.  
 Sun Insurance Office, London, England.  
 Western Assurance Co., Toronto, Canada.

## STATE MUTUAL FIRE COMPANIES.

Commercial Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Grand Forks, N. D.  
 Evangelical Mutual Insurance Co., Milbank, S. D.  
 Globe Mutual Insurance Co., Huron, S. D.  
 Implement Dealers Mutual Insurance Co., Grand Forks, N. D.  
 Merchants National Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Fargo, N. D.  
 Millers National Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.  
 National Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Omaha, Neb.  
 North Dakota Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Valley City, S. D.  
 Northwest German Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Eureka, S. D.  
 Northwestern Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Fargo, N. D.  
 Retail Merchants Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Security Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Chatfield, Minn.

## COUNTY MUTUAL COMPANIES.

Barnes County Mutual Insurance Co., Valley City, N. D.  
 Benson County Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Brinsmade, N. D.  
 Bottineau County Mutual Insurance Co., Bottineau, N. D.  
 Cavalier County Mutual Insurance Co., Osnabrock, N. D.  
 Dundee, Walsh County Mutual Insurance Co., Dundee, N. D.  
 Flaxton Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Flaxton, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Cass county, Casselton, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Nelson county, McVile, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Sargent and Ransom counties, Gwinner, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Steele county, Sherbrooks, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Traill county, Portland, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Towner county, Cando, N. D.  
 Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Harvey N. D.  
 Greenfield Mutual Insurance Co., Sheyenne, N. D.  
 Grant Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Donnybrook, N. D.  
 Home Mutual Insurance Co., Wahpeton, N. D.  
 James River Valley Mutual Insurance Co., Jamestown, N. D.  
 Kenmare Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Kenmare, N. D.  
 Morton-Oliver Counties Mutual Insurance Co., New Salem, N. D.  
 McLean County Mutual Insurance Co., Washburn, N. D.  
 McHenry County Mutual Insurance Co., Velva, N. D.  
 Pembina County Mutual Insurance Co., Hamilton, N. D.  
 Ransom County Mutual Insurance Co., Lisbon, N. D.  
 Scandinavian Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Bottineau, N. D.  
 Viking Mutual Insurance Co., Viking, N. D.  
 Walle Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Grand Forks, N. D.  
 Walsh County Mutual Insurance Co., Minot, N. D.  
 West McLean County Mutual Insurance Co., Garrison, N. D.

## HAIL COMPANIES.

Alliance Hail Association, Jamestown, N. D.  
 LaMoure County Mutual Insurance Co., LaMoure, N. D.

## ACCIDENT, PLATE GLASS, FIDELITY, EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Aetna Indemnity Co., Hartford, Conn.  
 American Bank Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.  
 American Bonding Co., Baltimore, Md.  
 American Surety Co., New York.

Casualty Company of America, New York.  
 Continental Casualty Co., Hammond, Ind.  
 Empire State Surety Co., New York.  
 Employers Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd., London, England.  
 Federal Union Surety Co., Indianapolis, Ind.  
 Fidelity & Casualty Co., New York.  
 Fidelity & Deposit Co., Baltimore, Md.  
 Frankfort Insurance Co., New York.  
 Great Eastern Casualty & Indemnity Co., New York.  
 Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection & Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
 Imperial Casualty Insurance Co., Detroit, Mich.  
 Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co., New York.  
 Metropolitan Surety Co., New York.  
 Metropolitan Casualty Insurance Co., New York.  
 Maryland Casualty Co., Baltimore, Md.  
 National Surety Co., New York.  
 National Casualty Co., Detroit, Mich.  
 New York Plate Glass Insurance Co., New York.  
 Northern Trust Co., Fargo, N. D.  
 North American Accident Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.  
 Ocean Accident & Guaranty Corporation, Ltd., London, England.  
 Standard Life & Accident Insurance Co., Detroit, Mich.  
 Title Guaranty & Surety Co., Scranton, Pa.  
 U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co., Baltimore, Md.  
 United Surety Co., Baltimore, Md.

#### CAPITAL STOCK LIFE COMPANIES.

Aetna Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
 Equitable Life Assurance Society, New York.  
 Great West Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg, Manitoba.  
 Germania Life Insurance Co., New York.  
 Home Life Insurance Co., New York.  
 Manhattan Life Insurance Co., New York.  
 Missouri State Life Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.  
 National Life Insurance Co. of U. S. of A., Chicago, Ill.  
 Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co., Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Pioneer Life Insurance Co., Fargo, N. D.  
 Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, N. J.  
 Travelers Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
 Union Central Life Insurance Co., Cincinnati, O.  
 United States Annuity and Life Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.  
 Washington Life Insurance Co., New York.

#### MUTUAL LIFE COMPANIES.

Bankers Reserve Life Co., of Omaha, Neb.  
 Des Moines Life Insurance Co., Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co., St. Paul, Minn.  
 Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., Newark, N. J.  
 Mutual Life Insurance Co., New York.  
 National Life Insurance Co., Montpelier, Vt.  
 New York Life Insurance Co., New York.  
 Northwestern National Life Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.  
 Royal Union Mutual Life Insurance Co., Des Moines, Iowa.  
 State Life Insurance Co., Indianapolis, Ind.  
 Security Mutual Life Insurance Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

#### ASSESSMENT LIFE COMPANIES.

Bankers Life Association of Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Surety Fund Life Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

## FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

Ancient Order United Workmen, Fargo, N. D.  
 Brotherhood of American Yeomen, Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Catholic Order of Foresters, Chicago, Ill.  
 Court of Honor, Springfield, Ill.  
 Daughters of Norway, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Degree of Honor, Jamestown, N. D.  
 Fraternal Union of America, Denver, Colo.  
 Homesteader, Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Improved Order of Heptasophs, Baltimore, Md.  
 Independent Order of Foresters, Toronto, Canada.  
 Independent Scandinavian Workingsmens Association, Eau Claire, Wis.  
 Knights of the Maccabees, Port Huron, Mich.  
 Knights of Pythias, Chicago, Ill.  
 Knights of Columbus, New Haven, Conn.  
 Locomotive Engineers Mutual Life & Accident Insurance Association, Cleveland, Ohio.  
 Ladies of the Maccabees, Port Huron, Mich.  
 Loyal Americans, Springfield, Ill.  
 Modern Brotherhood, Mason City, Iowa.  
 Modern Protective Association, Sayre, Pa.  
 Modern Samaritans, Duluth, Minn.  
 Modern Woodmen of America, Rock Island, Ill.  
 National Protective Legion, Waverly, N. Y.  
 National Union, Toledo, Ohio.  
 Royal Arcanum, Boston, Mass.  
 Sons of Norway, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Royal Neighbors, Rock Island, Ill.  
 Supreme Tribe of Ben Hur, Crawfordsville, Ind.  
 United Commercial Travelers, Columbus, O.  
 United Order of Foresters, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Western Bohemian Catholic Union, New Prague, Minn.  
 Western Masons Mutual Life Association, Los Angeles, Ca.  
 Woodmen of the World, Omaha, Neb.

## NORTH DAKOTA LEGAL WEIGHTS.

Apples .....	50 pounds	Lime .....	80 pounds
Barley .....	48 pounds	Millet .....	50 pounds
Beans .....	60 pounds	Oats .....	32 pounds
Bran .....	20 pounds	Onions .....	52 pounds
Bromus inermis ...	14 pounds	Potatoes, Irish .....	60 pounds
Buckwheat ....	42 pounds	Potatoes, sweet ....	46 pounds
Beets ....	60 pounds	Peas .....	60 pounds
Broom corn ....	30 pounds	Rye .....	56 pounds
Corn, shelled .....	56 pounds	Salt .....	80 pounds
Corn in the ear ....	70 pounds	Speltz .....	40 pounds
Clover seed .....	60 pounds	Turnips .....	60 pounds
Coal, stone .....	80 pounds	Timothy seed .....	45 pounds
Flax seed .....	56 pounds	Wheat .....	60 pounds

## CENSUS STATISTICS.

## Population of North Dakota by Counties.

TABLE 1.—POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA, 1860 TO 1900.

Census Years	Population	Increase	
		Number	Per Cent
1900 .....	319,146	136,427	74.7
1890 .....	182,719	145,810	395.1
1880 .....	(1) 36,909	34,504	1,434.7
1870 .....	(1) 2,405	.....	.....
1860 .....	(2) 4,837	.....	.....

(1) Approximate population of present area of North Dakota.

(2) Dakota territory.

The population of the state in 1900 was 319,146 as compared with a population in 1890 of 182,719, showing an increase during the last ten years of 136,427, or 74.7 per cent. A small portion of this increase is due to the fact that there were 7,980 Indians and 284 other persons, or a total of 8,264 persons, on Indian reservations, etc., in North Dakota, who were specially enumerated in 1890 under the provisions of the census act, but were included in the general population of the state at that census. That part of the territory of Dakota which now constitutes the state of North Dakota, had an approximate population in 1870 of 2,405, and in 1880 of 36,909, the increase from 1870 to 1880 having been 34,504, or 1,434.7 per cent, and from 1889 to 1890, 145,810, or 391.1 per cent.

The population of North Dakota in 1900 was nearly nine times as large as that given for 1880.

The total land surface of North Dakota is approximately 70,195 square miles, the average number of persons to the square mile at the censuses of 1890 and 1900 being as follows: 1890, 2.6; 1900, 4.5.

Table 2 shows the population of North Dakota by counties at each census from 1870 to 1900 inclusive, while table 3, which immediately follows, shows, for each county, the increase (or decrease) by number and per cent during the ten years from 1890 to 1900.

TABLE 2.—POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA BY COUNTIES:  
1870 TO 1900.

Counties	1900	1890	1880	1870
The state .....	319,146	182,719	(1) 36,909	(1) 2,405
Alred (2) .....				
Barnes .....	13,159	7,045	1,585	
Benson (3) .....	8,320	2,460		
Billings (4) .....	975	170	1,323	
Bottineau .....	7,532	2,893		

TABLE 2—Continued.

Counties	1900	1890	1880	1870
Bowman (6) .....	.....	6		
Buford (7) .....	.....	803		
Burleigh .....	6,081	4,247	3,246	
Cass .....	28,625	19,613	8,998	
Cavalier (8) .....	12,580	6,471		
Church (9) .....	.....	74		
De Smet (10) .....	.....			
Dickey (11) .....	6,061	5,573		
Dunn (12) .....	.....	159		
Eddy (13) .....	3,330	1,377		
Emmons .....	4,349	1,871	38	
Flannery (7) .....	.....	72		
Foster (14) .....	3,770	1,210	37	
Garfield (15) .....	.....	33		
Grand Forks (16) ..	24,459	18,357	6,248	
Griggs (17) .....	4,744	2,817		
Hettinger (18) .....	.....	81		
Howard (19) .....	.....	.....	12	
Kidder .....	1,754	1,211	89	

(1) Total population for Dakota territory in 1880, 135,177, 1870, 14,184; 1860, 4,837. The population of the remaining counties in 1880 and 1870 is given under South Dakota; no county organization in 1860.

(2) Organized from part of Howard in 1883; part annexed to Billings in 1897, and part taken to form part of Williams since 1890.

(3) Organized from parts of De Smet and Ramsey in 1883.

(4) Part taken to form Bowman in 1883; Bowman, McKenzie and part of Alred annexed in 1897.

(5) Part of Renville annexed in 1897.

(6) Organized from part of Billings in 1883; annexed to Billings in 1897.

(7) Organized from part of Wallethe in 1883; part taken to form part of Williams since 1890.

(8) Townner organized from parts of Cavalier and Rolette in 1883.

(9) Organized from parts of McHenry and Sheridan in 1887; annexed to McHenry, McLean and Pierce since 1890.

(10) Name changed from French in 1875; taken to form Pierce in 1887 and part of Benson in 1883.

(11) Dickey organized from part of LaMoure in 1881.

(12) Organized from part of Howard in 1883; annexed to Stark in 1897.

(13) Organized from part of Foster in 1885.

(14) Parts taken to form Eddy in 1885, part of Griggs in 1881, and part of Nelson in 1883.

(15) Organized from part of Stevens in 1885, annexed to McLean in 1891.

(16) Parts taken to form parts of Walsh in 1881 and Nelson in 1883.

(17) Organized from parts of Foster and Traill in 1881; part taken to form part of Steele in 1883.

(18) Organized from part of Stark in 1883; annexed to Stark in 1897.

(19) Taken to form Alred, Dunn, McKenzie and Wallace in 1883.

TABLE 2—Continued.

Counties	1900	1890	1880	1870
LaMoure (11) .....	6,048	3,187	20	
Logan (20) .....	1,625	597		
McHenry (21) .....	5,253	1,584		
McIntosh (20) .....	4,818	3,148		
McKenzie (22) .....	.....	3		
McLean (23) .....	4,791	960		
Mercer (24) .....	1,778	428		
Morton .....	8,069	4,728	200	
Mountraille (25) ..	.....	122	13	
Nelson (26) .....	7,316	4,293		
Oliver (27) .....	990	464		
Pembina (28) .....	17,869	14,334	4,862	1,213
Pierce (29) .....	4,765	905		
Ramsey (30) .....	9,198	4,418	281	
Ransom (31) .....	6,919	5,393	537	
Renville (32) .....	.....	99		
Richland (33) .....	17,387	10,751	3,567	
Rolette (8) .....	7,995	2,427		
Sargent (34) .....	6,039	5,076		
Sheridan (35) .....	.....	5		
Stark (36) .....	7,621	2,304		
Steele (37) .....	5,888	3,777		
Stevens (38) .....	.....	16	247	

(11) Dickey organized from part of LaMoure in 1881.

(20) McIntosh organized from part of Logan in 1883.

(21) Part taken to form part of Church in 1887; part of Church annexed since 1890.

(22) Organized from part of Howard in 1883; annexed to Billings in 1897.

(23) Organized from part of Stevens in 1883; Garfield and Sheridan annexed in 1891 and parts of Church and Stevens annexed since 1890.

(24) Part taken to form Oliver in 1885; part of Williams annexed since 1890.

(25) Annexed to Ward in 1891.

(26) Organized from parts of Foster, Grand Forks and Ramsey in 1883.

(27) Organized from part of Mercer in 1885.

(28) Part taken to form part of Walsh in 1881.

(29) Organized from part of De Smet in 1887; part of Church annexed since 1890.

(30) Parts taken to form parts of Benson and Nelson in 1883.

(31) Part taken to form part of Sargent in 1883.

(32) Part taken to form part of Ward in 1885; annexed to Bottineau and Ward in 1897.

(33) Part of Sisseton and Wahpeton Indian reservation annexed between 1880 and 1890.

(8) Towner organized from parts of Cavalier and Rolette in 1883.

(34) Organized from parts of Ransom county and Sisseton and Wahpeton Indian reservation in 1883.

(35) Part taken to form part of Church in 1887; annexed to McLean in 1891.

(36) Part taken to form Hettinger in 1883; Dunn, Hettinger and Wallace annexed in 1897, and part of Williams annexed since 1890.

(37) Organized from parts of Griggs and Traill in 1883.

(38) Parts taken to form McLean in 1883, and Garfield and part of Ward in 1885; parts annexed to McLean and Ward since 1890.



TABLE 2—Continued.

Counties	1900	1890	1880	1870
Stutsman .....	9,143	5,266	1,007	
Towner (8) .....	6,491	1,450		
Trail (39) .....	13,107	10,217	4,123	
Wallace (12) .....		24		
Wallette (40) .....			432	
Walsh (41) .....	20,288	16,587		
Ward (42) .....	7,961	1,681		
Wells (43) .....	8,310	1,212		
Williams (44) .....		109	14	
Williams (45) .....	1,530			
Standing Rock Indian reservation (part of) (47) ..	2,208	(46) 511		
Unorganized territory .....				(48) 1,192

(39) Parts taken to form part of Griggs in 1881 and part of Steele in 1883.

(40) Taken to form Buford and Flannery in 1885.

(41) Organized from parts of Grand Forks and Pembina in 1881.

(42) Organized from parts of Renville and Stevens in 1885; Mountrail annexed in 1891, part of Renville annexed in 1897, and part of Stevens annexed since 1890.

(43) Name changed from Gingras in 1881.

(44) Annexed to Mercer and Stark since 1890.

(45) Organized from Buford, Flannery and part of Alred since 1890.

(46) Population of Fort Yates and Standing Rock Indian agency exclusive of reservation Indians.

(47) Can not be located by counties. For population of remainder of reservation see figures for South Dakota. Formerly part of Bowman, Dakota territory. Returned in 1890 as unorganized territory.

(48) Of the population of the unorganized territory in Dakota in 1870 (2,091), 1,191 is estimated to have been within the present limits of North Dakota.

TABLE NO. 3—INCREASE IN POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA BY COUNTIES—1890 TO 1900.

Counties	Increase	
	Number	Per Cent
The state .....	136,427	71.7
Barnes .....	6,114	86.8
Benson .....	5,860	238.2
Billings .....	805	473.5
Bottineau .....	4,639	160.4
Bowman .....	(1) 6	
Buford .....	(1) 803	
Burleigh .....	1,834	43.2
Cass .....	9,012	45.9

TABLE 3—Continued.

Counties	Increase	
	Number	Per Cent
Cavalier .....	6,109	94.4
Church .....	(1) 74	
Dickey .....	488	8.8
Dunn .....	(1) 159	
Eddy .....	1,953	141.8
Emmons .....	2,378	120.6
Flannery .....	(1) 72	
Foster .....	2,560	211.6
Garfield .....	(1) 33	
Grand Forks .....	6,102	33.2
Griggs .....	1,927	68.4
Hettinger .....	(1) 81	
Kidder .....	543	44.8
LaMoure .....	2,861	89.8
Logan .....	1,028	152.2
McHenry .....	3,669	231.6
McIntosh .....	1,570	48.3
McKenzie .....	(1) 3	
McLean .....	3,931	457.1
Mercer .....	1,350	315.4
Morton .....	3,341	70.7
Mountrail .....	(1) 122	
Nelson .....	3,023	70.4
Oliver .....	526	113.4
Pembina .....	3,535	24.7
Pierce .....	3,860	426.5
Ramsey .....	4,780	108.2
Ransom .....	1,526	28.3
Renville .....	(1) 99	
Richland .....	6,636	61.7
Rolette .....	5,568	229.4
Sargent .....	963	10.0
Sheridan .....	(1) 5	
Stark .....	5,317	230.8
Steele .....	2,111	55.9
Stevens .....	(1) 16	
Stutsman .....	3,877	73.6
Towner .....	5,041	347.7
Traill .....	2,890	28.3
Wallace .....	(1) 24	
Walsh .....	3,701	22.3
Ward .....	6,280	373.6
Wells .....	7,098	585.6
Williams .....	(1) 109	
Williams .....	1,530	
Standing Rock Indian reservation (part of)	1,697	332.1

(1) Decrease; county abolished.

The following territorial changes in the counties of North Dakota have been made since 1890: Present county of Williams organized from Buford, Flannery and part of Alred; part of Alred annexed to Billings and part taken to form part of Williams; Bowman and McKenzie annexed to Billings; Buford and Flannery taken to form

part of Williams; Church annexed to McHenry, McLean and Pierce; Dunn, Hettinger and Wallace annexed to Stark\*; Garfield and Sheridan annexed to McLean; Mountraille annexed to Ward; Renville annexed to Bottineau and Ward; Stevens annexed to McLean and Ward; and former county of Williams annexed to Mercer and Stark.

Of the thirty-nine counties in the state all have increased in population during the decade, the counties showing more than 200 per cent of increase being Wells, 585.6 per cent; Billings, 473.5 per cent; McLean, 457.1 per cent; Pierce, 426.5 per cent; Ward, 373.6 per cent; Towner, 347.7 per cent; Mercer, 315.4 per cent; Benson, 238.2 per cent; McHenry, 231.6 per cent; Stark, 230.8 per cent; Rolette 229.4 per cent; and Foster, 211.6 per cent.

\* State supreme court decision in 1902 decided act of 1897, changing boundaries of Stark county, unconstitutional, and original boundaries were restored.

### POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA TOWNS AND CITIES, 1890 AND 1900.

(Since the 1900 census many towns and cities have doubled in population, and new towns, some of them of great commercial importance, have sprung up in the northern and western part of the state. Synopsis of the state census of 1905 appears in the back part of this book.)

Cities, Towns and Villages	Population	
	1900	1890
Ardoch town .....	298	214
Bismarck .....	3,319	2,186
Bottineau town .....	888	145
Buffalo village .....	213	177
Cando town .....	1,061	200
Canton town .....	98	
Casselton city .....	1,207	840
Cavalier town .....	671	
Churchs Ferry village .....	264	
Conway village .....	216	
Cooperstown village .....	648	368
Crystal city .....	385	
Davenport village .....	245	
Devils Lake city .....	1,729	840
Dickinson city .....	2,076	987
Drayton town .....	688	318
Edgeley village .....	306	
Edinburg village .....	286	
Ellendale city .....	750	761
Enderlin city .....	636	
Fairmount village .....	284	91
Fargo city .....	9,589	5,664
Forest River village .....	252	
Forman town .....	257	178
Grafton city .....	2,378	1,594
Grand Forks city .....	7,652	4,979
Hamilton town .....	224	257
Hankinson village .....	713	
Hatton village .....	430	

**Population of North Dakota Towns and Cities, 1890 and  
1900—Continued.**

Cities, Towns and Villages	Population	
	1900	1890
Hillsboro city .....	1,172	715
Hoople village .....	174	
Hope village .....	606	238
Hunter village .....	407	194
Jamestown city .....	2,853	2,296
Kulm village .....	463	
Lakota village .....	576	227
LaMoure village .....	457	309
Langdon city .....	1,188	291
Larimore city .....	1,235	553
Leeds village .....	349	
Lidgerwood village .....	585	
Lisbon city .....	1,046	935
Mandan city .....	1,658	1,328
Mapleton village .....	322	119
Mayville city .....	1,106	657
Michigan village .....	309	
Milnor town .....	322	279
Milton village .....	384	202
Minnewaukan village .....	432	
Minot village .....	1,277	575
Minto village .....	860	467
New Salem village .....	229	
Northwood city .....	697	268
Oakes city .....	688	379
Park River city .....	1,088	534
Pembina city .....	929	670
Pisek village .....	132	
Portland town .....	524	367
Reynolds city .....	389	
Rolla village .....	400	255
Rugby village .....	487	
St. Thomas town .....	661	477
Sanborn village .....	259	227
Sheldon town .....	518	253
Steele city .....	185	133
Tower City village .....	468	309
Towner town .....	331	211
Valley City .....	2,446	1,089
Wahpeton city .....	2,228	1,518
Walhalla city .....	377	
Williston city .....	763	
Willow City .....	476	
Wimbledon village .....	226	

Of the above named seventy-three incorporated places there were nineteen which had more than 1,000 inhabitants in 1900; of these eleven had less than 2,000; six had more than 2,000 but less than 5,000 and two had more than 5,000, namely, Grand Forks with 7,652 and Fargo with 9,589 inhabitants.

WILLIAM R. MERRIAM,  
Director of Census.

**POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES BY STATES,  
1890 and 1900.**

States	1900	1890	Indians Not Taxed
Alabama .....	1,828,097	1,513,017	
Arkansas .....	1,311,564	1,138,179	
California .....	1,485,053	1,208,130	1,549
Colorado .....	539,700	412,198	597
Connecticut .....	908,355	746,258	
Delaware .....	184,735	168,493	
Florida .....	528,542	391,422	
Georgia .....	2,216,329	1,837,353	
Idaho .....	161,771	84,385	2,297
Illinois .....	4,821,550	3,826,351	
Indiana .....	2,516,468	2,192,404	
Iowa .....	2,254,829	1,911,896	
Kansas .....	1,469,496	1,427,096	
Kentucky .....	2,147,174	1,858,635	
Louisiana .....	1,381,627	1,118,587	
Maine .....	694,366	661,086	
Maryland .....	1,189,946	1,042,390	
Massachusetts .....	2,805,346	2,238,943	
Michigan .....	2,119,782	2,093,889	
Minnesota .....	1,751,395	1,301,826	1,768
Mississippi .....	1,551,372	1,289,600	
Missouri .....	3,107,117	2,679,184	
Montana .....	243,289	132,159	10,746
Nebraska .....	1,068,901	1,058,910	
Nevada .....	42,334	45,761	1,665
New Hampshire .....	411,588	376,530	
New Jersey .....	1,883,669	1,444,933	
New York .....	7,268,009	5,997,853	4,711
North Carolina .....	1,891,992	1,617,947	
North Dakota .....	319,040	182,719	4,692
Ohio .....	4,157,545	3,672,816	
Oregon .....	413,532	313,767	
Pennsylvania .....	6,301,365	5,258,014	
Rhode Island .....	428,556	345,506	
South Carolina .....	1,340,312	1,151,149	
South Dakota .....	401,558	328,808	10,932
Tennessee .....	2,022,723	1,767,518	
Texas .....	3,048,828	2,235,523	
Utah .....	276,565	207,905	1,472
Vermont .....	343,641	332,422	
Virginia .....	1,854,184	1,665,980	
Washington .....	517,672	349,890	2,531
West Virginia .....	958,900	762,790	
Wisconsin .....	2,068,963	1,686,880	1,657
Wyoming .....	92,531	60,705	
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>74,627,907</b>	<b>62,116,811</b>	<b>44,617</b>
<b>Territories, etc.,</b>			
Alaska (estimate) .....	44,000	32,052	
Arizona .....	122,212	59,620	24,644
District of Columbia .....	278,718	230,392	
Hawaii .....	154,001	89,990	
Indian Territory .....	391,960	180,182	56,033
New Mexico .....	193,777	153,593	2,937
Oklahoma .....	398,245	61,834	5,927

Persons in the service of the United States stationed abroad (estimated) 1900, 84,400.

Indians, etc., on Indian reservations except Indian Territory, 1900, 145,282.

Total for seven territories, etc., 1900, 1,667,313; 1890, 552,945; Indians not taxed, 89,541.

The Alaskan figures are derived from partial data only, and all returns for Alaska and for certain military organizations stationed abroad, principally in the Philippines, had not been received when the census bureau published the statement above.

## POSTAL INFORMATION.

### CLASSES OF MAIL MATTER.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof sheets or corrected proof sheets of the same) and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection. Rates of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each. On “drop” letters two cents per ounce or fraction thereof when mailed at the letter carrier’s office and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof where there is no free delivery.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publication must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for circulation free, or at nominal rates. Rate of Postage—For publishers and news agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. For others than publishers and news agents, one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same. Rate of Postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class—Merchandise—namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes and which is not in the form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person or anyone engaged in the postal service and not above the weight provided by law. Rate of Postage—One cent per ounce or fraction thereof, but on seeds, cuttings, roots, scions and plants one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

LIMIT OF WEIGHT—A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book. Second class matter is not subject to the four pound limitation.

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE—On first-class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery.

On second class, third and fourth class matter the postage must be fully prepaid.

### THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered, but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials or box numbers, or bearing vague or indefinite addresses. The registry fee is eight cents additional to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

Letters, 1 ounce .....	5 cents
Postal cards, each .....	2 cents
Double postal cards, each .....	4 cents
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces .....	1 cent
Commercial papers—	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces .....	5 cents
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction .....	1 cent
Samples in merchandise—	
Packets not in excess of four ounces .....	2 cents
Packets in excess of four ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof .....	1 cent
Registration fee on letters or other articles .....	8 cents

Ordinary letters for any foreign country (except Canada and Mexico) must be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least, partially.

#### CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States, except that 1 cent must be prepaid for newspapers for each 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces.

#### COST OF DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.

On order not exceeding \$2.50 .....	\$ 0.03
Over \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5 .....	.05
Over \$5 and not exceeding \$10 .....	.08
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20 .....	.10
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30 .....	.12
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40 .....	.15
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50 .....	.18
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60 .....	.20
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$75 .....	.25
Over \$75 and not exceeding \$100 .....	.30

Rates on specially delivered letters, ten cents on each letter in addition to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps may be purchased at post offices, or if stamps of any kind to the amount of 10 cents, in addition to the regular postage, are attached and the words "Special Delivery" are written on the front of the envelope, the letter will be entitled to special delivery the same as though a regular special delivery stamp was attached. The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

All mail matter at large post offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so plainly addressed as to leave no room for doubt and no excuse for error on the part of postal employees. Names of states should be written in full (or their abbreviations very distinctly written) in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as Cal., Col.; Pa., Va., Vt.; Me., Mo., Md.; Ia., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J., N. C., D. C.; Miss., Minn., Mass.; Nev., Neb.; Penn., Tenn., etc., when hastily or carelessly written. This is especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post offices in different states.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter carrier to ruin.

See that every letter or package bears the full name and post office address of the writer, in order to secure the return of the letter, if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found.

Such articles as poisons, explosives or inflammable articles, live animals, insects, fruits or vegetable matter liable to decomposition, or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded in any case.

Letters (but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope. There is no limit of weight for first class matter fully prepaid.

An indemnity—not to exceed \$25 for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if it is less than \$25—shall be paid for the loss of first class registered matter.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., into a street mailing box, or into the receptacle at a post office, always see that the packet falls into the box and does not stick in its passage. Observe, also, particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their places.

Applications for the establishment of post offices should be addressed to the first assistant postmaster general, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

### HOLIDAYS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

January 1—New Year's Day.

February 12—Lincoln's Birthday.

February 22—Washington's Birthday.

May 30—Memorial Day.

July 4—Independence Day.

Election Day—All general election days.

Thanksgiving Day—Last Thursday in November.

December 25—Christmas.

Arbor Day—Day set by governor.



## PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name and Birthplace	Year	Inaug'd		Politics	Died	Age
		Year	Age			
1 George Washington, Virginia	1732	1789	57	Federal	1799	67
2 John Adams, Massachusetts..	1735	1797	62	Federal	1826	90
3 Thomas Jefferson, Virginia..	1743	1801	58	Repub†	1826	83
4 James Madison, Virginia....	1751	1809	58	Repub	1836	85
5 James Monroe, Virginia.....	1758	1817	59	Repub	1831	73
6 J. Q. Adams, Massachusetts.	1767	1825	58	Repub†	1848	80
7 Andrew Jackson, N. Carolina	1767	1829	62	Dem..	1845	78
8 Martin Van Buren, New York	1782	1837	55	Dem..	1862	79
9*Wm. H. Harrison, Virginia..	1773	1841	68	Whig..	1841	68
10 John Tyler, Virginia .....	1790	1841	51	Dem..	1852	72
11 Jas. K. Polk, North Carolina	1795	1845	50	Dem..	1849	53
12§Zachary Taylor, Virginia ....	1784	1849	65	Whig..	1850	65
13 Millard Fillmore, New York.	1800	1850	50	Whig..	1874	74
14 Franklin Pierce, N. Hampshire	1804	1853	49	Dem..	1869	64
15 Jas. Buchanan, Pennsylvania.	1791	1857	66	Dem..	1868	77
16†Abraham Lincoln, Kentucky.	1809	1861	52	Repub.	1865	56
17 Andrew Johnson, N. Carolina	1808	1865	57	Repub.	1875	66
18 Ulysses S. Grant, Ohio ....	1822	1869	47	Repub.	1885	63
19 Rutherford B. Hayes, Ohio..	1822	1877	54	Repub.	1893	70
20 ‖James A. Garfield, Ohio.....	1831	1881	49	Repub.	1881	49
21 Chester A. Arthur, Vermont.	1830	1881	51	Repub.	1886	56
22 Grover Cleveland, New Jersey	1837	1885	48	Dem..	.....	..
23 Benjamin Harrison, Ohio ...	1833	1889	55	Repub.	1901	68
24 Grover Cleveland, New Jersey	1837	1893	56	Dem..	.....	..
25**William McKinley, Ohio ..	1843	1897	54	Repub.	1901	58
26 Theodore Roosevelt, N. York	1858	1901	43	Repub.	.....	..

\*Died in office, April 4, 1841, when Vice President Tyler succeeded him.

§Died in office, July 9, 1850, when Vice President Fillmore succeeded him.

† Assassinated, April 14, 1865, when Vice President Johnson succeeded him.

‖ Assassinated and died September 20, 1881, when Vice President Arthur succeeded him.

‡ The democratic party of today claims lineal descent from the first republican party and President Jefferson as its founder.

† Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quincy Adams. He claimed to be a republican, but his doctrines were decidedly federalistic. The opposition to his administration took the name of democrats and elected Jackson president.

\*\* Assassinated and died September 14, 1901, when Vice President Roosevelt succeeded him.

## VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1 John Adams, Massachusetts..	1735	1789	Federal...	1826	90
2 Thomas Jefferson, Virginia .	1743	1797	Republican	1826	83
3 Aaron Burr, New Jersey ....	1756	1801	Republican	1836	80
4 George Clinton, New York ..	1739	1805	Republican	1812	73
5* Elbridge Gerry, Massachusetts	1744	1813	Republican	1814	70
6 Daniel D. Tompkins, N. York	1774	1817	Republican	1825	51
7 John C. Calhoun, S. Carolina	1782	1825	Republican	1850	68
8 Martin Van Buren, New York	1782	1833	Democrat..	1862	79
9 Richard M. Johnson, Ky.....	1780	1837	Democrat..	1850	70
10† John Tyler, Virginia .....	1790	1841	Democrat..	1862	72
11 Geo. M. Dallas, Pennsylvania	1792	1845	Democrat..	1864	72
12   Millard Fillmore, New York .	1800	1849	Whig.....	1874	74
13§ Wm. R. King, N. Carolina	1786	1853	Democrat..	1853	67
14 John C. Breckenridge, Kent'y	1821	1857	Democrat..	1875	54
15 Hannibal Hamlin, Maine ...	1809	1861	Republican	1891	81
16¶ Andrew Johnson, N. Carolina	1808	1865	Republican	1875	66
17 Schuyler Colfax, New York.	1823	1869	Republican	1885	62
18* Henry Wilson, N. Hampshire	1812	1873	Republican	1875	63
19 Wm. A. Wheeler, New York	1819	1877	Republican	1887	68
20** Chester A. Arthur, Vermont	1830	1881	Republican	1886	56
21* Thomas A. Hendricks, Ohio.	1819	1885	Democrat..	1885	66
22 Levi P. Morton, Vermont...	1824	1889	Republican	....	..
23 Adlai E. Stevenson, Kentucky	1835	1893	Democrat..	....	..
24 Garret A. Hobart, New Jersey	1844	1897	Republican	1899	55
25*** Theodore Roosevelt, N. York	1858	1901	Republican	....	..
26 Charles W. Fairbanks, Ohio.	1852	1905	Republican	....	..

\* Died in office.

† Resigned December 28, 1832.

‡ Became president by death of Harrison.

§ Ex-officio as president pro tem of the senate.

|| Became president by death of Taylor.

¶ Became president by death of Lincoln.

\*\* Became president by death of Garfield.

\*\*\* Became president by death of McKinley.

## THE JUDICIARY.

## SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States—Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois,  
Born 1833, Appointed 1888.

Associate Justice—John M. Harlan, Kentucky .....	1833	1877
Associate Justice—Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts	1841	1902
Associate Justice—David J. Brewer, Kansas .....	1837	1889
Associate Justice—Wm. H. Moody, Massachusetts....	1853	1906
Associate Justice—William R. Day .....	1849	1903
Associate Justice—Edward D. White, Louisiana .....	1845	1894
Associate Justice—Rufus W. Peckham, New York....	1838	1895
Associate Justice—Joseph McKenna, California .....	1843	1898

Reporter—Charles Henry Butler.

Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.

Marshal—John M. Wright, Kentucky.

The salary of the chief justice of the United States is \$13,000; associate justices, \$12,500 each; of the reporter, \$4,500; marshal, \$3,500; clerk of the supreme court, \$6,000.

## CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1. Le Baron B. Colt, Rhode Island.  
William L. Putnam, Maine.  
Frances C. Lowell, Massachusetts.
2. William J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y.  
E. Henry La Combe, New York.  
William K. Townsend, Connecticut.  
Alfred C. Coxe, New York.
3. Jos. Buffington, Pennsylvania.  
George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania.  
George Gray, Delaware.
4. Nathan Goff, West Virginia.  
Jeter C. Pritchard, North Carolina.
5. Don A. Pardee, Louisiana.  
Andrew P. McCormick, Texas.  
David D. Shelby, Alabama.
6. Henry F. Severens, Michigan.  
Horace H. Lurton, Tennessee.  
John K. Richards, Ohio.
7. W. H. Seaman, Wisconsin.  
C. C. Kohlsaat, Illinois.  
Peter S. Grosscup, Illinois.  
Francis E. Baker, Indiana.
8. William Van Devanter, Wyoming.  
Walter H. Sanborn, Minnesota.  
Amos M. Thayer, Missouri.  
William C. Hook, Kansas.  
William W. Morrow, California.
9. William B. Gilbert, Oregon.  
Erskine M. Ross, California.

Salaries, \$7,000 each. The judges of each circuit and the justice of the supreme court for the circuit constitute a circuit court of appeals. The First circuit consists of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island. Second—Connecticut, New York, Vermont. Third—Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. Fourth—Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia. Fifth—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas. Sixth—Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee. Seventh—Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin. Eighth—Arkansas, Colorado, Indian and Oklahoma territories, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming. Ninth—Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Hawaii.

## UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—Stanton J. Peele, Ind., salary, \$6,500. Associate Judges—F. M. Booth, Illinois; G. W. Atkinson, West Virginia; Samuel S. Barney, Wis.; Charles B. Howry, Miss. Salaries, \$6,000 each. Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Mass., \$3,000.

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGES.

(Annual salary, \$6,000.)

Alabama—(N. D., M. D.) T. G. Jones, Montgomery; (S. D.), H. T. Toulmin, Mobile.  
Alaska—R. A. Gunnison, Juneau; Alfred S. Moore, Nome; J. Wickersham, Eagle City.  
Arizona—Edward Kent, Phoenix.  
Arkansas—(E. D.) Jacob Trieber, Little Rock; (W. D.) J. H. Rogers, Fort Smith.  
California—(N. D.) J. J. DeHaven, San Francisco; (S. D.) O. Wellborn, Los Angeles.

- Colorado—R. E. Lewis, Denver.  
 Connecticut—Jas. P. Platt, Hartford.  
 Delaware—E. G. Bradford, Wilmington.  
 Florida—(N. D.) Charles Swayne, Pensacola; (S. D.) J. W. Locke, Jacksonville.  
 Georgia—(N. D.) W. T. Newman, Atlanta; (S. D.) Emory Speer, Macon.  
 Hawaii—Sanford B. Dole, Honolulu.  
 Idaho—James H. Beatty, Boise City.  
 Illinois—(N. D.) S. H. Bethea, K. M. Landis, Chicago; (S. D.) J. O. Humphrey, Springfield; F. M. Wright, Urbana.  
 Indian Territory—(N. D.) J. A. Gill, Vinita; L. F. Parker, Vinita; (C. D.) W. H. H. Clayton, McAlister; T. C. Humphrey, McAlister; (S. D.) H. Townsend, Ardmore; J. T. Dickerson, Chickasha; (W. D.) C. W. Raymond, Muscogee; L. Sulsbacher, Muscogee.  
 Indiana—A. B. Anderson, Indianapolis.  
 Iowa—(N. D.) H. T. Reed, Cresco; (S. D.) Smith McPherson, Red Oak.  
 Kansas—John C. Pollock, Leavenworth.  
 Kentucky—(E. D.) A. M. J. Cochran, Maysville; (W. D.) W. Evans, Louisville.  
 Louisiana—(E. D.) C. Parlange, New Orleans; (W. D.) A. Boardman, Shreveport.  
 Maine—Clarence Hale, Portland.  
 Maryland—Thomas J. Morris, Baltimore.  
 Massachusetts—F. Dodge, Boston.  
 Michigan—(E. D.) Hy H. Swan, Detroit; (W. D.) Geo. P. Wanty, Grand Rapids.  
 Minnesota—Wm. Lochren, Minneapolis; Page Morris, Duluth.  
 Mississippi—(N. and S. D.) Henry C. Niles, Kosciusko.  
 Missouri—(E. D.) G. A. Finkelnburg, St. Louis; (W. D.) J. F. Phillips, Kansas City.  
 Montana—William H. Hunt, Helena.  
 Nebraska—William H. Munger, Omaha.  
 Nevada—Thos. P. Hawley, Carson City.  
 New Hampshire—E. Aldrich, Littleton.  
 New Jersey—W. M. Lanning, Trenton; Jos. Cross, Elizabeth.  
 New Mexico—W. J. Mills, Las Vegas.  
 New York—(N. D.) George W. Ray, Utica; (S. D.) George B. Adams, New York City; (E. D.) Edward B. Thomas, Brooklyn; (W. D.) John R. Hazel, Buffalo; G. C. Holt, New York; C. M. Hough, New York City.  
 North Carolina—(E. D.) T. R. Purnell, Raleigh; (W. D.) J. E. Boyd, Greensboro.  
 North Dakota—C. F. Amidon, Fargo.  
 Ohio—(N. D.) A. J. Ricks, R. W. Taylor, Cleveland; (S. D.) A. C. Thompson, Cincinnati.  
 Oklahoma—J. H. Burford, Guthrie.  
 Oregon—C. E. Wolverton, Portland.  
 Pennsylvania—(E. D.) J. B. McPherson, Philadelphia; J. B. Holland, Philadelphia; (M. D.) R. W. Archibald, Scranton; (W. D.) J. Buffington, Pittsburg.  
 Porto Rico—C. F. McKenna, San Juan.  
 Rhode Island—A. L. Brown, Providence.  
 South Carolina—W. H. Brawley, Charleston.  
 South Dakota—J. E. Carland, Sioux Falls.  
 Tennessee—(E. and M. D.) C. D. Clark, Chattanooga; (W. D.) J. E. McCall, Memphis.  
 Texas—(N. D.) E. R. Meek, Fort Worth; (S. D.) W. T. Burns, Houston; (E. D.) D. E. Bryant, Sherman; (W. D.) T. S. Maxey, Austin.  
 Utah—John A. Marshall Salt Lake City.  
 Vermont—J. L. Martin, Brattleboro.

Virginia—(E. D.) E. Waddill, Jr., Richmond; (W. D.) H. C. McDowell, Bigstone Gap.  
 Washington—C. H. Hanford, Seattle; E. Whitson, Spokane.  
 West Virginia—(N. D.) A. G. Dayton, Phillippi; (S. D.) B. F. Keller, Bramwell.  
 Wisconsin—(E. D.) J. V. Quarles, Milwaukee; (W. D.) A. L. Sanborn, Madison.  
 Wyoming—John A. Riner, Cheyenne.

## JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(\*Chief Justices.)

Name	Service		Born	Died
	Term	Yrs.		
*John Jay, N. Y. ....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, S. C. ....	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts ..	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania .....	1780-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia .....	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland ...	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina ...	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland .....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey ....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
*John Rutledge, South Carolina ...	1795-1795	..	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland .....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
Oliver Ellsworth, Connecticut ...	1796-1800	5	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia ...	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina ....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
*John Marshall, Virginia .....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina .	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingston, N. Y. ....	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky .....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts .....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland .....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York .....	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky .....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio .....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania ....	1830-1844	16	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia .....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
*Roger B. Taney, Maryland .....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia .....	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tennessee .....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama .....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniels, Virginia .....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York .....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire ...	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania ...	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama .....	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine .....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio .....	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa .....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois .....	1862-1877	15	1815	1885
Stephen J. Field, California .....	1863-1897	34	1816	1899

## Justices of the Supreme Court—Continued.

Name	Service		Born	Died
	Term	Yrs.		
*Salmon P. Chase, Ohio .....	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania .....	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey ..	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York .....	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
*Morrison R. Waite, Ohio .....	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky .....	1877-....	..	1883	
William B. Woods, Georgia .....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio .....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts .....	1881-1902	..	1828	1902
Samuel Blatchford, New York .....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi ..	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
*Melville W. Fuller, Illinois .....	1888-....	..	1833	
David J. Brewer, Kansas .....	1889-....	..	1837	
Henry B. Brown, Michigan .....	1890-....	..	1836	
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania ..	1892-....	..	1832	
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee .....	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana .....	1894-....	..	1845	
Rufus W. Peckham, New York ..	1895-....	..	1838	
Joseph McKenna, California .....	1898-....	..	1843	
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Mass. ....	1902-....	..	1841	
W. R. Day, Ohio .....	1903-....	..	1849	
W. H. Moody, Massachusetts .....	1906-....	..	1853	

## UNITED STATES CABINET OFFICERS.

(State and date of appointment.)

## SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thomas Jefferson, Virginia .....	1789
Edmund Randolph, Virginia .....	1794
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts ..	1795
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts ..	1797
John Marshall, Virginia .....	1800
James Madison, Virginia .....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland .....	1809
James Monroe, Virginia .....	1811
John Quincy Adams, Massachusetts ..	1817
Henry Clay, Kentucky .....	1825
Martin Van Buren, New York .....	1829
Edward Livingstone, Louisiana .....	1831
Louis McLane, Delaware .....	1833
John Forsyth, Georgia .....	1834
John Forsyth, Georgia .....	1837
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts .....	1841
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts .....	1841
Hugh S. Legare, South Carolina .....	1843
Abel P. Upshur, Virginia .....	1843
John C. Calhoun, South Carolina .....	1844
James Buchanan, Pennsylvania .....	1845
John M. Clayton, Delaware .....	1849
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts .....	1850

## United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.

## SECRETARIES OF STATE—Continued.

Edward Everett, Massachusetts .....	1852
William L. Marcy, New York .....	1853
Lewis Cass, Michigan .....	1857
Jeremiah S. Black, Pennsylvania .....	1860
William H. Seward, New York .....	1861
William H. Seward, New York .....	1865
Elihu B. Washburn, Illinois .....	1869
Hamilton Fish, New York .....	1869
William M. Evarts, New York .....	1877
James G. Blaine, Maine .....	1881
F. T. Frelinghuysen, New Jersey .....	1881
Thomas F. Bayard, Delaware .....	1885
James G. Blaine, Maine .....	1889
John W. Foster, Indiana .....	1892
Walter Q. Gresham, Illinois .....	1893
Richard Olney, Massachusetts .....	1895
John Sherman, Ohio .....	1897
William R. Day, Ohio .....	1898
John Hay, Indiana .....	1898
John Hay, Indiana .....	1901
John Hay, Indiana .....	1905
Elihu Root, New York .....	1905

## SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY.

George Cabot, Massachusetts .....	1798
Benjamin Stoddert, Maryland .....	1798
Benjamin Stoddert, Maryland .....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland .....	1801
Jacob Crowninshield, Massachusetts .....	1805
Paul Hamilton, South Carolina .....	1809
Wilson Jones, Pennsylvania .....	1813
H. W. Crowninshield, Massachusetts .....	1814
H. W. Crowninshield, Massachusetts .....	1817
Smith Thompson, New York .....	1818
Samuel L. Southard, New Jersey .....	1823
Samuel L. Southard, New Jersey .....	1825
John Branch, North Carolina .....	1829
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire .....	1831
Mahlon Dickerson, New Jersey .....	1834
Mahlon Dickerson, New Jersey .....	1837
James K. Paulding, New York .....	1838
George E. Badger, North Carolina .....	1841
George E. Badger, North Carolina .....	1841
Abel P. Upshur, Virginia .....	1841
David Henshaw, Massachusetts .....	1843
Thomas W. Gilmer, Virginia .....	1844
John Y. Mason, Virginia .....	1844
George Bancroft, Massachusetts .....	1845
John Y. Mason, Virginia .....	1846
William B. Preston, Virginia .....	1849
William A. Graham, North Carolina .....	1850

**United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.**  
**SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY—Continued.**

John P. Kennedy, Maryland .....	1852
James C. Dobbin, North Carolina .....	1853
Isaac Toucey, Connecticut .....	1857
Gideon Wells, Connecticut .....	1861
Gideon Wells, Connecticut .....	1865
Adolph E. Borie, Pennsylvania .....	1869
George M. Robeson, New Jersey .....	1869
Richard W. Thompson, Indiana .....	1877
Nathan Goff, Jr., West Virginia .....	1881
William H. Hunt, Louisiana .....	1881
William E. Chandler, New Hampshire .....	1882
William C. Whitney, New York .....	1885
Benjamin F. Tracy, New York .....	1889
Hilary A. Herbert, Alabama .....	1893
John D. Long, Massachusetts .....	1897
William H. Moody, Massachusetts .....	1902
Paul Morton, Illinois .....	1904
Paul Morton, Illinois .....	1905
Chas. J. Bonaparte, Maryland .....	1905
Victor H. Metcalf, California .....	1907

**\*POSTMASTERS GENERAL.**

Samuel Osgood, Massachusetts .....	1789
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts .....	1791
Joseph Habersham, Georgia .....	1795
Joseph Habersham, Georgia .....	1797
Joseph Habersham, Georgia .....	1801
Gideon Granger, Connecticut .....	1801
Gideon Granger, Connecticut .....	1809
Return J. Meigs, Jr. ....	1814
Return J. Meigs, Jr. ....	1817
John McLean, Ohio .....	1823
John McLean, Ohio .....	1825
William T. Barry, Kentucky .....	1829
Amos Kendall, Kentucky .....	1835
Amos Kendall, Kentucky .....	1837
John M. Niles, Connecticut .....	1840
Francis Granger, New York .....	1841
Francis Granger, New York .....	1841
Charles A. Wickliffe, Kentucky .....	1841
Cave Johnson, Tennessee .....	1845
Jacob Collamer, Vermont .....	1849
Nathan K. Hall, New York .....	1850
Samuel D. Hubbard .....	1852
James Campbell, Pennsylvania .....	1853
Aaron V. Brown, Tennessee .....	1857
Joseph Holt, Kentucky .....	1859
Horatio King, Maine .....	1861
Montgomery Blair, Maryland .....	1861
William Dennison, Ohio .....	1864
William Dennison, Ohio .....	1865
Alex. W. Randall, Wisconsin .....	1866
John A. J. Cresswell, Maryland .....	1869
James W. Marshall, Virginia .....	1874
Marshall Jewell, Connecticut .....	1874
James N. Tyner, Indiana .....	1876

\*The postmaster general was not considered a cabinet officer until 1829.



**United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.****POSTMASTERS GENERAL—Continued.**

David McK. Key, Tennessee .....	1877
Horace Maynard, Tennessee .....	1880
Thomas L. James, New York .....	1881
Timothy O. Howe, Wisconsin .....	1881
Walter Q. Gresham, Indiana .....	1883
Frank Hatton, Iowa .....	1884
William F. Vilas, Wisconsin .....	1885
Don M. Dickinson, Michigan .....	1888
John Wanamaker, Pennsylvania .....	1889
Wilson S. Bissel, New York .....	1893
William L. Wilson, West Virginia .....	1895
James A. Gary, Maryland .....	1897
Chas. Emery Smith, Pennsylvania .....	1898
Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin .....	1902
Robert J. Wynne, Pennsylvania .....	1904
George B. Cortelyou, New York .....	1905
Geo. L. Van Meyer, Massachusetts .....	1907

**SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.**

Alexander Hamilton, New York .....	1789
Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut .....	1796
Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut .....	1797
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts .....	1801
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts .....	1801
Albert Gallatin .....	1801
Albert Gallatin .....	1805
Albert Gallatin .....	1809
George W. Campbell, Tennessee .....	1814
Alexander J. Dallas, Pennsylvania .....	1814
William H. Crawford, Georgia .....	1816
William H. Crawford, Georgia .....	1817
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania .....	1825
Samuel D. Ingham, Pennsylvania .....	1829
Louis McLane, Delaware .....	1831
William J. Duane, Pennsylvania .....	1833
Roger B. Taney, Maryland .....	1833
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire .....	1834
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire .....	1837
Thomas Ewing, Ohio .....	1841
Thomas Ewing, Ohio .....	1841
Walter Forward, Pennsylvania .....	1841
John C. Spencer, New York .....	1843
George M. Bibb, Kentucky .....	1844
Robert J. Walker, Mississippi .....	1845
William M. Meredith, Pennsylvania .....	1849
Thomas Corwin, Ohio .....	1850
James Guthrie, Kentucky .....	1853
Howell Cobb, Georgia .....	1857
Philip F. Thomas, Maryland .....	1860
John A. Dix, New York .....	1861
Salmon P. Chase, Ohio .....	1861
William P. Fessenden, Maine .....	1864
Hugh McCulloch, Indiana .....	1865
Hugh McCulloch, Indiana .....	1865
George S. Boutwell, Massachusetts .....	1869
William A. Richardson, Massachusetts .....	1873
Benjamin F. Bristow, Kentucky .....	1874
Lot M. Morrill, Maine .....	1876

**United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.****SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY—Continued.**

John Sherman, Ohio .....	1877
William Windom, Minnesota .....	1881
Charles J. Folger, New York .....	1881
Walter Q. Gresham, Indiana .....	1884
Hugh McCulloch, Indiana .....	1884
Daniel Manning, New York .....	1885
Charles S. Fairchild, New York .....	1887
William Windom, Minnesota .....	1889
Charles Foster, Ohio .....	1891
John G. Carlisle, Kentucky .....	1893
Lyman J. Gage, Illinois .....	1897
Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa .....	1902
Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa .....	1905
Geo. B. Cortelyou, New York .....	1907

**SECRETARIES OF WAR.**

Henry Knox, Massachusetts .....	1789
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts .....	1795
James McHenry, Maryland .....	1796
James McHenry, Maryland .....	1797
John Marshall, Virginia .....	1800
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts .....	1800
Roger Griswold, Connecticut .....	1801
Henry Dearborn, Massachusetts .....	1801
William Eustis, Massachusetts .....	1809
John Armstrong, New York .....	1813
James Monroe, Virginia .....	1814
William H. Crawford, Georgia .....	1815
Isaac Shelby, Kentucky .....	1817
Geo. Graham (ad. in.), Virginia .....	1817
John C. Calhoun, South Carolina .....	1817
James Barbour, Virginia .....	1825
Peter B. Porter, New York .....	1828
John H. Eaton, Tennessee .....	1829
Lewis Cass, Ohio .....	1831
Benjamin F. Butler, New York .....	1837
Joel R. Poinsett, South Carolina .....	1837
John Bell, Tennessee .....	1841
John Bell, Tennessee .....	1841
John McLean, Ohio .....	1841
John C. Spencer, New York .....	1841
James M. Porter, Pennsylvania .....	1843
William Wilkins, Pennsylvania .....	1844
William L. Marcy, New York .....	1845
George W. Crawford, Georgia .....	1849
Edward Bates, Missouri .....	1850
Charles M. Conrad, Louisiana .....	1850
Jefferson Davis, Mississippi .....	1863
John B. Floyd, Virginia .....	1857
Joseph Holt, Kentucky .....	1861
Simon Cameron, Pennsylvania .....	1861
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio .....	1862
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio .....	1865
U. S. Grant (ad. in.), Illinois .....	1867
Lor. Thomas (ad. in.) .....	1868
John M. Schofield, New York .....	1868
John A. Rawlins, Illinois .....	1869

## United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.

## SECRETARIES OF WAR—Continued.

William T. Sherman, Ohio .....	1869
William T. Belknap, Iowa .....	1869
Alphonso Taft, Ohio .....	1876
James Don Cameron, Pennsylvania .....	1876
George W. McCrary, Iowa .....	1877
Alexander Ramsey, Minnesota .....	1879
Robert T. Lincoln, Illinois .....	1881
Robert T. Lincoln, Illinois .....	1881
William C. Endicott, Massachusetts .....	1885
Redfield Proctor, Vermont .....	1889
Stephen B. Elkins, West Virginia .....	1891
Daniel S. Lamont, New York ..	1893
R. A. Alger, Michigan .....	1897
Elihu Root, New York .....	1899
Elihu Root, New York .....	1901
William Taft, Ohio .....	1904
William Taft, Ohio .....	1905

## SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.

Thomas Ewing, Ohio .....	1849
James A. Pearce, Maryland .....	1850
Thos. M. T. Kernon, Pennsylvania .....	1850
Alex. H. H. Stewart, Virginia .....	1850
Robert McClelland, Michigan .....	1853
Jacob Thompson, Mississippi .....	1857
Caleb B. Smith, Indiana .....	1861
John P. Usher, Indiana .....	1863
John P. Usher, Indiana .....	1865
James Harlan, Iowa .....	1865
Orville H. Browning, Illinois .....	1866
Jacob D. Cox, Ohio .....	1869
Columbus Delano, Ohio .....	1870
Zachariah Chandler, Michigan .....	1875
Carl Schurz, Missouri .....	1877
Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa .....	1881
Henry M. Teller, Colorado .....	1882
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi .....	1885
William F. Vilas, Wisconsin .....	1888
John W. Noble, Missouri .....	1889
Hoke Smith, Georgia .....	1893
Cornelius N. Bliss, New York .....	1897
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri .....	1898
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri .....	1901
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri .....	1905
James R. Garfield, Ohio .....	1907

## SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

Norman J. Coleman, Missouri .....	1889
Jeremiah M. Rusk, Wisconsin .....	1889
J. Sterling Morton, Nebraska .....	1893
James Wilson, Iowa .....	1897
James Wilson, Iowa .....	1901
James Wilson, Iowa .....	1905

## United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.

## ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Edmund Randolph, Virginia .....	1789
Edmund Randolph, Virginia .....	1798
William Bradford, Pennsylvania .....	1794
Charles Lee, Virginia .....	1795
Charles Lee, Virginia .....	1797
Theophilus Parsons, Massachusetts .....	1801
Levi Lincoln, Massachusetts .....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland .....	1805
John Breckinridge, Kentucky .....	1805
Caesar A. Rodney, Delaware .....	1807
Caesar A. Rodney, Delaware .....	1809
William Pinckney, Maryland .....	1811
William Pinckney, Maryland .....	1818
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania .....	1814
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania .....	1817
William Wirt, Virginia .....	1817
William Wirt, Virginia .....	1825
John McP. Berrien, Georgia .....	1829
Roger B. Taney, Maryland .....	1831
Benjamin F. Butler, New York .....	1833
Benjamin F. Butler, New York .....	1837
Felix Grundy, Tennessee .....	1838
Henry D. Gilpin .....	1840
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky .....	1841
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky .....	1841
Hugh S. Legare, South Carolina .....	1841
John Nelson, Maryland .....	1843
John Y. Mason, Virginia .....	1845
Nathan Clifford, Maine .....	1846
Isaac Toucey, Connecticut .....	1848
Reverdy Johnson, Maryland .....	1849
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky .....	1850
Caleb Cushing, Massachusetts .....	1853
Jeremiah S. Black, Pennsylvania .....	1857
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio .....	1860
Edward Bates, Missouri .....	1861
Titian J. Coffey, Pennsylvania (ad. in.) .....	1863
James Speed, Kentucky .....	1864
James Speed, Kentucky .....	1865
Henry Stanbery, Ohio .....	1866
William M. Everts, New York .....	1868
Ebenezer R. Hoar, Massachusetts .....	1869
Amos T. Ackerman, Georgia .....	1870
George H. Williams, Oregon .....	1871
Edwards Pierrepont, New York .....	1875
Alphonso Taft, Ohio .....	1876
Charles Devens, Massachusetts .....	1877
Wayne MacVeagh, Pennsylvania .....	1881
Benjamin H. Brewster, Pennsylvania .....	1881
Augustus H. Garland, Arkansas .....	1885
William H. H. Miller, Indiana .....	1889
Richard Olney, Massachusetts .....	1893
Judson Harmon, Ohio .....	1895
Joseph McKenna, California .....	1897
John Wm. Griggs, New Jersey .....	1898
Philander C. Knox, Pennsylvania .....	1901
William H. Moody, Massachusetts .....	1904
William H. Moody, Massachusetts .....	1905
Chas. J. Bonaparte, Maryland .....	1907

**United States Cabinet Officers—Continued.****SECRETARIES OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.**

George B. Cortelyou, New York .....	1903
Victor H. Metcalf, California .....	1904
Victor H. Metcalf, California .....	1905
Oscar S. Straus, New York .....	1907

NOTE.—Since the foundation of the government, the individual states have been represented the following number of times in cabinet positions: Massachusetts, 30; New York, 30; Pennsylvania, 25; Virginia, 22; Ohio, 20; Kentucky, 15; Indiana, 10; Connecticut, 9; Georgia, 8; Tennessee, 8; Illinois, 7; Maine, 6; South Carolina, 6; Delaware, 5; Missouri, 5; Wisconsin, 6; Iowa, 6; Michigan, 4; Mississippi, 4; New Jersey, 4; North Carolina, 4; Louisiana, 3; Minnesota, 3; New Hampshire, 3; West Virginia, 3; California, 2; Vermont, 2; Alabama, 1; Arkansas, 1; Colorado, 1; Nebraska, 1; Oregon, 1. The states which have not been represented in the cabinet are: Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Washington, Wyoming.

**THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.****STATE DEPARTMENT.**

Assistant Secretary—Robert Bacon, New York .....	\$ 4,500
Second Assistant Secretary—A. A. Adeo, D. C. ....	4,500
Third Assistant Secretary—Huntington Wilson, Illinois ....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Charles Denby .....	3,000
Assistant Solicitors—Joshua R. Clark, Jr., Utah .....	3,000
William C. Dennis, Indiana .....	3,000
Chief Diplomatic Bureau—S. Y. Smith D. C. ....	2,100
Chief Consular Bureau—Wilbur J. Carr, D. C. ....	2,100
Chief Indexes and Archives—John R. Buck .....	2,100
Chief Bureau Accounts—Thos. Morrison, New York .....	2,100
Chief Bureau Rolls and Library—William McNair .....	2,100
Chief Bureau Trade Relations—John B. Osborne .....	2,100
Chief Bureau Appointments—Chas. R. Dean .....	2,100
Chief Bureau of Passports—Gaillard Hunt, D. C. ....	2,100

**TREASURY DEPARTMENT.**

Assistant Secretary—Chas. H. Keep, New York .....	\$ 4,500
Assistant Secretary—James B. Reynolds, Massachusetts ....	4,500
Assistant Secretary—John H. Edwards, Ohio .....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Walter W. Ludlow, Minnesota .....	3,000
Chief Appointment Div.—Chas. Lyman, Connecticut .....	2,750
Ch. Bookkeeping Div.—W. F. MacLennan, New York ....	3,500
Chief Public Moneys Div.—E. B. Daskam, Connecticut ....	2,500
Chief Customs Division—James L. Gerry, Illinois .....	2,750
Chief Loans and Currency Div.—A. T. Huntington, Mass..	3,000
Chief Stationery and Printing Div.—G. Simmons, D. C. ....	2,500
Chief Mails and Files Division—S. M. Gaines, Kentucky..	2,500
Chief Revenue Cutter Service—Worth G. Ross .....	.....
Director of Mint—Geo. E. Roberts, Iowa .....	4,500
Government Actuary—Joseph S. McCoy, New Jersey .....	1,800
Superv. Surgeon General—Walter Wymian, Missouri .....	4,000
Chief Bureau Engraving and Printing—T. J. Sullivan, D. C.	4,500
Supervising Architect—James K. Taylor, Pennsylvania ....	4,500
Comptroller of Treasury—Robt. J. Tracewell, Indiana ....	5,500

**The Federal Government—Continued.****TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Continued.**

Auditor for Treasury—Wm. E. Andrews, Nebraska .....	4,000
Auditor for War Department—Benj. F. Harper, Indiana .....	4,000
Auditor for Interior Dept.—R. S. Person, South Dakota..	4,000
Auditor for Navy Department—W. W. Brown, Pennsylvania	4,000
Auditor for State, etc.—Caleb R. Layton, Delaware .....	4,000
Auditor for P. O. Department—Ernst G. Timme, Wisconsin	4,000
Treasurer for U. S.—Chas. H. Treat, New York .....	6,000
Assistant Treasurer—James F. Meline, Ohio .....	3,600
Register Treasury—Wm. T. Vernon, Kansas .....	4,000
Deputy Register—Cyrus F. Adams, Illinois .....	2,250
Comptroller of Currency—Wm. B. Ridgley, Illinois .....	5,000
Commissioner Internal Revenue—John W. Yerkes, Ky. ....	6,000
Dep. Commissioner Internal Revenue—R. Williams, Jr., La.	4,000
Dep. Commissioner Internal Revenue—J. C. Wheeler, Mich.	3,600
Solicitor for Internal Revenue—Arthur B. Hayes, Utah ....	4,500
Solicitor of Treasury—M. D. O'Connell, Iowa .....	4,500
Chief Secret Service—Jno. E. Wilkie, Illinois .....	4,000

**WAR DEPARTMENT.**

Assistant Secretary—Robert Shaw Oliver, New York .....	\$ 4,500
Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Georgia .....	3,000
Chief of Staff—Brig.-Gen. J. F. Bell .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—Nathaniel Hershler, Illinois .....	2,000
Mil. Secretary—Maj.-Gen. F. C. Ainsworth .....	7,500
Chief Clerk—Jacob Frech, D. C. ....	2,000
Inspector General—Brig.-Gen. E. A. Garlington .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—Warren H. Orcutt, Maine .....	1,800
Judge Advocate General—Brig.-Gen. Geo. B. Davis .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—L. W. Call, Kansas .....	2,000
Quartermaster General—Brigadier General C. F. Humphrey	5,500
Chief Clerk—Henry D. Saxton, Mass.....	2,000
Commissary-General—Brig.-Gen. H. G. Sharpe .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—Emmet Hamilton, Minnesota .....	2,000
Surgeon-General—Brig.-Gen. R. M. O'Rielly .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—George A. Jones, New York .....	2,000
Paymaster General—Brig.-Gen. C. C. Sniffen .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—Wm. Manley, California .....	2,000
Chief of Engineers—Brigadier General A. Mackenzie .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—P. J. Dempsey, Virginia .....	2,000
Chief of Ordnance—Brigadier General William Crozier ....	5,500
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook, D. C. ....	2,400
Chief Signal Officer—Brigadier General James Allen .....	5,500
Chief Clerk—E. W. Hutchinson, Georgia .....	2,000
Chief Bureau Indian Affairs—Brigadier Gen. C. R. Edwards	5,500
Chief Clerk—A. D. Wilcox, Pennsylvania .....	2,000
Officer Charge Public Buildings—Col. C. S. Bromwell ....	3,500
Chief Clerk—E. F. Concklin, New York .....	2,400
Landscape Gardener—George H. Brown, D. C. ....	2,000

**NAVY DEPARTMENT.**

Assistant Secretary—Truman H. Newberry, Michigan ....	\$ 4,500
Chief Clerk—Benjamin F. Peters, Pennsylvania .....	3,000
President General Board—Admiral George Dewey .....	13,500
*Chief Yards and Docks—Civil Engineer M. T. Endicott ....	5,500
Chief Ordnance—Rear Admiral N. E. Mason .....	5,500

**The Federal Government—Continued.****NAVY DEPARTMENT—Continued.**

Chief Supplies and Accounts—Paymaster Gen. E. B. Rogers	\$ 5,500
*Chief Medicine—Surgeon General P. M. Rixey	5,500
Chief Equipment—Rear Admiral W. S. Cowles	5,500
*Chief Construction—Naval Constructor Washington L. Capps	5,500
Chief Navigation—Rear Admiral G. A. Converse	7,500
Engineer-in-Chief—Rear Admiral Charles W. Rae	5,500
Judge Advocate General—Capt. W. S. Diehl	4,500
Pres. Naval Exam. Board—Rear Admiral Charles H. Stockton	6,375
Pres. Naval Retiring Board—Rear Admiral Chas. H. Stockton	6,375
Chief Intelligence Office—Capt. Raymond P. Rodgers	4,165
Superintendent Naval Observatory—Rear Admiral Asa Walker	4,165
Director Nautical Almanac—Prof. W. S. Harshman	2,700
Hydrographer—Commander C. C. Rogers	3,570
Commandant Marine Corps—Brig.-Gen. G. F. Elliott	5,500

\*Rank and title of Rear Admiral while holding said office.

**POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.**

Chief Clerk—M. O. Chance, Illinois	\$ 2,500
Assistant Chief Clerk—Geo. G. Thompson, Michigan	2,000
First Assistant P. M. G.—F. H. Hitchcock, Mass.	5,000
Second Assistant P. M. G.—W. S. Shallenberger, Pa.	4,500
Third Assistant P. M. G.—E. C. Madden, Mich.	4,500
Fourth Assistant P. M. G.—P. V. DeGraw, Pennsylvania	4,500
Assistant Attorney General—Russell P. Goodwin	4,500
Purchasing Agent—W. E. Cochran, Colorado	4,000
Appointment Clerk—George S. Paull, Ohio	2,000
Superintendent Div. Foreign Mails—N. M. Brooks, Virginia	3,000
Superintendent Div. Money Order—E. F. Kimball, Mass.	3,000
Gen. Supt. Div. Railway Mail Service—Jas. E. White, Illinois	3,500
Superintendent Div. Dead Letters—J. R. Young, Pa.	2,500
Chief P. O. Inspector—Wm. J. Vickery, Indiana	3,000
Disbursing Clerk—W. M. Mooney, Ohio	2,250

**INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.**

First Assistant Secretary—Thomas Ryan, Kansas	\$ 6,000
Assistant Secretary—Jesse E. Wilson, Indiana	4,500
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Maryland	3,000
Assistant Attorney General—Frank L. Campbell, D. C.	5,000
Commissioner Land Office—Wm. A. Richards, Wyoming	5,000
Assistant Commissioner—G. F. Pollock, Ohio	3,500
Commissioner Pensions—Vespasian Warner, Illinois	5,000
First Deputy Com. of Pensions—Jas L. Davenport, N. H.	3,600
Second Deputy Com. of Pensions—Leverett M. Kelly, Ill.	3,600
Commissioner Education—E. E. Brown, California	3,500
Com. Indian Affairs—F. E. Leupp, D. C.	4,000
Assistant Commissioner—Charles F. Larrabee, Maine	3,000
Commissioner Patents—Frederick I. Allen, New York	5,000
Assistant Commissioner—Edward B. Moore, Michigan	3,000
Director Geological Survey—Chas. D. Walcott, New York	6,000
Chief Clerk Geological Survey—H. C. Riser, Kansas	2,500

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.**

Solicitor General—Henry M. Hoyt, Pa.	\$ 7,500
Assistant Attorney General—M. D. Purdy, Minn.	7,000
Assistant Attorney General—John G. Thompson, Illinois	5,000
Assistant Attorney General—Josiah A. Van Orsdel, Wyoming	5,000
Assistant Attorney General—Chas. W. Russell, West Virginia	5,000
Assistant Attorney General—Jas. C. McReynolds, Tennessee	5,000

**The Federal Government—Continued.****DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE—Continued.**

Assistant Attorney General—Wm. E. Fuller .....	\$ 5,000
Assistant Attorney General—Alford W. Cooley, New York..	5,000
Solicitor State Department—Jas. B. Scott, California .....	4,500
Chief Clerk—O. J. Field, Kansas .....	3,000
General Agent—Cecil Clay, West Virginia .....	4,000
Appointment Clerk—Chas. B. Sornberger, Vermont .....	2,000
Attorney for Pardons—Peyton Gordon, Maryland .....	2,400
Disbursing Clerk—Alexander C. Caine, Ohio .....	2,750

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.**

Assistant Secretary—Willett H. Hays, Minnesota .....	\$ 4,500
Chief Clerk—S. R. Burch, Kansas .....	2,500
Appointment Clerk—Joseph B. Bennett, Wisconsin .....	2,000
Chief Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Illinois .....	5,000
Chief Bureau Animal Industry—Dr. A. D. Melvin, Illinois..	4,500
Director Experimental Stations—A. C. True, Connecticut ..	3,500
Chief Division Publications—Geo. Wm. Hill, Minnesota ..	2,500
Chief Div. Accounts—A. Zappone, D. C. ....	2,700
Chief Bureau Soils—Milton Whitney, Maryland .....	3,500
Chief Bureau Forestry—Gifford Pinchot, New York .....	3,500
Statistician—W. H. Olmstead, North Carolina .....	3,500
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, New York .....	2,750
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Indiana .....	3,500
Chief Division Biological Survey—C. H. Merriam, New York	2,750
Director Road Inquiry—Prof. L. W. Page, Massachusetts ..	2,750
Chief Division Foreign Markets—G. K. Holmes, D. C. ....	2,500
Chief Bureau Plant Industry—B. T. Galloway, Missouri .....	4,000

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.**

Chief Clerk—Frank H. Bowen, Massachusetts .....	\$ 3,000
Disbursing Clerk—Wm. L. Soleau, Maryland .....	2,500
Commissioner Corporations—J. R. Garfield, Ohio .....	5,000
Commissioner of Labor—Chas. P. Neill, D. C. ....	5,000
Chairman Lighthouse Board—Rear Admiral G. C. Reiter ....	4,125
Director Census—S. N. D. North, Massachusetts .....	6,000
Supt. C. and G. Survey—O. H. Tittman, Missouri .....	5,000
Chairman Bureau Statistics—Oscar P. Austin, D. C. ....	4,000
Sup. Insp. Gen. Steamboat Service—Geo. Uhler, Pa. ....	3,500
Commissioner Fisheries—G. M. Bowers, West Virginia...	5,000
Commissioner Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, New York ...	4,000
Commissioner General Immigration—F. P. Sargent, Illinois	5,000
Director Bureau Standards—S. W. Stratton, Illinois.....	5,000

**MISCELLANEOUS**

Civil Service Commissioner—John C. Black, Illinois .....	\$ 3,500
Civil Service Commissioner—Vacant .....	3,500
Civil Service Commissioner—Henry F. Greene, Minnesota ..	3,500
Chief Examiner Civil Service—F. M. Kiggins, Tennessee..	3,000
Secretary Civil Service—John T. Doyle, New York .....	2,250
Government Printer—Charles A. Stillings .....	4,500
Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam, Massachusetts ....	6,000
Assistant Librarian—A. R. Spofford, Ohio .....	4,000
Director Bur. of American Republics—Williams C. Fox, D. C.	5,000
Chief Clerk Bureau of American Republics—Wm. C. Wells..	2,500
Secretary—Francisco J. Yanes .....	3,000
Secretary Smithsonian Institute—Vacant .....	3,000
Chief Bureau American Ethnology—W. H. Holmes .....	



**The Federal Government—Continued.****INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.**

Martin A. Knapp, chairman, New York .....	\$ 10,000
Judson C. Clements, Georgia .....	10,000
Francis M. Cockrell, Missouri .....	10,000
Charles A. Prouty, Vermont .....	10,000
F. K. Lane, California .....	10,000
E. E. Clark, Iowa .....	10,000
J. S. Harlan, Illinois .....	10,000
Edward A. Mosely, Massachusetts, secretary .....	3,500
Martin S. Decker, New York, assistant secretary .....	3,000

**SPANISH-AMERICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION.**

William E. Chandler, New Hampshire .....	\$ 5,000
Gerrit J. Diekema, Michigan .....	5,000
James Perry Wood, Ohio .....	5,000
William A. Maury, D. C. ....	5,000
William L. Chambers, Alabama .....	5,000

**BOARD OF INDIAN COMMISSIONERS.**

Chairman, Darwin R. James, New York; secretary, Merrill E. Gates, Washington, D. C.; Albert K. Smiley, New York; E. Whittlesey, D. C.; William D. Walker, New York; Joseph T. Jacobs, Michigan; F. M. Eagan, D. C.; Patrick J. Ryan, Pennsylvania; Andrew S. Draper, Illinois. The board serves without salary.

**COMMISSION TO CODIFY THE PENAL LAWS.**

Chairman—John T. Lott, Ohio .....	\$ 5,000
David K. Watson, Ohio .....	5,000
William D. Bynum, Indiana .....	5,000

**UNITED STATES PENSION AGENTS.\***

Augusta, Me., Seldon Connor.  
 Boston, Mass., Augustus J. Hoitt.  
 Buffalo, N. Y., Charles A. Orr.  
 Chicago, Ill., Charles Bent.  
 Columbus, Ohio, W. R. Warnock.  
 Concord, N. H., C. A. Curtice.  
 Des Moines, Iowa, William V. Willcox.  
 Detroit, Mich., Oscar A. Janes.  
 Indianapolis, Ind., Albert O. Marsh.  
 Knoxville, Tenn., William Rule.  
 Louisville, Ky., Andrew T. Wood.  
 Milwaukee, Wis., Edwin D. Coe.  
 New York City, N. Y., Michael Kerwin.  
 Philadelphia, Pa., St. Clair A. Mulholland.  
 Pittsburgh, Pa., Daniel Ashworth.  
 San Francisco, California, Jesse B. Fuller.  
 Topeka, Kan., Wilder S. Metcalf.  
 Washington, D. C., John R. King.

\*Salaries of pension agents, \$4,000.

### COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

Name	From	To	Name	From	To
*George Washington	1775	1783	†Winfield Scott ....	1841	1861
†Henry Knox ....	1783	1784	†Geo. B. McClellan.	1861	1862
Josiah Harmer ....	1788	1791	†Henry W. Halleck.	1862	1864
†Arthur Sinclair ..	1791	1796	*Ulysses S. Grant ..	1864	1869
†James Wilkinson ..	1796	1798	*Wm. T. Sherman..	1869	1883
†George Washington	1798	1799	*Philip H. Sheridan	1883	1888
§James Wilkinson ..	1800	1812	†¶J. M. Schofield ..	1888	1895
†Henry Dearborn ..	1812	1815	††Nelson A. Miles ..	1895	1903
†Jacob Brown .. ..	1815	1828	†A. R. Chaffee ....	1904	1907
†Alexander Macomb	1828	1841	†J. Franklin Bell ..	1907	

\* Rank of general. † Major general. ‡ Lieutenant general. § Brigadier general. Josiah Harmer was lieutenant colonel and general-in-chief by brevet. ¶ Created a lieutenant general by act of congress previous to his retirement. †† Created lieutenant general 1900.

### RELATIVE RANK OF OFFICERS.

#### IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY.

(Section 1466 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.)

Generals rank with Admirals.

Lieutenant Generals rank with Vice Admirals

Major Generals rank with first nine Rear Admirals.

Brigadier Generals rank with Rear Admirals after the first nine and Commodores.

Colonels rank with Captains.

Lieutenant Colonels rank with Commanders.

Majors rank with Lieutenant Commanders.

Captains rank with Lieutenants.

First Lieutenants rank with Lieutenants Junior Grade.

Second Lieutenants rank with Ensigns.

Cadets rank with Midshipmen.

**DIGEST OF GOVERNMENT LAND LAWS.**

1. No lands are subject to private cash entry, except in the state of Missouri. The timber culture and pre-emption laws have been repealed.

2. Homestead entries can be made for not more than one quarter section, or 160 acres of land.

3. All applicants must stand upon equal footing, with equal rights and privileges to enter the public lands. "First come, first served."

4. The land office fees and commissions, payable when application is made, are as follows:

On lands outside of the railroad limits (outside the distance of forty miles on each side of the center of the track of the N. P. Ry.) \$14 for 160 acres; \$13 for 120 acres; \$7 for eighty acres; \$6 for forty acres.

On lands within the railroad limits, \$18 for 160 acres; \$16 for 120 acres; \$9 for eighty acres; \$7 for forty acres.

In the Pacific states and Rocky Mountain region the charges are a little more, about 50 per cent additional fees and commissions.

5. The applicant must in every case state in his application his place of actual residence, and the post office address to which notices relative to his entry shall be sent, and his full name.

6. Amendments of filing and entries are allowed by the general land office for real errors, where improvements were made by mistake on the wrong tract, but not for blunders which the claimant could have avoided by reasonable care and investigation.

Application for amendment must be sworn to and corroborated under seal and in no case need be more than two pages in length; must show how the error was made; that applicant has not sold or encumbered the tract; and that the amendment is not asked for the purpose of letting some one else enter the tract vacated.

7. When a person desires to enter a tract of land, he may appear personally at the district land office and present his application and make the required affidavit before the register and receiver. He must establish his residence in a house to be built on the land within six months from the date of entry, and must, in order to maintain his entry, reside on and cultivate the tract for five years, unless he desires to commute and pay for the land in cash or equivalent, which can be done after fourteen months of actual and continuous residence on and cultivation of the tract.

8. The homestead affidavit can be made before the judge or clerk of a court of record or before a commissioner of the United States district court, within the county in which the land lies (or if outside of the county affidavit must be made that it was taken before the nearest and most accessible officer qualified to take said affidavits), and save the journey to the land office.

9. Entries under the homestead law can be completed after five years actual residence; but the applicant is required to file with the register his notice of intention to make proof, and it is the duty of the register to have said notice published, when the applicant will appear with two witnesses named in the notice and make proof on day named, and before officer mentioned. Proofs can be made before U. S. commissioners, but time may be saved by making proof at the local land office.

10. In case of death of entryman, his widow has the right, at the proper time, to make proof of his residence, and her residence or cultivation of the tract for the required time, and in case of the death of the widow, then the heirs or devisees.

A homestead right cannot be devised away from the widow or minor children.

11. Under an act of congress approved March 2, 1889, a party who entered lands, prior to said act, has the right, where his said entry was canceled for any cause, to enter again, and where his entry is of record, he having failed to comply with the laws as to

residence, has the right to relinquish his claim to the United States, and enter the same or other tract, provided no other right has attached; the act further provides that, when an entry has been made, and the applicant is residing on the land entered, which was for less than 160 acres, he has the right to enter, if adjoining, enough land to make 160 acres; and if none is adjoining he has the right to make entry elsewhere, after having proved up his first entry, the two entries not to contain over 160 acres.

In the act of congress approved June 5, 1900, section 2 provides that any person who has theretofore made a homestead entry and commuted same under section 2301, revised statutes, and the amendments thereto, shall be entitled to the benefits of the homestead laws as though such former entry had not been made, but commutation under section 2301, revised statutes, shall not be allowed of an entry made under this section.

Section 3 provides that any person who, prior to the passage of this act, has made a homestead entry, but from any cause has lost or forfeited the same, shall be entitled to the benefits of the homestead laws as though such former entry had not been made.

The act of April 28, 1904, allows any person who has theretofore made and lost prior to said date a homestead entry and was unable to perfect the same on account of some unavoidable complication of his personal or business affairs, or on account of an honest mistake as to character of the land, to make a second entry, provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner of the general land office that he made a bona fide effort to comply with the homestead law, and that he did not relinquish his entry or abandon his claim for a consideration.

A person applying to make entry under this section should be required to file a formal application for a specific tract of land, on the regular homestead blanks, modified to show that the entry is made under the act of April 28, 1904, and to furnish a description of his former entry by section, township and range, or the number of the entry, and the land office where made.

He should also be required to furnish an affidavit, duly corroborated by one or more disinterested witnesses, setting forth in full the complications of his personal or business affairs that prevented his perfecting title to the land covered by his first entry, or where the failure to perfect title was caused by a mistake as to character of the land entered, the manner in which such mistake occurred, and the specific reasons that render the land worthless for agricultural purposes should be fully set forth. The affidavit should also show whether the applicant ever resided upon, improved or cultivated the land embraced in his former entry, and if so, to what extent, and that he did not abandon his claim thereto or relinquish his entry for a valuable consideration.

The second section of the act of April 28, 1904, is substantially a re-enactment of section 5 of the act of March 2, 1889 (25 Stat. L., 854), only modified so as to apply to entries for less than 160 acres each made after the date of the act (April 28, 1904), as well as those made before, and provides for an additional entry of land which shall be contiguous to the land embraced in the original entry, for which the final proof of residence and cultivation made on the original entry shall be sufficient, but of which no party shall have the benefit who does not, at the date of his application therefor, own and occupy the land covered by his original entry, and which shall not be permitted, or if permitted shall be canceled, if the original entry should fail for any reason prior to patent, or should appear to be illegal or fraudulent. Applicants for additional entries under this section will be required to produce evidence that they own and occupy the land embraced in the original entries, to be properly described by legal subdivisions and by reference to the number and date of the original entry, and the evidence to consist of their own affidavits, corroborated by the affidavits of disinterested witnesses executed before any officer authorized to administer oaths in such

cases in the county, parish or land district in which the land applied for is situated, under section 2204, United States revised statutes, as amended by act of March 4, 1904 (Public—No. 37). In addition to this the proper homestead application and affidavit must be filed, which may be on the forms prescribed under the act of March 3, 1879 (4-018 and 4-086), properly modified so as to show the section and act under which application is made, and the affidavit modified by striking out the portion that refers to military services, which is not required under this act. Commutation, under the provision of section 2301, revised statutes, of an entry made under this act, is prohibited.

12. Under act of congress approved August 30, 1890, one person can enter only 320 acres of land. Affidavit to this effect must accompany all applications to enter. (Form 4-102B.) This act is held to be prospective and not retroactive. That is, no matter how much land a party entered prior to the date of the above act, he may thereafter, if in other respects qualified, enter 320 acres, but not more. This law does not apply to mineral or coal lands, but to lands which are classed as agricultural lands. The government does not guarantee that its "agricultural" lands will produce crops. Hence the intending settler should carefully examine in person or by agent the land he or she intends to enter.

13. A party desiring to relinquish his land to the United States for the purpose of re-entering, or for the purpose of letting others enter, must make the following relinquishment on the back of his duplicate receipt, acknowledged before some officer with a seal: "I hereby relinquish all my right, title, interest and claim in and to the within described land to the United States." Relinquishment made at the land office can be made without any cost. In the event of the loss of the duplicate receipt, an affidavit accounting for the loss, made under seal, and relinquishment thereon, will be sufficient.

14. A single woman does not forfeit her homestead entry by marriage if thereafter she continues to comply with the law as to residence, improvements and cultivation.

The act of congress approved June 6, 1900, provides that, "Where an unmarried woman who has heretofore settled, or may hereafter settle, upon a tract of public land, improved, established and maintained a bona fide residence thereon, with the intention of appropriating the same for a home, subject to the homestead law, and has married, or shall thereafter marry, before making entry of said land, or before making application to enter said land, she shall not on account of her marriage forfeit her right to make entry and receive patent for land; provided, that she does not abandon her residence on said land, and is otherwise qualified to make homestead entry; provided further, that the man whom she marries is not, at the time of their marriage, claiming a separate tract of land under the homestead law.

Where a married woman applies to make a homestead entry under this act, she must show by affidavit that prior to her marriage she settled upon the land applied for, improved, established and maintained a bona fide residence thereon, with the intention of appropriating the same for a home; that the man she married was not, at the time of their marriage, claiming a separate tract of land under the homestead law. She should also give the date of her settlement and date of her marriage, and furnish the regular homestead affidavit showing that she is otherwise qualified to make homestead entry.

15. The first actual settler who makes entry within three months after actual settlement is entitled to land, while the first man who makes entry may have been last to make settlement, and hence have the least claim to the land.

16. A settlement does not mean actual residence, but preparation for it, to be followed up in good faith. The claimant should, in person, not by agent, start the erection of a new house, or begin

some other improvements on the land he claims. A homestead entry does not require prior settlement, but it is safest to make a settlement at the earliest date. Unless residence on the land is established within six months from date of entry, the entry is liable to contest for abandonment.

17. Final proof in homestead entries can be made after five years from date of entry or of actual residence on the land, and must be made before the expiration of seven years from date of entry.

Section 2304 of the revised statutes allows every private soldier, officer, and every seaman, marine and officer, who served in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the rebellion for ninety days, was honorably discharged and who has remained loyal to the government, the right to enter upon and receive patent to not more than 160 acres of public land subject to entry under the provisions of the homestead laws, and the same section was by act of congress of March 1, 1901, made applicable to every private soldier and officer in the army, and every seaman, marine or officer of the marine corps, who served in the Spanish war or who served in said forces during the Philippine insurrection, and such claimants will be allowed six months after locating the homestead and filing their declaratory statements, within which to make entry and commence settlement and improvement. Four years of such service, however, can only be credited. A party applying to make entry under these provisions of law must file with the register and receiver of the respective land office, a certified copy of his certificate of discharge, or an affidavit of two respectable and disinterested witnesses corroborative to allegations of enlistment and service. The declaratory statement may be filed by the soldier or sailor in person or through an agent. If in person it must be accompanied by the applicant's statement under oath showing his residence and post office address; it must further set forth the fact that it is made for his exclusive use and benefit for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation and not directly or indirectly for the use or benefit of any other person. That he has not made a prior homestead entry or filed a declaratory statement under the homestead laws. That he is not the owner of more than one hundred and sixty acres of land in any state or territory of the union, whether it be by quest, devise, purchase in fee simple or under contract upon which payments may not have been completed. That since August 30, 1890, he has not entered under the land laws of the United States, or filed upon a quantity of land, agricultural in character, which with the tracts not applied for would make more than 320 acres. The fee for filing the declaratory statement is \$2 in all public land states east of the Rocky mountains, and \$8 in all of the Pacific states and territories. The declaratory statement may be filed by an agent and in that case in addition to the soldier's or sailor's statement under oath, supra, must be accompanied by a declaration of the name and authority of the agent, the date of the power of attorney or other instrument creating the agency. The agent's name must be inserted before execution of the instrument, and this fact must be distinctly and specifically averred. It must further be shown that the agent has no right or interest, direct or indirect, in such declaration or filing. In regards to the agent, he must make oath that he has no right or interest, present or prospective, direct or indirect, that the declaratory statement is filed by him for the sole benefit of the soldier or sailor, and that no arrangement has been made whereby said agent has been empowered at any future time to sell or relinquish such filing or claim, either as agent or by filing an original relinquishment of the claimant. A soldier or sailor will be held to have exhausted his homestead right by the filing of his declaratory statement, its only privilege in addition to other privileges being the right and power to hold the claim for six months after selection and before entry. It is not a license to abandon such selection with the right thereafter to make a regular homestead entry independently of such filing.

Under section 2309 of the revised statutes, a soldier or sailor must in person make his actual entry within six months and must thereafter fulfill all the requirements of law, and this must be done on the same land selected and located by the filing. In case of the death of the person entitled to make a filing or entry under preceding sections, his rights descend upon the widow, under section 2307 of the revised statutes, or in case of her death or remarriage, upon the minor children of the soldier or sailor, who will be permitted to make entry through a guardian, regularly appointed by the judge of court having jurisdiction over such matters. In either of these cases (widows or minor children), the law as to residence, cultivation and improvement must be fulfilled in like manner as it would have been required of the soldier or sailor if living and the filing or entry made by him under section 2304, *supra*, except that in either of these instances credit will be given on the five year period of compliance with the requirements of the homestead laws, for the entire term of enlistment. (See departmental decision in the case of Anna Bowes, 32 L. D. 331.) In case of the widow of a deceased soldier or sailor making the filing or entry, she, in addition to the prescribed evidence of her husband's military service, must furnish an affidavit of widowhood, aver the date of husband's death and furnish proof thereof. In the case of minor orphan children in addition to the prescribed evidence of the father's military service, proof of his death, proof of the remarriage or death of the mother must be furnished.

18. The receiver's duplicate homestead receipt, which the entryman received on making entry, should be surrendered on making commuted or final homestead proof.

Parties are often put to a great loss and inconvenience by the loss of receiver's receipts, which should always be carefully preserved.

19. The application to make proof (blank No. 4-348, homestead), should be signed by the claimant himself. His four witnesses should, if possible, be near neighbors, fully conversant with the facts essential to perfect proof, and none of them should be a relative of the claimant.

20. It is the duty of applicant who makes proof before county officers to see that each question is filled out with complete answers; must show that he is a native born citizen of the United States, if such is the case; and if not, then certified copy of naturalization papers will be sufficient; if the entry is by a woman she must state specifically in the proof whether or not she is married or single; applicants should in every case see that the names of witnesses used in making proof are properly advertised, and that they sign their names as advertised, and in giving the names to be published they should ascertain and give their full christian names, and, if possible, the four living nearest the land for which proof is to be made. Much trouble and delay has been occasioned by doubtful or different spelling of names. Some persons have actually spelled their names three different ways in making one proof. This makes necessary correspondence and explanatory affidavits, causes delays in receipt of patents and places suspicion on proof.

21. The proof should, if possible, be taken on the day advertised, before the officer advertised, with the evidence of at least two of the witnesses advertised; these together with the duplicate receipt and the required fees and commissions should be sealed up and transmitted to the receiver, on the same day proof is taken.

22. The land office commissions, payable at the time of making final homestead proof, are as follows.

On land outside certain railroad limits:

For 160 acres .....	\$4
For 120 acres .....	3
For 80 acres .....	2
For 40 acres .....	1

On land within the railroad limits:

For 160 acres .....	\$8
For 120 acres .....	6
For 80 acres .....	4
For 40 acres .....	2

The fees for reducing testimony to writing in making final proof are fifteen cents for each 100 words, which in each case amounts to \$1, sometimes to \$1.50, which must be transmitted with the final proof commissions. In the Pacific states and Rocky Mountain regions the charges are one-half higher.

23. All applicants for land should see that their applications are made out for the exact numbers of land desired to be entered, which must lie and form a compact body. If for an adjoining farm, the land owned and resided on must form a compact body with the public land; and the two together must not exceed 160 acres.

24. A married woman has no right to make a homestead entry except under the conditions prescribed in act of June 6, 1900, above mentioned.

25. A single woman over the age of twenty-one years has the right to make a homestead entry.

26. A man has to be twenty-one years of age to make an entry, unless he is married or the head of a family, must be a citizen of the United States, native born or naturalized, or have declared his intention to become a citizen.

27. If a married woman who has been deserted by her husband desires to prove up, she should address the local officers of the land office, stating the nature of her case, and ascertain if she has the right to make proof.

28. In case of death of both father and mother, the guardian of the minor children after obtaining the required order of the probate court within two years of the death of the surviving parent, may sell the land for the exclusive benefit of such minor children, and patent will issue to the purchaser on payment of the office fees.

29. The widow or children of a homesteader are not required to reside on their homestead after his death, but must continue cultivation by agent or otherwise. The widow can enter a homestead in her own right while cultivating that of her deceased husband, in which event she must actually reside on the land entered in her own name.

30. In contests initiated by affidavit, the affidavit should be corroborated by preferably two witnesses. When service is had by publication, the posting of a copy of notice on the land, and mailing (by registered letter), a copy to contestee, to his last known and recorded address, are absolutely essential, as is also proof of both, and this is the duty of the parties or their attorneys, not of the land officers.

All affidavits filed as a basis for an order for the publication of notices in contest cases, except such as allege specifically that the entryman is a resident of a given place outside of the state, must contain the averment that the affiant has, within fifteen days last preceding the filing of the said affidavit, endeavored to ascertain the whereabouts of the defendant by diligently making the search and inquiries indicated on the blank form of affidavit (form 4-628), prescribed for that purpose. After the word "has" in the second line of the body of the affidavit, the words "with a view to obtaining personal service of notice" must be interlined in all affidavits not containing same. And the words "within the last fifteen days" must be inserted after the word "defendant" in the third line of the affidavit, so that the same will read when corrected: ..... being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is ..... in the above entitled contest; that he has, with a view to obtaining personal service of the notice, made diligent search and inquiry for the defendant within the last fifteen days (from date of affidavit) as



follows (stating the exact date, places and persons of whom inquiry was made). All affidavits not complying with the above will be rejected without consideration of any rights lost thereby.

31. Where a party desires to file a protest against an entry on the day of proof, it is the duty of the officer taking the proof to take down the protestant's testimony and that of his witnesses, and transmit the same with the proof to the local office. The party protesting must pay the cost of reducing the evidence of himself and witnesses to writing.

32. The government does not issue a general map, showing what are public untaken lands. Land offices are authorized by law to furnish plats or diagrams showing what lands are vacant and what lands are taken. Parties writing for numbers, dates, descriptions, etc., of several tracts can get this information by ordering plats from local officers.

The charges to be made by the local officers for the plat or diagram of a particular township are fixed as follows:

For plat showing what land is public and what entered ....	\$1.00
For plat showing entries and names of claimants .....	2.00
For plat showing entries and names, numbers and characters of land .....	3.00
For plats showing entries and names, numbers and character and date of entry, together with topography .....	4.00

For plat or diagram of a part of a township or section, a proportionate amount is charged.

33. Any person desiring information about public land should always give the section, township and range for which information is asked, together with the numbers of land, and such information will always be furnished free of charge by the local officers.

34. When patents are received at the office, the register and receiver at once prepare notices and send to the entrymen, when they can return their duplicate final receipts given them at the date proof was made and patents will be sent free of charge.

35. Papers once filed cannot be returned unless to correct a clerical error.

36. It is the duty of the applicant when he makes application to ascertain from county or other records the exact area in the tract, and if over 160 acres, he must, in addition to the \$14 entrance fee, pay for the excess over 160 acres at the rate of \$1.25 or \$2.50 per acre, as the case may be, many parties having lost their lands by such failure.

37. Where entry is made for land that has been covered by a prior entry, the residence will date from the time when the last entry is placed on record, or from date of cancellation of the first entry, or from date of settlement, if settlement was after the date of cancellation.

38. No person who is the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory shall acquire any right under the homestead law, and the disqualification to make homestead entry imposed by section 2289 U. S. R. S. upon a female owning more than 160 acres of land extends to one who holds land under a contract of purchase, though the payments thereunder have not been completed.

39. A homesteader forfeits his entry if he transfers any portion thereof before final receipt issues, except it be for school, church or cemetery purposes, or for the right of way of railroads, canals, or ditches for irrigating purposes.

40. Military bounty land warrants and other cheap scrip can be used at a discount in place of cash in commuted homestead entries, where the entryman, having resided on and cultivated the tract embraced by his homestead entry for fourteen months, advertises and makes the required proof.

41. The secretary of the interior is authorized, upon proof being made to his satisfaction that any tract of land has been erroneously sold by the United States, so that from any cause the sale cannot

be confirmed, to repay to the purchaser, or to his legal representatives or assigns, the sum of money which was paid therefor, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

42. In case of application for repayment where patent has not issued, the duplicate receipt must be surrendered. The applicant must also make affidavit that he has not transferred or otherwise encumbered the title of the land, and that said title has not become a matter of record. This affidavit may be made before either the register or receiver of the district land office, or before a notary public or a justice of the peace, or other officer authorized to administer oaths. When made before a notary public or justice of the peace, a certificate of official character is required.

43. Parties who have made entries of less than 160 acres of land are, under some circumstances, allowed to enter enough more land to make up 160 acres; in some cases they are permitted to relinquish their entries and make new entries. A full statement of the facts in each case should be submitted to the local officers for their judgment and advice.

44. Isolated tracts of land are those pieces that have become separated and disconnected in tracts of less than 160 acres by virtue of surrounding lands being entered under the homestead and other public land laws. Any person can cause them to be sold by depositing \$5 for advertising fee with the local land office, and making proper application at the local land office.

The following plat shows the system of numbering of sections—16 and 36 being school sections:

NORTH					
6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36
SOUTH					

**DECLARATION OF INTENTION.**—An alien seeking naturalization as a citizen of the United States must declare on oath before a circuit or district court of the United States, or a district or supreme court of the territories, or a court of record of any of the states having common law jurisdiction and a seal and a clerk, at least two years before his admission, that it is, bona fide, his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign state or ruler, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject; and

also that he is not opposed to any organized government, and not a member or affiliated with any organization teaching opposition to any organized government, and that he never has and does not teach the duty or necessity of unlawfully assaulting or killing any specific individuals or officers of any government on account of their official characters.

**OATH ON APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.**—At the time of his application for admission he must also declare, on oath, before some one of the courts above specified "that he will support the constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, and particularly by name to the prince, potentate, state or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject."

**CONDITIONS OF CITIZENSHIP.**—It must appear to the satisfaction of the court to which the alien has applied for final admission that he has resided continuously within the United States for at least five years, and in the state or territory where the court is held at least one year, and that during that time "he has behaved as a man of good moral character, is attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same."

**TITLES OF NOBILITY.**—If the applicant bears any hereditary titles or belong to any order of nobility, he must make an express renunciation at the time of his application.

**SEAMEN.**—Seamen who have declared their intention to become citizens, and who, subsequently to such declaration, have served three years on board a merchant vessel of the United States, may be admitted to citizenship.

**NAVY OR MARINE CORPS.**—Any alien, twenty-one years of age or over, who has served five years or over in the United States Navy or United States Marine Corps and has been honorably discharged, may, upon application to a court as specified above, proof of good moral character, five years' service and honorable discharge, be admitted a citizen of the United States.

**WIFE.**—A wife becomes a citizen by her husband's naturalization, if she might herself be lawfully naturalized.

**MINORS.**—Any alien under the age of twenty-one, who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his twenty-first birthday, and has continued to reside therein up to the time he makes application to be admitted a citizen, may, after he arrives at the age of twenty-one, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen; but he must take a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for two years next preceding, it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen.

**CHILDREN OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.**—The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under twenty-one at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens.

**CITIZENS' CHILDREN BORN ABROAD.**—The children of persons who are now or have been citizens of the United States are considered as citizens, though they may be born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States.

**CHINESE.**—The naturalization of Chinese is prohibited by section 14, chapter 126, laws of 1882.

**PROTECTION OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.**—Section 2,000 of the Revised Statutes of the United States expressly declares that "all naturalized citizens of the United States while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from this government the same protection of person and property which is accorded to native-born citizens."

**THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.**—The right to vote is conferred by the state, naturalization by the United States. In several states aliens, who have declared their intentions, enjoy the right to vote equally with naturalized or native-born citizens. But the federal naturalization laws apply to the whole union alike, and no alien may be naturalized until after five years' residence, except an honorably discharged soldier or a person whose parents have been naturalized while he was under twenty-one years of age, as above recited. Even after five years' residence and due naturalization he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the state confer the privilege upon him.

In North Dakota to be an elector one must be a citizen of the United States or "has declared his intention to become such one year and not more than six years prior to election day."

### MISCELLANEOUS TABLE OF THINGS, DISTANCES, BOOKS, ETC.

- A book composed of sheets folded into 2 leaves is a folio.
- A book composed of sheets folded into 4 leaves is a quarto.
- A book composed of sheets folded into 8 leaves is an octavo (8vo.)
- A book composed of sheets folded into 12 leaves is a duodecimo (12mo).
- A book composed of sheets folded into 16 leaves is a 16mo.
- 12 units make a dozen.
- 12 dozen make a gross.
- 12 gross (144 dozen) make 1 great gross.
- 20 units make 1 score.
- 56 pounds of butter make 1 firkin.
- 100 pounds of fish make 1 quintal.
- 196 pounds of flour make 1 barrel.
- 200 pounds of beef, pork, shad or salmon make 1 barrel.
- 24 sheets of paper make 1 quire.
- 20 quires make 1 ream.
- 2 reams make 1 bundle.
- 5 bundles make 1 bale.
- 3 barleycorns make one inch.
- 18 inches make 1 cubit.
- 22 inches make 1 sacred cubit.
- 9 gallons make one English firkin.
- 2 firkins make 1 kilderkin.
- 2 kilderkins make 1 barrel.
- 25 pounds make 1 keg (powder).
- 100 pounds make 1 cental (grain measure).
- 100 pounds make 1 cask (raisin measure).
- 256 pounds make 1 barrel of soap.
- 280 pounds make 1 barrel of salt.
- 31½ gallons make 1 barrel (wine measure).
- 42 gallons make 1 tierce (wine measure).
- 63 gallons make 1 hogshead (wine measure).
- 84 gallons make 1 puncheon (wine measure).
- 126 gallons make 1 pipe (wine measure).
- 252 gallons make 1 tun (wine measure).
- 8 bushels of wheat (of 70 pounds each) make 1 quarter (European measure).
- 8 bushels of salt make 1 hogshead.
- 36 bushels of coal make 1 chaldron (English).
- 32 bushels make 1 chaldron (American).
- 14 pounds make 1 stone.
- 21½ stones make 1 pig (iron).
- 8 pigs make 1 fother.
- 24¾ cubic feet (masonry) make 1 perch.
- 100 square feet (carpentry) make 1 square.

1,760 yards (5,280 feet) make 1 statute mile.  
2,028.68 yards (6,085.9 feet) make 1 nautical mile.  
3 miles make 1 league.  
69½ statute miles make 1 degree (of latitude).  
60 geographical miles make 1 degree (of latitude).  
360 degrees make 1 circle.  
60 pairs of shoes make 1 case.  
9 inches make 1 quarter (of a yard).  
¾ inch makes 1 ell (Flemish).  
5 quarters make 1 ell (English).  
6 quarters make 1 ell (French).  
4 inches make 1 hand (measuring horses).  
6 feet make 1 fathom (depth of water).  
120 fathoms make 1 cable-length.  
7 1-3 cable-lengths make 1 mile.  
640 acres make 1 square mile.  
36 square miles make 1 township.  
4 farthings make 1 penny (marked d).  
12 pence make 1 shilling (marked s).  
20 shillings make 1 pound (marked £).  
21 shillings make 1 guinea.  
5 shillings make 1 crown.

### USEFUL INFORMATION ABOUT STEAM.

A cubic inch of water evaporated under atmospheric pressure is approximately converted into one cubic foot of steam.

The horse power of boilers, as per standard adopted by the Am. S. M. E., is 30 pounds water evaporated per hour at a pressure of 70 pounds per square inch and from a temperature of 100 deg. Fahr.

Well designed boilers, under successful operation, will evaporate from 7 to 10 pounds of water per pound of first class coal.

Each square foot of heating surface is considered sufficient to evaporate two pounds of water; therefore, for an engine using 30 pounds water per horse power per hour, each horse power of the engine requires 15 square feet heating surface in the boiler.

On one square foot of fire grate can be burned on an average from 10 to 12 pounds hard coal, or 18 to 20 pounds soft coal, per hour, with natural draft.

Two and one-quarter pounds of dry wood is equal to one pound of average quality of soft coal.

Steam engines consume from 12 to 50 pounds of feed water, and from 1¼ to 7 pounds of coal, per hour per indicated horse power.

Condensing engines require from 20 to 30 times the amount of feed water for condensing purposes; approximately for most engines, 1 to 1½ gallons condensing water per minute per indicated horse power.

Surface condensers for compound steam engines require two square feet of cooling surface per horse power; ordinary engines will require more surface according to their economy in the use of steam. It is absolutely necessary that the air-pump should be set lower than the condenser for satisfactory results.

The effect of a good air-pump and condenser should be to get 25 inches of vacuum and to make available about 10 pounds more mean effective pressure with the same terminal pressure, or to give the same mean effective pressure with a correspondingly less terminal pressure. Approximately, a good condenser will save one-fourth of the fuel consumed, or, in other words, increase the power of the engine one-fourth, the fuel consumption remaining the same.

### USEFUL INFORMATION ABOUT WATER, ETC.

- 1 cubic inch weighs .0361 pounds.
- 1 pound contains 27.7 cubic inches.
- 1 cubic foot weighs 62.4245 pounds at 39 deg. F.; 7.48 gallons U. S.; 6.2321 gallons Imperial.
- 1 gallon U. S. weighs 8.33111 pounds; 231 cubic inches; .113368 cubic feet.
- 1 Imperial gallon weighs 10 pounds at 62 deg. F.; 277.274 cubic inches; .16046 cubic feet.
- 1 pound pressure equals 2.31 feet in height.
- 1 foot in height equals .433 pounds pressure.
- Petroleum weighs  $6\frac{1}{2}$  pounds per U. S. gallon, 42 gallons to the barrel.

To convert Imperial gallons into U. S. gallons, multiply by the factor 1.2. To convert U. S. Gallons into Imperial gallons multiply by the factor .8333.

A miner's inch is a measure for flow of water, and is the quantity of water that will flow in one minute through an opening one inch square in a plank 2 inches thick under a head of  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inches to the center of the orifice. This is equivalent, approximately, to 1.53 cubic feet, or  $11\frac{1}{2}$  gallons per minute.

To find the diameter of pump plungers to pump a given quantity of water at 100 feet piston speed per minute, divide the number of gallons by 4, then extract the square root, and the result will be the diameter in inches of the plungers.

To find the number of gallons delivered per minute by a single double-acting pump at 100 feet piston speed per minute, square the diameters of the plungers, then multiply by 4.

The mean pressure of the atmosphere is usually estimated at 14.7 pounds per square inch, so that with a perfect vacuum it will sustain a column of mercury 29.9 inches, or a column of water 33.9 feet high at sea level.

To determine the proportion between the steam and the pump cylinder, multiply the given area of the pump cylinder by the resistance on the pump in pounds per square inch, and divide the product by the available pressure of steam in pounds per square inch. The product equals the area of the steam cylinder. To this must be added an extra area to overcome the friction, which is usually taken at 25 per cent.

The resistance of friction in the flow of water through pipes of uniform diameter is independent of the pressure and increases directly as the length and the square of the velocity of the flow, and inversely as the diameter of the pipe. With wooden pipes the friction is 1.75 times greater than in metallic. Doubling the diameter increases the capacity four times.

To determine the velocity in feet per minute necessary to discharge a given volume of water in a given time, multiply the number of cubic feet of water by 144 and divide the product by the area of the pipe in inches.

To determine the area of a required pipe, the volume and velocity of water being given, multiply the number of cubic feet of water by 144 and divide the product by the velocity in feet per minute.

To find the number of gallons in a tank, multiply the inside bottom diameter in inches by the inside top diameter in inches, then this product by 34, point off four figures, and the result will be the average number of gallons to one inch in depth of tank.

For the circumference of a circle, multiply the diameter by 3.1416.

For the diameter of a circle, multiply the circumference by .31831.

For the area of a circle, multiply the square of the diameter by .7854.

For the size of an equal square, multiply the diameter by .8862.

For the surface of a ball, multiply the square of the diameter by 3.1416.

For the cubic inches in a ball, multiply the cube of the diameter by .5236.

## ALTITUDES IN NORTH DAKOTA.

	Feet.
Bathgate .....	821
Belfield .....	2,577
Bismarck .....	1,677
Bismarck (Missouri river, low water) .....	1,616
Bottineau .....	1,644
Burlington .....	1,585
Butte St. Paul, Turtle Mountains .....	2,300
Cando .....	1,490
Carrington .....	1,584
Casselton .....	930
Churchs Ferry .....	1,461
Cooperstown .....	1,428
Coteau de Missouri .....	2,400
Gladstone .....	2,346
Glenullin .....	2,070
Devils Lake .....	1,467
Dickinson .....	2,403
Driscoll .....	1,835
Fargo .....	903
Fessenden .....	1,607
Ft. Berthold .....	1,773
Grafton .....	824
Grand Forks .....	826
Grand Harbor .....	1,460
Harvey .....	1,596
Hillsboro .....	901
Jamestown .....	1,408
Kenmare .....	1,792
Lakota .....	1,514
LaMoure .....	1,403
Langdon .....	1,610
Larimore .....	1,134
Leeds .....	1,519
Lisbon .....	1,091
Little Missouri .....	2,255
Mandan .....	1,644
Milton .....	1,586
Minnewaukan .....	1,461
Minot .....	1,558
Park River .....	998
Pembina .....	753
Portal .....	1,952
Richardton .....	2,464
Rugby .....	1,567
Sentinel Butte .....	2,707
Sheyenne river bed, N. P. crossing .....	1,409
Sims .....	1,960
Steele .....	1,867
St. Johns .....	1,950
Summit (Billings county) .....	2,830
Valley City .....	1,227
Velva .....	1,516
Wahpeton .....	965
Williston .....	1,950
Willow City .....	1,478
Winnipeg (Manitoba) .....	750

Many of these elevations were taken at railroad levels at the respective places.

## GOVERNORS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States	Capitals	Governors	Term, Years	Expiration of Term	Salary
Alabama	Montgomery	Braxton B. Comer	4	January, 1911	\$5,000
Alaska	Sitka	John G. Brady*	4	June 6, 1908	3,000
Arizona	Phoenix	Joseph K. Kibbey	4	December, 1909	3,000
Arkansas	Little Rock	John S. Little	4	January, 1909	3,000
California	Sacramento	James N. Gillett	2	January, 1911	6,000
Colorado	Denver	Henry A. Buchtel	2	January 10, 1909	5,000
Connecticut	Hartford	Rollin S. Woodruff	2	January 9, 1909	4,000
Delaware	Dover	Preston Lea	4	January, 1909	2,000
Florida	Tallahassee	N. B. Broward	4	January, 1900	5,000
Georgia	Atlanta	J. M. Terrell	2	June, 1907	5,000
Hawaii	Honolulu	Geo. R. Carter	4	November 23, 1907	5,000
Idaho	Boise	Frank R. Gooding	2	January 7, 1909	5,000
Illinois	Springfield	Chas. S. Deneen	4	January, 1909	6,000
Indiana	Indianapolis	J. F. Hanly	4	January, 1909	8,000
Iowa	Des Moines	A. B. Cummins	2	January, 1909	5,000
Kansas	Topeka	E. W. Hoch	2	January 10, 1909	5,000
Kentucky	Frankfort	J. C. W. Beckham	4	December, 1907	6,500
Louisiana	Baton Rouge	N. C. Blanchard	4	May, 1908	5,000
Maine	Augusta	W. T. Cobb	2	December, 1908	3,000
Maryland	Annapolis	Edwin Warfield	4	January 13, 1908	4,500
Massachusetts	Boston	Curtis Guild, Jr.	1	January, 1907	8,000
Michigan	Lansing	F. M. Warner	2	January 1, 1909	4,000
Minnesota	St. Paul	J. A. Johnson	2	January 1, 1909	5,000
Mississippi	Jackson	J. K. Vardaman	4	January 18, 1908	4,500
Missouri	Jefferson City	Jos. W. Folk	4	January, 1909	5,000
Montana	Helena	J. K. Toole	4	January 4, 1909	5,000
Nebraska	Lincoln	George L. Sheldon	2	January 1, 1909	5,000
Nevada	Carson City	John Sparks	4	December 31, 1910	2,500
New Hampshire	Concord	John McLeanet	4	January 3, 1907	2,000
New Jersey	Trenton	E. C. Stokes	3	January 17, 1908	10,000



New Mexico	Santa Fe	Herbert G. Hagerman*	4	January 22, 1910	3,000
New York	Albany	Charles E. Hughes	2	January 1, 1909	10,000
North Carolina	Raleigh	R. B. Glenn	4	January 1, 1909	4,000
North Dakota	Bismarck	John Burke	2	January 1, 1909	3,000
Ohio	Columbus	Andrew L. Harris	**3	January 8, 1909	8,000
Oklahoma	Guthrie	Frank Frantz*	4	January 13, 1910	2,400
Oregon	Salem	George E. Chamberlain	4	January 17, 1911	5,000
Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	E. S. Stuart	4	January 31, 1908	10,000
Porto Rico	Ponce	Beekman Winthrop	4	December 1, 1908	8,000
Rhode Island	Providence	James H. Higgins	1	January 1, 1909	3,000
South Carolina	Columbia	M. F. Ansel	2	January 1, 1909	3,000
South Dakota	Pierre	Coe I. Crawford	2	January 15, 1909	4,000
Tennessee	Nashville	Malcom R. Patterson	2	January 1, 1909	4,000
Texas	Austin	Thomas M. Campbell	2	January 1, 1909	4,000
Utah	Salt Lake City	John C. Cutler	4	January 1, 1909	4,000
Vermont	Montpelier	Fletcher D. Proctor	2	October 1, 1910	1,500
Virginia	Richmond	Claude A. Swanson	4	February 1, 1910	5,000
Washington	Olympia	Albert E. Mead	4	January 1, 1909	4,000
West Virginia	Charleston	W. M. O. Dawson	4	March 4, 1909	5,000
Wisconsin	Madison	I. O. Davidson	2	January 1, 1909	5,000
Wyoming	Cheyenne	B. B. Brooks	4	January 1, 1911	2,500

\* Governors nominated by the president and confirmed by the senate.

\*\*Regular term two years, but extended on this occasion pursuant to constitutional amendment.

†There was no choice by the people in the election for governor in 1906, and the election will devolve on the legislature, which meets in January, 1907, when Charles M. Floyd, the republican candidate, will probably be elected.

His term will expire January 7, 1909.

IRRIGATION QUANTITY TABLE.

Amount of Water Required to Cover One Acre to Given Depths			Second Feet Reduced to Gallons and Acre Feet				Gallons Required to Cover a Given Number of Acres to a Depth of One Foot (Acre Foot)	
Depth in Inches and Feet (Acre and Acre Feet)	Cubic Feet (or Second Feet) Contained in One Acre to Given Depths (Given in First Column)	Gallons	Second Feet	Gallons Per Minute	Gallons Per Pumping Day of Twelve Hours	Acres Per Pumping Day of Twelve Hours	Acres (or Number of Acre Feet)	Gallons
1 in.	3.630	27,154	1 1/4	112.2	80,790	.2479	1	325,851
2 in.	7.260	54,309	1 1/2	224.4	161,579	.4959	2	651,703
3 in.	10.890	81,463	3/4	336.6	242,369	.7438	3	977,554
4 in.	14.520	108,617	1	448.8	323,158	.9917	4	1,303,406
5 in.	18.150	135,771	1 1/4	561.0	403,948	1.2397	5	1,629,257
6 in.	21.780	162,926	1 1/2	673.2	484,738	1.4876	6	1,955,109
7 in.	25.410	190,080	1 3/4	785.5	565,527	1.7355	7	2,280,960
8 in.	29.040	217,234	2	897.7	646,317	1.9835	8	2,606,812
9 in.	32.670	244,389	2 1/2	1,122.1	807,896	2.4793	9	2,932,663
10 in.	36.300	271,542	3	1,346.5	969,475	2.9752	10	3,258,515
11 in.	39.930	298,697	4	1,795.3	1,292,634	3.9659	15	4,887,772
1 ft., 0 in.	43.560	325,851	5	2,244.2	1,615,792	4.9566	20	6,512,020
1 ft., 1 in.	50.820	380,160	6	2,693.0	1,938,951	5.9503	25	8,146,286
1 ft., 2 in.	58.080	434,469	7	3,141.8	2,262,109	6.9421	30	9,775,544
1 ft., 3 in.	65.340	488,777	8	3,590.6	2,585,268	7.9338	40	13,034,058
1 ft., 4 in.	72.600	543,086	9	4,039.5	2,908,426	8.9255	60	19,551,087
1 ft., 5 in.	79.860	597,304	10	4,488.3	3,231,585	9.9173	80	26,068,116
2 ft., 0 in.	87.120	651,703	20	8,976.6	6,463,170	19.8345	160	52,136,232

One cubic foot of water per second (exact 7.48052 gallons), constant flow is known as the "second foot." The "acre foot" is the quantity of water required to cover one acre to a depth of one foot.

## POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA

## State Census of 1905.

## BARNES COUNTY.

Alta township .....	246
Anderson township .....	171
Baldwin township .....	206
Binghampton township .....	597
Clark City township .....	124
Cuba township .....	228
Dazey village .....	231
Dazey township .....	207
Edna township .....	254
Greenland township .....	191
Green township .....	293
Grand Prairie township .....	174
Herman township .....	219
Hobart township .....	207
Lake township .....	144
Litchville village .....	285
Mansfield township .....	185
Minnie Lake township .....	214
Noltmier township .....	285
Norma township .....	287
Oakhill township .....	585
Oriska township .....	340
Pierce township .....	214
Potter township .....	196
Rosebud township .....	238
Rogers township .....	193
Rariton township .....	455
Sanborn village .....	300
Svea township .....	152
Skandia township .....	224
Spring Creek township .....	252
Springvale Township .....	296
Thordenskjold township .....	600
Uxbridge township .....	224
Wimbledon village .....	450
Valley City .....	4,059
Weimer township .....	154
Unorganized territory in Second Commissioner District comprising township 138, range 58, and township 139, range 59 .....	517
Unorganized territory in Third Commissioner District, comprising township 143, range 56; township 141, range 58; township 142, range 58; township 143 range 58; township 141, range 59 .....	951
Unorganized territory in Fourth Commissioner District, comprising twnship 140, range 58 .....	153
Unorganized territory in Fifth Commissioner District, comprising township 140, range 61 and township 141, range 61 .....	425
Total .....	15,726

## BENSON COUNTY.

Minnewaukan village .....	445
Leeds .....	520
Esmod .....	531
Albert township .....	270
Aurora township .....	254
Beaver township ....	242
Butte Valley township .....	224
Broe township .....	247
Iowa township .....	162
Isabel township .....	233
Irvine township .....	218
Leeds township .....	369
Hesper township .....	250
Knox township .....	555
McClellan township .....	208
North Viking township .....	410
Normania township .....	352
Oberon township .....	493
Pleasant Lake township .....	282
Riggin township .....	251
York township .....	424
West Antelope township .....	248
Twin Lake township .....	242
Brinsmade village .....	152
First commissioner district .....	218
Second commissioner district .....	652
Third commissioner district .....	911
Total .....	9,363

## BILLINGS COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	725
Second Commissioner District .....	1,200
Third Commissioner District .....	760
Total .....	2,685

## BOTTINEAU COUNTY.

Roland township .....	1,529
Scandia township .....	301
Scotia township .....	270
Richburg township .....	425
Wayne township .....	238
Antler township .....	229
Wheaton township .....	1,250
Fidsvold township .....	445
Sergius township .....	763
Hoffman township .....	955
Starbuck township .....	339
Kane township .....	160
Brauder township .....	379
Renville township .....	260
Cut Bank .....	1,427
Stone Creek .....	289
Tacoma township .....	293
Newborg township .....	245

## BOTTINEAU—Continued.

Lewis township .....	188
Mount Rose .....	185
Blaine township .....	754
Chatfield township .....	192
Elms township .....	174
Lansford .....	227
Willow City village .....	676
Omamee township .....	504
Bottineau city .....	1,227
Souris village .....	352
Westhope village .....	626
Lansford village .....	272
Total .....	15,174

## BURLEIGH COUNTY.

Bismarck city .....	4,913
First Commissioner District .....	839
Second Commissioner District .....	959
Third Commissioner District .....	1,375
Painted Woods township .....	166
Grass Lake .....	204
Lake View township .....	53
Driscoll township .....	120
Hazelgrove township .....	195
Menoken .....	129
Logan township .....	80
Glenview township .....	113
Crofte township .....	185
Telfer township .....	37
Boyd township .....	44
Apple Creek township .....	103
Ecklund township .....	360
Total .....	9,875

## CASS COUNTY.

Fargo .....	12,512
Casselton City .....	1,269
Hunter village .....	390
Buffalo village .....	237
Mapleton village .....	237
Tower City village .....	461
Page village .....	493
Davenport village .....	250
Amenia township .....	370
Arthur township .....	324
Addison township .....	349
Berlin township .....	290
Barnes township .....	368
Buffalo township .....	185
Bell township .....	247
Cornell township .....	176
Clifton township .....	269
Casselton township .....	253
Davenport township .....	411

## CASS—Continued.

Durbin township	137
Empire township	271
Erie township	317
Eldred township	364
Everest township	204
Fargo township	316
Gill township	235
Gardner township	335
Gunkel township	272
Harmony township	179
Hunter township	254
Howe township	394
Highland township	250
Harwood township	408
Hill township	285
Kinyon township	381
Leonard township	349
Lake township	191
Mapleton township	246
Maple River township	339
Noble township	289
Normania township	927
Pleasant township	643
Pontiac township	316
Rochester township	194
Rush River township	250
Reed township	394
Raymond township	273
Rich township	198
Page township	188
Stanley township	812
Tower township	168
Watson township	275
Walberg township	457
Wheatland township	502
Warner township	500
Wiser township	262
Dows township	161
Township 139, range 48	24
Ayr township	304
Total	31,955

## CAVALIER COUNTY.

Alma township	292
Banner township	317
Billings township	408
Bruce township	100
Cypress township	406
Dresden township	490
Easby township	354
East Alma township	399
Elgin township	390
Fremont township	502
Glenila township	226
Gordon township	327
Grey township	221
Harvey township	249
Henderson township	590

## CAVALIER—Continued.

Hope township .....	752
Huron township .....	242
Langdon township .....	246
Langdon city .....	1,544
Linden .....	709
Loam township .....	758
Manila township .....	246
Milton township .....	425
Minto township .....	193
Montrose township .....	812
Moscow township .....	347
Mount Carmel township .....	513
Olga township .....	1,025
Osnabrock township .....	378
Osnabrock village .....	397
Perry township .....	395
Seivert township .....	241
South Dresden township .....	516
Skier township .....	243
Storlie township .....	245
Waterloo township .....	263
Total .....	15,761

## DICKEY COUNTY.

Albion township .....	120
Ada township .....	210
Bare Creek township .....	188
Clement township .....	317
Ellendale city .....	1,099
Ellendale township .....	89
Elden township .....	138
Elm township .....	62
Hudson township .....	140
James River Valley township .....	364
Kent township .....	110
Kentner township .....	122
Keystone township .....	258
Lovell township .....	230
Merricourt village .....	399
Oakes city .....	1,303
Port Emma township .....	107
Porter township .....	360
Riverside township .....	155
Spring Valley township .....	603
Valley township .....	80
Van Meter township .....	147
Whitestone township .....	514
Wright township .....	136
Yorktown township .....	161
Total .....	7,412

## EDDY COUNTY.

New Rockford .....	800
Sheyenne village .....	291
Paradise township .....	150
Township 148, range 63 .....	99
Township 148, range 64 .....	100
Township 148, range 65 .....	189
Township 148, range 66 .....	195
Township 148, range 67 .....	212
Township 149, range 62 .....	193
Township 149, range 63 .....	200
Township 149, range 64 .....	148
Township 149, range 65 .....	107
Township 149, range 66 .....	125
Township 149, range 67 .....	154
Township 150, range 62 .....	129
Township 150, range 63 .....	49
Township 150, range 64 .....	64
Township 150, range 65 .....	195
Township 150, range 66 .....	239
Greenfield township .....	267
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>3,906</b>

## EMMONS COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	899
Second Commissioner District .....	1,237
Third Commissioner District .....	1,688
Fourth Commissioner District .....	1,764
Fifth Commissioner District .....	830
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>6,418</b>

## FOSTER COUNTY.

Carrington .....	1,106
First Commissioner District .....	1,084
Glenfield township .....	265
Campbell township .....	191
Haven township .....	187
Carrington township .....	196
Rose Hill township .....	189
Wyard township .....	155
McHenry village .....	417
Third Commissioner District .....	953
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>4,743</b>



## GRAND FORKS COUNTY.

Arvilla township	341
Americus township	416
Allendale township	297
Agnes township	305
Avon township	287
Bentru township	293
Blooming township	386
Brenna township	283
Chester township	410
Elm Grove township	218
Elkmount township	284
Fairfield township	163
Falconer township	118
Ferry township	587
Gilby township	624
Grace township	297
Grand Forks township	571
Hegton township	166
Inkster township	212
Johnston township	304
Loretta township	425
Lakeville township	276
Lind township	408
Larimore township	209
Levant township	134
Logan township	253
Mekinock township	432
Michigan township	283
Moraine township	208
Niagara township	377
Northwood township	537
Oakville township	211
Plymouth township	292
Pleasant View	317
Rye township	121
Strabane township	297
Turtle River township	257
Union township	481
Walle township	759
Washington township	421
Wheatfield township	168
Reynolds city	163
Inkster city	432
Northwood city	709
Larimore city	1,635
Grand Forks city	10,127
Total	26,494

## GRIGGS COUNTY.

Cooperstown	1,002
Addie township	335
Ball Hill township	263
Bartley township	250
Broadview township	214
Bryan township	264
Cooperstown township	263
Clearfield township	165

## GRIGGS—Continued.

Dover township .....	224
Greenfield township .....	512
Helena township .....	173
Lenora township .....	193
Mabel township .....	210
Pilot Mound township .....	235
Rosendal township .....	213
Romness township .....	274
Sverdrup township .....	335
Tyrol township .....	318
Washburn township .....	281
Willow township .....	172
Township 146, range 61 .....	107
Total .....	5,993

## KIDDER COUNTY.

Allen township .....	80
Buckeye township .....	40
Manning township .....	45
Steele village .....	212
Sibley township .....	165
Pleasant Hill township .....	127
Woodlawn township .....	84
First Commissioner District .....	736
Second Commissioner District .....	478
Third Commissioner District .....	340
Total .....	2,307

## L'MOURE COUNTY.

LaMoure village .....	707
Edgeley village .....	415
Kulm village .....	587
Verona village .....	102
Black Loam township .....	309
Gladstone township .....	261
Golden township .....	196
Glen township .....	176
Grand View township .....	168
Grand Rapids township .....	162
Greenville township .....	178
Henrietta township .....	205
Litchville township .....	309
Nora township .....	165
Norden township .....	235
Prairie township .....	330
Sheridan township .....	359
Saratoga township ..	177
Roscoe township .....	288
Twin Lake township .....	189
Willow Bank township .....	101
Wano township .....	124
District No. 3 .....	851
District No. 4 .....	553
District No. 5 .....	568
Total .....	7,715

## LOGAN COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	1,480
Second Commissioner District .....	843
Third Commissioner District .....	1,793
Total .....	4,116

## M'HENRY COUNTY.

Towner village .....	535
Balfour village .....	522
Granville village .....	500
Berwick township .....	380
Kottke Valley township .....	206
Granville township .....	246
Norwich township .....	301
Egg Creek township .....	161
Grilley township .....	260
Little Deep township .....	239
Layton township .....	226
Pratt township .....	232
Deep River township .....	227
Cottonwood Lake township .....	210
Olivia township .....	171
Bjornson township .....	185
Strege township .....	275
Roosevelt township .....	325
Spring Grove township .....	248
Brown township .....	228
Velva township .....	505
Lake Hester township .....	224
Regstad township .....	445
North Prairie township .....	302
Meadow township .....	272
Voltaire township .....	175
Odine township .....	202
First Commissioner District .....	704
Third Commissioner District .....	2,410
Fifth Commissioner District .....	1,605
Township 154, range 77 .....	302
Township 154, range 78 .....	236
Township 155, range 77 .....	165
Township 155, range 78 .....	182
Township 156, range 77 .....	338
Township 156, range 78 .....	233
Township 157, ranges 78, 79, 80 .....	823
Township 151, range 77 .....	381
Total .....	15,231

## M'INTOSH COUNTY.

Ashley .....	474
First Commissioner District .....	1,865
Second Commissioner District .....	1,484
Third Commissioner District .....	2,265
Total .....	6,088

## M'KENZIE COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	527
Second Commissioner District .....	691
Third Commissioner District .....	150
Total .....	1,368

## M'LEAN COUNTY.

Washburn village .....	898
Wilton village .....	302
Butte township .....	303
Blue Hill township .....	161
Denhoff township .....	318
Douglas township .....	162
Emmett township .....	253
Heaton township .....	142
St. Mary's township .....	235
Underwood township .....	407
First Commissioner District .....	1,185
Second Commissioner District .....	2,787
Third Commissioner District .....	3,673
Fourth Commissioner District .....	3,975
Township 145, ranges 74, 76, 77 and 78 .....	444
Total .....	15,245

## MERCER COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	501
Second Commissioner District .....	443
Third Commissioner District .....	535
Fourth Commissioner District .....	604
Fifth Commissioner District .....	108
Total .....	2,191

## MORTON COUNTY.

Mandan .....	2,714
New Salem .....	527
Glen Ullin .....	545
Hebron .....	307
Sims' .....	118
Blue Grass township .....	510
Custer township .....	105
Sims township .....	98
District A .....	2,565
District C .....	1,677
District D .....	1,118
District E .....	3,079
Total .....	13,363

## NELSON COUNTY.

Adler township .....	255
Aneta city .....	643
Bergen township .....	295
Central township .....	293
Clara township .....	241
Dahlen township .....	302
Dayton township .....	155
Dodds township .....	221
Enterprise township .....	246
Field township .....	314
Forde township .....	273
Harlin township .....	333
Illinois township .....	200
Kelly township .....	194
Lakota township .....	421
Lee township .....	379
Leval township .....	154
Lakota city .....	900
Melvin township .....	255
Michigan township .....	385
Michigan village .....	529
Nash township .....	204
Nesheim township .....	317
Ora township .....	321
Osage township .....	280
Petersburg township .....	584
Rubin township .....	238
Rugh township .....	233
Sarnia township .....	187
Wanduska township .....	150
Total .....	9,501

## OLIVER COUNTY.

First Commissioner District .....	1,227
Second Commissioner District .....	397
Third Commissioner District .....	821
Total .....	2,445

## PEMBINA COUNTY.

Pembina city .....	918
St. Thomas village .....	708
Bathgate village .....	561
Cavalier village .....	744
Neche village .....	613
Drayton village .....	601
Walhalla village .....	520
Crystal village .....	400
Hamilton village .....	187
Canton village .....	120
Advance township .....	440
Akra township .....	479
Bathgate township .....	231

## PEMBINA—Continued.

Beaulien township .....	435
Carlisle township .....	535
Crystal township .....	400
Cavalier township .....	800
Drayton township .....	313
Elora township .....	275
Gardar township .....	622
Hamilton township .....	422
Joliette township .....	431
LaMoure township .....	323
Lincoln township .....	434
Midland township .....	434
Neché township .....	496
Lodema township .....	309
Park township .....	311
Pembina township .....	428
St. Joseph township .....	1,214
St. Thomas township .....	649
Thingvalla township .....	726
Walhalla township .....	333
Total .....	16,412

## PIERCE COUNTY.

Rugby village .....	1,072
Alexander township .....	377
Barton township .....	350
Elling township .....	256
Elvern township .....	242
Jefferson township .....	361
Rosedale township .....	115
Tuscorora township .....	287
Norman township .....	365
White township .....	260
First Commissioner District .....	693
Second Commissioner District .....	1,034
Third Commissioner District .....	1,114
Fourth Commissioner District .....	559
Fifth Commissioner District .....	549
Total .....	7,643

## RAMSEY COUNTY.

Devils Lake city .....	2,367
Churchs Ferry village .....	376
Edmore village .....	348
Crary .....	285
Starkweather .....	194
Bartlett village .....	114
Bartlett township .....	280
Bergen township .....	200
Coulee township .....	397
Cleveland township .....	184
Dry Lake township .....	218

## RAMSEY—Continued.

DeGroat township .....	222
Fancher township .....	246
Freshwater township .....	236
Grand Harbor township .....	447
Hope township .....	151
Highland township .....	231
Lawton township .....	394
Lake township .....	323
Lillehoff township .....	481
Minnewaukan township .....	520
Morris township .....	179
Norway township .....	234
Noonan township .....	219
Northfield township .....	335
Newbre township .....	181
Newland township .....	309
Odessa township .....	243
Ontario township .....	253
Overland township .....	161
Prospect township .....	197
Pleasant township .....	196
Royal township .....	237
Sullivan township .....	114
Stevens township .....	256
Webster township .....	272
First Commissioner District .....	116
Second Commissioner District .....	121
Fourth Commissioner District .....	142
Total .....	11,979

## RANSOM COUNTY.

Lisbon city .....	1,362
Enderlin city .....	1,104
Sheldon village .....	338
Big Bend township .....	210
Owego township .....	274
Preston township .....	342
Liberty township .....	285
Sandoun township .....	284
Springer township .....	245
Aliceton township .....	218
Casey township .....	374
Shenford township .....	382
Fort Ransom township .....	499
Rosemeade township .....	221
Elliott township .....	194
Sydna township .....	167
Northland township .....	323
Moore township .....	314
Coburn township .....	96
Second Commissioner District .....	382
Third Commissioner District .....	618
Fifth Commissioner District .....	209
Township 136, range 54 .....	198
Total .....	8,634

## RICHLAND COUNTY.

Antelope township .....	272
Abercrombie township .....	728
Abercrombie village .....	357
Brightwood township .....	347
Barrie township .....	407
Brandenberg township .....	539
Belford township .....	332
Colfax township .....	643
Center township .....	383
Dwight township .....	612
DeVillo township .....	288
Dexter township .....	350
Danton township .....	321
Elma township .....	308
Eagle township .....	773
Fairmount village .....	368
Fairmount township .....	407
Freeman township .....	225
Garfield township .....	378
Greenfield township .....	345
Grant township .....	371
Grafton township .....	250
Garborg township .....	278
Helendale township .....	250
Hankinson city .....	1,047
Homestead township .....	184
Ibsen township .....	285
Liberty township .....	321
Lidgerwood city .....	749
LeMars township .....	263
Mooreton township .....	338
Moran township .....	315
Park township .....	641
Summit township .....	628
Sheyenne township .....	204
Viking township .....	195
Walcott township .....	1,085
Wyndmere village .....	287
Wyndmere township .....	258
West End township .....	115
Waldo township .....	186
Wahpeton city .....	2,741
Total .....	19,379

## ROLETTE COUNTY.

Rolla village .....	561
St. John village .....	229
Currie township .....	138
Fairview township .....	303
Gilbert township .....	400
Kohlmeir township .....	205
Mt. Pleasant township .....	384
First Commissioner District .....	756
Second Commissioner District .....	922
Third Commissioner District .....	2,157
Fourth Commissioner District .....	787
Total .....	6,842



## SARGENT COUNTY.

Bowen township .....	255
Brampton township .....	187
Cogswell township .....	290
Dunbar township .....	277
Denver township .....	135
Forman village .....	304
Forman township .....	134
Harlem township .....	204
Herman township .....	304
Havana township .....	278
Hall township .....	475
Jackson township .....	165
Kingston township .....	435
Milnor township .....	192
Milnor village .....	437
Marboe township .....	283
Rutland township .....	252
Ransom township .....	392
Sargent .....	224
Southwest township .....	113
Sherman township .....	336
Taylor township .....	185
Tewaukon township .....	380
Vivian township .....	262
Verner township .....	211
Wiley township .....	176
White Stone Hill .....	275
Weber township .....	253
Total .....	7,414

## STARK COUNTY.

First District .....	2,516
Second District .....	1,865
Third District .....	3,766
Dickinson city .....	3,188
Total .....	11,335

## STEELE COUNTY.

Broadlawn township .....	335
Beaver Creek township .....	393
Colgate township .....	300
Carpenter township .....	188
Edendale township .....	237
Eaton township .....	193
Enger township .....	450
Finley village .....	317
Finley township .....	242
Franklin township .....	252
Greenview township .....	213
Golden Lake township .....	281
Hugo township .....	207
Hope city .....	776

## STEELE—Continued.

Melrose township .....	213
Riverside township .....	200
Newburgh township .....	513
Primrose township .....	342
Sharon township .....	419
Sherbrooke township .....	279
Willow Lake township .....	235
Westfield township .....	308
Total .....	6,893

## STUTSMAN COUNTY.

Jamestown city .....	5,093
Courtenay village .....	459
Spiritwood village .....	207
Courtenay township .....	203
Bloom township .....	168
Corrinne township .....	208
Kensal township .....	510
Nogosek township .....	185
First Commissioner District .....	805
Second Commissioner District .....	3,025
Third Commissioner District .....	3,717
Total .....	14,580

## TOWNER COUNTY.

Alkins townships .....	210
Bisbee village .....	360
Cando city .....	1,328
Coolen township .....	204
Grainfield township .....	433
Lansing township .....	170
Maza township .....	221
Monroe township .....	159
Springfield township .....	320
Commissioner District No. 2 .....	862
Commissioner District No. 3 .....	1,450
Commissioner District No. 4 .....	1,121
Commissioner District No. 5 .....	1,087
Total .....	7,905

## TRAILL COUNTY.

Belmont township .....	489
Blanchard township .....	398
Bloomfield township .....	289
Bohnsach township .....	544
Buxton township .....	1,105
Calendonia township .....	888
Eldorado township .....	386
Elm River township .....	201
Erwin township .....	381
Galesburg township .....	444
Garfield township .....	443
Hillsboro township .....	210
Hatton city .....	550
Hillsboro city .....	1,251
Kelso township .....	261
Mayville township .....	640
Mayville city .....	1,212
Morgan township .....	357
Norman township .....	456
Norway township .....	445
Portland township .....	547
Reynolds city .....	228
Roseville township .....	750
Wold township .....	339
Total .....	12,812

## WALSH COUNTY.

Ardoch village .....	219
Adams township .....	380
Ardock township .....	536
Acton township .....	442
Conway village .....	256
Cleveland township .....	313
Dewey township .....	192
Dundee township .....	441
Edinburg township .....	349
Eden township .....	258
Farmington township .....	422
Fertile township .....	468
Forest River township .....	370
Forest River village .....	246
Feeble Minded Institute .....	115
Grafton city .....	2,423
Grafton township .....	564
Glenwood township .....	496
Golden township .....	322
Hoope village .....	183
Harriston township .....	401
Kensington township .....	375
Kinloss township .....	316
Lampton township .....	354
Latona township .....	294
Martin township .....	400
Medford township .....	222
Minto township .....	815
Norton township .....	369

## WALSH—Continued.

Oakwood township .....	538
Ops township .....	326
Perth township .....	284
Pisek village .....	193
Pulaski township .....	618
Rushford township .....	439
Prairie Centre township .....	499
Park River city .....	1,435
Silvesta township .....	381
Sauter township .....	234
St. Andrews township .....	385
Shepherd township .....	432
Tiber township .....	407
Vernon township .....	340
Vesta township .....	399
Walsh Center township .....	394
Walshville township .....	420
Total .....	20,265

## WARD COUNTY.

Berthold township .....	139
Bowbells township .....	293
Brandon township .....	197
Burt township .....	224
Callahan township .....	203
Carbondale township .....	335
Carpio village .....	374
Carter township .....	288
Clay township .....	181
Clayton township .....	206
Colquhoun township .....	445
Crowfoot township .....	186
Dale township .....	287
Denmark township .....	445
DesLacs township .....	295
Elmdale township .....	304
Ensign township .....	251
Eureka township .....	260
Fairbanks township .....	392
Fay township .....	200
Foothills township .....	135
Forthum township .....	272
Foxholm township .....	200
Freedom township .....	169
Grassland township .....	213
Greenbush township .....	252
Grover township .....	191
Hamerly township .....	159
Hamlet township .....	216
Harmonious township .....	130
Harrison township .....	261
Idaho township .....	256
Hurley township .....	221
International township .....	300
Ivanhoe township .....	277
Keller township .....	174

## WARD—Continued.

Kenmare township .....	844
Lake View .....	264
Leaf Mountain township .....	103
Lockwood township .....	173
Lowland township .....	219
Mandan township .....	180
Manitou township .....	130
Margaret township .....	176
Mayland township .....	250
McKinley township .....	246
Minnesota township .....	376
Muskego township .....	225
North Star township .....	255
Palermo township .....	200
Passport township .....	213
Plain township .....	219
Portal city .....	606
Prescott township .....	147
Prosperity township .....	223
Ree township .....	228
Richland township .....	326
Rockford township .....	282
Roosevelt township .....	266
Roseland township .....	320
Ross township .....	169
Ryder township .....	156
Sauk Prairie township .....	293
Short Creek township .....	243
Spencer township .....	359
Spring Valley township .....	297
Surrey township .....	376
Tatman township .....	224
Torning township .....	184
Vale township .....	230
Van Buren township .....	200
Ward township .....	275
Waterford township .....	232
White Ash township .....	196
White Earth township .....	150
Donnybrook village .....	281
McKinney village .....	299
Glenburn village .....	195
Bowbells village .....	547
Flaxton township .....	197
Second Commissioner District .....	522
Third Commissioner District .....	484
Fourth Commissioner District .....	3,598
Fifth Commissioner District .....	2,855
Minot city .....	4,125
Eden Valley township .....	266
Kenmare village .....	1,011
Mohall village .....	409
Norway township .....	173
Total .....	33,468

## WELLS COUNTY.

Fessenden village .....	781
Harvey village .....	808
Wells township .....	257
First Commissioner District .....	2,772
Second Commissioner District .....	2,778
Third Commissioner District .....	2,091
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>9,482</b>

## WILLIAMS COUNTY.

Lulendale township .....	186
Equality township .....	225
Golden Valley township .....	142
Lindahl township .....	99
Menton township .....	249
Norway township .....	54
Pleasant Valley township .....	100
Rainbow township .....	128
Ray village .....	195
Sauk Valley township .....	76
Spring Brook township .....	155
Stony Creek township .....	163
Tioga township .....	196
Teska township .....	103
Wheelock township .....	200
Williston township .....	263
Williston city .....	1,125
Second Commissioner District .....	914
Third Commissioner District .....	970
Fourth Commissioner District .....	1,030
Fifth Commissioner District .....	379
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>6,952</b>

## POPULATION OF LEADING CITIES, 1905.

Abercrombie .....	357
Aneta .....	643
Ashley .....	474
Balfour .....	522
Bathgate .....	561
Bisbee .....	360
Bismarck .....	4,913
Bottineau .....	1,227
Bowbells .....	547
Cando .....	1,328
Carrington .....	1,106
Casselton .....	1,269
Cavalier .....	744
Churchs Ferry .....	376
Conway .....	256
Cooperstown .....	1,002
Courtenay .....	459
Crary .....	285
Crystal .....	400

## POPULATION OF LEADING CITIES—Continued.

Dazey ....	231
Denhoff .....	318
Devils Lake .....	2,367
Dickinson .....	3,188
Donnybrook .....	281
Drayton .....	601
Edgeley .....	416
Edmore .....	348
Ellendale .....	1,099
Enderlin .....	1,104
Esmond .....	531
Fairmount .....	368
Fargo .....	12,512
Fessenden .....	781
Finley .....	317
Forest River .....	246
Forman .....	304
Glenullin .....	545
Grafton .....	2,423
Grand Forks .....	10,127
Granville .....	500
Hankinson .....	1,047
Harvey .....	803
Hatton .....	550
Hillsboro .....	1,251
Hope .....	776
Hunter .....	390
Inkster .....	432
Jamestown .....	5,093
Kenmare .....	1,011
Kulm .....	587
Lakota .....	900
LaMoure .....	707
Langdon .....	1,544
Lansford .....	272
Larimore .....	1,635
Leeds .....	520
Lidgerwood .....	749
Lisbon .....	1,362
Litchville .....	285
Mandan .....	2,714
Mayville .....	1,212
McHenry .....	417
Merricourt .....	399
Michigan .....	529
Milnor .....	437
Minnewaukan .....	445
Minot .....	4,125
Mohall .....	409
Neche .....	613
New Rockford .....	800
New Salem .....	527
Northwood .....	709
Oakes .....	1,303
Omamee .....	504
Osnabrock .....	397
Page .....	493
Park River .....	1,435
Pembina .....	918

## POPULATION OF LEADING CITIES—Continued.

Portal .....	606
Rolla .....	561
Rugby .....	1,072
Sanborn .....	300
Sheldon .....	338
Sheyenne .....	291
Souris .....	352
St. Thomas .....	708
Tower City .....	461
Towner .....	535
Valley City .....	4,059
Velva .....	505
Wahpeton .....	2,741
Walhalla .....	520
Washburn .....	898
Westhope .....	626
Williston .....	1,125
Willow City .....	676
Wilton .....	302
Wimbledon .....	450
Wyndmere .....	287

## POPULATION BY COUNTIES.

Barnes .....	15,726
Benson .....	9,863
Billings .....	2,685
Bottineau .....	15,174
Burleigh .....	9,875
Cass .....	31,955
Cavalier .....	15,761
Dickey .....	7,412
Eddy .....	3,906
Emmons .....	6,418
Foster .....	4,743
Grand Forks .....	26,494
Griggs .....	5,993
Kidder .....	2,307
LaMoure .....	7,715
Logan .....	4,116
McHenry .....	15,231
McIntosh .....	6,088
McKenzie .....	1,368
McLean .....	15,245
Mercer .....	2,191
Morton .....	13,863
Nelson .....	9,501
Oliver .....	2,445
Pembina .....	16,412
Pierce .....	7,643
Ramsey .....	11,979
Ransom .....	8,634
Richland .....	19,379
Rolette .....	6,842
Sargent .....	7,414
Stark .....	11,835



## POPULATION BY COUNTIES—Continued.

Steele .....	6,893
Stutsman .....	14,580
Towner .....	7,905
Trall .....	12,812
Walsh .....	20,265
Ward .....	33,468
Wells .....	9,482
Williams .....	6,952
Total .....	437,070

## VARIOUS MONEYS OF CIRCULATION.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely, gold coin, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890; United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), national bank notes and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation.

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard of tolerance it is legal tender in proportion to its weight.

Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding \$10 in any one payment. Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

Gold certificates, silver certificates and national bank notes are not legal tender, but such classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national bank notes are receivable for all public dues except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par.

The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

The coinage of the legal tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act, passed by congress April 2, 1792. The gold unit of value is the dollar, which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold, 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper.

The silver unit is the dollar, which contains 412½ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 371¼ grains, and there are 41¼ grains of copper alloy.

## CENSUS OF NORTH DAKOTA AUTHORIZED BY LAWS OF 1905.

Counties	Personal Description and Nativity															Total
	Native White Males	Native White Fe- males	Native Colored Males	Native Colored Fe- males	Foreign Males—All Other Nationalities	Foreign Females— All Other Nation- alities	Children 5 Yrs. Old and Under—Male	Children's Yrs. Old and Under—Female	All Males 15 to 20 Years of Age	All Females 5 to 20 Years of Age	All Males 20 to 60 Years of Age	All Females 20 to 60 Years of Age	All Males Over 60 Years of Age	All Females Over 60 Years of Age		
Barnes ..	6,727	5,492	7	2	2,140	1,358	925	973	2,592	2,514	4,976	3,191	381	174	15,726	
Benson ..	4,008	3,318	8	3	1,262	764	681	693	1,602	1,421	2,846	1,859	149	112	9,363	
Billings ..	915	600	4	..	853	313	171	166	375	315	1,186	423	40	9	2,685	
Burlingame ..	4,577	3,011	21	33	1,461	772	530	515	1,363	1,318	3,952	1,849	214	134	9,875	
Bottineau ..	5,588	4,691	10	..	2,918	1,063	1,150	1,148	2,354	2,306	4,758	3,011	254	203	15,174	
Cass ..	12,404	11,180	58	84	4,916	3,332	1,765	1,812	4,821	4,793	10,137	7,193	655	479	31,955	
Cavalier ..	5,381	4,439	36	19	3,421	2,465	1,195	1,201	2,781	2,868	4,581	2,601	281	223	15,761	
Dickey ..	3,044	2,564	5	3	1,047	749	475	459	1,310	1,232	2,153	1,527	158	98	6,418	
Eddy ..	1,658	1,348	26	24	557	293	281	257	729	627	1,167	752	54	39	3,906	
Emmons ..	2,142	1,949	..	3	1,275	1,049	646	630	1,112	1,047	1,553	1,240	106	84	4,743	
Foster ..	2,151	1,727	1	1	594	326	326	311	774	701	1,572	927	74	58	4,743	
Grand Forks..	9,792	8,837	81	18	4,564	3,252	1,500	1,509	4,400	4,452	7,926	5,861	446	400	26,494	
Griggs ..	2,270	1,873	4	9	1,121	716	405	368	1,026	965	1,868	1,175	96	90	5,993	
Kidder ..	1,035	893	13	4	205	167	180	156	414	437	623	430	36	31	2,807	
LaMoure ..	3,005	2,534	..	1	1,257	918	575	591	1,411	1,366	2,125	1,423	121	103	7,715	
Logan ..	853	789	..	..	1,517	1,157	439	483	2,323	2,446	3,836	2,730	246	80	4,116	
McHenry ..	5,907	4,877	5	5	2,559	1,878	1,230	1,209	2,323	2,446	4,972	3,109	246	186	15,231	
McIntosh ..	1,778	1,751	..	..	1,389	1,170	592	616	1,289	1,259	1,183	980	103	66	6,068	
McKenzie ..	773	428	..	..	128	39	81	73	179	123	624	262	17	9	1,368	

McLean ..	5,409	4,280	331	332	2,830	2,063	1,356	1,289	2,387	2,346	4,626	2,852	201	188	15,245
Mercer ..	640	519	..	..	569	463	191	197	475	392	509	374	34	19	2,191
Morton ..	4,779	2,529	4	7	4,009	2,035	1,107	1,120	2,427	2,294	3,568	2,494	210	143	13,363
Nelson ..	3,869	3,184	6	3	1,532	907	625	665	1,687	1,543	2,938	1,766	157	120	9,501
Oliver ..	868	688	..	..	506	383	217	216	431	349	672	471	54	35	2,445
Pembina ..	4,920	4,475	1	1	3,892	3,123	1,078	1,078	3,030	2,735	4,299	3,424	406	334	16,412
Pierce ..	2,841	2,314	12	4	1,459	1,013	618	684	1,337	1,115	2,255	1,430	102	102	7,643
Ramsey ..	4,770	3,869	4	3	2,051	1,282	733	756	1,848	1,806	3,980	2,437	214	155	11,979
Ransom ..	3,675	3,114	10	2	1,082	751	531	535	1,509	1,433	2,515	1,758	212	181	8,634
Fickland ..	7,661	6,905	12	8	2,706	1,907	1,380	1,382	3,568	3,403	5,017	3,846	413	360	19,379
Rolette ..	2,215	2,215	..	..	1,217	835	518	558	1,192	1,126	1,839	1,283	143	88	6,842
Sargent ..	3,057	2,609	26	22	967	733	462	506	1,439	1,309	2,014	1,418	135	131	7,414
Stark ..	3,461	2,875	6	14	2,779	2,200	1,027	916	2,039	1,944	3,025	2,091	155	137	11,335
Steele ..	2,779	2,356	..	..	1,117	641	451	489	1,246	1,119	2,076	1,298	123	91	6,895
Stutsman ..	6,031	5,049	8	4	2,053	1,435	980	991	2,290	2,290	4,544	3,011	278	196	14,580
Towner ..	3,548	2,961	1	1	860	534	615	666	1,294	1,210	2,392	1,530	108	90	7,905
Trail ..	4,819	4,545	3	1	2,127	1,317	767	804	2,278	2,264	3,332	2,562	272	233	12,812
Walsh ..	7,258	6,805	12	10	3,513	2,667	1,305	1,393	3,987	3,852	5,030	3,907	461	330	20,265
Ward ..	15,205	11,404	26	17	4,366	2,450	2,432	2,399	4,541	4,335	12,103	6,799	521	338	33,468
Wells ..	3,686	3,086	..	..	1,625	1,085	784	796	1,713	1,497	2,675	1,823	109	85	9,482
Williams ..	3,388	2,358	47	30	768	361	432	418	888	829	2,674	1,542	111	58	6,962
Total .....	169,245	140,511	740	672	75,012	50,890	30,806	31,026	74,192	68,894	132,103	86,196	2,896	5,937	437,070

Males, 244,997.

Females, 192,073.

## BIOGRAPHICAL.

### Congressional and State Officers, North Dakota, and Members of Legislature, 1907-8.

#### Congressional.

H. C. HANSBROUGH, United States senator, was born in Illinois, fifty-nine years ago. He was a printer and journalist as a young man and came to Dakota in 1882. He established the Devils Lake Inter Ocean in 1883 and was twice mayor of Devils Lake. He was the first member of congress for North Dakota in 1889, and was elected to the United States senate in January, 1891, having served in the senate continuously since that time. He is married. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

PORTER J. McCUMBER, United States senator, was born in Crete, Ill., February 3, 1856. He was educated in the common and high schools of Minnesota and graduated from the law department of the University of Michigan. He came to North Dakota and opened a law office at Wahpeton, where he resides. He is married and has two children. He was a member of the territorial house and senate, states attorney of Richland county, and was elected to the senate in 1899 as a republican, being re-elected in 1905.

T. F. MARSHALL, member of congress, was born at Hannibal, Mo., March 7, 1854, and was educated in the public schools and the state normal school at Platteville, Wis. He was a civil engineer and surveyor and came to Dakota in 1873. He is married. He is engaged in banking, and has held various offices, having been mayor of Oakes, state senator, delegate to the national convention, and has served three terms in congress to which he was elected as a republican.

A. J. GRONNA, member of congress, was born at Elkader, Iowa, December 10, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and in Caledonia, Minn., academy. He came to Dakota in 1879 and located in Traill county in 1880, removing to Nelson county in 1887, being engaged in the mercantile business at Lakota. He is married and has five children. He has served as member of the territorial legislature, has held various local offices, has been chairman of the Nelson county central committee and is serving his second term as a member of congress to which he was elected as a republican.

#### Supreme Court.

D. E. MORGAN, chief justice, was born near Pomeroy, Meigs county, Ohio, and was educated in the common schools of Wisconsin and at the Academy of Wisconsin and the normal school at Platteville. He was clerk of the circuit court in Sauk county, Wis., studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1880. He practiced at Grand Forks and Devils Lake and was elected judge of the district court in 1889, after serving two years as district attorney. In 1900 he was elected to the supreme bench and was re-elected in 1906.

**CHARLES J. FISK**, associate justice, was born in Whiteside county, Ill., March 11, 1862. He was educated in the public schools and at the Northern Illinois college at Fulton, and studied law at Morrison, Ill. He came to North Dakota in 1886, and settled at Larimore, where he was admitted to the bar in 1886. He moved to Grand Forks in 1889. He is married and has two children. He has served three terms on the district bench and was elected to the supreme bench as a democrat.

**B. F. SPALDING**, associate justice, was born in Orleans county, Vermont, December 3, 1853. He was educated in the public schools and attended Lyndon Literary Institute and Norwich University. He read law at Montpelier and was admitted to the bar in 1880. He came to North Dakota in that year and practiced law at Fargo. He is married and has five children. He has been superintendent of public instruction of the state, member of the territorial capitol commission, member of the constitutional convention, member of congress for two terms and chairman of the republican state committee. He was appointed justice of the supreme court to succeed Edward Engerud, resigned.

### State Officers 1907-1908.

**JOHN BURKE**, governor of North Dakota, was born February 25, 1859, in Keokuk county, Iowa, near where the town of Harper was subsequently located. He was educated in the common schools and entered the law department of the Iowa state university in September, 1884, graduating in June, 1886. He came to Rolette county, North Dakota in 1888, and later removed to Devils Lake, where he now has his residence, and is engaged in the practice of law. He is married and has three children, two girls and one boy. He has served as county judge of Rolette county, one term in the house of representatives and three in the senate. He was elected governor as a democrat.

**R. S. LEWIS**, lieutenant governor of North Dakota, was born August 15, 1856, in Tennessee. He was educated in Minnesota, to which state his parents removed, and came to Fargo in 1882, and was engaged as a clerk in the Red River National bank. He rose to the presidency of that institution and became also interested in farming. He is married and has three children. He has served as an officer of the Fargo school board, trustee of the state agricultural college, and a term in the state senate. He was elected to his office as a republican.

**ALFRED BLAISDELL**, secretary of state, was born at Fairmont, Minn., in 1875, and is a graduate of the Fairmont high school and of the state university of Minnesota, graduating in science and law. He came to North Dakota and studied law in the office of Newman and Stambaugh, of Fargo, and removed to Minot in 1900, where he is engaged in law and real estate. He is unmarried. He has been secretary of the republican central committee of Ward county, United States commissioner and was elected to the office of secretary of state as a republican.

**H. L. HOLMES**, state auditor, was born in Dalton, Wis., May 29, 1853. He was educated in the public schools and came to Pembina county, North Dakota, in 1879. He engaged in the machinery and mercantile business and in banking and in 1893 removed to Bathgate, where he resides. He is married and has one daughter. He was a member of the state constitutional convention and has held various offices and is serving his third term as state auditor, to which he was elected as a republican.

**ALBERT PETERSON**, state treasurer, was born at Rockdale, Wis., in 1862. He was educated at Boscobel, Wis., and came to Dakota in 1883, locating at Ellendale and afterward at Cogswell, where he

resides and is engaged in the mercantile business. He is married. He has held various local offices and was a member of the house in the legislature of 1899. He is serving his second term as state treasurer, to which he was elected as a republican.

**THOMAS F. McCUE**, attorney general, was born in Elkader, Iowa, February 9, 1866. He was educated in the public schools and Northern Indiana college at Valparaiso, graduating from the legal department. He came to North Dakota in 1897, locating in Foster county at Carrington, where he resides. He is married and has two children, and is engaged in the practice of law and banking. He was elected attorney general in 1906 as a republican.

**W. C. GILBREATH**, commissioner of agriculture and labor, was born in McMinn county, Tennessee, September 9, 1851. His parents afterward located in Illinois, where he was educated in the public schools and in Wesleyan University. He is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota and engaged in the newspaper business at Mandan. He has been a member of the state central committee, deputy commissioner of insurance, and is serving his second term as commissioner of agriculture and labor, to which he was elected as a republican.

**E. C. COOPER**, commissioner of insurance, was born at Antioch, Ill., April 11, 1856. He received a public school education and came to North Dakota in 1883, locating at Grand Forks, where he afterward entered the insurance business. He is married and has one child. He has been a member of the council of his city, chairman of the republican state committee, and is serving his second term as commissioner of insurance, to which he was elected as a republican.

**W. L. STOCKWELL**, state superintendent of public instruction, was born in Minnesota and is a graduate of the state university of Minnesota. He came to Dakota in 1889 and was superintendent of the Grafton schools for twelve years. He is married and has one child. He has held various offices in the state, having been president of the state educational association, director of the national association, Grand Master of the Masonic lodge of the state, and is now serving his third term as state superintendent, to which he was elected as a republican.

**C. S. DEISEM**, commissioner of railroads, was born near Philadelphia, Pa., and was educated in the common schools. He served in the army during the civil war and came to Dakota territory in 1871. He went to LaMoure county in 1880 and engaged in the mercantile business, which he still carries on. He is married and has a family. He has been chairman of the county central committee, member of the state committee, member of the legislature and is serving his second term as president of the railroad commission, to which he was elected as a republican.

**E. A. STAFNE**, commissioner of railroads, was born in Renneboe, Norway, in 1848, and came to Richland county, North Dakota, in 1885. He is engaged in farming and also in the mercantile business. He is married and has a large family. He has served as township officer, county commissioner, member of the legislature and is serving his second term as railroad commissioner, to which he was elected as a republican.

**SIMON WESTBY**, commissioner of railroads, was born at Fitjar-Stord-Bergen Stift, Norway, February 1, 1876. He was educated in the common schools and came to North Dakota in 1893. Subsequently he located on a homestead in Pierce county and has been clerk of the court of that county. He is married and has a family. He was elected railroad commissioner as a republican.

**Legislature.****SENATE**

**CHRIS. ALBRIGHT**, of McIntosh county, Thirty-sixth district, was born in Baden, Germany, December 3, 1859. He came to Dakota territory in the early eighties and located in McIntosh county in 1885, where he is engaged in agriculture and stock raising. He served six years as county commissioner, two terms as auditor and was elected to the senate in 1906 as a republican. He is married and has one son.

**JOHN L. CASHEL**, of the Fourth legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born in New York City on June 24, 1848; is married and has two sons. Came to North Dakota from Faribault, Minn., in 1881. Is a banker and farmer. Was educated in the common schools, University of Wisconsin at Madison, Galesville University, Galesville, Wis., and Wayland University, Beaver Dam, Wis. Has held the office of state senator for twelve years and was re-elected without opposition. Was an alderman at Grafton for six years; sixteen years on the board of education at Grafton and president of the board. He was elected to the senate as a democrat.

**MAYNARD CRANE**, of the Sixteenth district, was born December 25, 1857, at Caldwell, N. J., and was educated in the schools of Mardarin, Fla., where his parents removed when he was a boy. He came to Dakota in 1883 and engaged in the lumber business, in which he is now engaged. He was elected to the senate in 1903 and again in 1906. He has served also as a trustee of the agricultural college. He is married and has one daughter. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**JOHN H. DYTE**, of the Thirteenth legislative district, Forman Sargent county, was born in Norway on the 31st day of July, 1863; is married and has five children. He came to North Dakota from Minneapolis in 1885; is a merchant and was educated in the common schools. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**E. F. GILBERT**, of the Tenth district, was born at Geneva, Ohio, and was educated in the common schools of that place. He came to North Dakota in 1883 and settled at Fargo and afterward at Casselton, where he is engaged in business. He was a member of the house of the Ninth legislative assembly and was elected to the senate as a republican. He is married and has two children.

**E. A. HALLIDAY**, of the Second district, was born in Leonard county, Ontario, May 17, 1843, and came to North Dakota in 1881. He was educated in the common schools and is now engaged in the mercantile business at Hensel. He was elected to the senate as a democrat.

**LOUIS B. HANNA**, of the Ninth legislative district, Fargo, Cass county, was born at New Brighton, Penn., on August 9, 1861; is married and has three children. Came to North Dakota from Cleveland, Ohio, in 1881. Is a banker. Was educated at Cleveland, Ohio, and Pittsfield, Mass. Has held the office of member of the house of representatives in 1895, state senator in 1897, 1899, 1905, 1907, and was chairman of the republican state central committee from 1904 to date. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**AUGUST E. JOHNSON**, of the Thirty-fifth legislative district, Washburn, McLean county, was born in Sweden on March 26, 1874; is married and has two children. Came to North Dakota from Pennsylvania in 1883. Is a real estate dealer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of auditor of McLean county for six years, state senator from 1902 to 1907. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

THOMAS JOHNSON, of the Third legislative district, Park River, Walsh county, was born in Racine county, Wis., on the 11th day of January, 1853; is married and has three children. Came to North Dakota from Iowa in 1892 and is a farm implement dealer. Was educated in the common schools and in college. Was a member of the house of representatives in the eighth session, 1901; was elected a member of the senate of the ninth and tenth sessions, 1905 and 1907; has held various positions of public trust. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

JOHN KELLY, of the Twenty-second legislative district, Bisbee, Town-er county, was born at Montreal, Canada, on the 9th of June, 1863; is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Canada in 1883 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. He was elected to the senate as a democrat.

THEODORE KOFFEL, of the Twentieth legislative district, Esmond, Benson county, was born near St. Peter, Minn., from which place his parents removed to Montevideo, Minn., before he was two years of age; is single. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1896 and is a lawyer. He was educated at Windom Institute, Minnesota, and the University of Michigan. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

ANTON T. KRAABEL, of the Thirty-ninth legislative district, Clif-ford, Traill county, was born at Guldbrandedalen, Norway, on October 16, 1862; is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Vernon county, Wis., in 1882, and is a merchant. He was educated in the common schools of Wisconsin. Was a member of the house in 1903 and was elected to the senate as a republican.

JUDSON LAMOURE, of the First district, was born in Frelighburgh, county of Missisquoi, province of Quebec, March 27, 1839. He was educated in the common schools and in the Frelighburgh acad-emy. He came to Dakota territory in 1860, and to Pembina county, North Dakota, in 1870. He has served several terms in the territorial legislature, having been first elected in 1872, and has been a member of the state senate since statehood. He is married and has three children, and is engaged in the general mer-chandising business in Pembina county. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

FERDINAND LEUTZ, of the Thirtieth legislative district, Hebron, Morton county, was born at Eberbach, Germany, on June 24, 1854; is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Germany in 1883, and is a merchant. Was educated in the common schools and college at Eberbach and Stuttgart. He was state insur-ance commissioner from 1901 to 1905, and was elected to the senate as a republican.

C. B. LITTLE, of the Twenty-seventh district, was born in Merri-mack county, New Hampshire, November 18, 1857. He was edu-cated in the public schools and graduated from Dartmouth college. He came to Dakota in 1882, settling at Bismarck, where he is president of the leading financial institution and allied with many other enterprises. He has served as probate judge of his county, and has held various positions of responsibility and has been a member of the state senate since statehood. He is married and has two children, and was elected to the senate as a republican.

D. H. McARTHUR, of the Twenty-eighth district, Bottineau, Bottineau county, was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1885. He is 42 years of age; is married and has two children. He was in the drug business for fifteen years and the real estate business for three years, and was postmaster under Cleveland. He was elected to the senate as a democrat.



ALEXANDER McDONALD, of the Twenty-Sixth district, was born in Scotland in July, 1860. He came to Emmons county in 1883, and is engaged in ranching. He was educated in the common and high schools of his native country and was married in 1885, having five children. He served seven years as county commissioner, six years as a member of the school board, and is serving his second term in the state senate to which he was elected as a republican.

HENRY McLEAN, of the Eighteenth legislative district, Hannah, Cavalier county, was born at Blairnessnock, Perthshire, Scotland, on December 5th, 1847; is married and has eight children. He came to North Dakota from Huron county, Ontario, in 1882, and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of county commissioner two terms, two terms as representative and one term as senator, and was elected for a second term. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

E. A. MOVIUS, of the Thirty-seventh district, was born at Golnow, Germany, May 5, 1858. He came to America when nine years of age and obtained a common school education and came to Dakota in 1887, locating at Lidgerwood, where he is engaged in banking and mercantile business. He has served in various county and township offices and was elected to the house in 1902 as a republican, and as a member of the senate two years later as a republican. He is married and has two children.

GEORGE D. PALMER, of the Thirty-second legislative district, Boulduc, Foster county, was born near Detroit, Mich., on March 9th, 1855; is married. He came to North Dakota from Rockford, Ill., in 1884, and is in the real estate business. He was a member of the last legislature, was employed by the Carrington & Casey Land Company as foreman, superintendent and manager for seventeen years. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

ED. PIERCE, of the Fourteenth legislative district, Sheldon, Ransom county, was born on July 6, 1863; is married. He came to North Dakota from Michigan in 1877 and is a lawyer. Was educated in the common schools in Michigan. Has held the office of senator of the Fourteenth district since 1902. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

C. W. PLAIN, of the Fortieth district, was born in Aurora, Ill., March 10, 1858. He was educated in his native town and came to Dakota in 1888, locating at Milton, where he is engaged in the machinery business. He was a member of the house in 1892, a member of the senate from 1894 to 1899 and was re-elected in 1902 and 1906. He is a democrat. He is married and has two children.

W. E. PURELL, of the Twelfth district, was born in Flemington, N. J., August 3, 1856. He was educated in the common schools, worked on a farm, studied law when twenty years of age, and was admitted to practice. He came to Dakota in 1881 and settled at Wahpeton. He has been U. S. attorney for the territory, member of the constitutional convention and has been a member of the democratic national committee. He was elected to the senate as a democrat. He is married and has no children.

K. S. RAMSETT, of the Thirty-eighth district, was born in Dane county, Wis., April 29, 1854. He was educated in the common schools and graduated from the high school at Viroque, and later took a course at the state University. He came to Dakota in 1882, locating first at Bismarck, afterward at Washburn, and went to Barnes county in 1892. He is engaged in the general merchandise business at Fingal. He has served as a member of the house and was elected to the state senate as a republican.

J. A. REGAN, of the Thirty-third district, was born near London, Ontario, Canada, November 3, 1870. He came to Dakota in 1891, locating first at Carrington and afterward moving to Fessenden, where he is engaged in various mercantile enterprises. He has served eight years as postmaster and has been chairman of the county central committee of his county and is serving his second term as a member of the state senate, to which he was elected as a republican. He is married and has one son.

C. D. RICE, of the Thirty-fourth district, was born July 19, 1859, near Amherst, Portage county, Wis., and was educated in the common schools and the high school of Waupaca. He came to Dakota in 1888 and located at Towner and has been engaged in agriculture and stock raising. He has been clerk of court of his county, member of the house, and was elected to the senate in 1906 as a republican. He is married and has three children.

J. B. SHARPE, of the Twenty-fourth district, was born in Waddington, N. Y., September 8, 1857. He was educated in New York, came west in the eighties, studied law and was admitted to practice. He came to LaMoure county in 1892, locating at Kulm where he is engaged in banking and elevator business. He has been township officer, has served two terms in the house and is serving his third term in the state senate. He is single and was elected to the senate as a republican.

JOHN W. SIFTON, of the Twenty-third legislative district, Jamestown, Stutsman county, was born at Thamesford, Ontario, on June 26, 1865; is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Ontario in 1890 and is a physician. He was educated at Trinity Medical College, Toronto. Has held the office of superintendent of the county board of health, alderman for the third ward and president of the Farmers and Merchants State bank. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

L. A. SIMPSON, of the Thirty-first legislative district, Dickinson, Stark county, was born at Deer Isle, Hancock county, Maine, on December 7, 1868; is married. He came to North Dakota from Minneapolis in 1889 and is a lawyer. He was educated in Portland, Maine, high school and law department of the University of Minnesota. Has held the office of member of the house of representatives from 1892 to 1896, states attorney of Stark county from 1896 to 1900, senator Thirty-first district in 1900 and re-elected in 1904, as a republican.

E. K. SPOONHEIM, of the Fifth district, was born in Norway May 19, 1874. He came to the United States with his parents and to North Dakota in 1882. He was educated in the common schools and made his way through college, being a graduate of Valparaiso college. He has been superintendent of schools of Grand Forks county. He is engaged in mercantile business and farming and was elected to the ninth assembly as a democrat.

A. J. STADE, of the Twenty-first district, was born in Norway, March 4, 1868. He received a common school education and came to Dakota territory in 1879. He located in Ramsey county in 1883. He is engaged in the general mercantile business and in farming and real estate affairs. He has been postmaster, town clerk, school treasurer, and was elected to the senate in 1904 as a republican.

H. H. STEELE, of the Twenty-ninth legislative district, Mohall, Ward county, was born at Sparta, Wis., on February 27, 1872; is married and has one child. He came to North Dakota from Aberdeen, S. D., in 1896 and is a lawyer and banker. Was educated at Sparta high school and University of Minnesota. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**HERBJORN H. STROM**, of the Eighth legislative district, Hillsboro, Traill county, was born in Tunhovd, Nore Prestegjæld, Nummedal, Norway, on the 7th of January, 1846; is married and has six children. He came to America in 1860 and to North Dakota from Clayton county, Iowa, in 1878. He is a farmer and was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of county coroner four years, member of the board of county commissioners of Traill county, justice of the peace, served as a member of house of representatives in 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1893, and as state senator in 1895 and 1897. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**IVER SWENSON**, of the Seventeenth district, was born in Norway in 1849. He came to Dakota in 1880. He was educated in the common schools of Norway and settled first in Traill county after coming to North Dakota, removing from there to Nelson county where he is extensively engaged in farming. He is serving his second term in the state senate, having been elected as a republican. He is married and has five children.

**F. S. TALCOTT**, of the Eleventh district, was born in New York City July 12, 1863. He was educated in the schools of Buffalo and New York City and finished his education at Williams college. He came to North Dakota in 1878 and in 1881 located permanently in the state and established a large farm near Buffalo. He has served as a member of the state and county central committees and was elected to the state senate as a republican. He is married and has three children.

**JOHN D. TAYLOR**, of the Seventh legislative district, Grand Forks, Grand Forks county, was born at Stratford, Ontario, on the 16th of May, 1859; is single. He came to North Dakota from Detroit, Michigan, in 1879, and is a physician and surgeon. He was educated in the public schools of Detroit, Mich, and the medical department of the University of Chicago. State senator since 1900. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**TRUMAN HENRY THATCHER**, of the Twenty-fifth legislative district, Guelph, Dickey county, was born at Sharon, Vermont, on January 28, 1851; is married and has one daughter. He came to North Dakota from Menasha, Wis., in 1883, and is a farmer. He was educated in the Menasha high schools. Has held the office of chairman of the Hudson town board and president of the school board for years. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**JAMES TURNER**, of the Sixth district, was born of Scotch parents who were on their way to the United States, September 9, 1847. He was educated in the common schools of Ontario, and came to North Dakota in 1882, settling at Grand Forks. He is married and has two sons. He has never held political office prior to his election as senator as a democrat.

**C. I. F. WAGNER**, of the Nineteenth district, was born in New Brunswick, N. J., December 3, 1862. He was educated in the common schools and in a business college and came to North Dakota in 1882, locating at Rolla, where he resides. He has been register of deeds of Rolette county and was a member of the house of the Eighth legislative assembly, having been elected to the senate in 1904. He is married and has six children. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

**GEORGE M. YOUNG**, of the Fifteenth legislative district, Valley City, Barnes county, was born at Lakelet, Ontario, on December 11, 1870; is married. He came to North Dakota from Michigan in 1890 and is a lawyer. He was educated in the high schools of Orangeville, Ontario, and the law college of the University of Minnesota. Has held the office of representative in 1901 and 1903. He was elected to the senate as a republican.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OLE S. AAKER, of the Twentieth legislative district, Minnewaukan, Benson county, was born at Hol, Hallingdal, Norway, on June 28, 1869. He is married and has four children. Came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1892. He is a merchant and was educated at Albert Lea academy and Grand Forks college. He was elected to the house as a republican.

SAMUEL ADAMS, of the Twenty-second district, was born in Mantorville, Minn., January 23, 1869. He was educated in the public schools and came to North Dakota in 1887. He is engaged in the real estate business at Perth. He is married and has one child. He is serving his second term in the house and was elected as a republican.

JOHN MILLER ANDERSON, of the Sixth legislative district, Grand Forks, Grand Forks county, was born at Becker, Minn., on October 26, 1877, and is single. He came to North Dakota from Santiago, Minn., in 1896. Is a student and was educated at Valley City state normal and the State University of North Dakota. He was elected to the house as a democrat.

BERNT ANDERSON, of the Twenty-first legislative district, Churchs Ferry, Ramsey county, was born at Hadeland, Norway, on December 2, 1861, and is married and has nine children. He came to North Dakota from Ottertail county, Minnesota, in 1883. Is a farmer and was educated in the common schools. Has held different school and township offices. He was elected to the house as a republican.

O. P. N. ANDERSON, of the Twenty-first legislative district, Starkweather, Ramsey county, was born at Albert Lea, Freeborn county, Minn., on April 20, 1872. He is married and has four children. Came to North Dakota from Albert Lea, Minn., in 1890. Is a farmer and merchant. He was educated at Albert Lea, Minn., high school and graduated from Lutheran college. Has held the offices of school clerk and township clerk of Pleasant township, chairman of the board of education three terms at Starkweather, and chairman of the board of trustees for two terms. He was elected to the house as a republican.

C. B. ANDRUS, of the Twenty-fifth legislative district, Glover, Dickey county, was born at Marilla, Erie county, New York, on June 11, 1869, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1886. Is a farmer. Was educated at Marion, Olmstead county, Minn., common schools. He served two years on town board and four years as assessor. He was elected to the house as a republican.

DENNIS E. BLAKE, of the Thirteenth legislative district, DeLamere, Sargent county, was born at Brussels, Ontario, on January 25, 1869, and is married and has five children. He came to North Dakota from Ontario in 1881. Is a banker. Was educated in the common and high schools of North Dakota. Has held the office of school clerk, town clerk, justice of the peace, president of the school board of Hall township. He was elected to the house as a republican.

HANS O. BLEGEN, of the Twentieth legislative district, Churchs Ferry, Benson county, was born at Faaberg per Lillehammer, Norway, on February 20, 1853, and is married and has nine children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1885 and is a farmer. He was educated in the Norway common schools. Has held the offices of chairman of Normania township board five years, assessor ten years, school director and treasurer of School District No. 7. He was elected to the house as a republican.

J. F. BRODIE, of the Thirty-first district, was born in Troy, N. Y., January 1, 1871. He received a public school education and came to North Dakota in the early eighties, becoming largely interested in coal mines, in which business he is still engaged. He has been in charge of the agricultural experiment station at Dickinson. He is married and has five children. He was elected to the house as a republican.

KNUTE OLUF BROTNØV, of the Fourth legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born at Ullensaker, Norway, on September 25, 1865, and is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Fillmore county, Minnesota, in 1879, and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of representative in the house for the fifth and sixth sessions, township chairman, assessor, justice of the peace and clerk of school district for fifteen years successively. He was elected to the house as a democrat.

USHER L. BURDICK, of the Eighteenth legislative district, Munich, Cavalier county, was born at Owatonna, Minn., on February 21, 1879 and is married and has no children. He came to North Dakota from Owatonna, Minn., in 1882 and is a banker and lawyer. Was educated at state normal, Mayville, graduated in 1900; also graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1904. Has held the office of deputy county superintendent of schools in Benson county. He was elected to the house as a republican.

T. O. BURGUM, of the Eleventh district, was born in England July 15, 1862. He came to Dakota in 1882 and located on a farm near Arthur. He operated a ranch for a number of years in McLean county. He has held various local offices and was elected to the legislature in 1904 and re-elected in 1906. He is married and has four children. He was elected as a republican.

C. W. BUTTZ, of the Fourteenth district, was born in Stoudsburg, Pa., in 1839. He received an academic and legal education and came to Dakota in 1880. He is a veteran of the civil war and has been a member of congress and held various federal and state offices. He has been engaged in farming, has held various county and local offices and has served three terms as a member of the legislature. He was elected to the house as a republican.

FRED F. CARTER, of the Twenty-ninth legislative district, Flaxton, Ward county, was born at Beaverdam, Dodge county, Wisconsin, on July 3, 1850 and is married and has five children. He came to North Dakota from Freeborn county, Minnesota, in 1898 and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools and at Cedar Valley Seminary at Osage, Iowa. He was elected to the house as a republican.

TOBIAS D. CASEY, of the Fourth legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born at Sparta, Wisconsin, on September 12, 1866, and is married and has no children. He came to North Dakota from LaCrosse, Wis., in 1890 and is an attorney at law. Was educated in the common schools of LaCrosse, Wis. Has held the office of member of the legislative session of 1905 and has been city attorney of the city of Grafton for past five years. He was elected to the house as a democrat.

F. B. CHAPMAN, of the Twenty-ninth district, was born in Ohio in 1858. He came to Dakota when the territory was new, and freighted between Bismarck and the Black Hills during the gold excitement. He is now a resident of Buford, Williams county, where he is engaged in banking and other business, and he has served also as national bank examiner. He is married and has one child and is serving his second term in the house as a republican.

EDWARD CHURCH, of the Fifth district, was born in Walford township, Ontario, November 3, 1858. He received a good education in the public schools and came to North Dakota in 1881. He is a farmer and a resident of Inkster. He has been assessor, town clerk, member of the school board and was elected to the house as a republican.

J. F. COLLINS, of the Eleventh district, was born in Moore county, Minnesota, in 1865. He came to North Dakota in 1888 and located at Page, Cass county, where he is engaged in business. He is married and has four children. He has held various local offices and was elected to the house as a republican.

H. T. CONNOLLY, of the Twelfth district, was born in Waushara county, Wisconsin, April 4, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and came to Richland county in 1879. He is engaged in the mercantile business at Wahpeton. He is married and has three children. He has held various local offices and has been a member of the legislature for two terms. He was elected as a democrat.

JOSEPH CRAWFORD, of the Eighteenth district, was born in Glangarry, Canada, and is fifty-two years of age. He came to North Dakota in 1887, locating at Langdon, and engaged in farming and afterward in mercantile business and milling. He has held a number of local offices and was elected to the house as a republican.

ALEXANDER WEBSTER CUNNINGHAM, of the Twenty-fourth legislative district Grand Rapids, LaMoure county, was born at Baldwinsville, Onondaga county, New York, on May 23, 1853, and is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from Albion, Michigan, in 1881 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools of New York and Michigan. Has held the office of president of school board, of LaMoure County Telephone Co., also president of LaMoure County Creamery Co. He was elected to the house as a republican.

WILLIAM S. DEANE, of the Seventh legislative district, Hatton, Traill county, was born at Ellsworth, Conn., on June 6, 1853, and is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Illinois in 1882 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common and high schools. He was the first chairman of Union township and has held the office of town clerk, assessor and justice. He was elected to the house as a republican.

FRANCIS E. DIBLEY, of the Ninth legislative district, Fargo, Cass county, was born at Milwaukee, Wis., on November 28, 1860, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Milwaukee in 1879 and is a bridge and structural builder, president of the Fargo Bridge & Iron Co. He was educated at Milwaukee, Wis. He is also president of the N. D. Improvement Co., with offices at Fargo. He was elected to the house as a republican.

JAMES DUNCAN, of the Twentieth legislative district, Josephine, Benson county, was born at Carnie, Aberdeen, Scotland, and is 52 years of age, is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Wabasha county, Minnesota, in 1881, and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held school and township offices for the last fifteen years and was a member of the last legislature. He was re-elected to the house as a republican.

GEO. ELHARD, of the Thirty-sixth legislative district, Gackle, Logan county, was born in South Russia, of German parentage, on July 7, 1876, and is married and has one child. He came to North Dakota from Russia in 1894 and is a merchant. Was educated in the common schools of Russia. He has held the office of postmaster since 1903 and was elected to the house as a republican.

**THOMAS EVANS**, of the Thirty-first legislative district, Dickinson, Stark county, was born at Fox Lake, Dodge county, Wisconsin, on April 11 1859, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Wisconsin in 1882 and is a stock grower and farmer. Was educated at Fox Lake and Ripon colleges. Has held the office of school superintendent in Stark county for four years. He was elected to the house as an independent republican.

**T. J. FLAMER**, of the Ninth district, was born in Norway in 1854. He came to Cass county in 1880 and has been a farmer and hotel man. He is married and has four children and was elected to the house as a republican.

**WILL FREEMAN**, of the Twenty-eighth district, was born in St. Lawrence county, New York, May 30, 1861. He was educated in the public schools and the state normal school at River Falls, Wis., and came to Dakota in 1877. He is now engaged in the general mercantile business at Maxbass. He is married and has two children. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**CHRISTIAN GANSSE**, of the Second legislative district, St. Thomas, Pembina county, was born in Germany on May 20, 1866 and is married. He came to North Dakota from Canada in 1882 and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools. Was a member of the last legislature and was re-elected to the house as a republican.

**EDWARD LORENZO GARDEN**, of the Twenty-eighth legislative district, Souris, Bottineau county, was born at Decorah, Iowa, on November 30, 1873, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Decorah, Iowa, in 1899 and is a hardware and furniture merchant, with stores at Souris, Lansford and Landa. Was educated at Decorah Institute, Decorah, Iowa. He is vice president of the North Dakota Hardware Dealers Association and president of the Souris Commercial Club. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**ALBERT S. GIBBENS**, of the Twenty-second legislative district, Cando, Towner county, was born at Barrie, Pike county, Ill., on September 18, 1858, and is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from Illinois in 1882 and is a farmer and stock raiser. Was educated in the common schools and Missouri State Normal at Kirksville, Mo. Was elected a member of the house in 1905 and re-elected to the house as a republican.

**JOHN J. GIETD**, of the Thirty-sixth legislative district, Ashley, McIntosh county, was born at Alt Danzig, Russia, on August 16, 1870, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Russia in 1887, and is a banker and real estate man. Was educated at Alt Danzig, Russia, and public schools in McIntosh county. Has held the office of postmaster at Giedt, justice of the peace, register of deeds, and was elected to the house as a republican.

**ARTHUR OSWALD GRAHAM**, of the Nineteenth legislative district, Rolla, Rolette county, was born at Georgetown, Ontario, on November 15, 1858, is married and has two adopted children. He came to North Dakota from Brandon, Man., in February, 1886, and is publisher of a weekly newspaper, the Rolette County Herald. Was educated in the common schools of Halton county, Ontario. Has held the office of county auditor of Rolette county January 1, 1891, to April 1, 1905, U. S. Commissioner from February, 1903, to date, president of the board of trustees of Rolla in 1895, secretary of the Rolette County Republican Central Committee, 1894 to 1900 member of state central committee, 1902. Was elected to the house as a republican.

- O. T. GRANT, of the Thirty-seventh district, was born in Hallingdahl, Norway; December 5, 1864. He came to Richland county in 1876 and took up a homestead when he became of age. He is engaged in farming. He is married and has seven children. He has served in various local offices and was sergeant at arms in the ninth house. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- ROBERT GRIFFITH, of the Fortieth district, was born in eastern Ontario, January 1, 1853. He came to North Dakota in 1882. He located at Osnabrock, Cavalier county where he still resides; is engaged in farming. He is married and has five children, and has taken a prominent part in the affairs of his county. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- EDWARD T. HALAAS, of the Thirty-second legislative district, Carington, Foster county, was born near Christiansund, Norway, on the 8th day of August, 1863; is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Chippeway county, Minnesota in 1883 and is a farmer and stock raiser. Was educated in the common schools both in Norway and America. Has held the office of county assessor in 1890 and served two years; in 1892 was elected county commissioner and served continuously for ten years; in 1902 was elected county treasurer of Foster county and re-elected in 1904; in 1906 was elected as member of the house or representatives from the Thirty-second district as a republican.
- GEORGE HALLICK, of the Sixth legislative district, Manvil, Grand Forks county, was born at Kongsburg, Norway, on December 5, 1851. He is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1877 and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of township supervisor for three years and school director for twenty-two years. He was elected to the house as a democrat.
- JOHN E. HANNAWALT, of the Fourth legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born in Ashland county, Ohio, on August 21, 1852; is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from Waushara county, Wisconsin, in 1880 and is a farmer and stockraiser. Was educated in Berlin high school, Wisconsin. He was one of the organizers of Harriston township and served in various offices therein. At the present time he is president of the Walsh county mutual insurance company. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- R. H. HANKINSON, of the Thirty-seventh legislative district, Hankinson, Richland county, was born at Grand Rapids, Mich., on September 7, 1841; is married and has one son and one daughter. He came to North Dakota from Minneapolis in 1881 and is a farmer, real estate, loans and construction. He was educated in the common schools at Grand Rapids, Mich. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- A. D. HANSON, of the Thirty-seventh district, was born in St. Ansgar, Iowa, April 18, 1866. He was educated in the common schools and in St. Ansgar academy. He came to Richland county in 1888, and is engaged in farming. He is married and has two children. He has held many township and school offices and was elected to the house as a democrat.
- ARNE P. HAUGEN, of the Seventh district, was born in Norway in 1845 and came to the United States in 1868. He settled in Grand Forks county in 1879 and since that time has lived there, being engaged in farming. He was a member of the constitutional convention of the state and of the first and second legislative assemblies. He has also held various local offices. He is married and has three children. He was elected to the house as a republican.



NELS HEMMINGSEN, of the Sixteenth district, was born in Denmark, and is sixty-one years of age. He came to North Dakota in 1882 and is a farmer. He has been county commissioner, and has held various township and school offices. He is a widower and has one child. He is serving his second term in the house and was elected as a republican.

H. G. HOSFORD, of the Third district, was born in Moira, New York, March 3, 1845. He was educated in the public schools and moved with his parents to Iowa, where he enlisted for the civil war. He came to Dakota in 1882 and settled on a farm near Park River, where he still lives. He has held various local offices and was elected to the house as a republican. He is married and a large land owner in Walsh county.

O. L. JENSEN, of the Thirty-third district, was born in Norway in August, 1851. His parents came to Minnesota a few years later and he was educated in the public schools there. He came to North Dakota in 1893, and is now in the implement business at Harvey, and engaged in farming. He has held various local offices. He is unmarried and was elected to the house as a republican.

JOHN JOHNSON, of the Second legislative district, Gardar, Pembina county, was born in Iceland, on November 1, 1862; is married and has nine children. He came to North Dakota from Wisconsin in 1880 and is a farmer. Has held the office of county commissioner for three years and also held several township and school offices. He was elected to the house as a democrat.

LIVY JOHNSON, of the Thirteenth legislative district, Cogswell, Sargent county, was born at Evansville, Indiana, September 15, 1867, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Indiana in 1889 and is a farmer and breeder of full blooded stock. Was educated in the common schools. He was elected to the house as a republican.

C. A. JOHNSON, of the Twenty-ninth legislative district, Minot, Ward county, was born at Black River Falls, Wis., on January 27, 1868, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Wisconsin in 1889, and is a lawyer. Was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin. Has held the office of mayor of the city of Minot two terms and was a member of the legislature two years ago and re-elected to the house as a republican.

D. R. JONES, of the Thirty-eighth district, was born at Neenah, Wis., September 7, 1850. He was educated in the public schools and came to North Dakota in 1888, where he engaged in farming. He is married and has five children. He has held various local offices and is interested in rural telephone companies. He was elected to the house as a republican.

ALBERT E. JONES, of the Fourteenth legislative district, Lisbon, Ransom county, was born at Hudson, Wisconsin, on May 13, 1865, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Mitchell, S. D., in 1890 and is a real estate dealer. Was educated at Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill. Has held the office of mayor of Lisbon two terms and is serving his second term now. He was elected to the house as a republican.

GEO. H. LAW, of the Fifteenth legislative district, Leal, Barnes county, was born near Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada, on November 27, 1862, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Canada in 1886 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of town supervisor for several years and also served on the school board. He was elected to the house as a republican.

- ALFRED L. MARTIN, of the Thirty-first legislative district, Sentinel Butte, Billings county, was born at LaCrosse, Wis., on July 1, 1869, and is married and has one child. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1890, and is a merchant and stock grower and also a banker. Was educated in the common and high schools of Minnesota. He came to North Dakota in 1890 as an agent and telegraph operator for the Northern Pacific Railway Co., leaving the service in January, 1898, to engage in private business. Was appointed a trustee of the Valley City state normal in 1902 by Governor White, elected to the house in 1904 and again in 1906 as a republican.
- W. E. MARTIN, of the Thirtieth district, was born in Illinois in March, 1850. He came to Dakota in 1881 and engaged in cattle and stock raising in Morton county. He has served as deputy sheriff and deputy United States marshal. He is married and has eight children. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- HENRY ERNEST MATHEWS, of the Thirty-fifth district, Wiprud, McLean county, was born at Stockholm, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., on May 20, 1861, and is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from White, S. D., in 1902, and is a farmer and stockraiser. Was educated in the common schools of Iowa and the business department of the University of Iowa. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- JAMES McDOWALL, of the Fortieth district, was born in Scotland, in 1842. He came to America ten years later and to North Dakota in 1882. He is engaged in farming at Langdon, Cavalier county. He is married and has six children. He is serving his second term in the house, having been elected as a republican.
- GUNDER N. MIDGARDEN, of the Third legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born in Norway on December 26, 1850, and is a widower with three children. He came to North Dakota from Mitchell county, Iowa, in 1879, and is a farmer and real estate dealer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held several offices in the townships and was a trustee on the board for the Feeble Minded Institution and was elected for the third time to the house as a republican.
- MILES A. MILLER, of the Twenty-first legislative district, Crary, Ramsey county, was born at Alexandria, Minnesota, on November 20, 1873, and is married and has five children. He came to North Dakota from Alexandria, Minn., in 1894, and is an implement dealer. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- THOMAS R. MOCKLER, of the Twenty-seventh legislative district, Bismarck, Burleigh county, was born at Clarence, Iowa, on May 13, 1862, and is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Harlan, Iowa, in September, 1903, and is a lawyer. Was educated at Manning, Iowa, high school, Shenandoah college and state university of Iowa. Held the office of prosecuting attorney of Shelby county, Iowa, four years, and is a member of the board of education of Bismarck. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- A. A. MONEK, of the Twenty-third district, was born in Germany in 1866, and settled in North Dakota in 1879, locating in Stutsman county. He is a farmer and a large land owner. He is a republican and has held various local offices.
- CLARK MOORE, of the Tenth legislative district, Gardner, Cass county, was born at Woodstown, New Jersey, on the 24th day of April, 1852, and is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Woodstown, N. J., in 1886, and is a farmer. Was educated at Woodstown. Has held the office of member of the ninth legislative assembly, township clerk twelve years, president of the Farmers' Elevator Co. of Gardner six years, and has held other minor offices. He was elected to the house as a republican.

- JOSEPH MORIN, of the First legislative district, Neche, Pembina county, was born in Canada March 25, 1848, and is married and has twelve children. He came to North Dakota from Michigan in spring of 1878 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools in Canada. Has been on school board, township board, county commissioner and drainage commissioner, and now representative. He was elected to the house as a democrat.
- H. J. MURPHY, of the Twenty-third district, was born at Golden City, Colorado, July 27, 1876. He was educated in the public schools and afterward at the Indiana state normal. He settled at Courtenay in 1900 and was for a time engaged in the drug business. He is married and has one child. He has served a term as county commissioner and was elected to the house as a republican.
- S. H. NELSON, of the Sixteenth district, was born in Waushara county, Wisconsin, in 1854. He was educated in the common schools and came to this state in 1880. He is a farmer and a resident of Steele county. He has served as county commissioner for a number of terms and has been county treasurer and held various local offices. He is married and was elected to the house as a republican.
- OLE GILBERT NELSON of the Thirty-ninth legislative district, Hatton, Traill county, was born at Oxfordville, Rock county, Wisconsin, on December 9, 1858, and is married and has eleven children. He came to North Dakota from Olmstead county, Minnesota, in 1881, and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools and took a business course. Has held the office of township justice of the peace, chairman, supervisor, assessor, school township clerk nine years, school treasurer twelve years, served as representative in the Sixth legislative assembly. Has been director, vice president and is now president of the Traill Co. Farmers' Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- JOHN OVESON, of the Eighth legislative district, Buxton, Traill county, was born in Norway on June 14th, 1859, and is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Norway in 1882 and is a farmer. Was educated at Stavanger. Has held the office of town supervisor, county commissioner and assessor, and was a member of the house of representatives in 1905 and re-elected to the house as a republican.
- L. PARKHILL, of the Twelfth district, was born in Portage county, Wisconsin, July 6, 1865. He was educated in the public schools and came to North Dakota in 1882, and is now engaged in farming in Richland county. He is married and has two children and was elected to the house as a democrat. He has held various township and local offices.
- AMASA P. PEAKE, of the Fifteenth district, was born in Crow Wing, Minn., in 1861. He was educated in the public schools and at Shattuck and came to Valley City in 1881. He is engaged in real estate, banking and coal mining and has been colonel of the state guard, member of the trustees of the Valley City normal and held other offices. He is married and has six children. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- R. G. PIPER, of the Eleventh district, was born in Germany on March 28, 1862. He was educated in the public schools and at Garty college. He came to North Dakota in 1881 and is a farmer in Leonard township. He is married and has served two terms as a member of the house. He was elected as a republican.
- A. A. PLATH, of the Tenth district, was born in Buffalo county, Wisconsin, in 1867, and came to Dakota in 1878. He is a farmer and has been continuously engaged in agriculture for many years. He has held various township and local offices and was elected to the house as a republican. He is married and has three children.

**THOMAS H. PUGH**, of the Fifth legislative district, Larimore, Grand Forks county, was born at Peterboro, Ontario, Canada, on July 6, 1869, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Michigan in 1897, and is a lawyer. Was educated at Port Perry, Ontario, schools. Has held no elective office prior to this time, but has been city attorney of Larimore for four years and upwards and has been for two years member of the board of education of Larimore. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**WM. R. PURDON**, of the Twelfth legislative district, Wahpeton, Richland county, was born at Watson's Corners, Lanark county, Ontario, on August, 1864, and is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1880 and is a merchant. Was educated in the Alexandria public schools. Has held the office of member of the house in 1905, served in the Philippines with the North Dakota Infantry as captain of Company I, and is at present city auditor of Wahpeton. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**S. N. PUTNAM**, of the Thirty-second district, was born at Big Lake, Minn., in 1861. He received a thorough education and came to Eddy county as a school teacher in 1883. He has served as county superintendent and register of deeds, and is engaged in farming, having a large acreage of land. He is married and was elected to the house as a republican.

**E. H. RESTEMAYER**, of the Second district, was born in Ontario, Canada, January 24, 1856. He was educated in the common schools and came to Dakota in 1882, locating in Pembina county. He is a farmer and has held various local offices and has been a member of the house for three terms. He is married and has nine children. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**JACOB AUGUST ROHS**, of the Thirtieth legislative district, New Salem, Morton county, was born at Niles, Cook county, Illinois, on the 25th day of October, 1870, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Chicago in 1900, and is a hardware merchant. Was educated in the Chicago public schools. Has held the office of president of the village council for four years, also clerk of the school board for five years. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**GEORGE ROSE**, of the Twenty-fifth district, was born in Illinois, and is forty-five years of age. He is one of the old residents of Ellendale and is a farmer and stock dealer. He is a widower and has six children. Mr. Rose has served four terms as a member of the legislature and was elected as a republican.

**JOHANN SCHLENKER**, of the Thirty-fifth district, was born in Russia, May 21, 1846. He came to Dakota in 1878, and located in Hutchinson county, removing to Goodrich, McLean county in 1902. He is engaged in the general merchandise business, and owns a large farm. He is married and has held various local offices and was elected to the house as a republican.

**W. F. SHANNAFELT**, of the Thirty-third district, was born in Cass county, Michigan, March 20, 1853. He was educated in the public schools and came to Dakota in 1885, when he rented a farm in Cass county. Later he removed to Wells county and took up a homestead. He is married and engaged in farming and in the rural telephone business. He was elected to the house as a republican.

**WILLIAM SIMPSON**, of the Thirtieth district, was born in Woodstock, Canada, December 11, 1853. He came to Dakota in 1881 and located at Mandan where he is engaged in the mercantile business. He is married and is serving his third term in the house of representatives to which he was elected as a republican.

- W. SINCLAIR, of the Twenty-third district, was born in Scotland in 1871. He came to North Dakota in 1883 and located in Stutsman county. He was educated in the public schools, and when old enough took a claim to which he has added until he is a substantial farmer and stock raiser. He has held various local offices and was elected to the house as a republican.
- JOHN A. SORLEY, of the Seventh legislative district, Grand Forks, Grand Forks county, was born in Allamakee county, Iowa, on June 13, 1859, and is married and has two daughters. He came to North Dakota from Madison, Minn., in 1889, and is a lawyer. Was educated at Decorah, Iowa. Has held the office of state senator, member of the school board for eight years and alderman. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- O. J. SORLIE, of the Eighth district, was born at Hartland, Minn., November 4, 1865. He was educated in the public schools, a business college and the Mankato normal. He came to North Dakota in 1886 and is a resident of Buxton, where he is engaged in farming and mercantile business. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- M. A. SHIRLEY, of the Seventeenth district, was born in Pennsylvania and was educated at the state normal school and the Ohio normal school at Lebanon. He afterward studied law and was admitted to practice. He came to North Dakota in 1882 and has been engaged in farming, served as county superintendent, and has held various local offices. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- G. H. STAVENS, of the Sixteenth district, was born in Norway and is fifty-one years of age. He came to Dakota in 1876, locating in Steele county. He is married and has five children. He has held various local offices and is a substantial farmer of his district. He is serving his third term in the house as a republican.
- JOHN STEEN, of the Thirty-fourth district, was born in Norway July 28, 1874, and came to America when sixteen years of age. He located in Ramsey county and obtained his education and attended a business college later. He took up a homestead in Pierce county and is engaged in farming. He is unmarried and was elected to the house as a republican. He has held various local offices.
- R. N. STEVENS, of the Twenty-seventh district, was born in Orleans county, N. Y., and removed to Illinois in early youth. He came to North Dakota and settled at Lisbon in 1882 and removed to Bismarck in 1894. He is a lawyer, was a member of the constitutional convention, and a member of the first legislative assembly. He has been assistant attorney general for several terms and has held various state and federal offices. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- JOHN STOREY, of the Twenty-sixth district, was born in County Antrim, Ireland, and is forty-one years old. He came to North Dakota in 1883 and settled in Kidder county. He is a large property owner in Steele and has held various local offices. He was elected to the house as a republican.
- DARWIN REED STREETER, of the Twenty-sixth legislative district, Linton, Emmons county, was born at Belvidere, Boone county, Ill., on August 17, 1848, and is a widower and has three sons. He came to North Dakota from Chicago in 1881 and is a newspaper publisher. Was educated in printing offices. Has held the office of clerk of court, was appointed by Judge Roderick Rose in 1888, elected (one year) in 1889 and re-elected in 1890-2-4-6-8, was defeated for same office in 1900-2; elected to the house in 1904 and re-elected in 1906 as a republican.

- ANDREW R. SWENDSEID**, of the Seventeenth legislative district, Petersburg, Nelson county, was born at Telemarken, Norway, on February 7, 1857, and is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from Fillmore county, Minnesota, in 1882 and is a merchant. Was educated at Luther College, Decorah, Iowa. He was a member of the Ninth legislative assembly from the Seventeenth district and re-elected to the house as a republican.
- OLE SYVERTSON**, of the Nineteenth district, was born in Norway in 1863 and settled in North Dakota in 1886. He is a farmer and raiser of stock and a large land owner. He has been county commissioner, has held various local offices and was elected to the house as a republican.
- MARTIN THORESON**, of the Thirty-eighth legislative district, Fingal, Barnes county, was born in Norway in 1856, and is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Kristiania, Norway, in 1892 and is a farmer. Was a representative in 1905 and re-elected to the house as a republican.
- O. T. TOFSRUD**, of the Thirty-fourth legislative district, Rugby, Pierce county, was born in Norway on November 24, 1864, and is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Norway in 1882, and is a merchant and farmer. Was educated at Wilmar seminary and college. Has held the office of county treasurer of Pierce county one term and member of the house two terms before this term, and was re-elected to the house as a republican.
- JOHN F. TREAT**, of the Ninth legislative district, Fargo, Cass county, was born at Hampden, Geauga county, Ohio, on September 11, 1861, and is married and has two children. He came to North Dakota from Hampden, Ohio, in 1882, and is an insurance man. Was educated at Grand River Institute, Austinburg, Ohio. He was a member of the house in 1905 and re-elected as a republican.
- THORSTEN E. TUFTE**, of the Fifth legislative district, Northwood, Grand Forks county, was born at Hol Hallingdal, Norway, September 30, 1858, emigrated to United States in 1878; is married and has eight children. He came to North Dakota from Nicollet county, Minnesota, in 1879 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools of his native country. Has held several school and township offices, is now and has been justice of the peace and assessor for the last ten years; was a member of the house of representatives in the sixth, seventh and eighth legislative sessions of North Dakota, and was re-elected to the house as a republican.
- TREADWELL TWICHELL**, of the Tenth legislative district, Mapleton, Cass county, was born at Hastings, Minnesota, on November 19, 1864, and is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1889, and is a farmer. Was educated at Hastings and Minneapolis common and high schools. Has been two terms in the house, one term in the senate. Resigned his seat in the senate and was elected sheriff of Cass county in 1900. He was re-elected to the house in 1902 as a republican.
- L. A. UELAND**, of the Twenty-fourth legislative district, Edgeley, LaMoure county, was born at Coon Prairie, Vernon county, Wisconsin, in 1855, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Wisconsin in 1887 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools and Luther college, Decorah, Iowa. Has held the office of member of the house of representatives in 1889, 1890 and 1893 and was elected to the house as a democrat.
- J. F. WAKE**, of the Thirty-third district, was born in Ontario, Canada, October 30, 1861. He came to Wells county in 1891, and is engaged in general merchandising at Bowdon. He has held local offices, having been president of the village and of the board of education. He was elected to the house as a republican.

ANDREW H. WALKER, of the Third legislative district, Hoople, Walsh county, was born in Norway in 1848, and is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Minnesota in 1880 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools of Norway. Has held the office of chairman of the board of town supervisors, clerk of school board, secretary and treasurer of the Dundee Mutual Insurance Co., and was elected to the house as a democrat.

WILLIAM JAMES WATTS, of the First legislative district, Neche, Pembina county, was born at London, England, on March 31, 1849, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Ontario in 1879 and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools of Ontario. Was elected as representative to the sixth, seventh, eighth and tenth legislative assemblies; has served on townships and school boards continuously since organization. He was elected to the house as a republican.

RALPH C. WEDGE, of the Thirty-fourth legislative district, Granville, McHenry county, was born at Plainview, Wabasha county, Minnesota. He came to North Dakota from Plainview, Minn., in 1903 and is a banker. Was educated at the University of Minnesota at Minneapolis. He was elected to the house as a republican.

WALTER WELFORD, of the First legislative district, Neche, Pembina county, was born in Yorkshire, England, on May 21, 1868, and is married. He came to North Dakota from England in 1879 and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of township clerk of Pembina township for eight years. He was elected to the house as a democrat.

GEORGE A. WHITE, of the Thirty-ninth legislative district, Portland, Traill county, was born at Leonidas, St. Joseph county, Michigan, on May 23, 1857, and is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota from Iowa in 1879 and is a lawyer and banker. Was educated at the Iowa state normal school. Held the office of county superintendent of schools of Traill county in 1886, and was a member of the last house. He was re-elected to the house as a republican.

## PRIMARY ELECTION LAW.

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### Text of Law (Chapter 109) Enacted by the Legislature of 1907-8.

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AN ACT Providing for the Selection of Candidates for Election by Popular Vote, and Relating to Their Nomination and the Perpetuation of Political Parties.

*Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:*

Section 1. INTENT OF ACT.] It is the intention of this act to reform the methods by which political parties shall make nominations of candidates for all public offices by popular vote. It shall be liberally construed so that the real will of the electors may not be defeated by any informality or failure to comply with all provisions of law in respect to either the giving of any notice or the conducting of the primary or certify the results thereof.

Sec. 2. HELD, WHEN. WHAT OFFICES FOR.] On the last Wednesday in June of every year in which occurs a general election, there shall be held, in lieu of party caucuses and conventions, a primary election in the various voting precincts of this state, for the nomination of candidates for the following offices to be voted for at the ensuing general election, viz: Members of congress, state officers, county officers, district assessors and the following officers on the years of their regular election, viz: Judges of the supreme and district courts, members of the legislative assembly and county commissioners, and United States senator in the year previous to his election by the legislative assembly; provided, however that the provisions of this act shall not be construed to include or provide for the nomination of presidential electors or delegates to national conventions. Such delegates to national conventions shall be nominated and elected, and presidential electors nominated as now or hereafter may be provided for by the various state central committees. For special elections for the officers enumerated herein the nominations shall be made as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 3. PETITION REQUIRED. FEES FOR FILING. AFFIDAVIT OF CANDIDATES.] Every candidate for United States senator, member of congress, state officers, judge of the supreme and district courts, shall, not more than sixty days nor less than thirty days prior to said primary election, present to the secretary of state a petition giving his name, post office address, the title of the office to which he aspires and the party which he represents, containing the names of 8 per cent of the total vote cast for the candidate of the party with which he affiliates, for the same position at the last general election; provided, however, that in no case shall more than three hundred names be required. Each name on the petition shall be that of a legal voter and be subscribed under a certified party heading.

Upon receipt by the secretary of state of such petition and the payment to him of an amount equal to one per cent of the annual salary of the office to which he aspires, and when accompanied by the following affidavit he shall place the applicant's name upon the primary election ballot in the columns of his party as hereinafter provided; provided, however, that no fee shall be required of candidates for United States senator. Said affidavit may be substantially as follows:



State of North Dakota, }  
 County of ..... } ss.  
 I, ....., being duly sworn, depose and say that I reside in the county of ..... and state of North Dakota; that I am a qualified voter therein and a .....; that I am a candidate for nomination to the office of ..... to be chosen at the primary election to be held on the ..... 19.... and I do hereby request that my name be printed upon the primary election ballot as provided by law, as a candidate of the ..... party for said office.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ..... day of ....., 19....

Notary Public, North Dakota.

The fees designated in this section to be paid to the secretary of state shall be turned over by him to the state treasurer to be covered into the general fund.

Sec. 4. COUNTY AND LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES, PETITION AND PLEDGE OF.] Every candidate for a county or district office shall not more than forty days nor less than thirty days and before 4 o'clock p. m. of the thirtieth day prior to any primary election present to the county auditor a petition giving his name, postoffice address, the title of the office to which he aspires and the party which he represents, containing the names of 5 per cent of the total vote cast for the candidate of the party which he represents, containing the names of 5 per cent of the total vote cast for the candidate of the party with which he affiliates for the same position at the last general election; provided however, that in no case shall there be more than two hundred names; and, provided further, that the petitions of all candidates for members of the legislative assembly shall, in addition to the requirements hereinbefore provided, contain the following pledge, viz: I, the undersigned, a candidate for the office of member of the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota, do obligate myself to the people of the state of North Dakota and to the people of my legislative district that during my term of office I will support and vote for that candidate for United States senate in congress of the party of which I am a member, who has received a majority of such party votes for that position at the primary election next preceding the election of United States senate in congress; provided, that in case no candidate of my party receives forty per cent of all the votes cast for the office of United States senator of my party, then and in that case I pledge myself to vote for the candidate of my party who receives the highest number of votes of my party at the general election succeeding such primary election.

Each name on the petition shall be that of a qualified voter and be subscribed under a party heading. Each signer of a nomination paper shall sign out one such paper for the same office; he shall add his residence with the street number, if any, and the date of signing. Upon receipt of such petition by the county auditor and the payment to him of an amount equal to one per cent of the annual salary of the office to which he aspires, except for state senators twenty dollars and representatives ten dollars, and in legislative districts having more than one county, the fee shall be equally divided between such counties and excepting candidates for county commissioners, district assessors, surveyor and coroner, who shall pay three dollars—and candidates for county constables and county justices of the peace shall pay one dollar, and when accompanied by an affidavit as provided in section 3 of this act, he shall place the name of such applicant upon the primary election ballot in the columns of his party as hereinafter provided.

When a legislative district is composed of more than one county the petition herein provided for shall be filed with the county auditor of the county where the candidate resides, and such county auditor

shall certify to the county auditors of the other counties composing such legislative districts the names of the candidates filing such petitions. For the purpose of this act candidates for the office of sheriff shall pay the same fee as candidates for the office of auditor. The money so received by the county auditor shall be turned over by him to the county treasurer to be covered into the general fund.

Sec. 5. NAMES ON PRIMARY BALLOT, HOW SECURED. VACANCIES, HOW FILLED.] Applications to have a name placed on the primary election ballots for nomination may be made by five qualified electors for any office designated in this act, by presenting the petition required in sections 3 or 4 to the proper official, and paying the amount required, accompanied by the following affidavit:

State of North Dakota, } ss.  
 County of .....  
 I, A....., B....., C....., D.....  
 and E....., being duly sworn, each for himself, deposes and says that he is a qualified voter in the state of North Dakota, that he hereby makes application to have the name of..... printed on the primary election ballot of the ..... party for the office of ....., to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the ..... day of ....., 19...; that said ..... is to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, a ..... and a qualified voter and eligible to hold the office of ..... under the constitution.

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....

Subscribed and sworn to before me this..... day of ....., 19.....

Notary Public, North Dakota.

When such application is received by the proper officer, accompanied by the necessary fee, as required in sections 3 and 4 of this act, he shall place the name on the primary election ballot as a candidate of the party named in said petition; provided, that such affidavit and petition shall not be filed without the written consent of such person to be nominated indorsed thereon; and provided, further, that when the time has expired at which a petition may be filed, and a vacancy exists in the primary election ballot of any political party by reason of no petition having been filed for such nomination, then and in that case the same may be filed by affidavit and petition as provided in this section, on the payment of one-half of the usual fee, and such affidavit and petition must be filed with the proper officers at least twenty days before the primary election; and provided, further, that no petition shall be circulated or signed more than ninety days previous to the time when any petition is required to be filed as herein provided for and any signature to a petition secured prior to ninety days shall not be counted.

Sec. 6. FORM OF PETITION.] The petitions required in section 3, 4 and 5 of this act may be one continuous list of names under the proper political title or principle, or there may be a number of such petitions using the same title, giving the aggregate of names required.

Sec. 7. NOMINATIONS BY STICKERS.] A candidate may be nominated by having his name written on or by printed stickers placed over the name or in a blank line left for that purpose underneath the group in each official position; but not more than one name shall be written or printed on any such stickers.

Sec. 8. ELIGIBILITY OF CANDIDATES.] All persons nominated in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be eligible as candidates to be voted for at the ensuing general election.

Sec. 9. BALLOTS, FORM OF. DUTIES OF JUDGES AND INSPECTORS.] The primary election and primary election ballot shall be provided for, arranged and conducted and all expenses paid as now provided by law for general elections, except as otherwise provided for in this act.

There shall be separate ballots for each party or principle and they shall all be of the same size, texture and color, except sample ballots, which shall be printed on tinted paper.

The ballot shall be entitled "Primary Election Ballot."

The names of all aspirants for nomination of each political party or principle for the different offices shall be arranged in separate groups in their order, on separate ballots, under a proper political designation, leaving one or more blank lines or spaces below each group of names on which may be written or placed a name or a printed sticker attached for the nomination of the candidate. No squares shall be left at the head of the ballot.

At the head of each ballot shall be placed the title of the political party or principle that it represents.

At the left of each group shall be placed the title of the office, followed by a bracket, indicating the number of names in such group. Above each group there shall be a space in which shall be printed the number of names in that group to be voted for as follows:

"Vote for .....name (or names) only."

Immediately above the names of the candidates to be voted for shall be printed the following:

"To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ballot mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.

"To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose."

Each ballot shall contain two columns, and each column is to have as nearly as possible the same number of names of candidates thereon, except that no groups or spaces beneath any group shall be divided, and the candidates for the various offices shall appear upon the ballot in the following order, commencing at the column to the left, viz:

Congressional—

United States senator .....Vote for one  
Representatives in congress .....district.....Vote for....

State Officers—

Governor .....Vote for one  
Lieutenant governor .....Vote for one  
Justice of the supreme court .....Vote for....  
Secretary of state .....Vote for one  
State auditor .....Vote for one  
State treasurer .....Vote for one  
Superintendent of public instruction .....Vote for one  
Attorney general .....Vote for one  
Commissioner of insurance .....Vote for one  
Commissioner of agriculture and labor .....Vote for one  
Commissioner of railroads .....Vote for three

District Judges—

For district judge .....district.....Vote for one

Legislative—

State senator ..... district .....Vote for one  
Members of the house of representatives .....Vote for....

County—

Sheriff .....Vote for one  
Auditor .....Vote for one  
Treasurer .....Vote for one  
Clerk of district court .....Vote for one  
Register of deeds .....Vote for one

State's attorney .....	Vote for one
County judge .....	Vote for one
Superintendent of schools .....	Vote for one
Public administrator .....	Vote for one
County surveyor .....	Vote for one
County coroner .....	Vote for one
County commissioner.....district .....	Vote for one
District assessor .....	Vote for one
County constable .....	Vote for....
County justices of the peace .....	Vote for....

A square shall be placed following the name to the right of every candidate and the voter shall place a cross (X) in such square following the name of each person he desires to vote for.

The judges and inspectors of election when handing a ballot to a voter shall inform him that he must vote for the candidates of the political party such ballot represents only, and the voter shall call for the ballot representing the party or principle with which he affiliates and he shall receive such ballot and no other.

Sec. 10. MUST VOTE PARTY BALLOT.] Any citizen otherwise eligible by law, affiliated with or representing the principles enumerated in the national platform of the following parties, are eligible to nomination under this act: The republican party, the democratic party, or any party designation that cast 5 per cent of the votes cast for governor at the last general election and it shall be unlawful for any person to call for or vote a ballot at the primary election herein provided for, except a ballot representing the party or principle with which he affiliates, and any person who has reason to believe that the ballot called for by the voter does not represent the party or principle with which said voter affiliates, may challenge such vote, and he shall not be entitled to cast his ballot unless he makes and files with the inspector of such primary election an affidavit to the effect that such ballot represents the political party with which he affiliates.

Sec. 11. VACANCIES FILLED BY PARTY COMMITTEES.] Should a vacancy occur in any of the offices for which nominations are made under this act by reason of resignation or death, where there is only one aspirant for such office, before the printing of the primary election ballot such vacancy may be filled by the regularly constituted committee of the party to which such vacancy belongs, and no petition nor fee shall be required.

Sec. 12. PERCENTAGE OF VOTES REQUIRED FOR NOMINATION.] If the total vote cast for any party candidate or candidates for any office for which nominations are herein provided for shall equal less than 30 per cent of the total number of votes cast for secretary of state of the political party, he or they represented at the last general election, no nomination shall be made in that party for such office, but if 30 per cent or more of such vote is cast and there is more than one candidate for any such office, the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared the nominee of such party for such office; provided, further, that where there is more than one person to be elected to the same office the persons to the number to be elected receiving the highest number of votes cast for such office shall be declared the nominees of the party for such offices.

Sec. 13. NOMINATIONS FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.] Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall be nominated in the manner herein provided for the nominations of candidates for state offices.

The candidate receiving the highest number of votes at such primary election shall be the nominee of his party for the office of United States senator at the succeeding session of the legislative assembly which is to elect a United States senator; provided, however, that in case no candidate receives forty per cent of all the votes of his party cast for the office of United States senator, then the two candidates of each party who receives the highest number of votes cast at such primary election shall be placed upon a separate

ballot to be voted for at the general election following. Such ballot shall be prepared in the same manner as the general election ballot, commonly known as the Australian ballot, is prepared. The candidates of each party are to be placed upon such ballot under their proper party heading. The names of each candidate shall be placed upon such ballot in the same manner as the candidate for state offices and shall be voted for in the same manner. The votes for candidates for United States senator shall be canvassed and returned in the same manner as the votes cast for state officers. The candidate of each party receiving the highest number of votes at such general election shall be the nominee of his party for the office of United States senator, and it is hereby made the duty of the secretary of state to certify to the next session of the legislative assembly the name of the candidate of each party who receives the highest number of votes for the office of United States senator.

Sec. 14. **BALLOTS, HOW PREPARED.]** The primary election ballot shall be prepared, unless otherwise provided in this act, as defined in sections 614 and 616 of the revised codes of 1905.

Sec. 15. **ARRANGEMENT OF NAMES ON BALLOT.]** The names of candidates for each office upon the sample ballots shall be arranged alphabetically, according to surnames. The names of candidates under headings designating each official position shall be alternated on the official ballot in the printing, in the following manner, viz:

First: The forms shall be set up with the names in the order in which they are placed upon the sample ballots prepared by the secretary of state for the state and district offices, and by the county auditor for the county offices.

In printing each set of official ballots for the various election precincts the position of the names shall be changed in each office division as many times as there are candidates in the office division or group in which there are the most names.

As nearly as possible an equal number of tickets shall be printed after each change.

In making the changes of position the printer shall take the line of type at the head of each office division and place it at the bottom of that division, shoving up the columns so that the name that was second before the change shall be first after the change.

After the ballots are printed, before being cut, they shall be kept in separate piles for each change of position, and shall then be piled by taking one from each pile and placing it upon the other pile to be cut, the intention being that every other ballot in the pile of printed sheets shall have names in different positions.

After the piles are made in this manner they shall be cut and placed in blocks as provided by the general election laws.

Sec. 16. **LIST OF OFFICERS TO BE NOMINATED.]** The secretary of state shall between the first day of April and the first day of May in such year, direct and cause to be delivered to the county auditor of each county, a notice specifying the officers to be nominated under this act, whose term of office will expire between the first Monday in December and the first Monday in March, next succeeding, also specifying the several officers to be nominated in such county at the next primary election. The auditor to whom such notice is delivered shall cause notice of the same to be given as provided in section 637 of the revised codes of 1905.

Sec. 17. **PROVISIONS OF ELECTION LAW APPLICABLE.]** Excepting as herein otherwise provided, the following sections of chapter 8 of the political code of 1905, entitled "Elections," are hereby made applicable to primary elections and primary election ballots, under this act, to wit: 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 613, 614, 615, 616, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 630, 635, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 669, 671, 672, 673, 674, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699 and 700.

Sec. 18. TALLY BOOKS. ARRANGEMENT OF NAMES.] Two tally books or two sets of tally sheets shall be provided for each political party or principle, having candidates to be voted for, at each voting precinct, the same to be furnished by the county auditor, at the same time and in the same manner that the poll books and ballots are furnished. The names of the candidates shall be placed on the tally sheets in the order in which they appear on the official sample ballot, and in each case shall have the proper party designation at the head thereof.

Sec. 19. POLLS, OPEN WHEN. CANVASS.] The polls shall be opened at 8 o'clock a. m. and remain open continuously until 5 o'clock p. m. When the polls are closed the judges and inspectors of such primary election shall open the ballot boxes, count the votes and compare the same with the clerk's lists, and should any irregularity appear they shall proceed as now provided by law. When the ballots compare with the clerk's lists, they shall proceed to canvass and place those of each political party in separate piles. The tally of the votes shall be separate for each political designation or principle and so returned by the judges and inspectors of election, giving the full vote for every candidate. The men's and women's votes shall be kept separately and so returned by the judges. The county canvassing board shall aggregate these for the candidates voted for.

Sec. 20. RETURNS.] The judges of such primary election in each precinct shall make a statement on blanks to be provided for that purpose, which shall be subscribed by them and filed in the office of the county auditor with the returns as follows: They shall contain the names of all persons voted for at the primary election, with the number of votes cast for each candidate and for what office. A separate statement shall be made for each political party or principle.

Sec. 21. POLL LIST DELIVERED TO BOARDS OF REGISTRATION.] Clerks of primary elections shall keep a list of the names of all persons voting at said election, and shall return one list as now required and one tally sheet that shall be a part of the record, and deliver the other list to the board of registration within thirty days following any primary election. No registration of voters shall be required under this act to vote at any primary election. The poll list so kept at a primary election and delivered to the boards of registration shall take the place of the first registration of the voters now required, and notice only shall be given of the date of the second day of registration, which shall be held and conducted as now provided, and no other shall be required to vote at the general election following.

Sec. 22. COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD.] The county canvassing board shall be composed of the clerk of the district court, county auditor, chairman of the board of county commissioners and the chairman of the county committees of the two political parties that cast the highest votes for governor at the preceding general election. The members of said board shall meet in the county auditor's office in the court house at 10 o'clock on the eighth day after any primary election, and shall proceed, after taking the usual oath of office, to open and publicly canvass the primary election returns made to the county auditor. Any three members of said board shall constitute a quorum and are authorized to make the canvass therein provided and to certify to the results thereof.

Sec. 23. STATEMENT OF CANVASSING BOARD. CONTESTS.] The canvassing board shall make and prepare a statement, the same to be signed by said board and filed in the office of the county auditor, as follows:

First. A statement containing the names of all candidates voted for at the primary election, with the number of votes received by each and for what office, said statement to be made as to each political party or principle separately.

Second. A statement of the names of the persons or candidates of each political party who are nominated, to wit: Those persons or candidates of such political party or principle who received the

highest number of votes for the respective office, and where there is more than one person to be elected to a given office at the ensuing general election there shall be included in said statement of nomination the names of so many candidates of such party receiving the next highest number of votes for that office as there are persons to be elected to such office at said ensuing general election. Said statement shall in like manner be made separately as to each political party.

Third. A statement of the whole number of electors registered and the number of ballots cast, men and women separately, at such primary election.

Fourth. A separate statement shall be made of the votes cast for United States senator, member of congress, state officers, judges of the supreme and district courts and members of the legislative assembly, which shall be transmitted to the secretary of state as provided in this act.

Fifth. It shall be the duty of the county auditor upon the completion of the canvass to mail or deliver in person to each candidate so nominated for any county or district office a notice of such fact and that his name will be put upon the official ballot, except as otherwise provided. He shall also cause a copy of the findings of said board to be published in the official newspaper of the county.

Sec. 24. ABSTRACT OF VOTES TRANSMITTED TO SECRETARY OF STATE.] It shall be the duty of the county auditor of each county, under his official seal, excepting as provided in section 25 of this act, to return to the secretary of state on or before the first Tuesday of August following any primary election, a certified abstract under separate political designation or principle, of the number of votes cast in his county for every candidate for nomination for United States senator, member of congress, state officers, judges of the supreme and district courts and members of the legislative assembly. He shall seal up such abstracts and without delay transmit them to the secretary of state by registered mail.

Sec. 25. TWO OR MORE COUNTIES IN DISTRICT.] When two or more counties are embraced in one legislative district the respective county auditors shall attend at the office of the county auditor of the senior county of such district, within fifteen days after a primary election, and in conjunction with the auditor of the senior county shall compare the votes cast in the several counties comprising such district and such auditors shall immediately make out certificates of nomination for the persons of each political party or principle having the highest number of votes in such district for members of the legislative assembly, as provided in section 24 of this act, which certificates of nomination shall be forwarded without delay to the secretary of state by registered mail by the county auditor of the senior county, who shall give notice in writing to all the members of the legislative assembly nominated in such district.

Sec. 26. STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS.] For the purpose of canvassing and ascertaining the result of any primary election the state board of canvassers shall meet at the office of the secretary of state on the first Tuesday in September next following a primary election, and be composed of the following members, viz.: Clerk of the supreme court, secretary of state, superintendent of public instruction and the chairman of the state central committee of the two political parties that cast the highest votes for governor at the last general election. After taking the usual oath of office the said board shall proceed to open and publicly canvass the primary election returns made by the several county auditors. Three members of said board shall constitute a quorum and are authorized to make the canvass herein provided and to certify to the result thereof.

Sec. 27. STATEMENT BY STATE BOARD.] The state board of canvassers shall make and prepare a statement, the same to be signed by said board and filed in the office of the secretary of state as provided in subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 23 of this act. It shall

be the duty of the secretary of state upon the completion of the canvass to mail to each candidate so nominated a notice of such fact, and that his name will be put upon the official ballot to be voted for at the ensuing general election, except as otherwise provided. He shall cause a copy of findings of the said board to be filed in his office and published in a newspaper printed at the seat of government.

Sec. 28. OFFICIAL BALLOT, NAMES PLACED THEREON.] The secretary of state shall place the names of all the candidates of each political party or principle, who are shown to have been nominated for the respective offices in accordance with the certificates of nomination received from the several county auditors of this state on the official ballot to be voted for at the general election following.

Sec. 29. VACANCIES, HOW FILLED.] When there is but one aspirant and a vacancy occurs by death or resignation of such aspirant for nomination before the primary election and ballots are printed in legislative districts containing more than one county, the chairman of the party in which such vacancy occurs, of each county committee of the counties of which such district is composed and the member of the state central committee from that legislative district shall meet and by the majority vote of such shall fill such vacancy and by a certificate of nomination notify the county auditors of the several counties of which such district is composed, and the auditors of such counties shall place the name on the primary election ballot where the vacancy exists. Should a vacancy occur in a legislative office in a county composed of more than one district, or in a commissioner's district, then the county central committee of the party in which such vacancy occurs shall meet and fill such vacancy. On receipt of a certificate of nomination from said committee, the county auditor shall place the name of such nominee upon the primary election ballot where such vacancy exists.

Sec. 30. ERRORS, HOW CORRECTED.] Whenever it shall be made to appear by affidavit to the supreme court or to the district court of the proper county, that an error or omission has occurred, or is about to occur in the placing of any name on an official primary election ballot; that any error has been or is about to be committed in printing such ballot, or that any wrongful act has been or is about to be done by any judge or clerk of a primary election, county auditor, canvassing board, member thereof, or other person charged with any duty concerning the primary election; or that any neglect of duty has occurred or is about to occur, such judge shall order the officer or person charged with such error, wrong or neglect to forthwith correct the error, desist from the wrongful act, or perform the duty, or show cause at a time and place to be fixed by the court why he should not do so. Failure to obey the order of such judge shall be contempt of court.

Sec. 31. NOMINATIONS, HOW CONTESTED. APPEAL.] Any candidate at a primary election desiring to contest the nomination of another candidate or candidates for the same office, may proceed by affidavit within ten days after the completion of the canvass. In case the contestant shall set forth in his affidavit, upon information and belief, that the ballots in any precinct have not been correctly counted, and that he has been prejudiced thereby, the judge shall make an order requiring the custodian of such ballots to appear before him at such time and place, and abide the further order of the court. At the time and place stated, the ballot boxes shall be opened and the ballots recounted in the presence of the court. If it should be found that a mistake has been made in counting such ballots, then the contestant shall be permitted, upon application, to amend his affidavit of contest by including such additional facts therein.

All testimony and depositions taken in contests brought under the provisions of this article shall be taken in the same manner as in civil actions and depositions may be taken in more than one



place at the same time on leave of the court, and all matters relating to such contests shall be heard and tried as nearly as may be as civil actions are tried, except as otherwise provided herein. The court shall make its findings of fact and conclusions of law. Appeals from final judgment and decisions of such contests may be taken without making a motion for a new trial in the district court in the manner provided for in the code of civil procedure, except that the undertaking on appeal shall be in a sum to be fixed by the judge, not less than five hundred dollars, and shall be approved by the judge and by the clerk of the district court of the proper county or subdivision under the directions of the judge.

Appeals to the supreme court under the provisions of this article must be taken within ten days after notice of entry of final judgment and the party appealing must immediately procure the transmission of the record on such appeal to the clerk of the supreme court and such appeal may be brought on for hearing before the supreme court at any time such court shall be in session, upon five days notice from either party; and the same shall be heard and determined in a summary manner, except as otherwise provided in this article. The provisions of the code of civil procedure are applicable to and constitute the rules of practice in the proceedings mentioned in this article and the provisions of the civil code of procedure relative to appeals in civil actions, except in so far as they are inconsistent herewith apply to the proceedings mentioned in this article.

Sec. 32. PRESENT ELECTION STATUTES APPLY.] The provisions of the statute now in force in relation to the holding of elections, the solicitation of votes, the manner of conducting elections, of counting the ballots and making return thereof, and all other kindred subjects shall apply to all primaries in so far as they are consistent with this act; the intent of this act being to place the primary election under the regulation and protection of the laws now in force as to election.

Sec. 33. TIE VOTE, DETERMINED HOW.] In case of a tie vote the same shall be determined by the canvassing board or boards concerned, at a time and place fixed by them in such manner as they may designate in the presence of the candidates upon at least five days notice to such candidate.

Sec. 34. NOT REPEALED.] Nothing herein contained shall be construed as repealing or being in conflict with section 501 of the revised codes of 1905.

Sec. 35. FEES PAID COUNTY.] All fees paid to the secretary of state by candidates for the legislative assembly shall be paid by the secretary of state forthwith to the various county auditors in the state where such candidates reside and in case any legislative district is composed of more than one county such fee shall be paid to such counties in equal proportions, which fees are to be turned into the general fund of said county by the auditor.

Sec. 36. ACT VALID.] In case any of the provisions of this act should be declared unconstitutional that shall not affect the validity of any of the other provisions of this act.

Sec. 37. PENAL CODE APPLICABLE.] All of the provisions of chapter 5 of the penal code in so far as the same relates to crimes against the elective franchise, are hereby made applicable to elections held pursuant to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 38. PRESENT COMMITTEES CONTINUE.] Every state, county, district and city committee of each political party now eligible under the provisions of this act shall remain the regularly constituted committee of the respective parties until succeeded as provided for in this act.

Sec. 39. PRECINCT COMMITTEE, HOW ELECTED.] At the primary each voter may write in the space left on his ticket for that purpose the names of not to exceed three qualified electors of the precinct for members of his party precinct committee. The three having the highest number of votes shall constitute such committee, and the one

having the largest shall be chairman. The official returns made by the election board from each precinct shall show the name and address of party committeemen chosen.

Sec. 40. COUNTY AND STATE COMMITTEE, HOW SELECTED.] The chairman of each precinct committee shall constitute the county committee of each county and they shall meet at the county seat between the first day of August and the tenth day of August following every primary election and organize by selecting a chairman, a secretary and a treasurer, and shall adopt rules and modes of procedure. They shall at the same time select one person who shall be a legal voter, to act upon and be a member of the state central committee of such party in all counties consisting of one legislative district, and in counties having more than one legislative district they shall select one person from each district; and when two or more counties are embraced in one legislative district the county committee of each county shall meet at the county seat of the senior county of such district on or before the fifteenth day of August following every primary election, and select one person who shall be a legal voter, to act upon and be a member of the state central committee of such party. The members so selected as state central committeemen shall meet at the state capitol between the first day and the tenth day of September and organize by selecting a chairman, a secretary and treasurer, and shall adopt rules and modes of procedure and promulgate and publish a platform or principle upon which its candidates shall stand. Each member of any committee shall retain such position until his successor is chosen. Every member so selected shall be a legal voter. Vacancies shall be filled by a majority of the committee by appointment from the district in which such vacancy exists.

Sec. 41. REPEAL.] All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, in so far as they relate to the provisions of this act.

Approved March 19, 1907.

## REAPPORTIONMENT LAW.

### Text of Law (Chapter 165) Changing the Boundaries of Legislative Districts and Prescribing the Number of Senators and Representatives Therein.

AN ACT to Fix the Number of the Senate and Representatives Which Shall Compose the Legislative Assembly and to Define the Senatorial and Representative Districts of the State of North Dakota, and to Prescribe the Number of Senators and Representatives Therein.

*Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:*

Section 1. NUMBER OF DISTRICTS.] Until otherwise provided by law under the terms of the constitution, the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota shall consist of forty-seven senators and ninety-five representatives, and the senatorial and representative district of the state shall be formed, and the senators and representatives be apportioned as follows:

The first district shall consist of the townships of Walhalla, St. Joseph, Neche, Pembina, Bathgate, Carlisle, Joliet, Midland, Lincoln and Drayton, in the county of Pembina, and all towns, villages and cities therein, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The second district shall consist of the townships of St. Thomas, city of St. Thomas, Crystal, city of Crystal, Hamilton, town of Hamilton, Cavalier, city of Cavalier, village of Canton, Advance, LaMoure, Akra, Beaulieu, Thingvalla, Gardar, Park, Elora and Lodema, in the county of Pembina, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The third district shall consist of the townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvesta, Cleveland, Norton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Opps, Prairie Center Fertile, city of Park River, village of Edinburg, village of Conway, village of Hoople, village of Pisek, village of Adams, Glenwood, Kinloss, Shepherd, Sauter and Dewey, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The fourth district shall consist of the townships of Forest River, village of Forest River, Walsh Center, Grafton, city of Grafton, Farmington, Ardoch, village of Ardoch, Harriston, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, city of Minto, and St. Andrews, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fifth district shall consist of the townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Ayon, Northwood, city of Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore, city of Larimore, Elm Grove, Agnes, Inkster, city of Inkster, Elkmount, Plymouth, Niagara, Moraine, Logan Center and Loretta, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixth district shall consist of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Falconer [Harvey], Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, McKinock, Lakeville and Levant, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The seventh district shall consist of the first, second and seventh wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Allendale, Wale, Bentrui, Americus, Michigan, Union, Washington, and the first and second wards of the city of Reynolds, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The eighth district shall consist of the county of Traill, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The ninth district shall consist of the township of Fargo and the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass, and the fractional township number one hundred and thirty-nine, range forty-eight, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The tenth district shall consist of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, village of Mapleton, Warren, Normania, Bell, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, village of Davenport, Casselton, and the city of Casselton, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The eleventh district shall consist of the townships of Gunkle, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenias, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, the village of Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twelfth district shall consist of the townships of Eagle, Abercrombie, village of Abercrombie, Dwight, Ibsen, Center, Mooreton, Brandenburg, Summit, Fairmount, village of Fairmount, DeVillo, Lamars, Waldo, Greendale, and the city of Wahpeton, in the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirteenth district shall consist of the county of Sargent, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The fourteenth district shall consist of the county of Ransom, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fifteenth district shall consist of the townships of Baldwin, Dazey, Laketown, Pierce, Uxbridge, Edna, Rogers, Grand Prairie, Minnie Lake, Anderson, Hobart, Potter, village of Dazey, village of Wimbledon, village of Sanborn, city of Valley City, township one hundred forty-three, range fifty-six, township one hundred forty-three, range fifty-eight, township one hundred forty-two, range fifty-eight, township one hundred forty-one, range fifty-eight, township one hundred forty-one, range fifty-nine, township one hundred forty-one, range sixty-one and township one hundred forty, range fifty-eight, in the county of Barnes, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixteenth district shall consist of the counties of Steele and Griggs, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The seventeenth district shall consist of the county of Nelson, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The eighteenth district shall consist of the townships of Cypress, Byron, Linden, Dresden, Langdon, city of Langdon, South Dresden, Grey, Glenila, Huron, Moscow, Waterloo, Elgin, Perry, Billings, Nekoma, Storlie, Banner Trier, Gordon, Henderson, Nekoma village, Sievert, Sarles village, Bruce, Mount Carmel and Minto, in Cavalier county, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The nineteenth district shall consist of the county of Rolette, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twentieth district shall consist of the county of Benson, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-first district shall consist of the county of Ramsey and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The twenty-second district shall consist of the county of Towner and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-third district shall consist of the county of Stutsman, and be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

The twenty-fourth district shall consist of the county of LaMoure, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-fifth district shall consist of the county of Dickey, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twenty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of Emmons and Kidder, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-seventh district shall consist of the county of Burleigh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-eighth district shall consist of all that part of the county of Bottineau lying east of the Mouse river, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-ninth legislative district shall consist of the city of Minot and townships 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157 and 158 north of ranges 81, 82, 83 and 84 west, and also townships 155 and 156 north of range 85 west, in the county of Ward, and shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The thirtieth district shall consist of the county of Morton, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The thirty-first district shall consist of the county of Stark and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The thirty-second district shall consist of the counties of Eddy and Foster and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-third district shall consist of the county of Wells and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-fourth district shall consist of townships 155, 156, 157 and 158 north, range 75 west, and also townships 155, 156, 157, 158 and 159 north of ranges 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80 in the county of McHenry and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-fifth district shall consist of townships and fractional townships as follows: 143 north of ranges 80 and 81 west, and 144 north of ranges 80, 81, 82, 83 and 84 west, and townships 145 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78; 79, 80, 81, 82, 83 and 84; town-

ships 146 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83 and 84, in the county of McLean, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The thirty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of McIntosh and Logan, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-seventh district shall consist of the townships of Walcott, Colfax, Barrie, Helendale, Sheyenne, Viking, Garbourg, Freeman, West End, Homestead, Grafton, Antelope, Danton, Garfield, Dexter, Wyndmere, village of Wyndmere, Belford, Liberty, Brightwood, town of Hankinson, Elma, Durr, city of Lidgerwood, Moran and Grant, in the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-eighth district shall consist of the townships of Weimer, Noltimeir, Alta, Oriska, Springvale, Cuba, Green, Herman, Mansfield, Meadow Lake, Svea, Scandia, Norman, Binghampton, Raritan, Thordenskjold, Oakville, Spring Creek, Rosebud, Greenland, the village of Litchville, township one hundred forty, range sixty-one, township one hundred thirty-nine, range fifty-eight, and township one hundred thirty-eight, range fifty-eight, in the county of Barnes, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The thirty-ninth district shall consist of the counties of Billings, Mercer and Oliver, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fortieth district shall consist of the townships of Hope, Freeport, Olga, Loam, Hay, Harvey, Manilla, Easby, Alma, East Alma, Montrose, Osford, village of Milton and Osnabrock, Osnabrock village, in the county of Cavalier, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The forty-first district shall consist of the counties of Williams and McKenzie, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The forty-second district shall consist of the county of Pierce, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The forty-third district shall consist of townships 159, 160, 161, 162, 163 and 164 north of ranges 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93 and 94 west, in the county of Ward, and shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The forty-fourth district shall consist of that portion of Ward county lying in townships 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154 of ranges 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93 and 94 west, and townships 155, 156, 157 and 158 of ranges 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93 and 94 west, and also townships 157 and 158 north of range 85 west, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The forty-fifth district shall consist of townships 151, 152, 153 and 154 north of ranges 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80, in the county of McHenry, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The forty-sixth district shall consist of the following townships and fractional townships: Townships 147 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91, and townships 148 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91, and township 149 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91, and townships 150 north of ranges 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91, in the county of McLean, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The forty-seventh district shall consist of all that part of Bottineau county lying west of the Souris river, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

Approved March 13, 1907.

### DIGEST OF GAME LAWS OF NORTH DAKOTA.

- Wild birds and animals and fish are the property of the state.
- Open season on chicken, grouse and woodcock from September 1 to October 15.
- Open season on quail, pheasant or wild swan between September 1 and October 15.
- Open season on wild duck from September 1 to May 1.
- Open season on wild geese, crane or brant between September 1 and May 1.
- Killing of all birds enumerated prohibited except with a gun held at the shoulder.
- Traps, snares, bird lime, swivel guns and all similar devices prohibited.
- Decoys and blinds permitted with ducks, geese and brant.
- Wanton destruction of nests or eggs prohibited.
- Open season on deer from November 10 to December 1.
- Shooting of buffalo, elk, mountain sheep, caribou prohibited at all times.
- Otter may be trapped from November 10 to December 10.
- Running or driving by hounds or dogs prohibited.
- Spring guns or traps or devices of any kind prohibited.
- Not more than twenty-five game birds to be shot by one person in any one day or more than five of any of the wild animals enumerated in one season.
- Possession of game before opening of season misdemeanor.
- State divided into two game warden district and two district game wardens for the state appointed.
- Unlawful to hunt without permit. Resident permit, seventy-five cents; non-resident, twenty-five dollars.
- Sale of any wild game misdemeanor.
- Unlawful to kill antelope until January 1, 1911.
- Unlawful to trap beaver till January 1, 1920.
- No game or fish to be shipped out of the state.

### THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

"The Monroe Doctrine" was enunciated in the following words in President Monroe's message to congress December 2, 1823:

"In the discussion to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they may terminate, the occasion has been deemed proper for asserting, as a principle in which rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power. . . . We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintain it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States."

Secretary of State Olney in his despatch of July 20, 1895, on the Venezuelan Boundary Dispute, said:

"It (the Monroe doctrine) does not establish any general protectorate by the United States over other American States. It does not

relieve any American state from its obligations as fixed by international law, nor prevent any European power directly interested from enforcing such obligations or from inflicting merited punishment for the breach of them."

President Roosevelt in a speech in 1902 upon the results of the Spanish-American war, said:

"The Monroe doctrine is simply a statement of our very firm belief that the nations now existing on this continent must be left to work out their own destinies among themselves, and that this continent is no longer to be regarded as the colonizing ground of any European power. The one power on the continent that can make the power effective is, of course, ourselves; for in the world as it is, a nation which advances a given doctrine, likely to interfere in any way with other nations, must possess the power to back it up, if it wishes the doctrine to be respected."

## NATURALIZATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The conditions under and the manner in which an alien may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States are prescribed by sections 2, 165-74 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by Chapter 3591 of the Acts of the First Session of the 59th Congress.

### Declaration of Intentions.

The alien must declare upon oath before a circuit or district court of the United States or a district or supreme court of the territories, or a court of record of any of the states having common law jurisdiction, and a seal and clerk, of which he is a resident, two years at least prior to his admission, that it is, bona fide, his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince or state, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

### Petition on Application for Admission.

At the time of his application for admission, which must be not less than two years nor more than seven years after such declaration of intention, he shall make and file a petition in writing, signed by himself (and duly verified by the affidavits of two credible witnesses who are citizens of the United States, and who shall state that they have personally known him to be a resident of the United States at least five years continuously, and of the state or district at least one year previously), in one of the courts above specified, that it is his intention to become a citizen and reside permanently in the United States, that he is not a disbeliever in organized government or a believer in polygamy, and that he absolutely and forever renounces all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign country of which he may at the time of filing his petition be a citizen or subject.

### Conditions for Citizenship.

He shall, before his final admission to citizenship, declare on oath in open court that he will support the constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces all foreign allegiance. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that immediately preceding the date of his application he has resided continuously within the United States five years at least, and within the state or territory where such court is held one year at least, and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same, he may be admitted to citizenship. If the applicant has borne

any hereditary title or order of nobility he must make an express renunciation of the same. No person who believes in or is affiliated with any organization teaching opposition to organized government or who advocates or teaches the duty of unlawfully assaulting or killing any officer of any organized government because of his official character, shall be naturalized. No alien shall be naturalized who cannot speak the English language. An alien soldier of the United States army of good character may be admitted to citizenship on one years previous residence.

### **Minors.**

Any alien under the age of twenty-one years who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his arriving at that age, and who has continued to reside therein to the time he may make application to be admitted a citizen thereof, may, after he arrives at the age of twenty-one years, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen; but he must make a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for two years next preceding it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen.

### **Children of Naturalized Citizens.**

The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof.

### **Citizen's Children Who Are Born Abroad.**

The children of persons who now are or have been citizens of the United States are, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, considered as citizens thereof.

### **Chinese.**

The naturalization of Chinamen is expressly prohibited by section 14, chapter 126, Laws of 1882.

### **Protection Abroad to Naturalized Citizens.**

Section 2000 of the Revised Statutes of the United States declares that "all naturalized citizens of the United States while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from this government the same protection of persons and property which is accorded to native-born citizens."

### **The Right of Suffrage.**

The right to vote comes from the state, and is a state gift. Naturalization is a federal right and is a gift of the Union, not of any one state. In nearly one-half of the Union aliens (who have declared intentions) vote and have the right to vote equally with naturalized or native-born citizens. In the other half only actual citizens may vote. The Federal naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and provide that no alien may be naturalized until after five years' residence. Even after five years' residence and due naturalization he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the state confer the privilege upon him, and he may vote in several states six months after landing, if he has declared his intention, under United States law, to become a citizen.



**Inhabitants of the New Insular Possessions.**

The inhabitants of Hawaii were declared to be citizens of the United States under the act of 1900 creating Hawaii a territory. Under the United States Supreme Court decision in the insular cases, in May, 1901, the inhabitants of the Philippines and Porto Rico are entitled to full protection under the constitution, but not to the privileges of United States citizenship until congress so decrees, by admitting the countries as states or organizing them as territories.





